# South Lake Tahoe, California

## Indicators Report

by The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 21, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of South Lake Tahoe and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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## **Executive Summary**

### Assessing the City with Indicators

### About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of South Lake Tahoe (the City) in the form of indicators.

### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in South Lake Tahoe. These indicators are compared to El Dorado County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

### **Topics Covered:**

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of South Lake Tahoe demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in South Lake Tahoe and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in South Lake Tahoe, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in South Lake Tahoe , but do not necessarily live in South Lake Tahoe.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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## Demographics

### Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

### Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of South Lake Tahoe's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

### A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	21,346.0	21,939.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	614.0	1,177.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	21.4	20.6
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	15,944.0	15,856.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	4.7	5.8
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	15.9	17.0
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	16.0	14.9
Female persons (%, 5yr)	49.5	46.4
NCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	67,686.0	49,390.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	46,093.0	30,441.
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	13.3	13.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	511.0	614.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	15.4	17.
White alone (%, 5yr)	71.5	81.
African American alone (%, 5yr)	0.5	1.
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	1.0	0.3
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	6.3	7.
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.2	0.1
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	10.3 28.5	3. 30.
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr) White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	20.5 59.2	58.
HOUSING	59.2	50.
Housing units (#, 5yr)	16,275.0	16,880.
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	44.0	41.
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	571,700.0	403,600.
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,260.0	1,799.
Median selected monthly owner costs with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)		574.
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,295.0	1,020.
	1,200.0	1,020.
Households (#, 5yr)	9,125.0	8,932.
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.3	2.
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	86.5	81.
EDUCATION	23.0	51.
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	87.8	86.
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	30.3	24.3
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,640.0	2,239.
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	11.8	10.9
LABOR FORCE		
n civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	69.3	68.
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	63.9	65.
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	63.6	61.
Self employed (%, 5yr)	12.3	10.
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	12.8	15.
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	62.0	70.3
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	3.4	5.
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	11.8	4.9

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

### **Current Population**

10

0

-10

-20

-30

1990

2000

California (4.6%)

South Lake Tahoe (-4.0%)

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Percent Change from 2010

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region           (Thousands, January to January)								
	2023		% Cha	nge				
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year				
City								
South Lake Tahoe	20,548	-0.86	-11.47	-8.64				
	County and	Broader F	Regions					
El Dorado County	189,006	-0.43	-2.33	-0.31				
California	77,880,462	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01				
Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation								

#### Table 2. County Population Change by City (Thousands, January to January)

			% Change					
City	2022	2023	Local	California	California			
El Dorado County	189.8	189.0	-0.43	-0.35	-0.35			
South Lake Tahoe	20.7	20.5	-0.86					
Placerville	10.6	10.6	-0.34					
Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation								

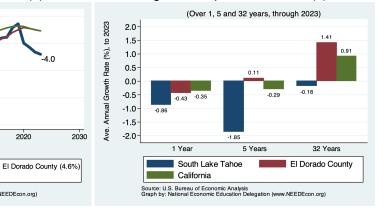


2010

Year, through 2023

2020

### Figure 2: Population Growth (2)



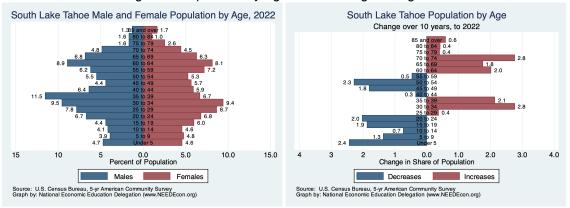
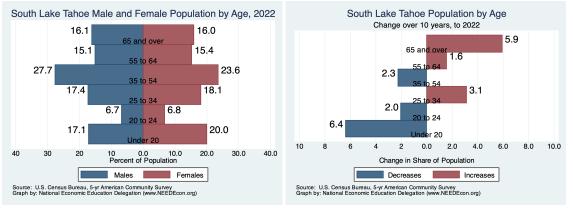
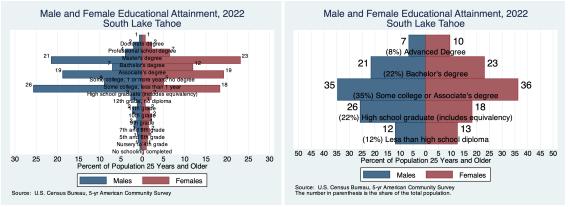


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories

Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories







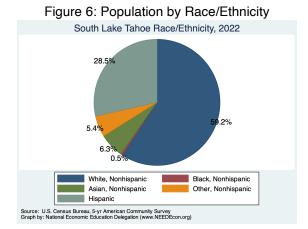
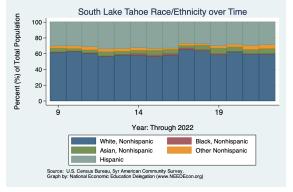


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



## **Employment Report**

### Citywide Employment and Unemployment

### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in employment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

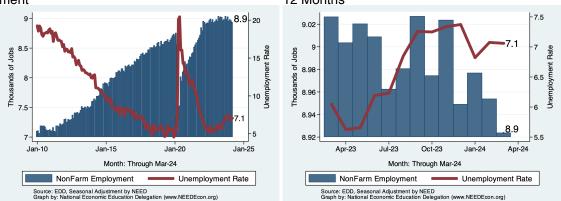
#### Why is it important?

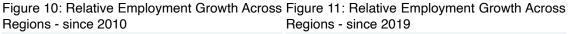
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

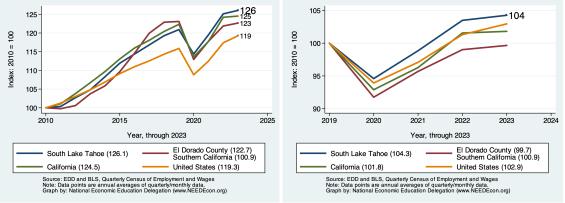
	Change From:							
Current Last 2 Months L Category Value Month Ago Y								
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103				
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96				
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97				
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9				

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last ment 12 Months







### County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for El Dorado County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

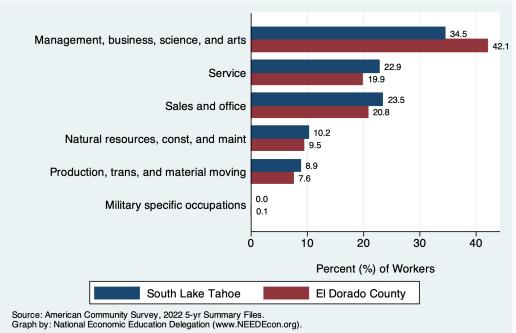
			Empl		% Gr	owth - An	nualized	Rate	
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	61,932	100.0	192.6	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.1	3.4	1.0
Goods Producing	9,001	14.5	3.7	0.5	-0.0	3.4	4.6	1.7	0.4
Mining and Logging	240	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	46.7	28.0
Construction	5,956	9.6	19.7	4.1	0.7	4.9	6.8	0.2	-0.6
Manufacturing	2,825	4.6	-11.7	-4.8	-2.4	0.4	-0.2	3.8	2.3
Durable Goods	1,458	2.4	-4.9	-4.0	-2.1	-1.2	-1.9	4.1	4.3
Non-Durable Goods	1,339	2.2	-8.4	-7.3	-3.2	3.4	2.8	3.2	0.2
Service Providing	52,772	85.2	152.9	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.9	3.9	1.1
Trade, Trans & Utilities	8,576	13.8	23.8	3.4	-1.3	-0.7	-0.4	0.5	2.1
Wholesale Trade	996	1.6	3.3	4.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.4	3.5	2.1
Retail Trade	6,580	10.6	9.7	1.8	-1.9	1.4	0.8	-0.2	1.5
Information	533	0.9	-2.0	-4.5	-6.4	-10.1	-9.0	2.2	-2.2
Financial Activities	3,384	5.5	-5.4	-1.9	-0.6	1.5	-0.2	-1.4	-0.8
Finance & Insurance	2,360	3.8	1.3	0.6	-2.7	-1.2	-1.6	-3.1	-1.1
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	1,029	1.7	-6.5	-7.3	-3.0	4.8	2.1	2.4	-0.3
Professional & Business Srvcs	6,370	10.3	35.2	6.9	8.1	6.4	1.0	0.0	0.0
Prof, Sci, & Tech	2,929	4.7	13.2	5.6	4.7	5.5	1.5	5.7	0.2
Educational & Health Srvcs	9,883	16.0	71.6	9.1	10.5	10.5	9.7	5.6	2.5
Leisure & Hospitality	10,132	16.4	-6.1	-0.7	-1.3	-0.1	0.2	8.5	0.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	1,538	2.5	19.4	16.5	2.4	1.6	1.6	1.1	-4.8
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	8,513	13.7	-22.4	-3.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	9.8	2.0
Other Srvcs	2,131	3.4	-2.9	-1.6	0.9	1.2	2.6	7.5	0.8
Government	11,589	18.7	26.4	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.5	5.4	1.1
Federal	633	1.0	4.3	8.5	2.8	0.0	2.8	2.3	1.7
State	627	1.0	2.5	5.0	5.1	6.6	3.4	1.5	0.9
Local	10,272	16.6	21.2	2.5	4.2	3.6	3.6	5.8	1.0

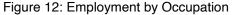
Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in El Dorado County for March, 2024

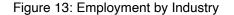
Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

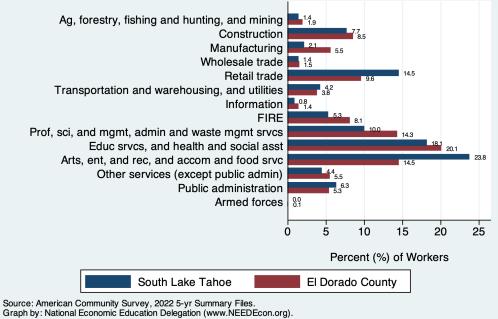
### Some Employee Detail

### Employed in South Lake Tahoe









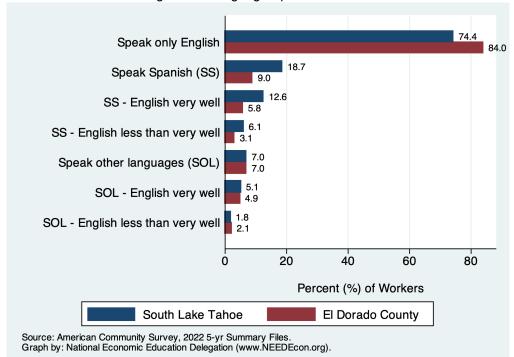


Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home

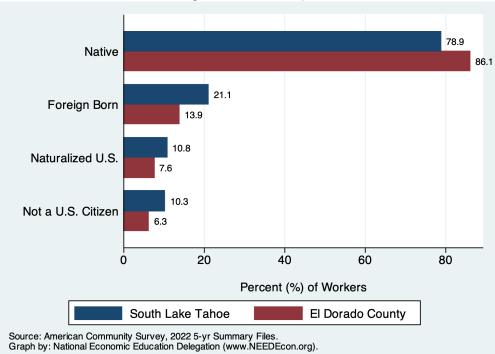


Figure 15: Citizenship

### **Employed Residents of South Lake Tahoe**

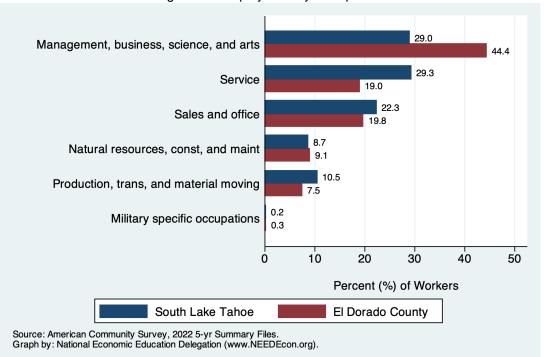
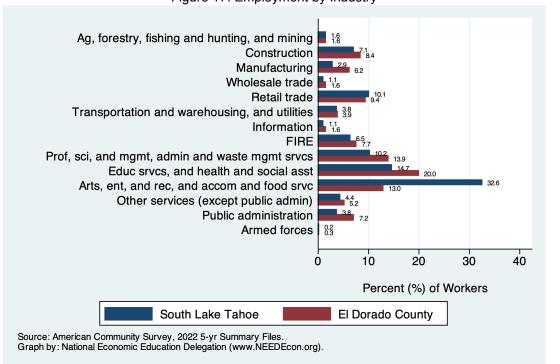
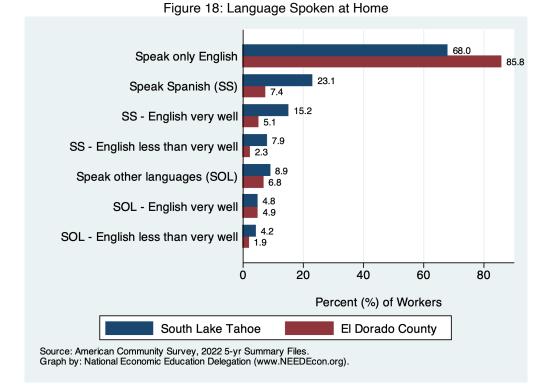


Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

Figure 17: Employment by Industry





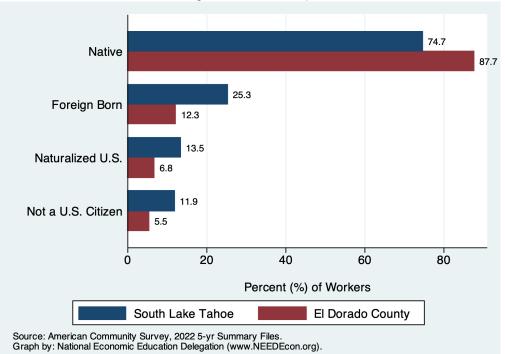


Figure 19: Citizenship

### Employed Residents vs Workers in South Lake Tahoe

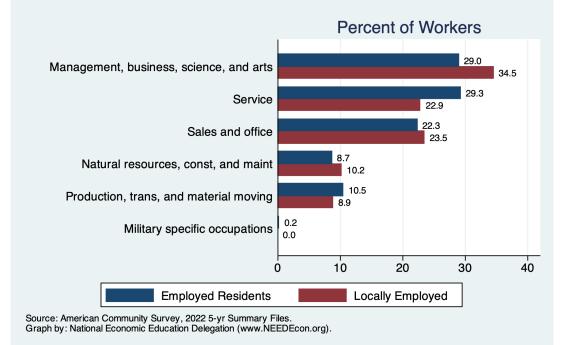
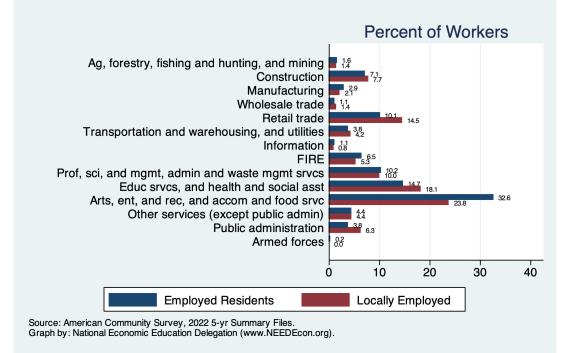
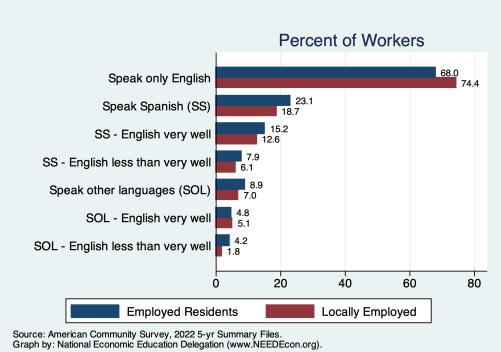


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

Figure 21: Employment by Industry





### Percent of Workers 74.7 Native 78.9 25.3 Foreign Born 21.1 13.5 Naturalized U.S. 10.8 11.9 Not a U.S. Citizen 10.3 40 20 60 80 0 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed

Figure 23: Citizenship

Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

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### Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home

## **Income and Earnings**

### Per Capita Income Growth

### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in South Lake Tahoe. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and

### business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

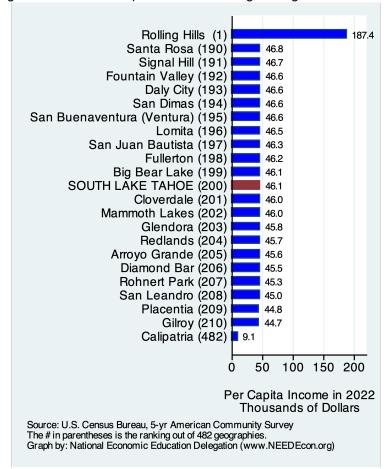
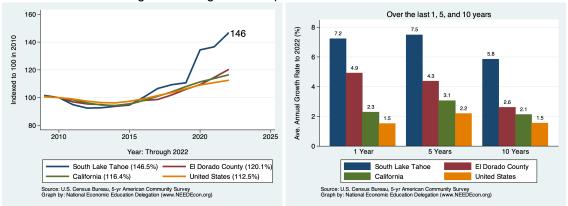
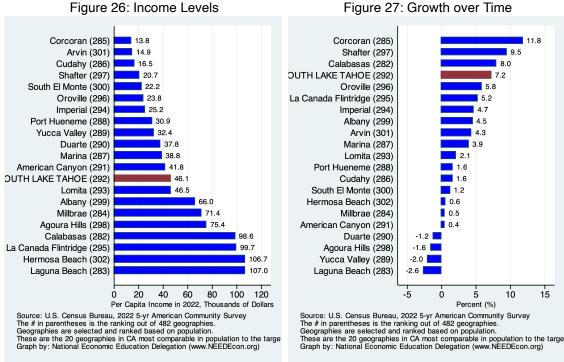


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities



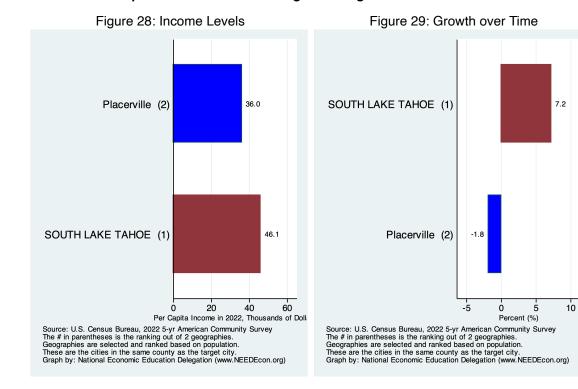
#### Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time

### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



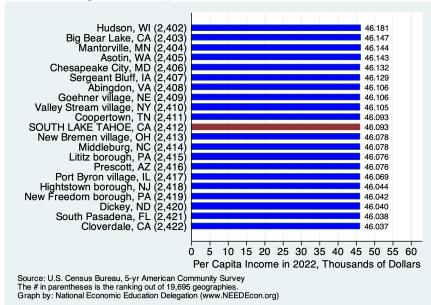
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### Figure 27: Growth over Time



### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in El Dorado County

#### Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide



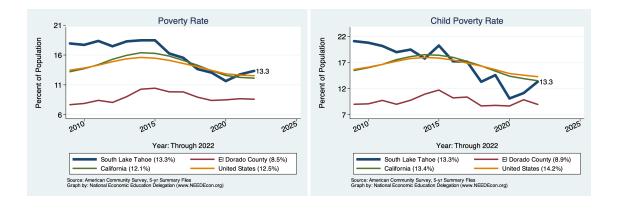
### Poverty and Inequality

### **Definition:**

The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

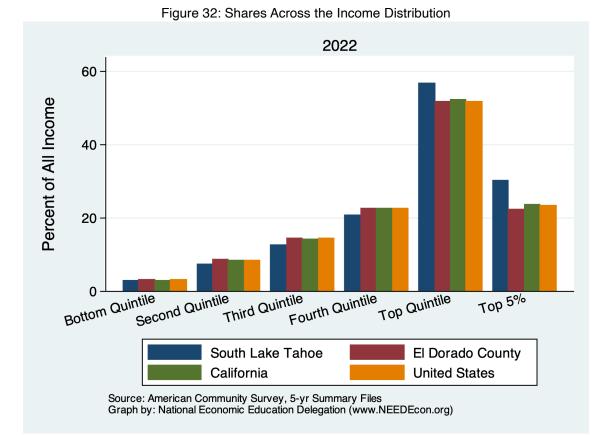
#### Why is it important?

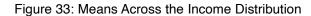
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

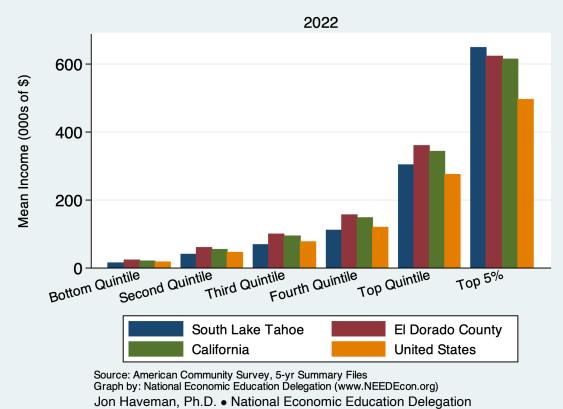




### Figure 31: Inequality







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## Housing

### Housing Costs and Affordability

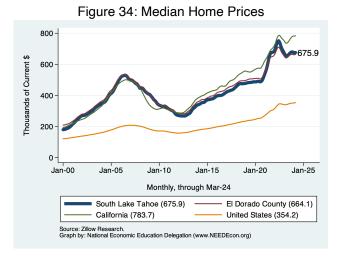
### **Definition:**

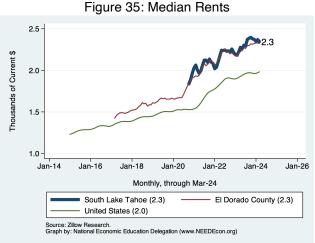
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

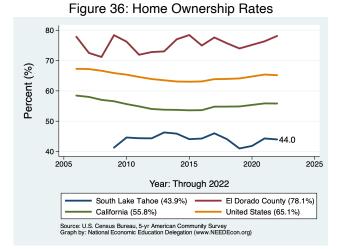
#### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

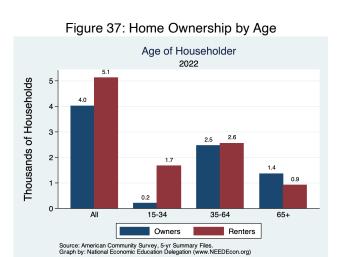
Cost of Housing in South Lake Tahoe and Broader Regions

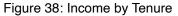


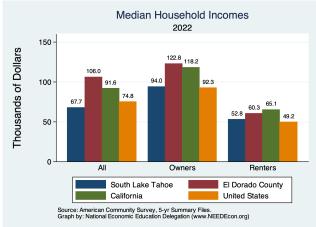


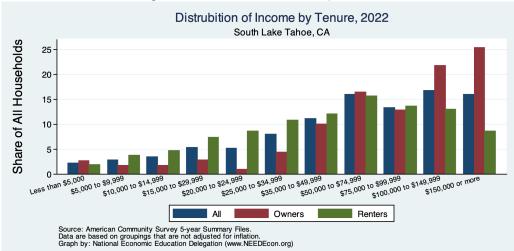


### Housing Ownership in South Lake Tahoe and Broader Regions



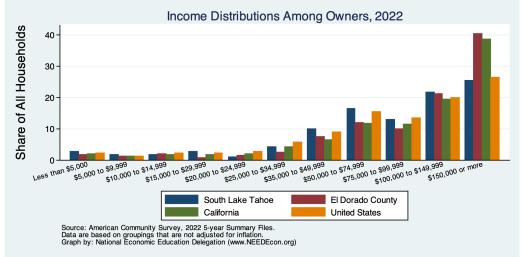




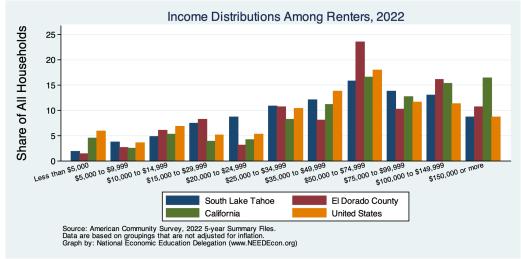


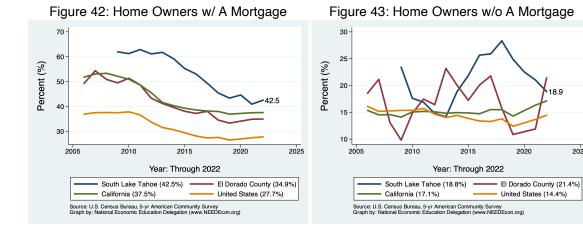
### Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure





### Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters

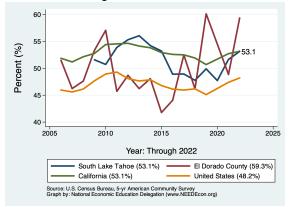




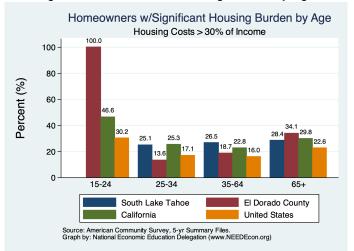
### Housing Burden in South Lake Tahoe and Broader Regions

Figure 44: Renters

2025







### **Housing Picture**

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

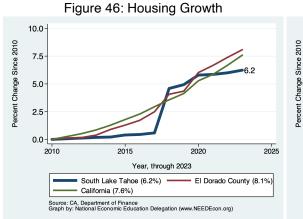
Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

#### Why is it important?

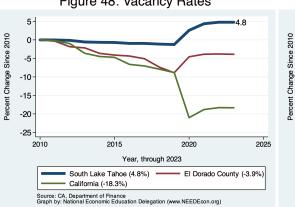
In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

		ange from			
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	20,548.0	22,304.0	21,403.0	-7.9	-4.0
Total # of Homes	16,028.0	15,831.0	15,087.0	1.2	6.2
# Occupied Units	9,162.0	9,439.0	8,918.0	-2.9	2.7
Persons per Household	2.2	2.3	2.4	-4.6	-6.2
Vacancy Rate (%)	42.8	40.4	40.9	6.1	4.8

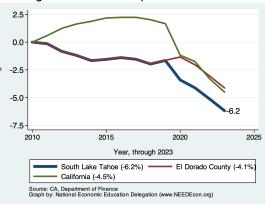
Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

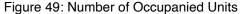


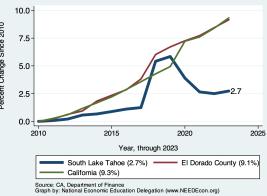




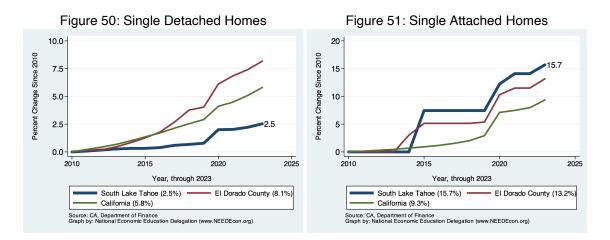


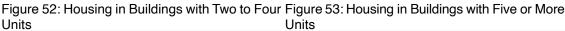


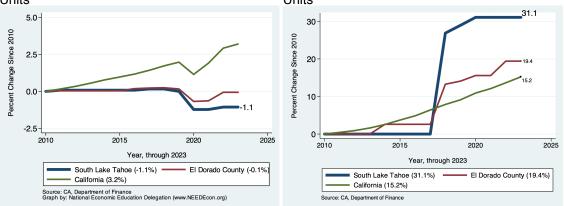












### Vintage of Residential Housing

### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in South Lake Tahoe was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across El Dorado County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

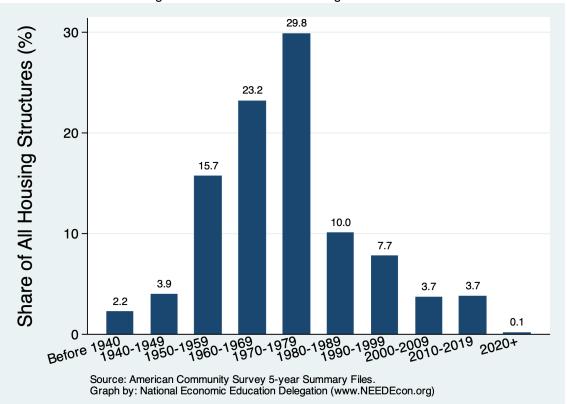
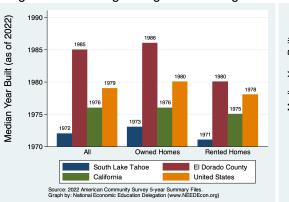
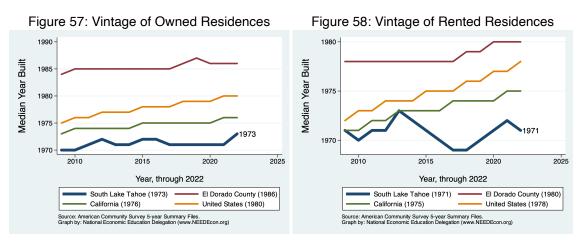


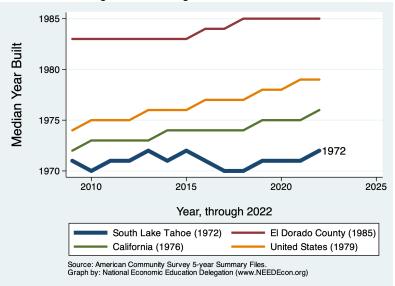
Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction







#### Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences





### **Occupation of Residential Housing**

### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

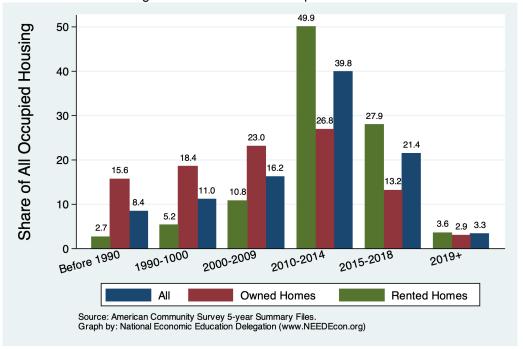


Figure 60: Year Current Occupant Moved In

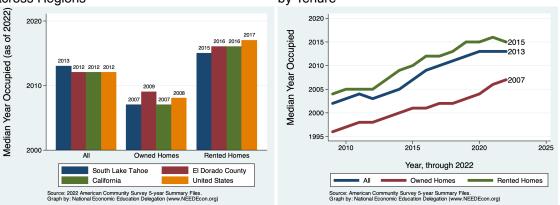


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

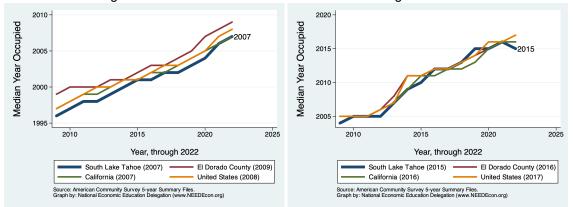
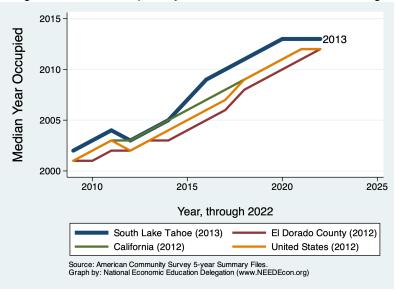


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing





### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for South Lake Tahoe is compared with data from El Dorado County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

### South Lake Tahoe - Ranking Among Comparables

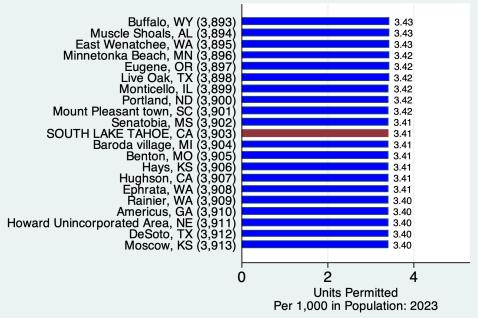


Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 14338 geographies.

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

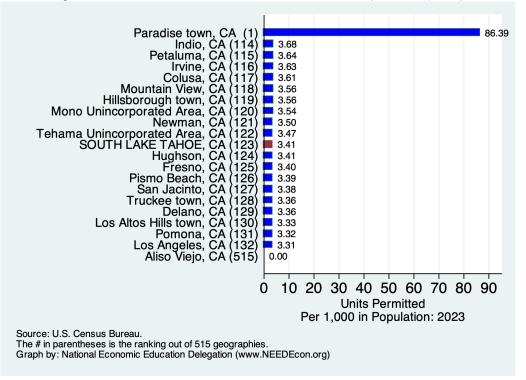


Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)

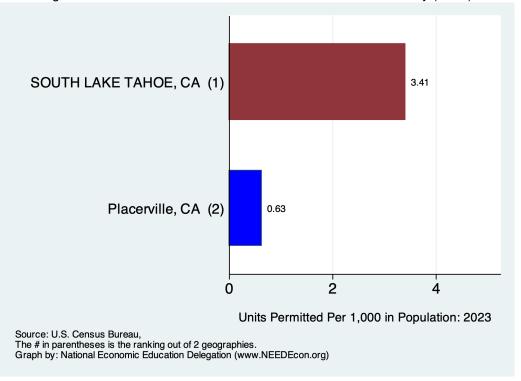
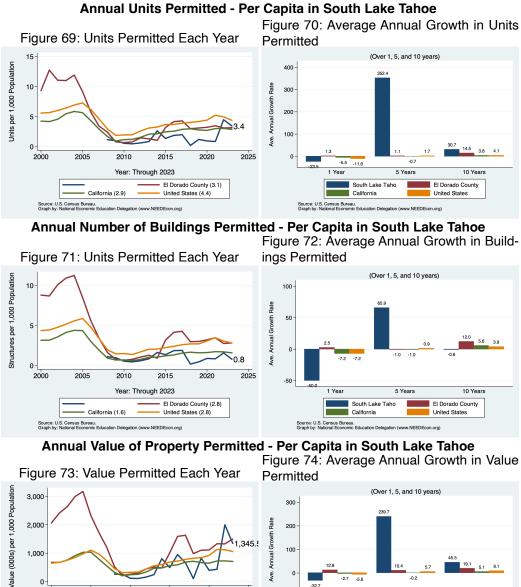


Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in El Dorado County (Rank)

### South Lake Tahoe - Permitting Activity

0



Annual Growth 0 Ave. 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 -100 Year: Through 2023 1 Year 5 Years El Dorado County (1496.7) South Lake Taho El Dorado County - California (708.2) - United States (1056.9) California United States Source: U.S. Census Bureau. Graph by: National Economic P

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. Graph by: National Economic F

10 Years

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### **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight housing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

### Mode of Transportation

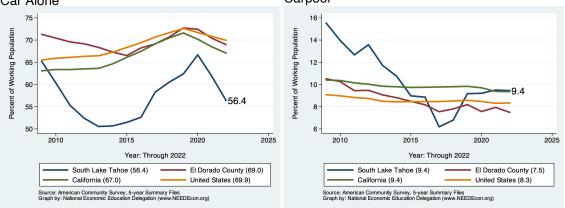
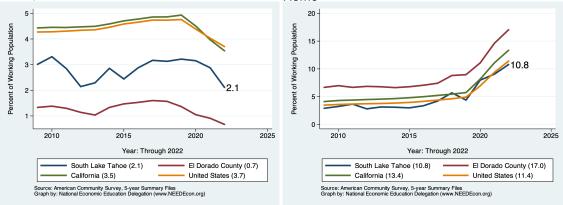


Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Carpool

Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From Transportation Home



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in South Lake Tahoe. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in South Lake Tahoe. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	4,526	64.6	3,890	65.8	8,416	65.8	78.0	
Drove Alone	3,884	55.4	3,325	56.2	7,209	56.4	68.4	
Carpooled:	642	9.2	565	9.6	1,207	9.4	9.5	
In 2-person carpool	503	7.2	465	7.9	968	7.6	6.9	
In 3-person carpool	79	1.1	10	0.2	89	0.7	1.5	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	60	0.9	90	1.5	150	1.2	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	125	1.8	145	2.5	270	2.1	3.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	125	1.8	145	2.5	270	2.1	2.3	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8	
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	305	4.4	132	2.2	437	3.4	0.7	
Walked	537	7.7	330	5.6	867	6.8	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	149	2.1	49	0.8	198	1.5	1.7	
Worked at Home	704	10.0	674	11.4	1,378	10.8	13.6	
Total:	6,346	90.6	5,220	88.3	11,566	90.5		

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK
TADIE 0. SEX OF WORKERS DI WODE OF TRANSFORTATION TO WORK

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Male		Ferr	nale	All W	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	4,884	76.0	4,523	78.3	9,407	77.6	78.0
Drove Alone	4,254	66.2	3,911	67.7	8,165	67.3	68.5
Carpooled:	630	9.8	612	10.6	1,242	10.2	9.5
In 2-person carpool	461	7.2	550	9.5	1,011	8.3	6.9
In 3-person carpool	56	0.9	8	0.1	64	0.5	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	113	1.8	54	0.9	167	1.4	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	125	1.9	132	2.3	257	2.1	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	125	1.9	132	2.3	257	2.1	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	202	3.1	60	1.0	262	2.2	0.7
Walked	334	5.2	217	3.8	551	4.5	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	175	2.7	96	1.7	271	2.2	1.7
Worked at Home	704	11.0	674	11.7	1,378	11.4	13.6
Total:	6,424	100.0	5,702	98.7	12, 126	100.0	

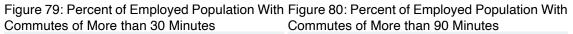
Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

### **Commute Times for Employed Residents**

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK										
	Ma	Male		nale	All Wo	All of CA				
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)			
Less than 5 minutes	336	5.0	371	6.5	707	5.7	2.0			
5 to 9 minutes	1,176	17.6	1,341	23.5	2,517	20.3	7.5			
10 to 14 minutes	1,647	24.6	1,210	21.2	2,857	23.0	12.2			
15 to 19 minutes	966	14.4	849	14.8	1,815	14.6	15.0			
20 to 24 minutes	652	9.7	301	5.3	953	7.7	14.3			
25 to 29 minutes	99	1.5	103	1.8	202	1.6	6.3			
30 to 34 minutes	245	3.7	189	3.3	434	3.5	15.0			
35 to 39 minutes	46	0.7	9	0.2	55	0.4	2.9			
40 to 44 minutes	149	2.2	0	0.0	149	1.2	4.3			
45 to 59 minutes	125	1.9	67	1.2	192	1.5	8.6			
60 to 89 minutes	141	2.1	92	1.6	233	1.9	7.9			
90 or more minutes	60	0.9	14	0.2	74	0.6	4.0			
Total:	5,642	84.3	4,546	79.5	10,188	82.1				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



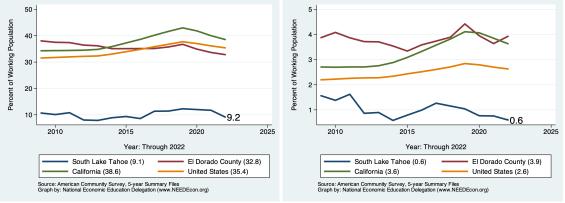
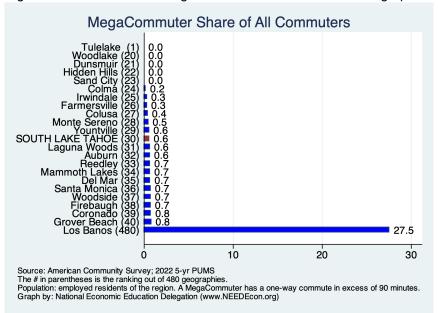


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies

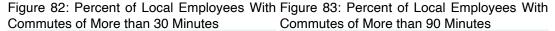


### Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WO WORKPLAC			EL TIME	TO WOF	RK FOR		
	Ма	le	Ferr	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	234	3.8	253	4.7	487	4.3	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	1,102	17.8	1,252	23.3	2,354	20.7	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	1,275	20.6	1,173	21.9	2,448	21.5	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	691	11.2	884	16.5	1,575	13.8	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	532	8.6	504	9.4	1,036	9.1	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	213	3.4	197	3.7	410	3.6	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	274	4.4	215	4.0	489	4.3	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	60	1.0	8	0.1	68	0.6	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	100	1.6	135	2.5	235	2.1	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	412	6.7	197	3.7	609	5.4	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	545	8.8	115	2.1	660	5.8	7.9
90 or more minutes	282	4.6	95	1.8	377	3.3	4.0
Total:	5,720	92.4	5,028	93.8	10,748	94.5	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.



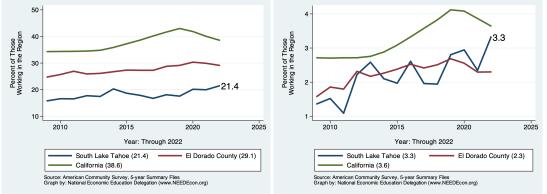
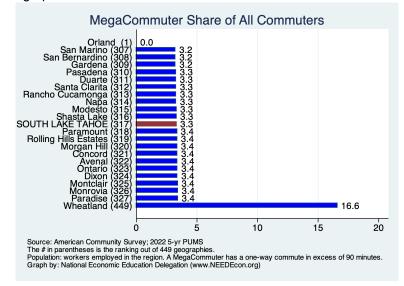


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in South Lake Tahoe work. As evidenced in the first table, some of South Lake Tahoe's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the South Lake Tahoe city boundary.

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Worked in state of residence:	5,125	73.2	4,404	74.5	9,529	74.5	99.6	
Worked in county of residence	4,501	64.2	4,087	69.1	8,588	67.2	84.1	
worked outside of county of residence	624	8.9	317	5.4	941	7.4	15.4	
Worked outside state of residence	1,221	17.4	816	13.8	2,037	15.9	0.4	
Total:	6,346	90.6	5,220	88.3	11,566	90.5		

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

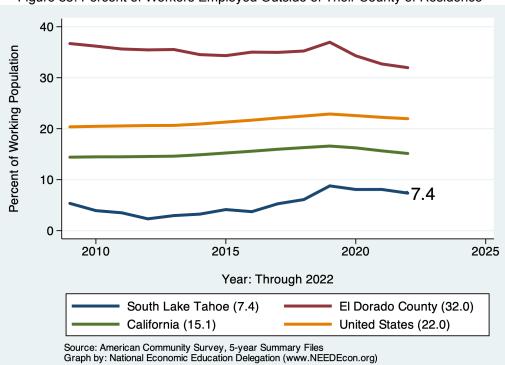
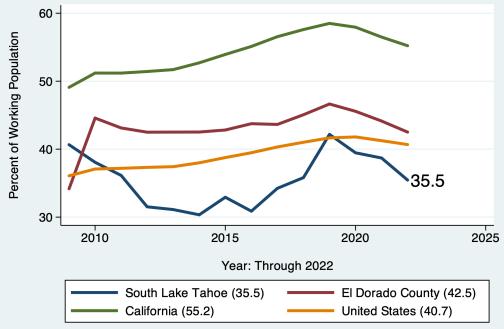


Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

# 6,346	(%) 90.6	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
6,346	90.6	F 990				
		0, 220	88.3	11,566	90.5	95.9
3,634	51.9	3,400	57.5	7,034	55.0	39.5
2,712	38.7	1,820	30.8	4,532	35.5	56.4
0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
6,346	90.6	5,220	88.3	11,566	90.5	
	0	0 0.0 6,346 90.6	0 0.0 0 6,346 90.6 5,220	0 0.0 0 0.0 6,346 90.6 5,220 88.3	0         0.0         0         0.0         0           6,346         90.6         5,220         88.3         11,566	0         0.0         0         0.0         0         0.0           6, 346         90.6         5, 220         88.3         11, 566         90.5

Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



### Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence

Source: American Community Survey, 5-year Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

### Commute Mode by Income

#### Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	40,522	48,566	102.7	46,171	102.1
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	30,426	36,463	102.7	34,487	102.7
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	30,694	40,179	94.0	45,100	79.2
Walked	23,371	29,366	97.9	27,142	100.2
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	20,845	40,433	63.4	36,140	67.1
Worked from home	65,341	75, 153	107.0	67,180	113.2
Total:	39,612	48,747	81.3	46,099	85.9

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected.

For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

2) For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

#### Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	)-\$74,999	\$75,0	)00+	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,920	28.8	2,743	67.5	1,369	58.8	7,209	56.4	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	447	6.7	393	9.7	152	6.5	1,207	9.4	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	116	1.7	67	1.6	19	0.8	270	2.1	3.6
Walked	528	7.9	244	6.0	14	0.6	867	6.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	373	5.6	124	3.1	138	5.9	635	5.0	2.4
Worked at Home	169	2.5	494	12.2	638	27.4	1,378	10.8	13.6
Total:	3,553	53.2	4,065		2,330		11,566	90.5	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25,000		\$25,000-\$74,999		\$75,0	)00+	Al	l	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,991	38.2	2,494	69.2	2,449	71.5	8,165	67.3	68.5	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	504	9.7	341	9.5	249	7.3	1,242	10.2	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	108	2.1	46	1.3	19	0.6	257	2.1	3.6	
Walked	395	7.6	105	2.9	0	0.0	551	4.5	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	301	5.8	123	3.4	70	2.0	533	4.4	2.4	
Worked at Home	169	3.2	494	13.7	638	18.6	1,378	11.4	13.6	
Total:	3,468	66.5	3,603		3,425		12, 126			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

### Commute Mode by Poverty Status

#### Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150% of Pov		All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	302	21.9	377	24.9	6,530	61.0	7,209	56.4	68.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	110	8.0	215	14.2	882	8.2	1,207	9.4	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	61	4.4	49	3.2	160	1.5	270	2.1	3.6	
Walked	108	7.8	128	8.4	631	5.9	867	6.8	2.1	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	92	6.7	97	6.4	446	4.2	635	5.0	2.4	
Worked at Home	41	3.0	45	3.0	1,292	12.1	1,378	10.8	13.6	
Total:	714	51.9	911	60.1	9,941	92.9	11,566	90.5		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In P	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	292	24.7	363	27.2	7,488	70.3	8,143	67.3	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	94	8.0	189	14.2	959	9.0	1,242	10.3	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	53	4.5	49	3.7	155	1.5	257	2.1	3.6
Walked	74	6.3	68	5.1	409	3.8	551	4.6	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	89	7.5	97	7.3	347	3.3	533	4.4	2.4
Worked at Home	41	3.5	45	3.4	1,292	12.1	1,378	11.4	13.6
Total:	643	54.5	811	60.8	10,650		12,104		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

## Migration

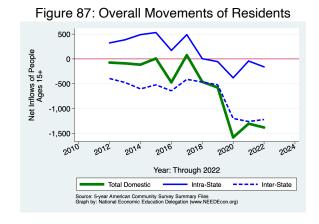
### **Overall Migration Flows**

### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

#### Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not South Lake Tahoe is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.



#### Table 17: Migration by Income

		N	et Inflows			
			Same	e State		_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	1,783	65	43	27	-5	0
With income	16,712	-1,356	-248	17	-1,217	92
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	1,887	-322	-66	-63	-227	34
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,285	-177	-41	-63	-73	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,141	-262	-45	-35	-192	10
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,060	-134	-58	-11	-98	33
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,847	-256	68	37	-376	15
\$50,000 to \$64,999	1,628	-23	-42	133	-114	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	625	80	-1	51	30	0
\$75,000 or more	3,239	-262	-63	-32	-167	0
All:	18,495	-1,291	-205	44	-1,222	92

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

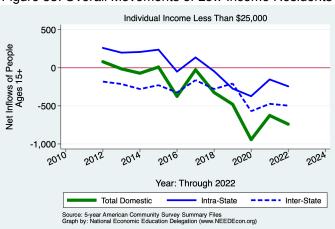
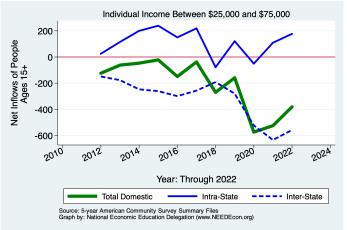
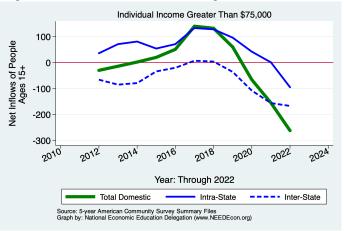


Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents









### **Demographics of Migration Flows**

#### Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

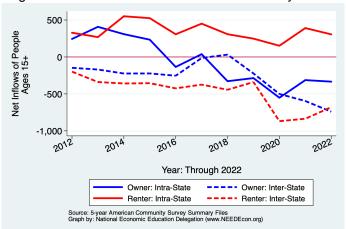
	Net Inflows								
			Sam	e State		_			
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad			
Never married	7,860	-815	-47	-124	-716	72			
Now married, except separated	7,491	-289	-6	161	-464	20			
Divorced	2,164	-170	-155	1	-16	0			
Separated	315	20	3	43	-26	0			
Widowed	665	-37	0	-37	0	0			
Total:	18,495	-1,291	-205	44	-1,222	92			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 19: Migration by Tenure

Net Inflows						
			Same	e State		_
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	$9,047 \\ 11,913$	$-1,060 \\ -284$	$-236 \\ 22$	$-98 \\ 284$	$-741 \\ -679$	15 89
Total:	20,960	-1,344	-214	186	-1,420	104

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



### Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

#### Table 20: Migration by Age

		Ne	et Inflows			
				e State		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	903	108	29	67	0	12
5 to 17 years	2,403	-290	-1	69	-358	0
18 and 19 years	561	-14	0	-21	7	0
20 to 24 years	1,443	-262	-26	-101	-199	64
25 to 29 years	1,763	-80	8	-110	14	8
30 to 34 years	2,024	-246	-71	37	-212	0
35 to 39 years	1,950	-166	10	36	-232	20
40 to 44 years	1,312	-35	4	48	-87	0
45 to 49 years	1,071	-213	2	32	-247	0
50 to 54 years	1,150	6	-18	62	-38	0
55 to 59 years	1,430	-36	-15	16	-37	0
60 to 64 years	1,818	-107	-98	23	-32	0
65 to 69 years	1,395	30	-10	7	33	0
70 to 74 years	988	-48	0	-9	-39	0
75 years and over	1,043	10	0	10	0	0
Total Population:	21,254	-1,343	-186	166	-1,427	104

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

### Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

		Net Inflows				
		Same State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	1,940	-233	-14	46	-265	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	3,519	-69	-135	86	-20	0
Some college or assoc. degree	5,653	-532	-9	-128	-403	8
Bachelor's degree	3,542	-120	-67	63	-136	20
Graduate or professional degree	1,290	69	37	85	-53	0
Total:	15,944	-885	-188	152	-877	28

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35,429	35,429
Moved Within Same County	26,583	24,407
Moved to Different County, Same State	44,250	28,304
Moved Between States	30,179	34,037
Moved from Abroad	30,278	
Total Population:	34,921	34,056

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	40.3	40.3
Moved Within Same County	29.1	30.8
Moved to Different County, Same State	36.2	30.5
Moved Between States	31.4	33.6
Moved from Abroad	23.7	
Total Population:	39.0	38.6

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

## **References and Sources**

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www. census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

Zillow Research Data https://www.zillow.com/research/data/

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