

US Economic Update

California Community Colleges Real Estate Education Center

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1

Credits and Disclaimer



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- NEED presentations are designed to be nonpartisan.
- It is, however, inevitable that the presenter will be asked for and will provide their own views.
- Such views are those of the presenter and not necessarily those of the National Economic Education Delegation (NEED).



- 2





- About the U.S. Economy
- Economic Indicators
- Inflation/Federal Reserve
- Home Prices



3





4

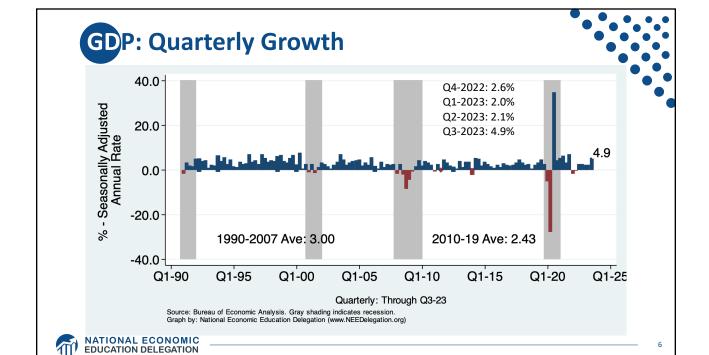


G.D.P. Report Shows a Drop, Fanning Fears of a U.S. Recession

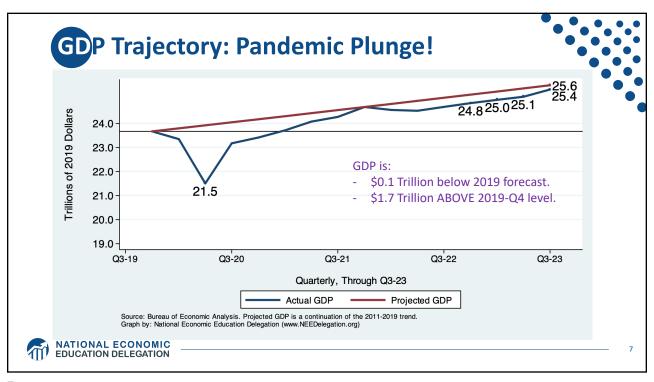
- A key measure of econd is continuous to output fell for the second straight quarting fears that the United States on the continuous act, adjusted for inflation, fell 0.2 m.
- Gross dom' Luct, adjusted for inflation, fell 0.2 pt Luct, and the second quarter, the equivalent Lucy a 0.9 percent annual rate of decline. Follow updates.

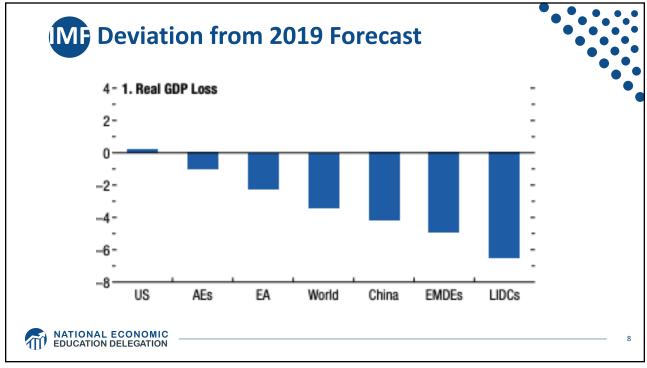


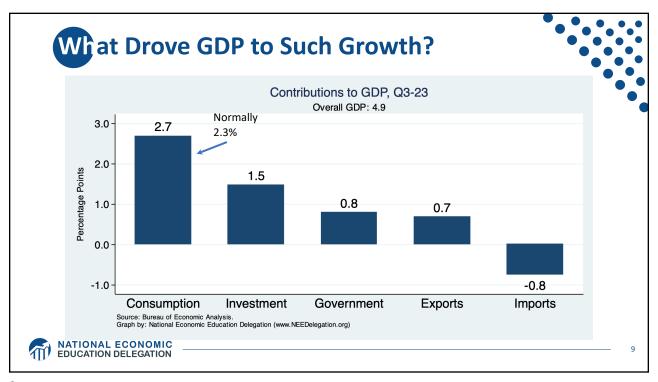
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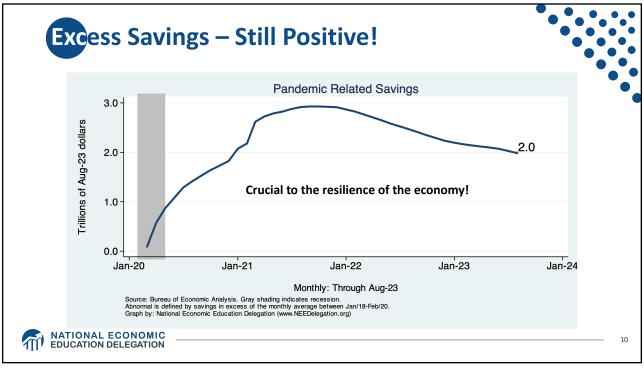


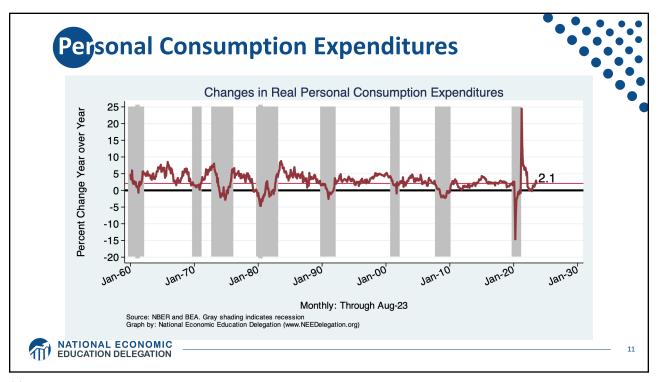
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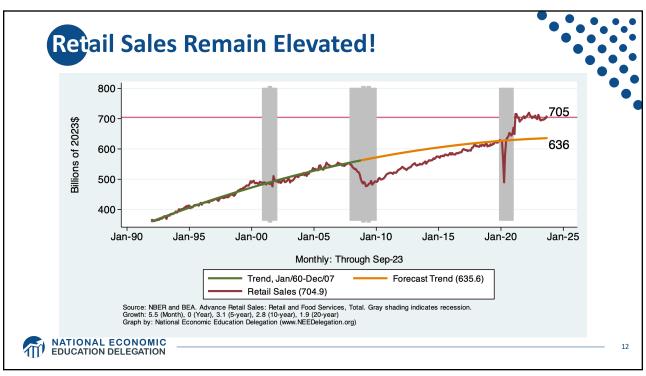


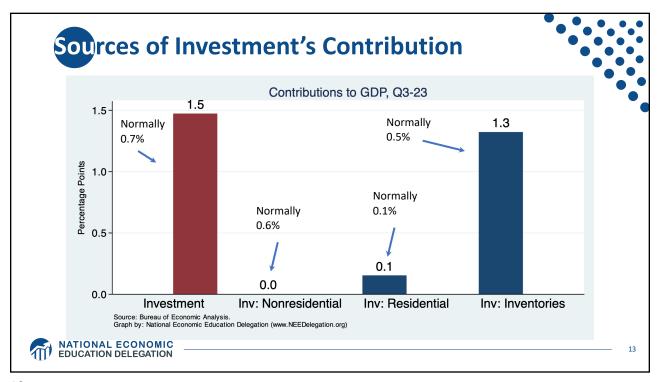


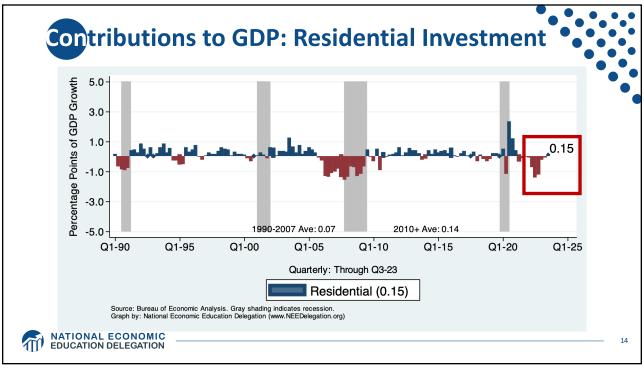


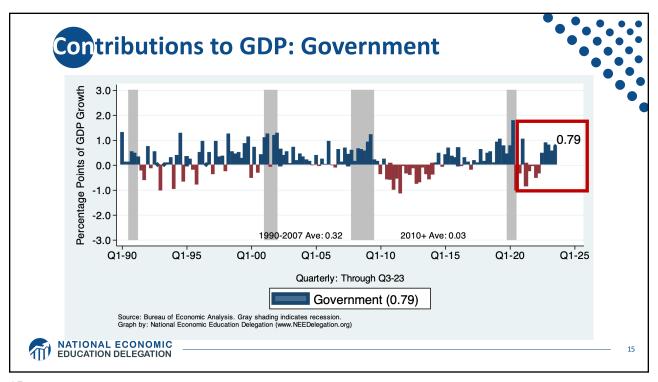


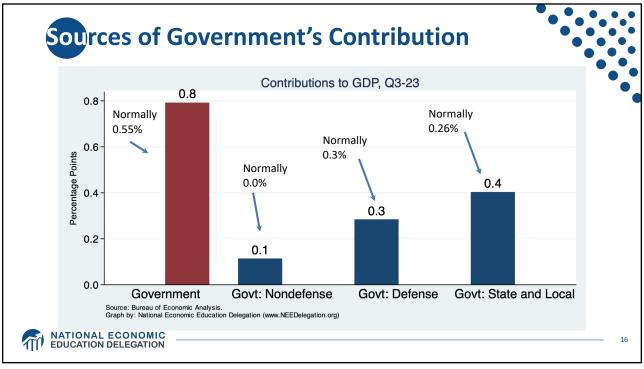


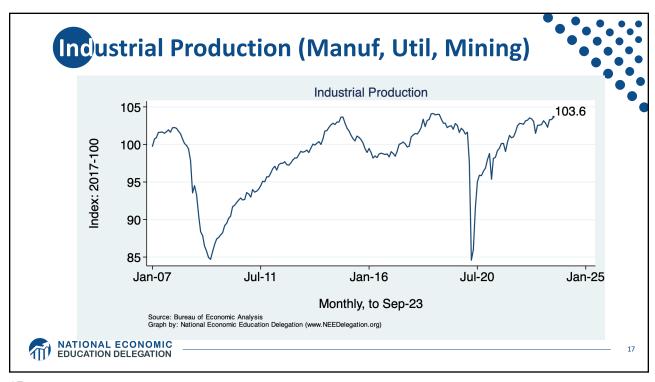




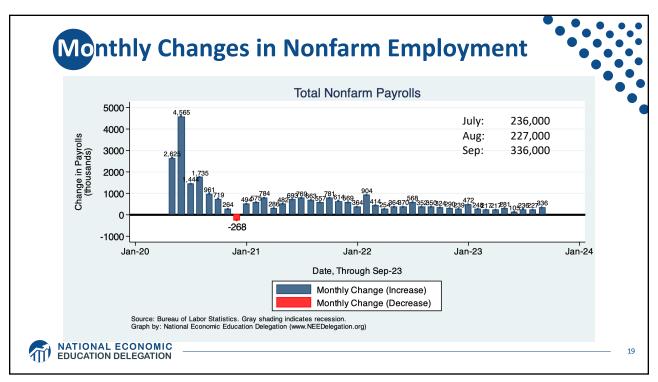


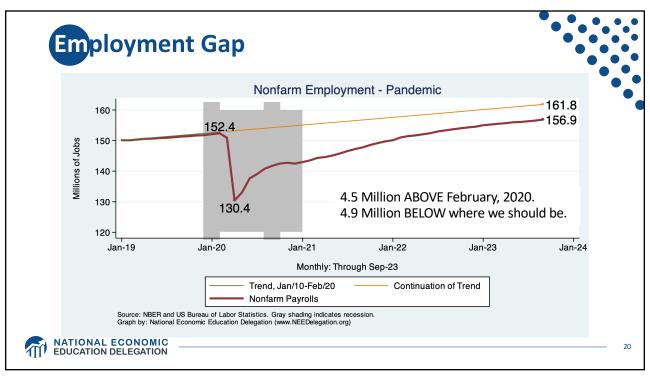


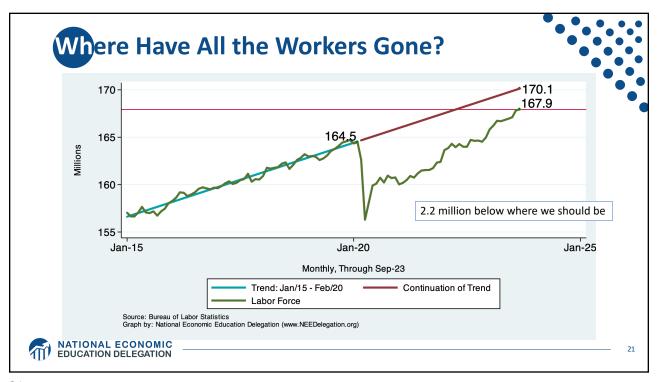


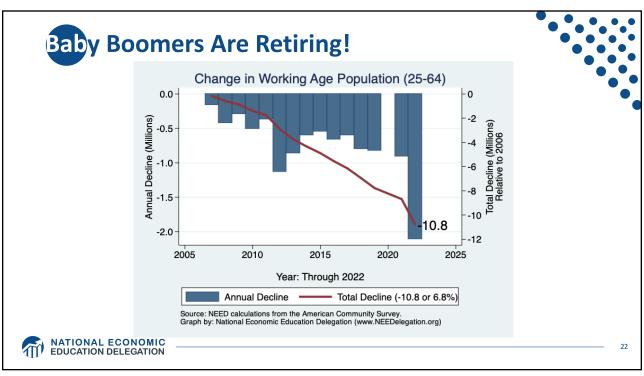








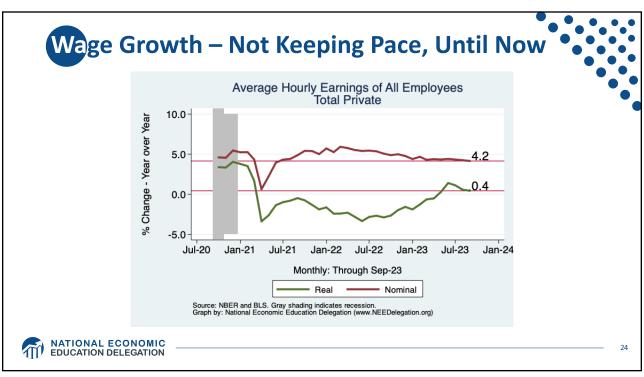


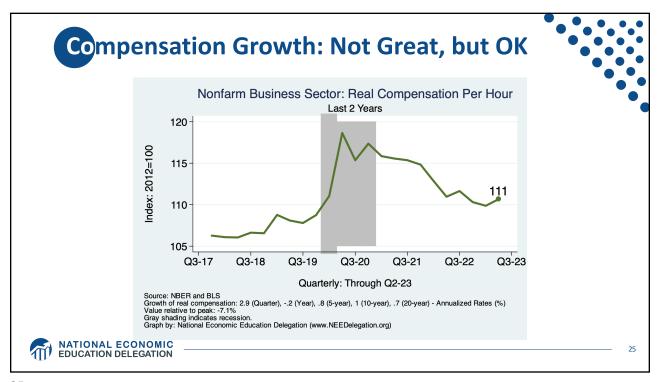


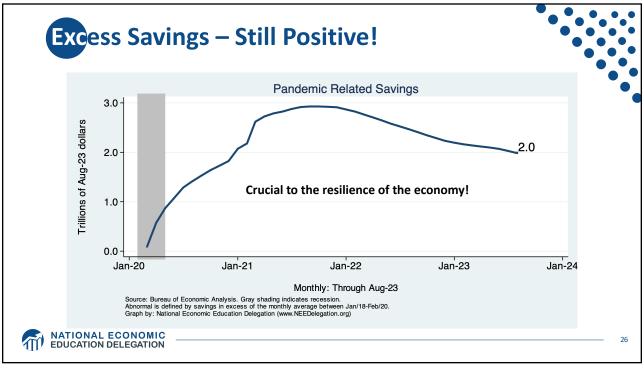


Race/Ethnicity	Pre-Pandemic (2/20)	Current (9/23)	Change	Rank by Race
All	63.3	62.8	-0.5	
White	63.2	62.4	-0.8	4
Black	63.1	62.9	-0.2	3
Asian	64.5	65.8	+1.3	2
Latinx	67.9	67.3	-0.6	1

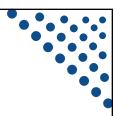












• On fire in Q3!

- Otherwise, GDP growth has been consistent with the last decade.
 - o Pretty much caught up to where we should be.
- Employment continues to grow
 - o Hampered by lots of baby boomer retirements!
 - o Labor force is still too small.
- Wages are down in inflation adjusted terms, but that is changing
- Inflation.....



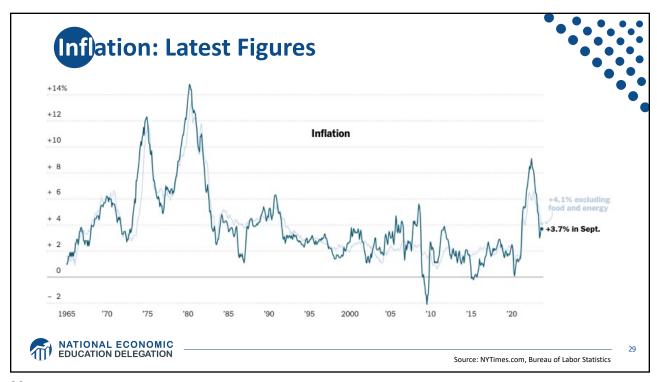
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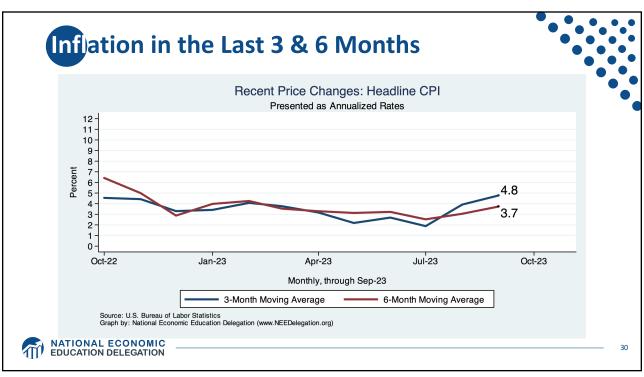
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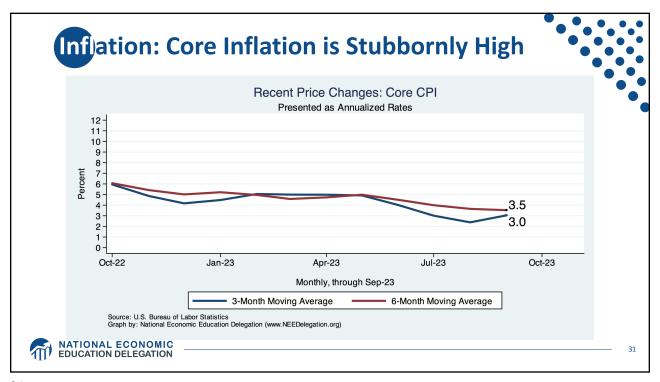
Inflation

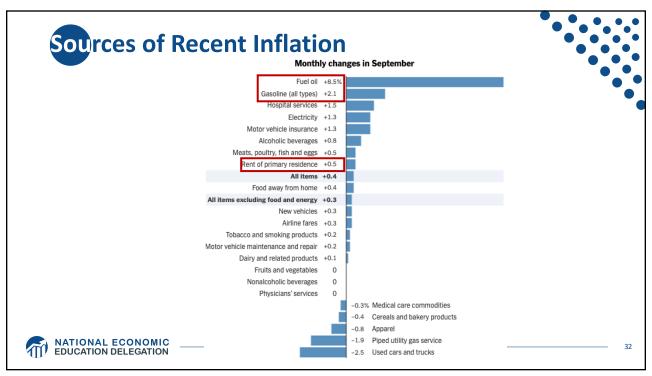


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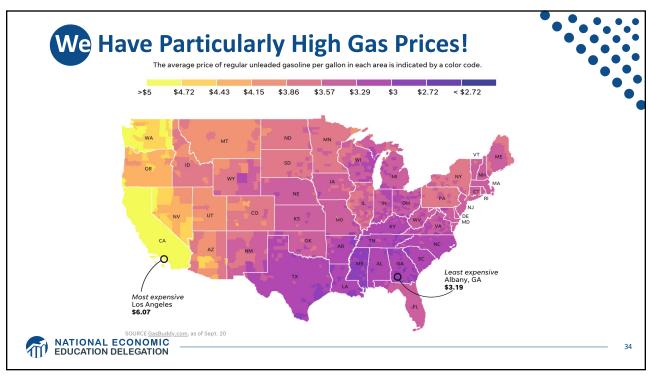


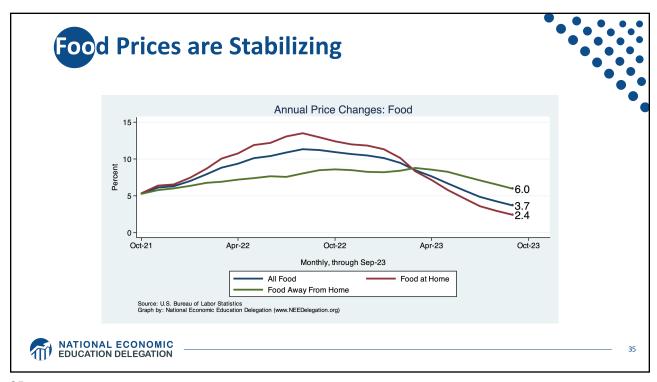


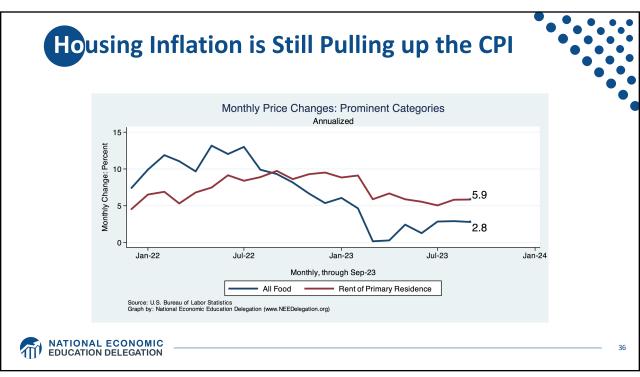
- First, global economy is stronger than anticipated.
 - Except for China.
 - Recession is EU will be shallower than expected.
- Second, inflation in the US is slowing.
 - Reduced expectation of a recession.
- OPEC+ has restricted supply.
 - In support of Russia?
- Add Isreal/Gaza to Ukraine, and markets are jittery.

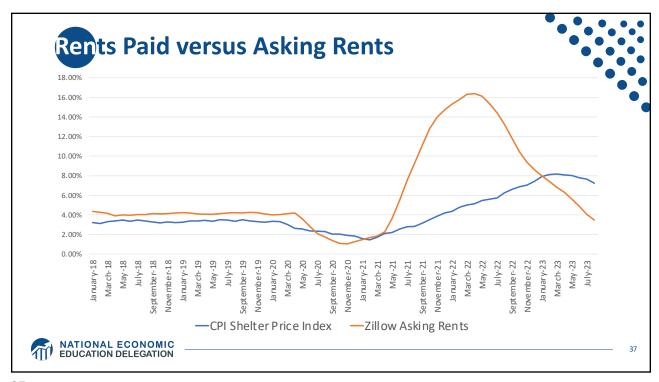


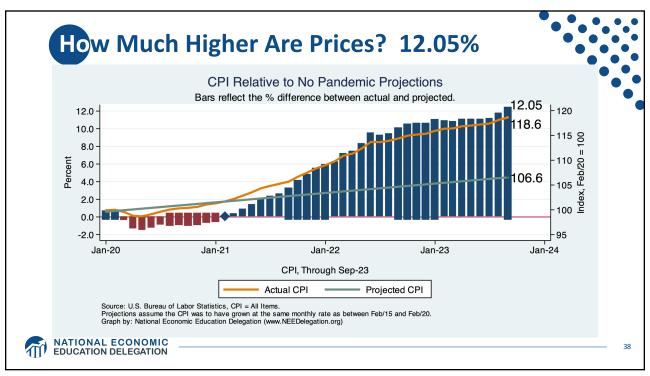
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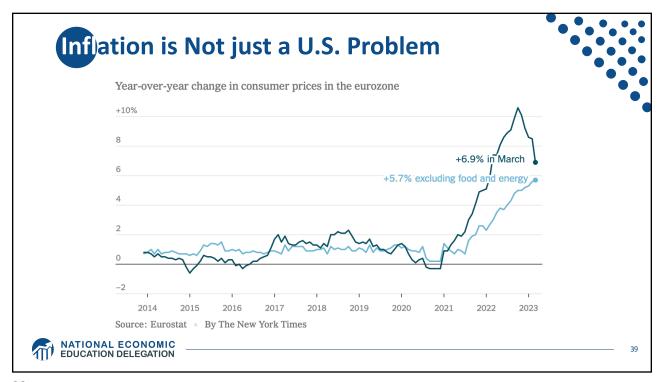


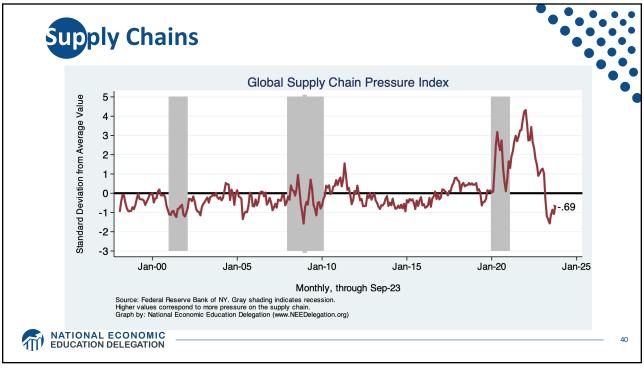


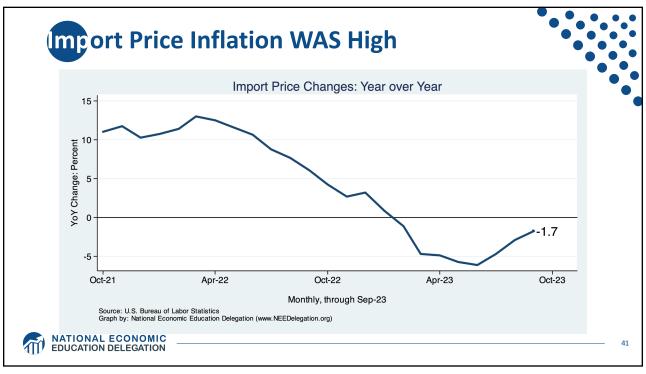












Two New Types of Inflation

Excuseflation

- "The cost of my inputs is going up, so I have to raise my prices."
- You rarely hear: "I'm lowering my prices because costs are going down."

Premiumization

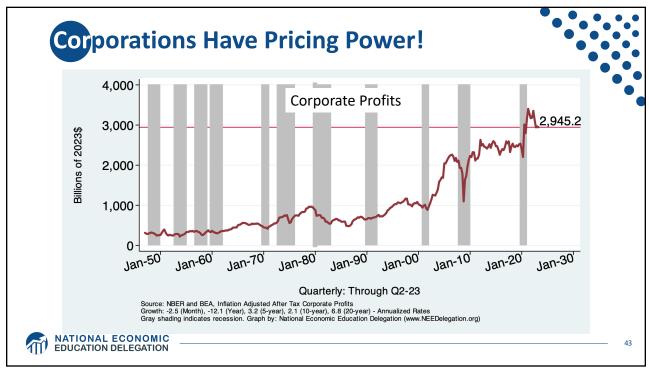
- Taking your product and spicing it up so that you can raise your margins.

• Together, have led to a Profit-Price Spiral

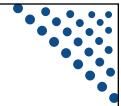
- Raising prices to cover costs plus a little extra.
- Raising margins with extra frills.



42



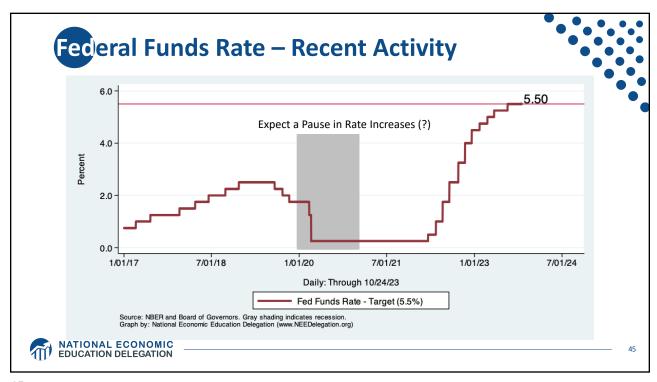


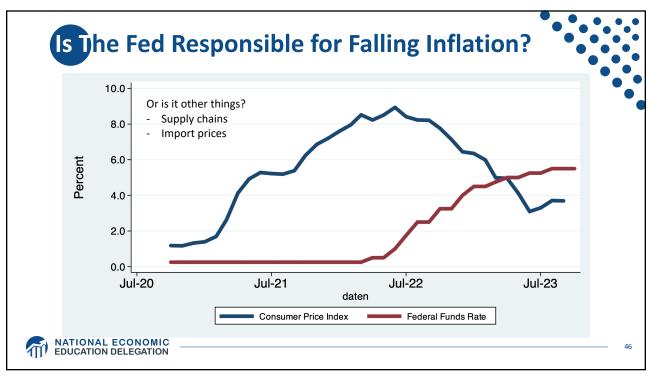


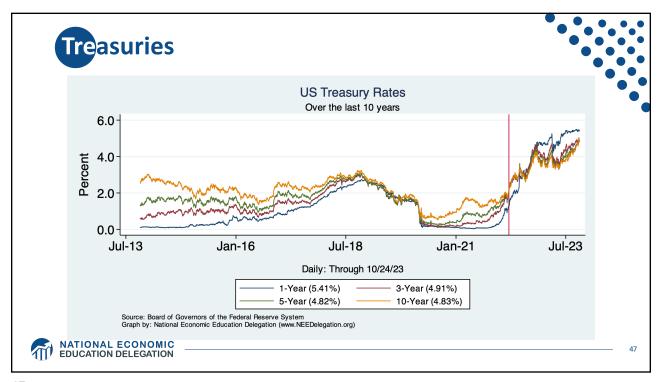
- Primarily a result of external forces.
 - Supply chains, higher import prices.
- But also domestic.
 - Enormous stimulus, firms exercising their pricing power.
- The path to inflation was bumpy, the path out will be too.
- Federal reserve may tick interest rates up 0.25% one more time.
 - And then will hold for the foreseeable future.
 - Unless GDP continues to grow at 4+%! Then more rate hikes.

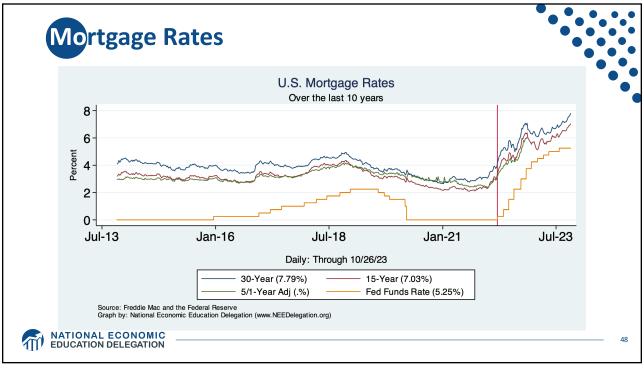


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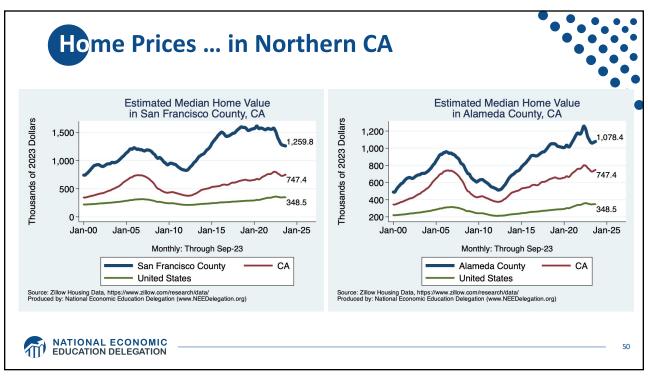


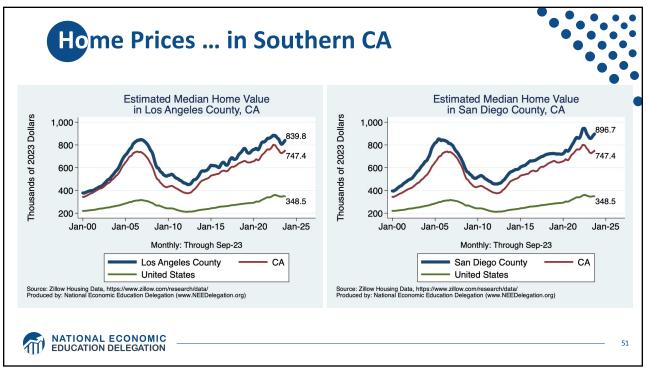


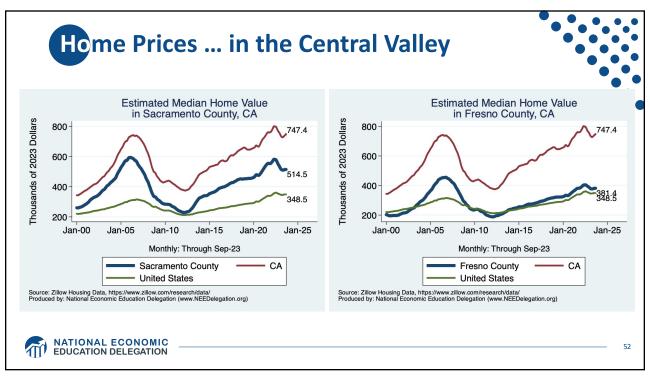
















- Unlikely, but shallow if it happens.
- Many indicators are still in the black.
 - o 2023-Q3 GDP growth was too good!
- Inflation ... wavering, but should turn lower.
- Threats to continued growth:
 - If inflation REALLY starts to rise again, which seems ... possible, but unlikely.
 - Will the Fed go to far?
 - UAW Strikes if prolonged (over?).
 - Government budget negotiations.
 - o Shutdown?
 - Yield curve bugaboo



