# West Sacramento, California

# Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 21, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of West Sacramento and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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# **Executive Summary**

# Assessing the City with Indicators

#### **About this Report**

This report provides background or summary information for the city of West Sacramento (the City) in the form of indicators.

#### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in West Sacramento. These indicators are compared to Yolo County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

#### **Topics Covered:**

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of West Sacramento demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in West Sacramento and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding
  area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to
  all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are
  also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends
  in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in West Sacramento, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in West Sacramento, but do not necessarily live in West Sacramento.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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# **Demographics**

### **Definition:**

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

# Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of West Sacramento's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	54,163.0	53,151.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	1,936.0	2,221.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	23.8	25.8
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	34,858.0	34,084.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	6.2	7.7
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	25.8	26.1
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	11.1	11.5
Female persons (%, 5yr)	51.3	50.9
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	87,044.0	70,699.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	40,553.0	32,298.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	14.3	15.2
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	2,478.0	3,093.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	17.8	22.6
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	54.9	66.3
African American alone (%, 5yr)	4.9	5.3
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	0.7	0.4
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	12.3	10.7
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.8	1.1
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	15.7	9.9
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	33.7	30.1
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	42.0	45.9
HOUSING		
Housing units (#, 5yr)	19,968.0	19,478.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	57.9	56.9
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	460,400.0	349,800.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,278.0	2,083.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	676.0	531.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,384.0	1,026.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS		
Households (#, 5yr)	18,979.0	18,577.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.8	2.8
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr) <b>EDUCATION</b>	90.5	85.3
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	85.4	83.6
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	32.3	29.4
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	3,402.0	3,006.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr) LABOR FORCE	5.1	4.3
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	65.8	65.2
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	61.4	60.7
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	60.2	59.1
Self employed (%, 5yr)	7.9	8.4
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	20.7	23.5
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	70.6	74.9
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	2.0	2.9
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	14.2	5.1

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

# **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

2023 % Change								
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year				
		City						
West Sacramento	54, 187	2.10	-0.04	0.92				
	County and	Broader I	Regions					
Yolo County	220,880	-0.34	-0.18	-0.13				
California	77,880,462	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01				

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)

			% Change					
City	2022	2023	Local	California	California			
Yolo County	221.6	220.9	-0.34	-0.35	-0.35			
Davis	64.8	64.1	-1.11					
Woodland	60.3	59.9	-0.69					
West Sacramento	53.1	54.2	2.10					
Winters	7.5	7.5	0.94					

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation



Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

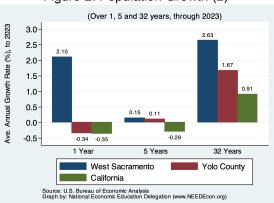
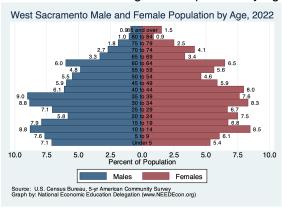


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



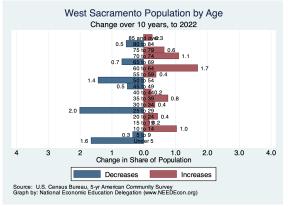
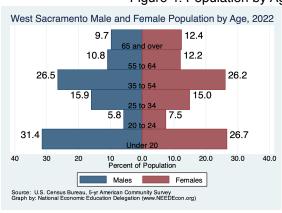


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



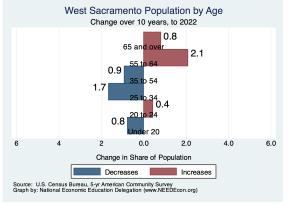
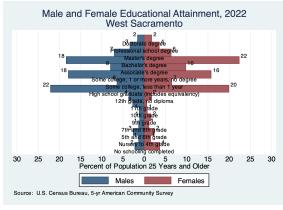


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



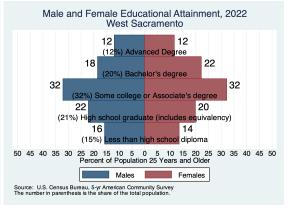


Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity West Sacramento Race/Ethnicity, 2022 33.7% 8.2 4.4% 11.7% White, Nonhispanic Black, Nonhispanic Other, Nonhispanic Asian, Nonhispanic Hispanic Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

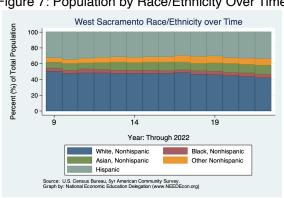


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time

# **Employment Report**

# Citywide Employment and Unemployment

### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

#### Why is it important?

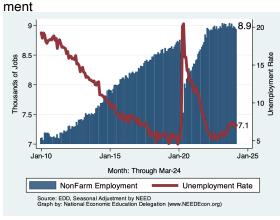
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. West Sacramento Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:								
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year					
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103					
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96					
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97					
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9					

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



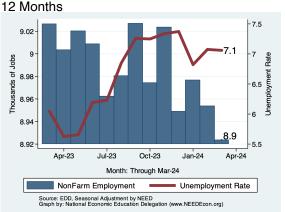
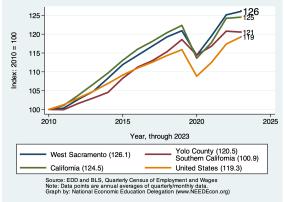
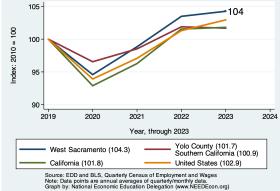


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





# County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Yolo County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Yolo County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate						
Industry	<b>Employment</b>	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr	
Total Nonfarm	111,338	100.0	346.3	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.1	1.3	0.4	
Goods Producing	13,162	11.8	5.3	0.5	-0.0	3.4	4.6	3.9	3.8	
Mining and Logging	120	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	6.7	4.0	
Construction	5,534	5.0	18.3	4.1	0.7	4.9	6.8	3.4	5.5	
Manufacturing	7,348	6.6	-30.4	-4.8	-2.4	0.4	-0.2	3.5	2.1	
Durable Goods	3,402	3.1	-11.5	-4.0	-2.1	-1.2	-1.9	3.2	-2.6	
Non-Durable Goods	3,985	3.6	-25.1	-7.3	-3.2	3.4	2.8	2.8	8.7	
Service Providing	97,822	87.9	283.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.9	1.0	-0.0	
Trade, Trans & Utilities	23,556	21.2	65.4	3.4	-1.3	-0.7	-0.4	1.1	2.0	
Wholesale Trade	5,190	4.7	17.3	4.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.4	3.6	0.1	
Retail Trade	8,240	7.4	12.2	1.8	-1.9	1.4	0.8	-0.3	-0.0	
Information	622	0.6	-2.4	-4.5	-6.4	-10.1	-9.0	-3.7	-6.2	
Financial Activities	2,428	2.2	-3.9	-1.9	-0.6	1.5	-0.2	0.1	-0.7	
Finance & Insurance	850	0.8	0.5	0.6	-2.7	-1.2	-1.6	-5.0	-3.0	
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	1,629	1.5	-10.3	-7.3	-3.0	4.8	2.1	5.5	1.7	
Professional & Business Srvcs	9,735	8.7	53.9	6.9	8.1	6.4	1.0	1.0	0.8	
Prof, Sci, & Tech	4,735	4.3	21.3	5.6	4.7	5.5	1.5	2.2	2.3	
Educational & Health Srvcs	12,665	11.4	91.8	9.1	10.5	10.5	9.7	6.4	2.8	
Leisure & Hospitality	8,692	7.8	-5.2	-0.7	-1.3	-0.1	0.2	13.6	1.2	
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,684	1.5	21.3	16.5	2.4	1.6	1.6	69.4	5.4	
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	6,980	6.3	-18.4	-3.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	7.9	0.4	
Other Srvcs	2,718	2.4	-3.7	-1.6	0.9	1.2	2.6	7.8	3.6	
Government	37,324	33.5	85.1	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.5	-2.8	-2.3	
Federal	2,492	2.2	17.0	8.5	2.8	0.0	2.8	2.5	1.5	
State	23,096	20.7	93.0	5.0	5.1	6.6	3.4	-5.6	-3.8	
Local	12,119	10.9	25.0	2.5	4.2	3.6	3.6	5.6	1.7	

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

# Some Employee Detail

#### **Employed in West Sacramento**

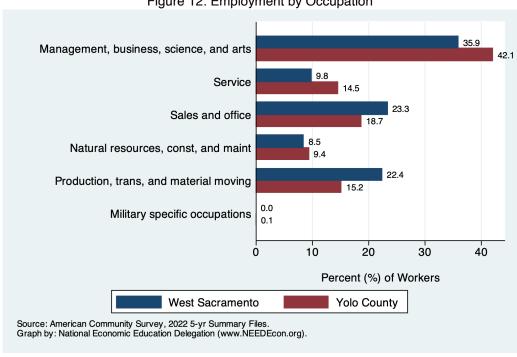
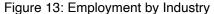


Figure 12: Employment by Occupation



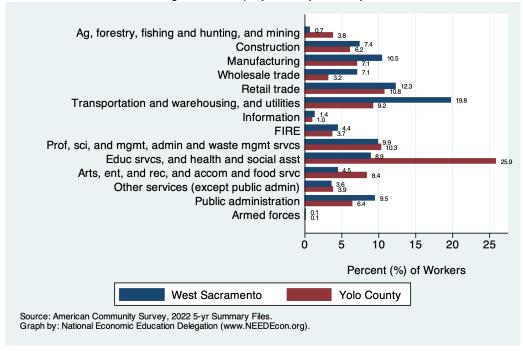
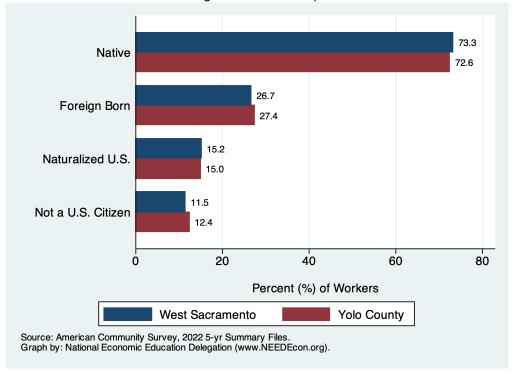


Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home 63.0 Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 21.6 Speak other languages (SOL) 16.5 13.1 SOL - English very well 10.9 8.5 SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 Percent (%) of Workers West Sacramento Yolo County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 15: Citizenship



### **Employed Residents of West Sacramento**

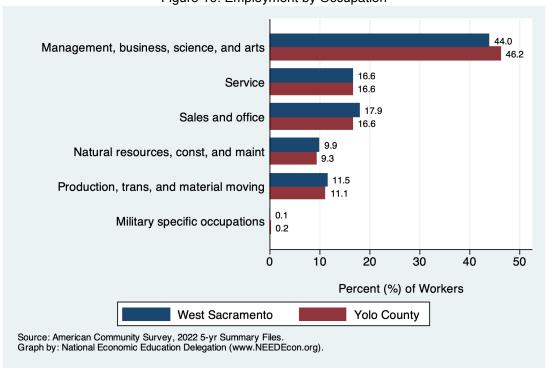
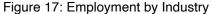


Figure 16: Employment by Occupation



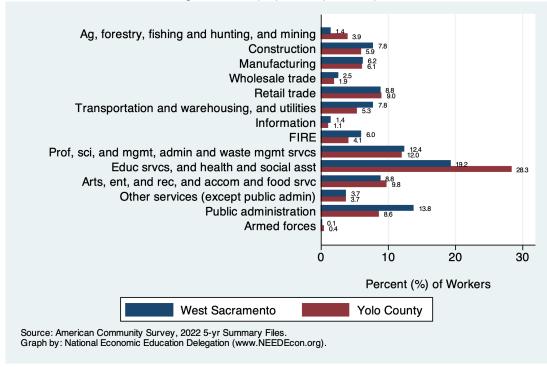


Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well 8.8 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 13.6 SOL - English very well 6.3 SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 Percent (%) of Workers West Sacramento Yolo County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

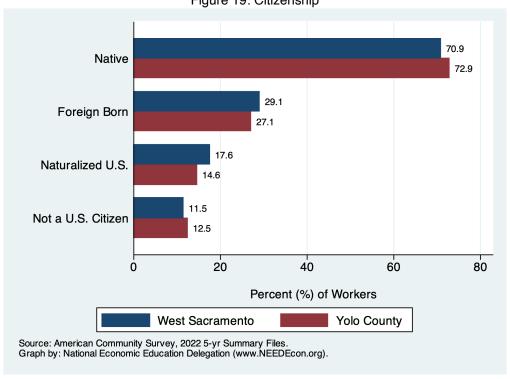


Figure 19: Citizenship

### **Employed Residents vs Workers in West Sacramento**

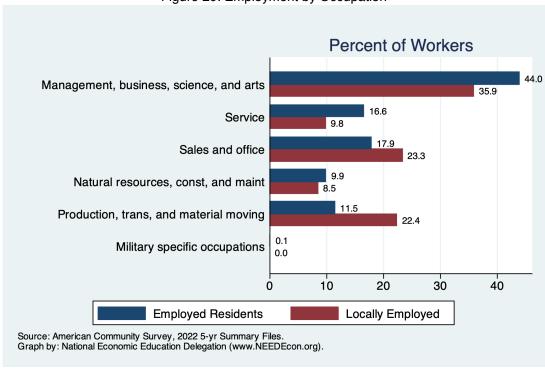
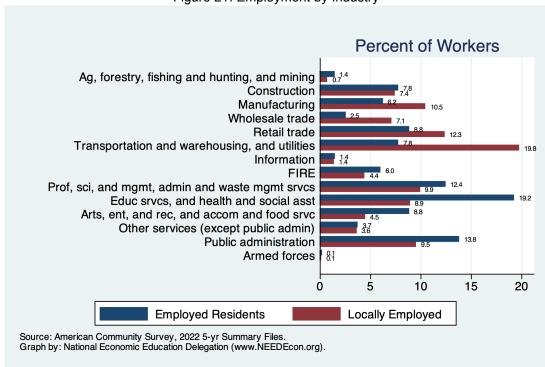


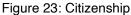
Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

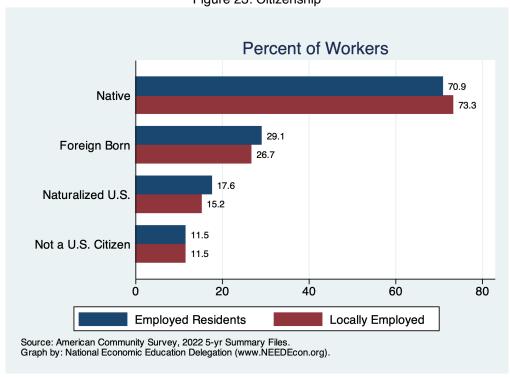




Percent of Workers 62.7 63.0 Speak only English 19.4 Speak Spanish (SS) 10.5 SS - English very well 9.8 8.8 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 21.6 SOL - English very well 6.3 SOL - English less than very well 8.5 20 40 60 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





# **Income and Earnings**

## Per Capita Income Growth

#### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in West Sacramento. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

#### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

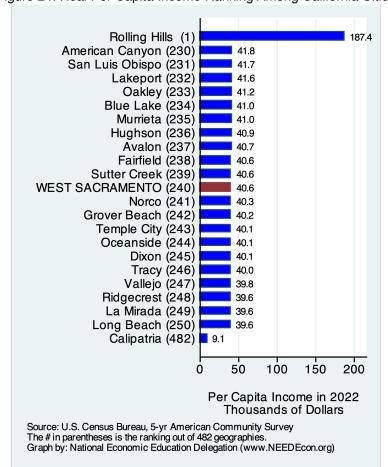
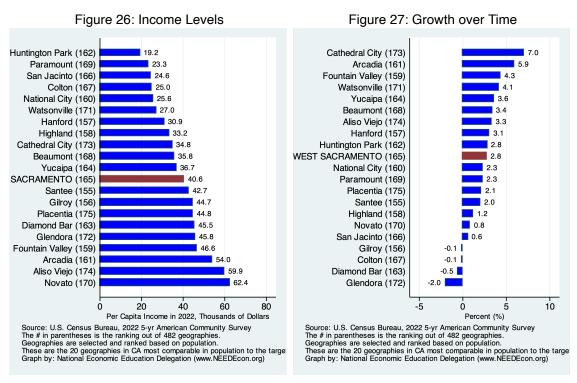


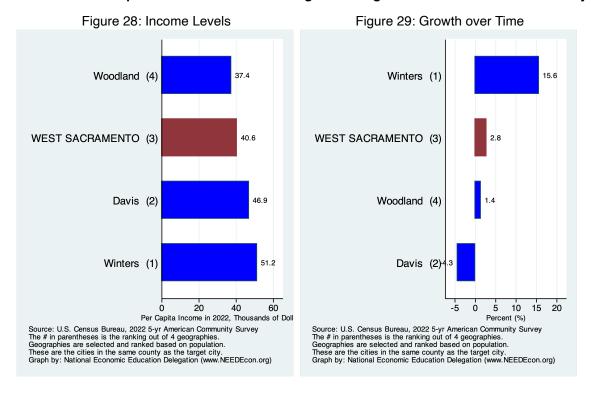
Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

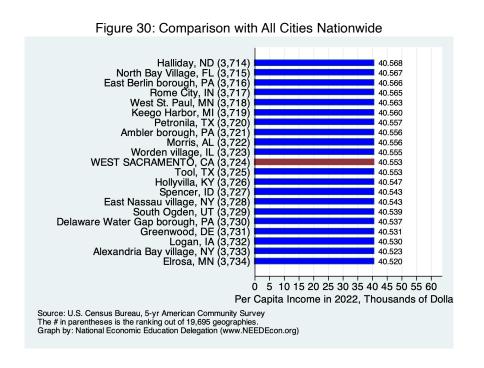
Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time Over the last 1, 5, and 10 years 120 Annual Growth Rate to 2022 (%) Indexed to 100 in 2010 110 100 2 Ave. 2025 10 Years Year: Through 2022 5 Years West Sacramento (122.4%) Yolo County (113.3%) West Sacramento Yolo County California California (116.4%) United States (112.5%) United States Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

# Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



## Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Yolo County





# Poverty and Inequality

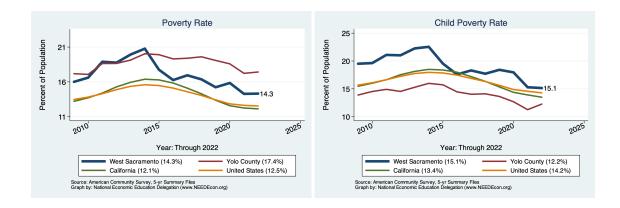
#### **Definition:**

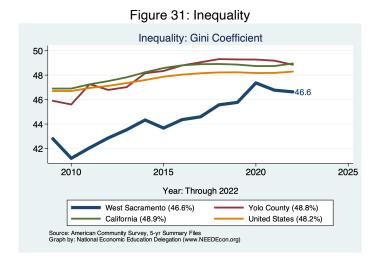
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

### Why is it important?

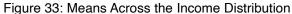
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.





2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Bottom Quintile Second Quintile Fourth Quintile Third Quintile Top Quintile Top 5%

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution



West Sacramento

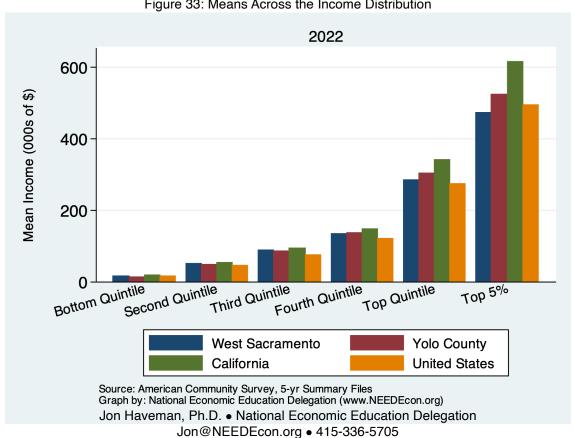
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

California

Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files

**Yolo County** 

**United States** 



# Housing

# Housing Costs and Affordability

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty

percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

## Cost of Housing in West Sacramento and Broader Regions

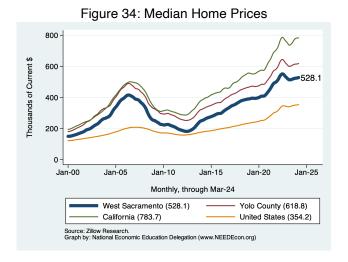


Figure 35: Median Rents 2.5 Thousands of Current \$ 2.0 1.5 Jan-14 Jan-26 Jan-16 Jan-18 Jan-20 Jan-22 Jan-24 Monthly, through Mar-24 West Sacramento (2.3) Yolo County (2.5) - United States (2.0) Source: Zillow Research. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

## Housing Ownership in West Sacramento and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

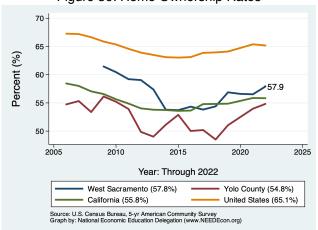


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

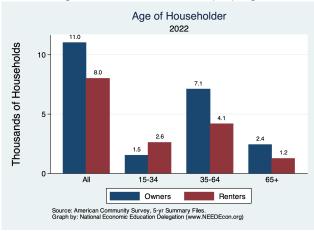


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

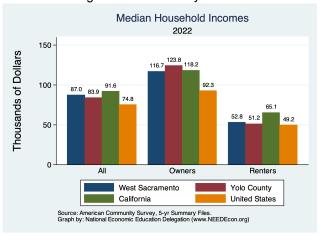


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

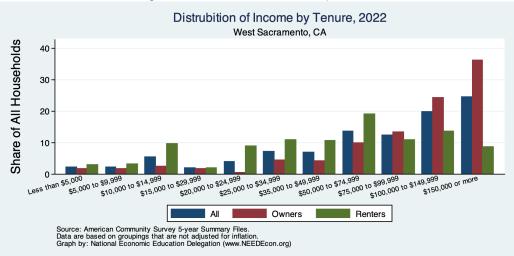


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

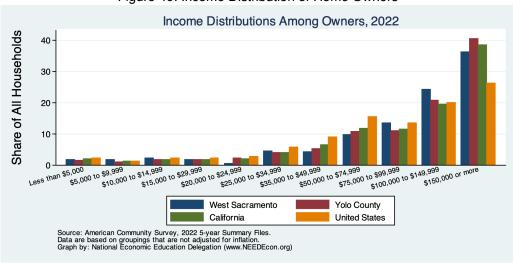
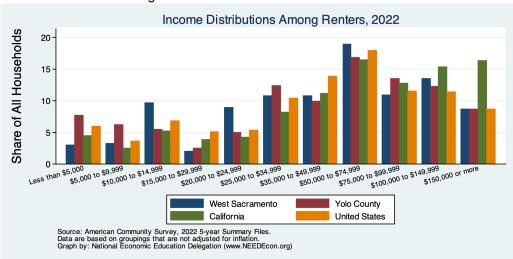


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



# Housing Burden in West Sacramento and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

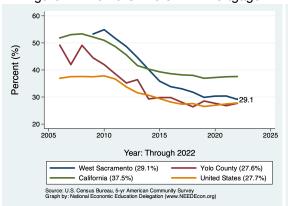


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

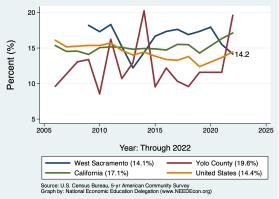


Figure 44: Renters

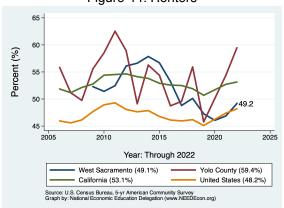
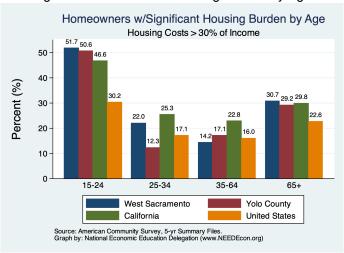


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



# Housing Picture

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% Change from					
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010				
Total Population	54,187.0	53,995.0	48,744.0	0.4	11.2				
Total # of Homes	21,411.0	20,049.0	18,681.0	6.8	14.6				
# Occupied Units	20,676.0	19,104.0	17,421.0	8.2	18.7				
Persons per Household	2.6	2.8	2.8	-7.3	-6.3				
Vacancy Rate (%)	3.4	4.7	6.7	-27.2	-49.1				

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

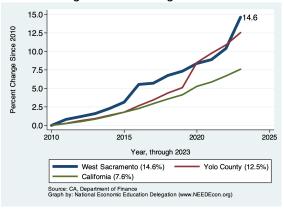


Figure 47: Persons per Household

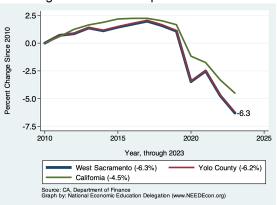


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

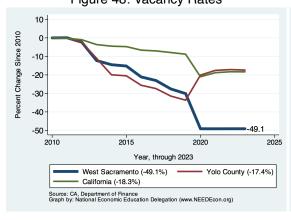
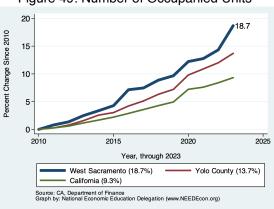


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



## Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

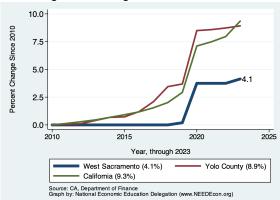
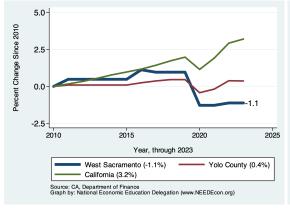
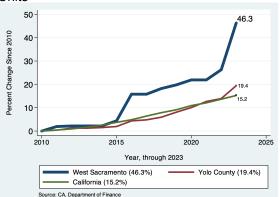


Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units





# Vintage of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in West Sacramento was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Yolo County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

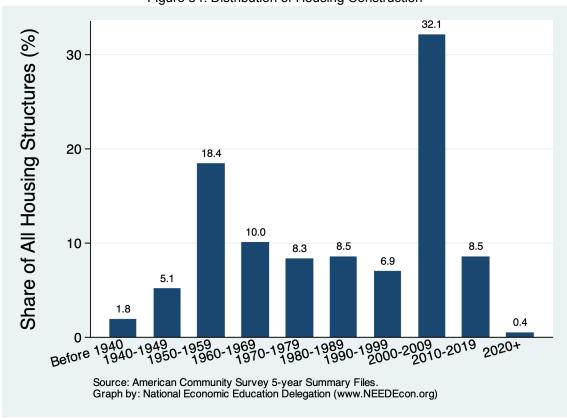


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

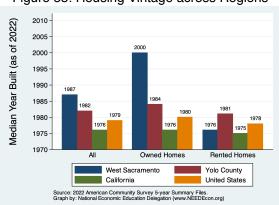


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

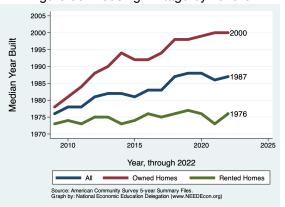


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

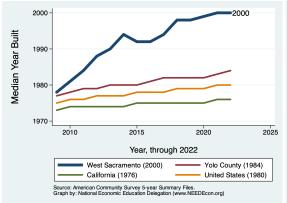


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

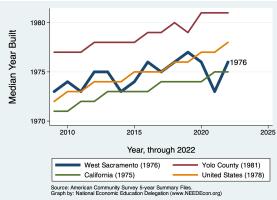
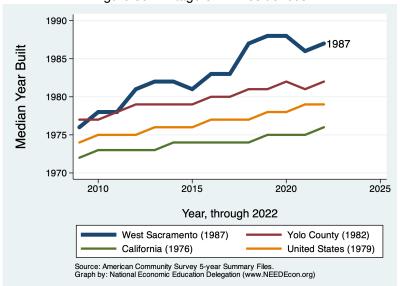


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



# Occupation of Residential Housing

## Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

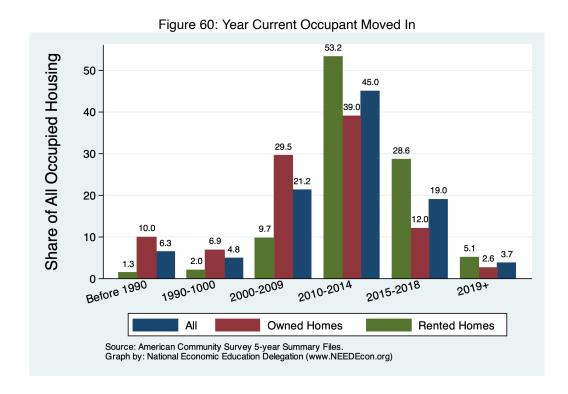


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

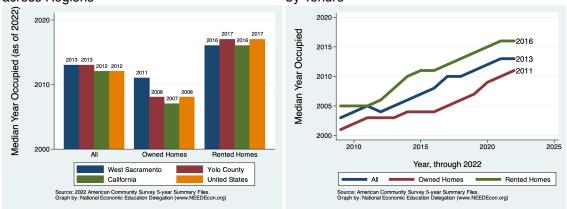


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

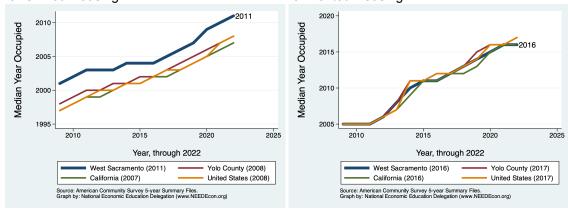


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2013 2010 2005 2000 2010 2015 2020 2025 Year, through 2022 West Sacramento (2013) Yolo County (2013) United States (2012) California (2012) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

# Residential Permitting

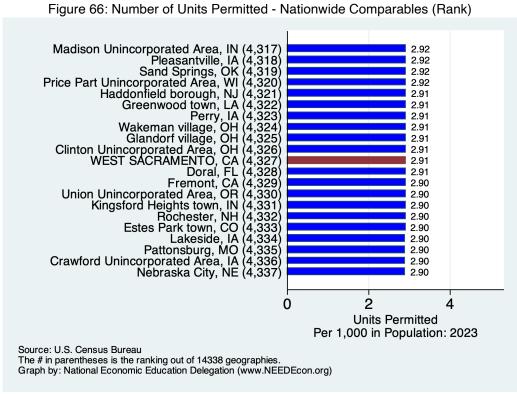
#### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for West Sacramento is compared with data from Yolo County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

#### Why is it important?

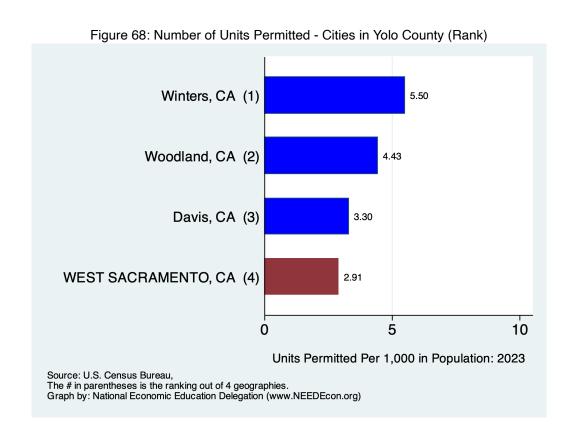
Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

## West Sacramento - Ranking Among Comparables



Paradise town, CA Chula Vista, CA (1 86.39 3.09 Kingsburg, CA 3.07 3.04 Lake Forest, CA Burbank, CA 3.01 Santa Paula, CA 3.01 Arcadia, CA Malibu, CA Ferndale, CA 2.94 Oakdale, CA 2.93 WEST SACRAMENTO, CA 2.91 Fremont, CA Calexico, CA Nevada Unincorporated Area, CA Huntington Beach, CA 2.88 2.88 Riverside, CA Cloverdale, CA Calaveras Unincorporated Area, CA 2.86 2.84 2.79 Lake Elsinore, CA Mammoth Lakes town, CA 2.78 156 0.00 Alturas, CA (515) 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)

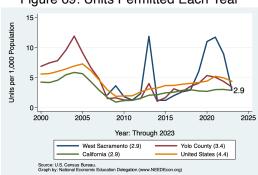


Jon Haveman, Ph.D. • National Economic Education Delegation Jon@NEEDEcon.org • 415-336-5705

## West Sacramento - Permitting Activity

### **Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in West Sacramento**

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year



Over 1, 5, and 10 years)

1.7

-20

-21.5

Over 1, 5, and 10 years)

-3.5

-3.5

-3.5

-11.6

-3.5

-3.6

-3.5

-3.6

-3.5

-3.6

-3.5

-3.6

-3.5

-3.6

-3.6

-3.7

-3.8

-3.8

-4.1

-3.8

-4.1

-3.8

-4.1

-4.0

-4.0

-6.0

-6.0

-6.0

-6.0

-6.0

-6.0

-7.6

-7.6

5 Years

10 Years

Yolo County

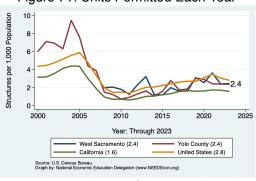
Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units

Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in West Sacramento

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

California

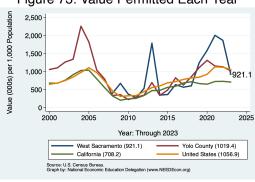
Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year





**Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in West Sacramento** 

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year



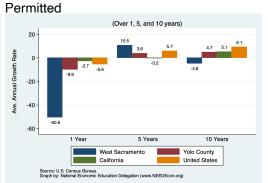


Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

# **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

# Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

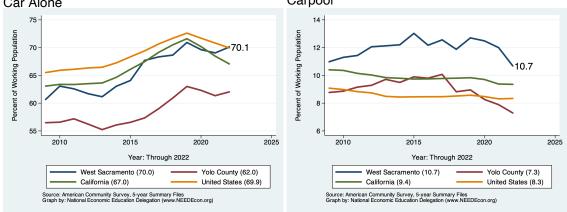
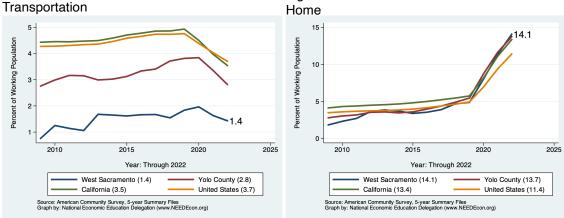


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in West Sacramento. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in West Sacramento. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Ma	Male Female		All W	orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	10,846	82.9	9,610	78.5	20, 456	80.8	78.0
Drove Alone	9,356	71.5	8,395	68.6	17,751	70.1	68.4
Carpooled:	1,490	11.4	1,215	9.9	2,705	10.7	9.5
In 2-person carpool	1,107	8.5	903	7.4	2,010	7.9	6.9
In 3-person carpool	192	1.5	189	1.5	381	1.5	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	191	1.5	123	1.0	314	1.2	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	152	1.2	210	1.7	362	1.4	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	139	1.1	192	1.6	331	1.3	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	13	0.1	18	0.1	31	0.1	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	99	0.8	87	0.7	186	0.7	0.7
Walked	211	1.6	79	0.6	290	1.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	223	1.7	242	2.0	465	1.8	1.7
Worked at Home	1,554	11.9	2,009	16.4	3,563	14.1	13.6
Total:	13,085	100.0	12,237	100.0	25,322	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR **WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY** 

	Male		Fen	nale	All Wo	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	20, 281	88.5	11,786	83.0	32,067	86.4	78.0
Drove Alone	18,422	80.4	10,257	72.2	28,679	77.3	68.5
Carpooled:	1,859	8.1	1,529	10.8	3,388	9.1	9.5
In 2-person carpool	1,398	6.1	1,198	8.4	2,596	7.0	6.9
In 3-person carpool	228	1.0	235	1.7	463	1.2	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	233	1.0	96	0.7	329	0.9	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	306	1.3	51	0.4	357	1.0	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	237	1.0	51	0.4	288	0.8	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	32	0.1	0	0.0	32	0.1	0.3
Railroad	37	0.2	0	0.0	37	0.1	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	156	0.7	109	0.8	265	0.7	0.7
Walked	391	1.7	71	0.5	462	1.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	223	1.0	176	1.2	399	1.1	1.7
Worked at Home	1,554	6.8	2,009	14.1	3,563	9.6	13.6
Total:	22,911	100.0	14, 202	100.0	37, 113	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File
The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	Mal	е	Fer	nale	All Workers		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	344	2.9	146	1.3	490	2.2	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	927	7.8	718	6.6	1,645	7.2	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	1,990	16.8	1,836	16.9	3,826	16.8	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,807	15.2	2,349	21.6	4,156	18.3	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	2,190	18.5	1,810	16.6	4,000	17.6	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	746	6.3	585	5.4	1,331	5.9	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	1,360	11.5	1,034	9.5	2,394	10.5	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	199	1.7	358	3.3	557	2.4	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	449	3.8	368	3.4	817	3.6	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	700	5.9	284	2.6	984	4.3	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	529	4.5	436	4.0	965	4.2	7.9
90 or more minutes	290	2.4	304	2.8	594	2.6	4.0
Total:	11,531	97.2	10,228	94.1	21,759	95.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

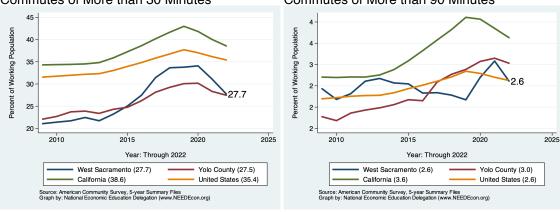
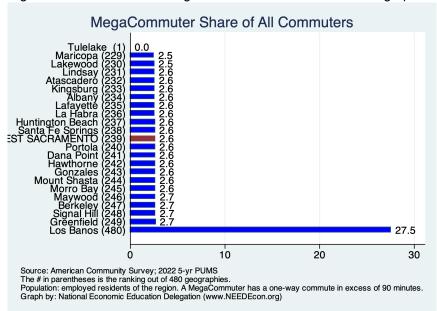


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



# Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WORKPLAC	JE GEOGR	AFIII					
	Ma	ale Female All Workers		Female All Wor		orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	751	3.5	159	1.3	910	2.7	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	914	4.3	714	5.6	1,628	4.9	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	2,363	11.1	1,545	12.2	3,908	11.6	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	2,324	10.9	2,258	17.8	4,582	13.7	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	3,689	17.3	1,960	15.5	5,649	16.8	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	1,666	7.8	1,083	8.5	2,749	8.2	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	4,104	19.2	1,692	13.4	5,796	17.3	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	894	4.2	359	2.8	1,253	3.7	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	1,024	4.8	334	2.6	1,358	4.0	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	1,812	8.5	1,382	10.9	3,194	9.5	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	859	4.0	490	3.9	1,349	4.0	7.9
90 or more minutes	957	4.5	217	1.7	1,174	3.5	4.0
Total:	21,357	100.0	12, 193	96.3	33,550	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

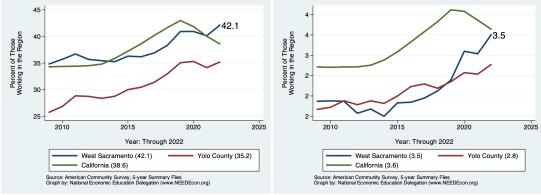
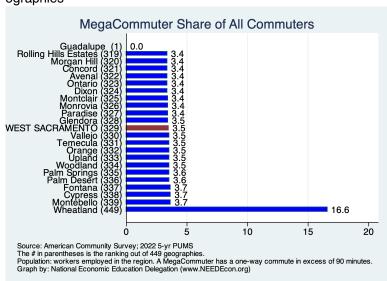


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in West Sacramento work. As evidenced in the first table, some of West Sacramento's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the West Sacramento city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fen	Female		All Workers	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	12,912	98.7	12, 206	99.7	25, 118	99.2	99.6
Worked in county of residence	5,997	45.8	5,834	47.7	11,831	46.7	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	6,915	52.8	6,372	52.1	13,287	52.5	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	173	1.3	31	0.3	204	0.8	0.4
Total:	13,085	100.0	12, 237	100.0	25, 322	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

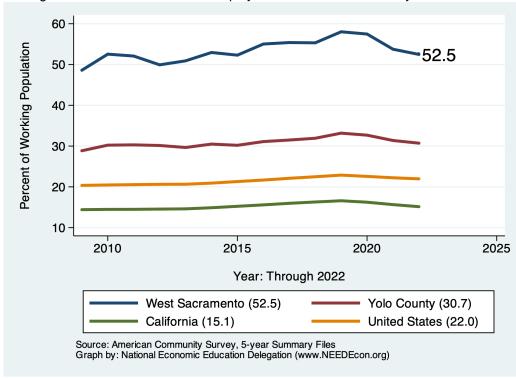
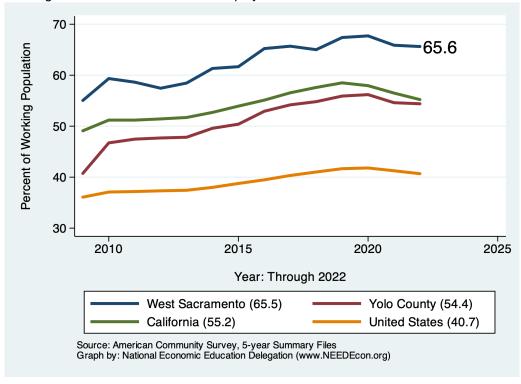


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	M	ale	Fer	nale	All W	orkers	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	13,085	100.0	12, 237	100.0	25, 322	100.0	95.9
Worked in place of residence	4,582	35.0	4,122	33.7	8,704	34.4	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	8,503	65.0	8,115	66.3	16,618	65.6	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	13,085	100.0	12, 237	100.0	25, 322	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



# Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City California			United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	53, 764	48, 566	99.8	46, 171	99.3
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	42,392	36,463	104.9	34,487	104.8
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)		40,179		45,100	
Walked	21,413	29,366	65.8	27,142	67.3
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	35,559	40,433	79.3	36,140	83.9
Worked from home	79,036	75, 153	94.8	67,180	100.3
Total:	54,051	48,747	110.9	46,099	117.2

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	4,173	51.6	5,417	67.9	6, 203	69.5	17,751	70.1	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	600	7.4	1,028	12.9	568	6.4	2,705	10.7	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	167	2.1	59	0.7	107	1.2	362	1.4	3.6
Walked	164	2.0	36	0.5	47	0.5	290	1.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	233	2.9	184	2.3	150	1.7	651	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	601	7.4	879	11.0	1,849	20.7	3,563	14.1	13.6
Total:	5,938	73.4	7,603	95.2	8,924		25,322		100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	5,819	63.4	11,006	80.9	9,174	76.1	28,679	77.3	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	739	8.0	1,268	9.3	726	6.0	3,388	9.1	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	109	1.2	87	0.6	135	1.1	357	1.0	3.6
Walked	141	1.5	231	1.7	33	0.3	462	1.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	296	3.2	141	1.0	143	1.2	664	1.8	2.4
Worked at Home	601	6.5	879	6.5	1,849	15.3	3,563	9.6	13.6
Total:	7,705	83.9	13,612		12,060		37, 113		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

<sup>2)</sup> For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

# Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,133	57.0	1,001	54.4	15,617	69.4	17, 751	70.1	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	45	2.3	134	7.3	2,526	11.2	2,705	10.7	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	121	6.1	0	0.0	241	1.1	362	1.4	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	97	5.3	193	0.9	290	1.1	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	67	3.4	7	0.4	577	2.6	651	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	72	3.6	142	7.7	3,349	14.9	3,563	14.1	13.6
Total:	1,438	72.4	1,381	75.1	22, 503		25, 322		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,126	60.0	1,320	65.3	26, 233	77.6	28,679	77.3	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	155	8.3	145	7.2	3,068	9.1	3,368	9.1	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	66	3.5	0	0.0	291	0.9	357	1.0	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	80	4.0	382	1.1	462	1.2	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	146	7.8	28	1.4	490	1.4	664	1.8	2.4
Worked at Home	72	3.8	142	7.0	3,349	9.9	3,563	9.6	13.6
Total:	1,565	83.3	1,715	84.9	33,813		37,093		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Migration

# **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

## Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not West Sacramento is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very

important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

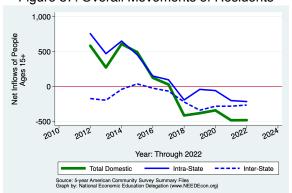


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
No income	6,655	-49	-17	-93	-40	101		
With income	35,779	-233	17	-123	-226	99		
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	4, 432	191	21	144	26	0		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	3,965	-62	-98	20	-16	32		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,693	-225	-13	-188	-24	0		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	3,845	-51	39	-101	-11	22		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4,054	-183	-2	-117	-64	0		
\$50,000 to \$64,999	3,456	-74	0	16	-90	0		
\$65,000 to \$74,999	1,837	91	0	122	-31	0		
\$75,000 or more	10,497	80	70	-19	-16	45		
All:	42, 434	-282	0	-216	-266	200		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no

information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

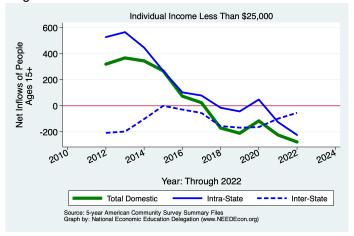


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

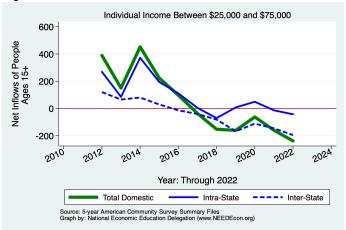
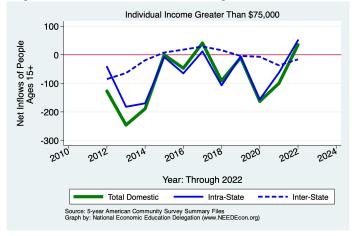


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



# **Demographics of Migration Flows**

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

	Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State		-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad	
Never married	15,276	415	11	355	4	45	
Now married, except separated	21,080	-552	15	-406	-256	95	
Divorced	3,555	-143	-26	-81	-61	25	
Separated	802	59	0	11	35	13	
Widowed	1,721	-61	0	-95	12	22	
Total:	42,434	-282	0	-216	-266	200	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 19: Migration by Tenure** 

		Net Inflows				
			Sam	e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	31,116	43	-2	-92	22	115
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	21,890	-786	19	-479	-475	149
Total:	53,006	-743	17	-571	-453	264

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

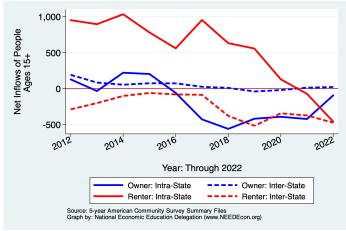


Table 20: Migration by Age

	Net Inflows								
			Sam	e State		-			
			W/in	Between	Across	From			
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad			
1 to 4 years	2,723	-166	0	-86	-80	0			
5 to 17 years	10,642	-380	0	-271	-175	66			
18 and 19 years	1,687	64	0	66	-2	0			
20 to 24 years	3,617	320	-44	332	0	32			
25 to 29 years	3,728	-63	28	-161	-42	112			
30 to 34 years	4,632	96	44	2	50	0			
35 to 39 years	4,496	-278	-6	-288	16	0			
40 to 44 years	3,826	-303	-7	-90	-206	0			
45 to 49 years	3,206	-74	-12	-16	-54	8			
50 to 54 years	2,725	108	12	37	59	0			
55 to 59 years	2,841	-1	13	-10	-4	0			
60 to 64 years	3,387	-17	-28	9	-11	13			
65 to 69 years	1,812	-25	0	-29	-8	12			
70 to 74 years	1,851	-99	0	-32	-67	0			
75 years and over	2,354	-5	0	-29	2	22			
Total Population:	53,527	-823	0	-566	-522	265			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment** 

		Ne	et Inflows			
			Sam	e State		_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	5,102	56	-6	-6	-31	99
High school graduate (includes equiv)	7,301	-100	-17	-37	-68	22
Some college or assoc. degree	11,207	-326	19	-310	-68	33
Bachelor's degree	7,138	-237	-54	-147	-36	0
Graduate or professional degree	4,110	-54	102	-107	-62	13
Total:	34,858	-661	44	-607	-265	167

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	42,707	42,707
Moved Within Same County	41,778	35,583
Moved to Different County, Same State	39,628	38,304
Moved Between States	25,959	44,436
Total Population:	42, 129	42,033

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35.8	35.8
Moved Within Same County	29.7	28.9
Moved to Different County, Same State	25.8	28.2
Moved Between States	33.3	31.5
Moved from Abroad	25.4	
Total Population:	34.8	35.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

## References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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