Santa Ana, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 21, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Santa Ana and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

National Economic Education Delegation 271 Arias St. San Rafael, CA 94903 415-336-5705 www.NEEDEcon.org Contact: Jon@NEEDEcon.org

Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Santa Ana (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Santa Ana. These indicators are compared to Orange County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Santa Ana demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- Employment Report: Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Santa Ana and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding
 area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to
 all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are
 also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends
 in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Santa Ana, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
 the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
 proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
 who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Santa Ana, but do
 not necessarily live in Santa Ana.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Santa Ana's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

POPULATION Population Estimate (#) 308,203.0 332,33 Veterans (#) 3,335.0 4,87 Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) 40.9 4 Population age 25+ (#) 198,337.0 211,67 AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%) 6.1 6.1 Persons under 18 years (%) 24.6 2 Persons 65 years and over (%) 10.7 7 Female persons (%) 49.4 4 INCOME AND POVERTY Wedian household income (\$) 79,351.0 70,08 Per capita income in past 12 months (\$) 26,991.0 22,56 Persons in poverty (%) 11.3 11.368.0 15,66 Children age less than 18 in poverty (%) 15.5 15.5
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Children age less than 18 in noverty (%)
RACE AND ETHNICITY
White alone (%)
African American alone (%, 5yr)
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr) 1.1
Asian alone (%)
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr) 0.2
Two or More Races (%) 21.7
Hispanic or Latino (%) 76.6
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%) 8.2 HOUSING
Housing units (#) 82,395.0 82,99
Owner-occupied housing units (%) 43.9
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$) 43.5 45.5 45.5 45.5 45.5 45.5 45.5 45.5
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$) 2,281.0 2,17
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mongage (\$) 2,201.0 2,170 Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$) 594.0 50
Median gross rent (\$) 1,885.0 1,63
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS
Households (#) 78,435.0 79,70
Persons per household (#) 3.9
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ 91.3
EDUCATION
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ 67.1
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ 17.8
HEALTH
With a disability, under age 65 years (#) 15,243.0 15,27
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%) 10.3
LABOR FORCE
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%) 66.7
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%) 60.7
Employed, persons age 16+ (%) 61.9
Self employed (%) 7.8
TRANSPORTATION
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins.) 22.7
Drive alone in private vehicle (%) 70.9
Using public transportation (%) 4.5
Worked from home (%) 7.6

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	2023		% Cha	ange
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
	(City		
Santa Ana	299,630	-1.52	-9.56	-11.66
	County and B	roader Re	egions	
Orange County	3, 137, 164	-0.47	-1.36	-2.37
Southern California	21,794,548	-0.41	-2.24	-2.84
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)

				% Change	
City	2022	2023	Local	Southern California	California
Orange County	3,151.9	3,137.2	-0.47	-0.41	-0.35
Anaheim	335.9	328.6	-2.19		
Irvine	305.7	303.1	-0.86		
Santa Ana	304.3	299.6	-1.52		
Huntington Beach	196.5	195.7	-0.38		
Garden Grove	171.2	171.2	-0.01		
Fullerton	143.0	142.9	-0.10		
Orange	138.2	139.1	0.66		
Costa Mesa	111.6	111.2	-0.42		
Mission Viejo	92.1	91.8	-0.30		
Westminster	90.7	90.5	-0.18		
Lake Forest	86.6	87.1	0.59		
Buena Park	83.4	83.5	0.19		
Newport Beach	83.7	83.4	-0.29		
Tustin	79.7	79.6	-0.17		
Yorba Linda	67.3	67.1	-0.32		
Laguna Niguel	65.0	64.7	-0.47		
San Clemente	63.4	63.2	-0.31		
La Habra	62.0	61.8	-0.33		
Fountain Valley	57.0	57.0	0.02		
Placentia	51.3	52.5	2.30		
Aliso Viejo	51.0	50.8	-0.49		
Cypress	49.9	49.8	-0.12		
Brea	46.9	48.2	2.63		
Rancho Santa Margarita	47.3	47.1	-0.49		
Stanton	39.0	39.1	0.25		
San Juan Capistrano	34.9	35.1	0.63		
Dana Point	33.0	33.2	0.44		
Laguna Hills	30.7	30.5	-0.46		
Seal Beach	24.9	24.6	-0.90		
Laguna Beach	22.5	22.4	-0.27		
Laguna Woods	17.5	17.4	-0.49		
La Palma	15.4	15.3	-0.45		
Los Alamitos	11.9	12.1	1.98		
Villa Park	5.8	5.8	-0.02		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 1: Population Growth (1)

5
0
0
-5
-5
-10
-15
-20
1990 2000 2010 2020 2030

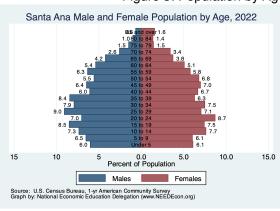
Year, through 2023

Santa Ana (-7.8%)
California (4.6%)

Source: CA, Department of Finance
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 2: Population Growth (2) (Over 1, 5 and 32 years, through 2023) Annual Growth Rate (%), to 2023 1.5-1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.5 -0.31 -0.29 -0.47 -1.0 -1.5 -2.0 1 Year 5 Years 32 Years Santa Ana Orange County California Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



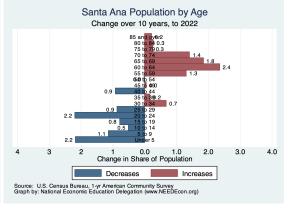
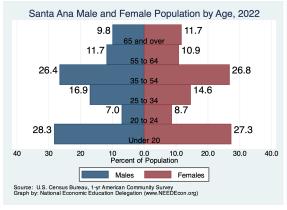


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



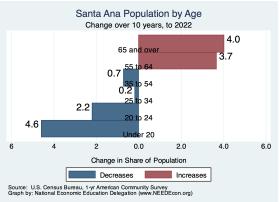


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment

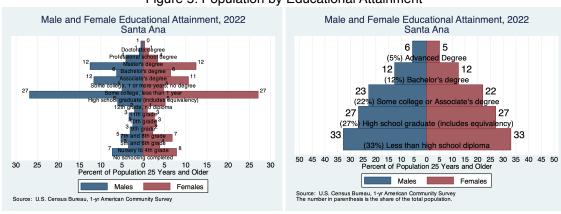


Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

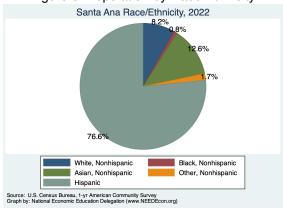
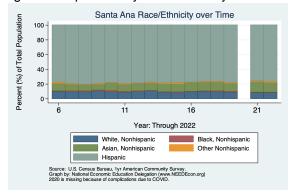


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

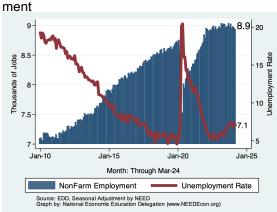
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Santa Ana Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:							
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year				
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103				
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96				
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97				
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9				

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



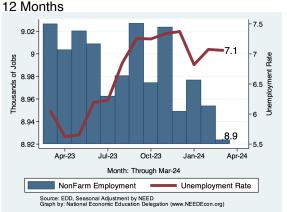
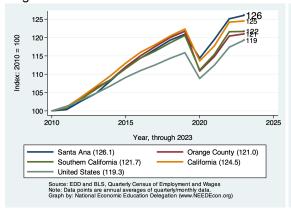
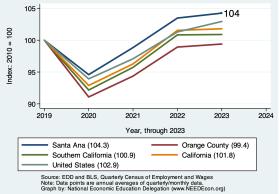


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Orange County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Orange County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	1,704,677	100.0	6,550.8	4.7	3.1	2.4	1.9	3.3	0.4
Total Private	1,541,986	90.5	6,278.0	5.0	3.2	2.5	1.8	3.4	0.5
Goods Producing	261,488	15.3	411.3	1.9	-1.9	-0.0	0.3	1.5	-0.4
Mining, Logging and Construction	106,369	6.2	1,018.8	12.2	-3.2	2.3	2.6	1.4	0.0
Mining and Logging	300	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-8.0
Construction	105,995	6.2	919.4	11.0	-3.6	2.1	2.6	1.4	0.0
Manufacturing	155, 148	9.1	-444.4	-3.4	-1.1	-1.9	-1.2	1.5	-0.7
Durable Goods	116,767	6.8	-95.6	-1.0	1.2	-1.6	-0.9	1.8	-0.4
Non-Durable Goods	38,408	2.3	-327.6	-9.7	-5.8	-2.8	-1.8	0.6	-1.6
Service Providing	1,443,479	84.7	6,591.2	5.6	4.4	2.5	2.1	3.7	0.6
Trade, Trans & Utilities	262,337	15.4	562.6	2.6	0.5	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.1
Wholesale Trade	80,836	4.7	167.7	2.5	-0.7	-1.0	-0.1	1.5	-0.1
Retail Trade	146,647	8.6	369.0	3.1	0.1	1.1	0.5	0.8	-0.6
Trans & Warehousing	31,588	1.9	171.6	6.8	5.2	-1.8	-1.9	4.8	3.9
Information	21,685	1.3	55.2	3.1	-2.3	-4.7	-5.7	-2.6	-3.5
Financial Activities	103,389	6.1	-89.2	-1.0	0.9	-0.7	-0.8	-4.0	-2.2
Finance & Insurance	61,918	3.6	42.0	0.8	-0.0	-2.3	-2.9	-7.2	-3.9
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	41,527	2.4	-109.4	-3.1	2.1	2.7	2.5	2.6	0.9
Professional & Business Srvcs	324,490	19.0	1,362.8	5.2	5.4	2.5	1.0	0.1	-0.1
Prof, Sci, & Tech	141,484	8.3	78.9	0.7	2.5	2.6	1.5	2.4	1.5
Admin & Support Srvcs	139,656	8.2	1,147.2	10.4	10.0	2.6	0.1	-2.3	-1.5
Employment Srvcs	63,712	3.7	840.6	17.3	14.1	2.2	-1.8	-7.3	-3.4
Educational & Health Srvcs	274,719	16.1	1,424.2	6.4	5.3	5.3	6.0	5.9	3.8
Education Srvcs	39,649	2.3	-189.7	-5.6	-1.1	1.9	3.9	11.9	5.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	234, 185	13.7	1,519.1	8.1	5.0	4.8	6.4	4.9	3.5
Leisure & Hospitality	234,608	13.8	2,031.9	11.0	4.3	3.1	3.1	18.2	0.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	59,924	3.5	1,760.9	43.0	21.0	14.5	10.3	65.4	2.2
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	174,745	10.3	281.9	2.0	-0.7	0.5	0.9	11.1	0.2
Other Srvcs	56,860	3.3	193.3	4.2	4.1	3.8	4.0	8.7	2.1
Government	163,068	9.6	280.7	2.1	2.3	1.6	2.7	2.3	0.0
Federal	10,850	0.6	53.4	6.1	7.3	2.8	1.9	-0.9	-0.4
State	33,620	2.0	33.4	1.2	2.3	0.6	2.0	0.1	0.7
Local	118,731	7.0	304.5	3.1	2.6	1.4	3.0	3.3	-0.1
County	18,417	1.1	66.4	4.4	-6.8	-3.0	-1.7	0.7	-0.8
City	16,631	1.0	-49.0	-3.5	6.9	4.5	5.7	6.1	0.6
Local Government Education	75,924	4.5	261.8	4.2	3.5	1.5	3.4	3.5	-0.2

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Santa Ana

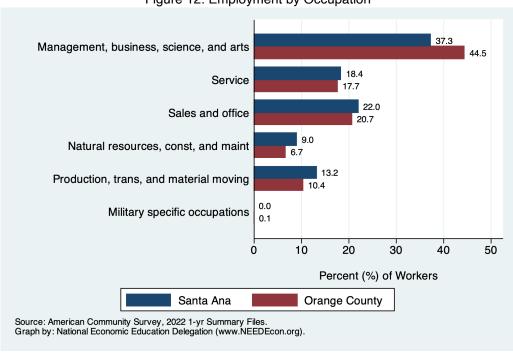
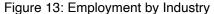


Figure 12: Employment by Occupation



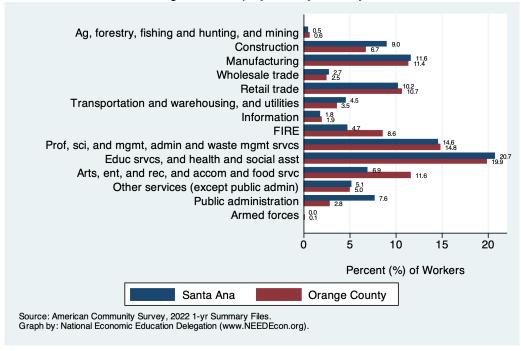
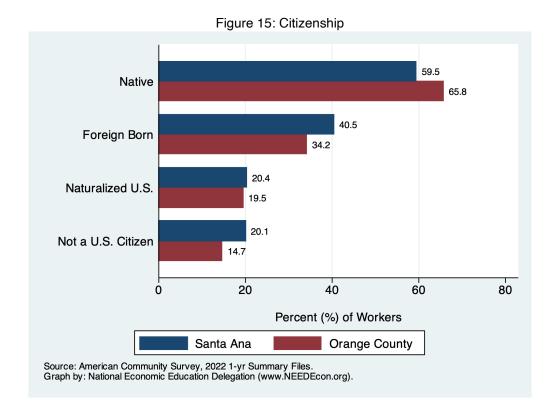


Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home 37.1 Speak only English 50.9 46.9 Speak Spanish (SS) 29.5 30.0 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 10.7 Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well 12.7 7.6 SOL - English less than very well 6.9 10 20 30 40 50 Percent (%) of Workers Santa Ana **Orange County** Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).



Employed Residents of Santa Ana

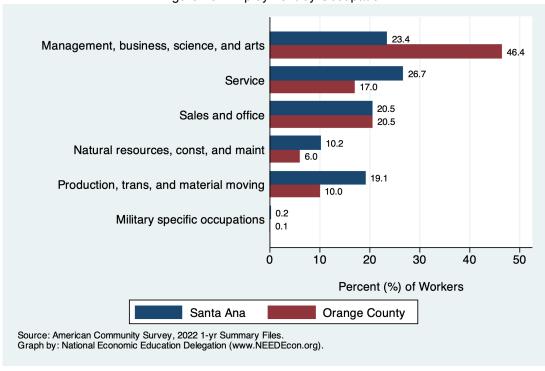
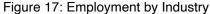
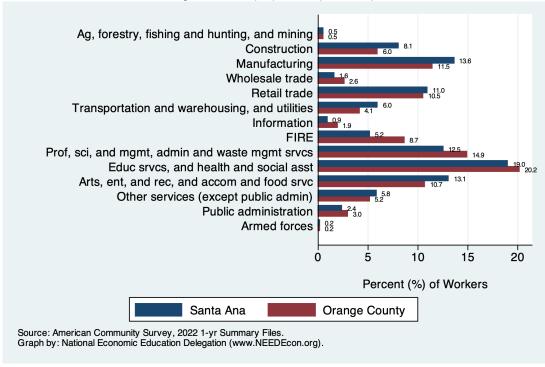


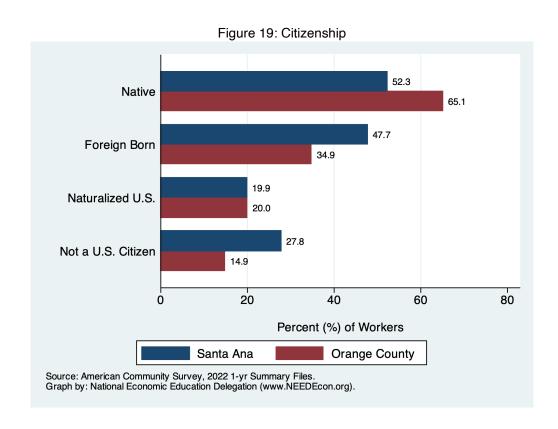
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation





Speak only English 51.6 67.3 Speak Spanish (SS) 26.6 41.4 SS - English very well 26.0 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 21.8 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 Percent (%) of Workers Santa Ana **Orange County** Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home



Employed Residents vs Workers in Santa Ana

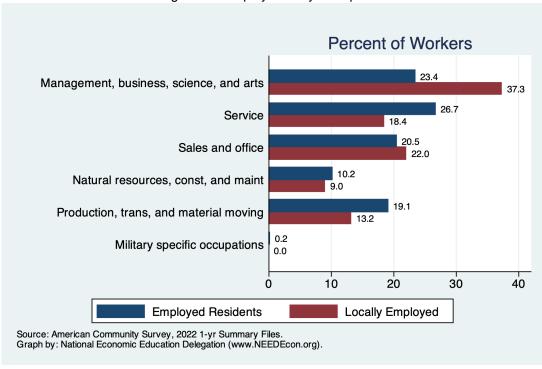
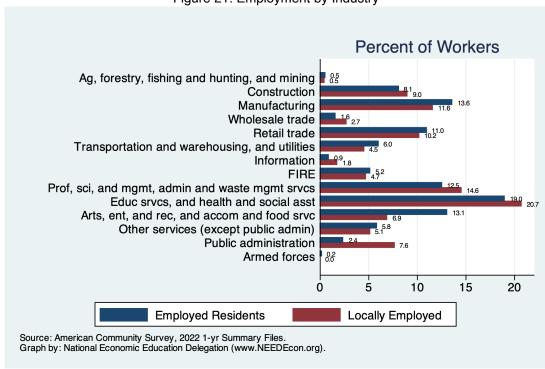


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

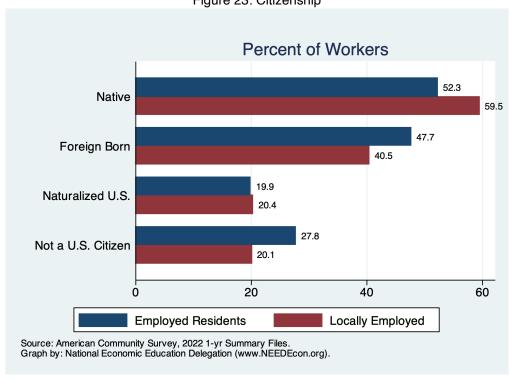




Percent of Workers Speak only English 37.1 67.3 Speak Spanish (SS) 46.9 41.4 SS - English very well 26.0 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 15.9 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Santa Ana. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

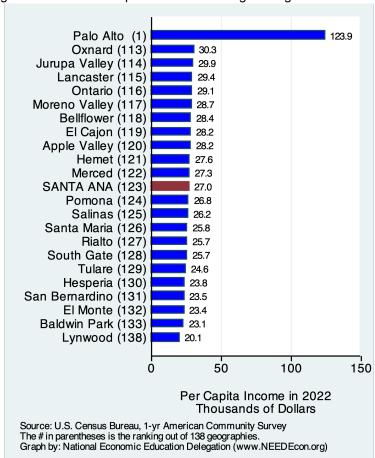
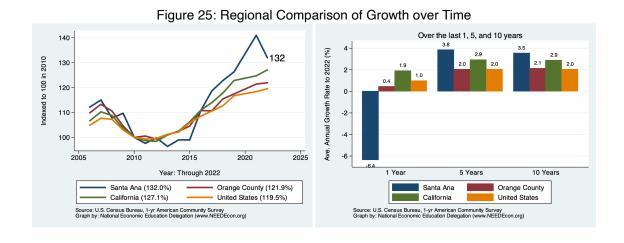
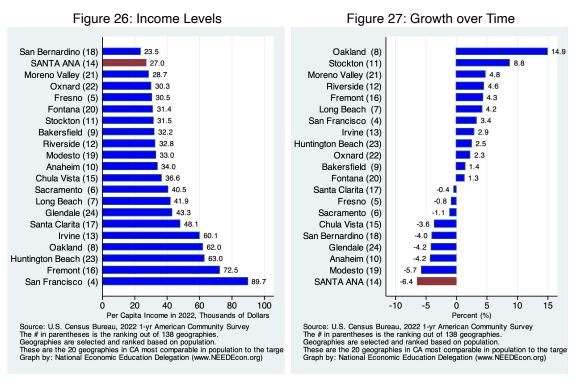


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

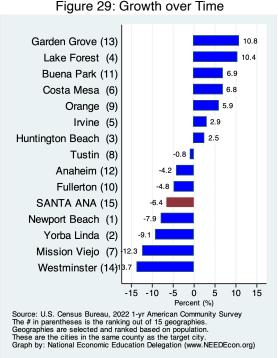


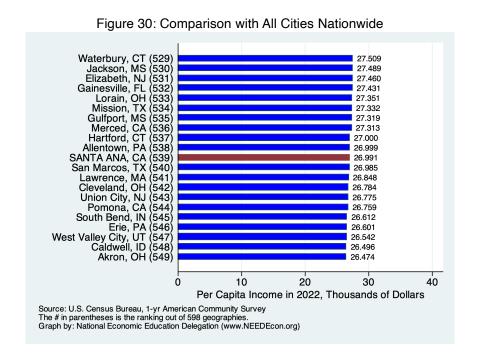
Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Orange County

Figure 28: Income Levels SANTA ANA (15) 27.0 Westminster (14) 31.7 Garden Grove (13) Anaheim (12) Buena Park (11) Fullerton (10) Orange (9) 48.0 Tustin (8) Mission Viejo (7) Costa Mesa (6) Irvine (5) Lake Forest (4) Huntington Beach (3) Yorba Linda (2) 64.9 Newport Beach (1) 20 40 60 80 100 120 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 1-yr American Community Survey
The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 15 geographies.
Geographies are selected and ranked based on population.
These are the cities in the same county as the target city.
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)





Poverty and Inequality

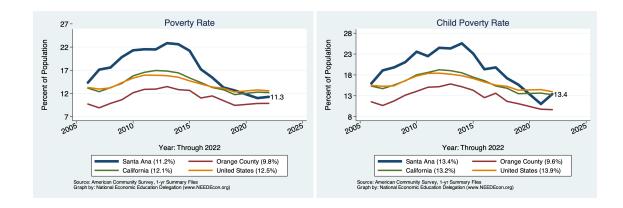
Definition:

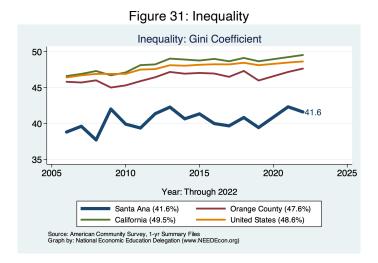
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

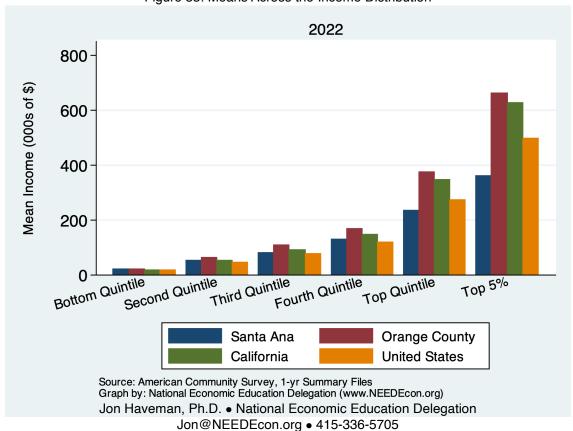




2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Second Quintile Third Quintile Fourth Quintile Bottom Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Santa Ana **Orange County** California **United States** Source: American Community Survey, 1-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution





Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

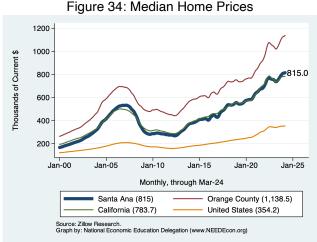
Definition:

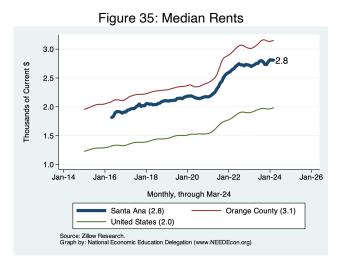
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Santa Ana and Broader Regions





Housing Ownership in Santa Ana and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

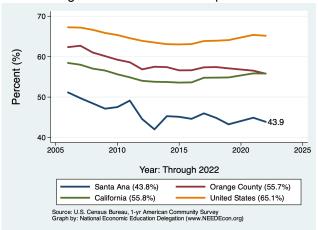


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

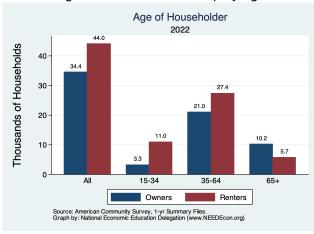


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

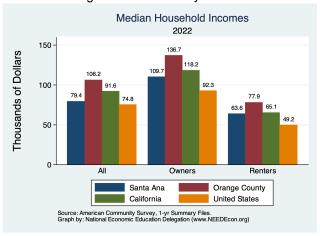


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

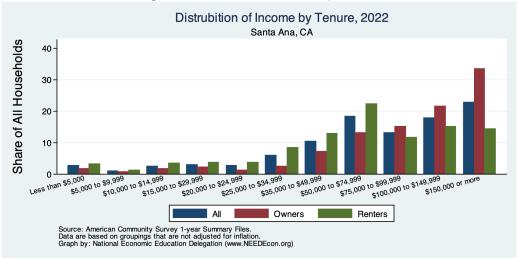


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

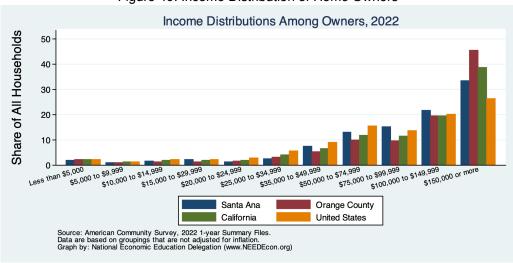
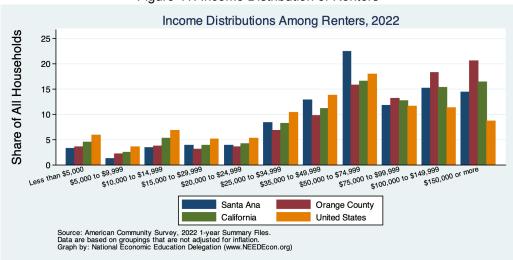


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Santa Ana and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

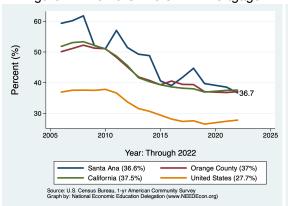


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

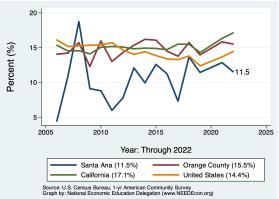


Figure 44: Renters

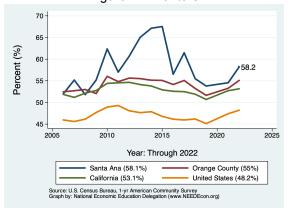
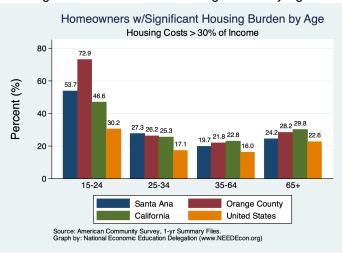


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% Cha	nge from
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	299,630.0	337,639.0	324,647.0	-11.3	-7.7
Total # of Homes	82,058.0	78,565.0	76,919.0	4.4	6.7
# Occupied Units	79,406.0	76,034.0	73,199.0	4.4	8.5
Persons per Household	3.7	4.4	4.4	-14.9	-14.9
Vacancy Rate (%)	3.2	3.2	4.8	0.3	-33.2

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

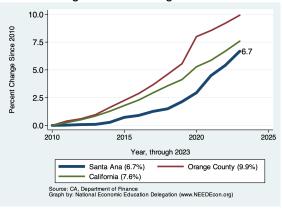


Figure 47: Persons per Household

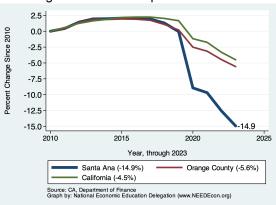


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

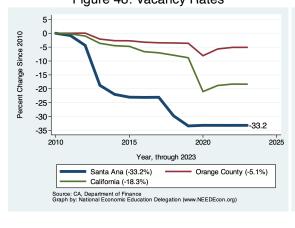
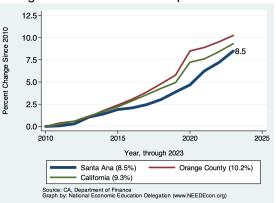


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

7.5

0.0

2.5

0.0

2010

2015

2020

2025

Year, through 2023

Santa Ana (1.9%)
California (5.8%)

Source: CA, Department of Finance
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

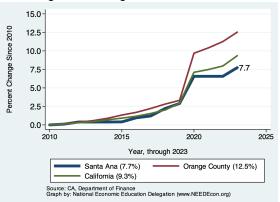
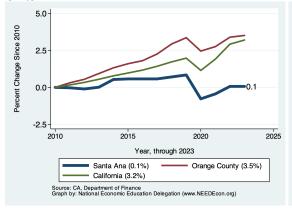
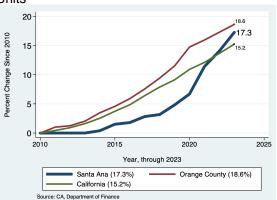


Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units





Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Santa Ana was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Orange County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

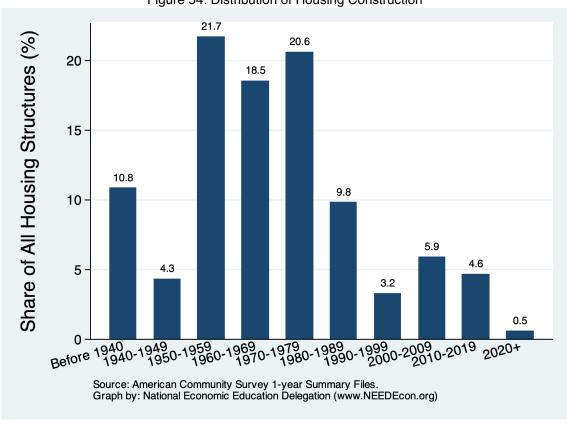


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

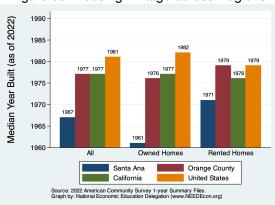


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

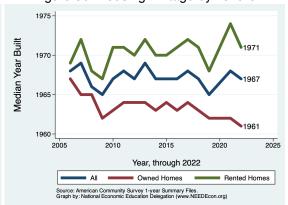


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

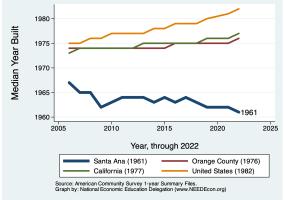
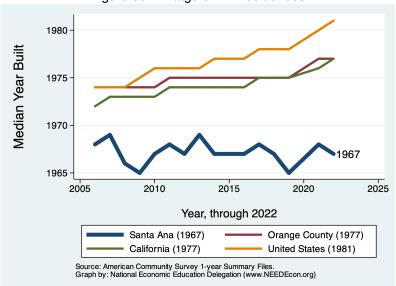


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences



Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

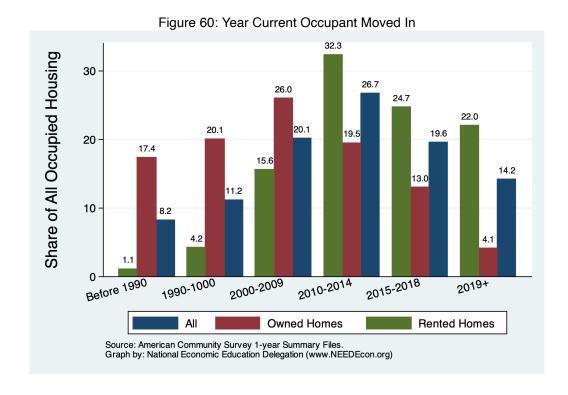


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

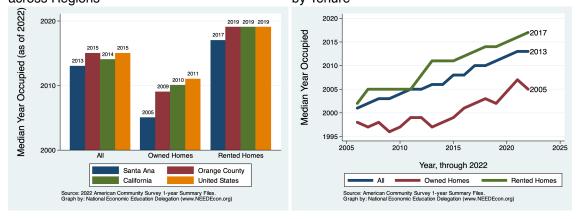


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

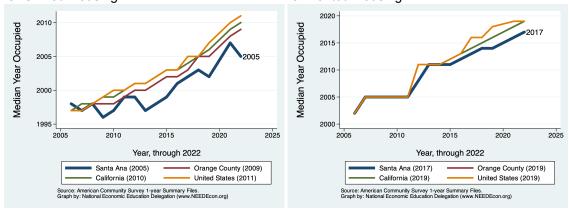


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2010 2005 2000 2010 2015 2020 2025 2005 Year, through 2022 Orange County (2015) Santa Ana (2013) United States (2015) California (2014) Source: American Community Survey 1-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Residential Permitting

Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Santa Ana is compared with data from Orange County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Santa Ana - Ranking Among Comparables

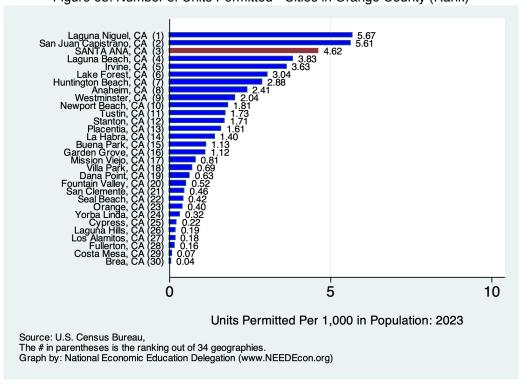
Washington, MO (3,038) Crosslake, MN (3,039) 4 63 4.63 Bryant, AR (3,040 4.63 Laredo, TX 3,041 4.63 Riverside, AL 4.63 Dix village, NE Orchard City town, CO ,043 4.63 .044 4 63 Carlton, MN 4.63 Spiro town, OK 4.62 Asheville, NC 4.62 SANTA ANA, 4.62 Salem, VA 049 4.62 Meadowlakes, TX Kerens, TX 050 4 62 Kerens, ,051 4.61 McCook Unincorporated Area, 4.61 Sherwood village, WI Gassville, AR 4.61 4.60 (3.054 Santa Clarita, CA Prince Edward Unincorporated Area, VA (3,055) 4.60 (3,056) 4.60 Rose Hill Acres, 4.60 Lincoln Part Unincorporated Area, WI (3,058) 4.60 2 0 Units Permitted Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 14338 geographies Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

Paradise town, CA Sacramento, CA (Monte Sereno, CA (86.39 4.91 Monte Sereno, 4.87 Santa Cruz, CA 4.82 Rancho Mirage, CA Victorville, CA 4.80 4.72 Fortuna, 4.71 Kerman, CA 4.69 Sand City, CA 4.68 Portola Valley town, 4.64 SANTA ANA, 4.62 Santa Clarita, 4.60 Vacaville, CA Woodland, 4.43 Lancaster, 4.42 Fairfield, CA (99)
Fairfield, CA (90)
Guadalupe, CA (91)
California City, CA (92)
King City, CA (93)
Lemon Grove, CA (94)
Seaside, CA (515) 4.34 4.30 4.17 4.08 4.07 0.00 70 10 20 30 50 60 80 90 0 40 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)





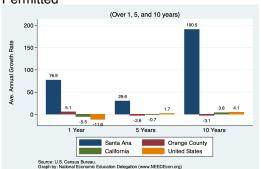
Santa Ana - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Santa Ana

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year



Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

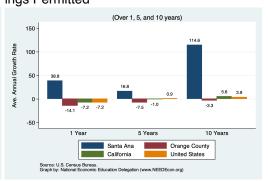


Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Santa Ana

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

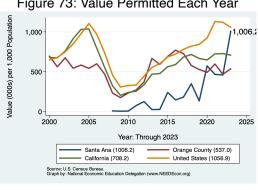
Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year





Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Santa Ana

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year



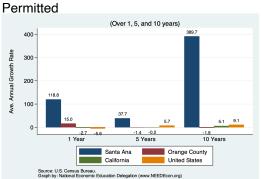


Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

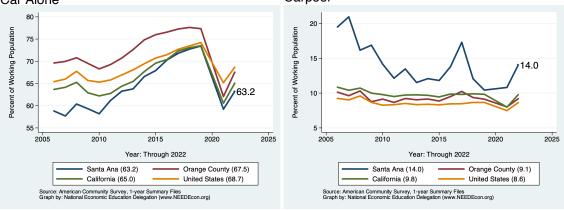
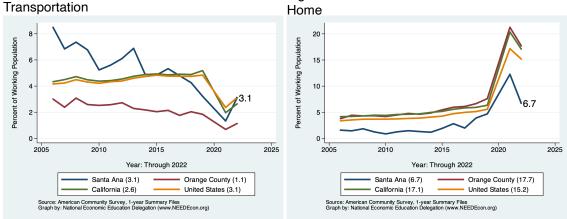


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Santa Ana. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Santa Ana. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Ma	le	Fem	nale	All Wor	kers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	74,772	76.4	55,371	77.5	130, 143	77.3	75.3
Drove Alone	63,106	64.5	43,387	60.7	106,493	63.2	65.5
Carpooled:	11,666	11.9	11,984	16.8	23,650	14.0	9.8
In 2-person carpool	5,246	5.4	8,259	11.6	13,505	8.0	7.0
In 3-person carpool	4,546	4.6	1,602	2.2	6,148	3.6	1.7
In 4-or-more-person carpool	1,874	1.9	2,123	3.0	3,997	2.4	1.2
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	1,564	1.6	3,664	5.1	5,228	3.1	2.7
Bus or Trolley Bus	1,447	1.5	3,275	4.6	4,722	2.8	1.8
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.5
Subway or Elevated	117	0.1	389	0.5	506	0.3	0.2
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	509	0.5	221	0.3	730	0.4	0.7
Walked	566	0.6	641	0.9	1,207	0.7	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	1,657	1.7	1,237	1.7	2,894	1.7	1.7
Worked at Home	4,659	4.8	6,688	9.4	11,347	6.7	17.2
Total:	83,727	85.6	67,822	94.9	151, 549	90.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	le	Fem	ale	All Wor	All Workers	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	72,948	77.5	57,684	73.8	130,632	78.7	75.3
Drove Alone	63,954	67.9	47,910	61.3	111,864	67.4	65.5
Carpooled:	8,994	9.6	9,774	12.5	18,768	11.3	9.8
In 2-person carpool	5,707	6.1	7,888	10.1	13,595	8.2	7.0
In 3-person carpool	1,891	2.0	963	1.2	2,854	1.7	1.7
In 4-or-more-person carpool	1,396	1.5	923	1.2	2,319	1.4	1.2
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	1,383	1.5	1,845	2.4	3,228	1.9	2.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	1,091	1.2	1,462	1.9	2,553	1.5	1.8
Streetcar or Trolley Car	39	0.0	44	0.1	83	0.0	0.5
Subway or Elevated	253	0.3	339	0.4	592	0.4	0.2
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	506	0.5	203	0.3	709	0.4	0.7
Walked	615	0.7	768	1.0	1,383	0.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	1,376	1.5	1,758	2.2	3,134	1.9	1.7
Worked at Home	4,659	4.9	6,688	8.6	11,347	6.8	17.2
Total:	81, 487	86.5	68,946	88.2	150, 433	90.6	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table	R	SEX	ΩF	WORKERS	RV	TRAVEL	TIME TO	WORK
Iable	ο.	JLA	UΓ	WORKERS	ы.	INAVEL	I IIVIL I C	WORK

	Ma	ale Female			All Wor	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	609	0.6	1,130	1.6	1,739	1.1	2.1
5 to 9 minutes	3,317	3.4	2,353	3.4	5,670	3.4	7.8
10 to 14 minutes	5,901	6.1	6,566	9.5	12,467	7.6	12.4
15 to 19 minutes	17,347	17.9	16,694	24.1	34,041	20.6	15.4
20 to 24 minutes	21,178	21.9	12,898	18.6	34,076	20.6	14.8
25 to 29 minutes	6,904	7.1	4,285	6.2	11,189	6.8	6.4
30 to 34 minutes	11,427	11.8	8,433	12.2	19,860	12.0	15.2
35 to 39 minutes	1,215	1.3	1,009	1.5	2,224	1.3	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	3,097	3.2	1,343	1.9	4,440	2.7	4.1
45 to 59 minutes	3,769	3.9	2,046	3.0	5,815	3.5	8.2
60 to 89 minutes	2,988	3.1	3,537	5.1	6,525	4.0	7.2
90 or more minutes	1,316	1.4	840	1.2	2,156	1.3	3.6
Total:	79,068	81.8	61,134	88.3	140, 202	84.9	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

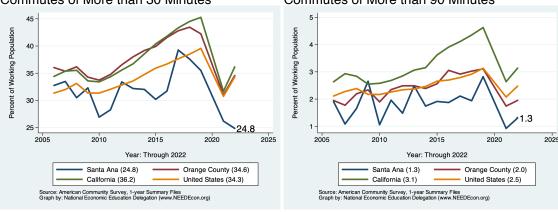
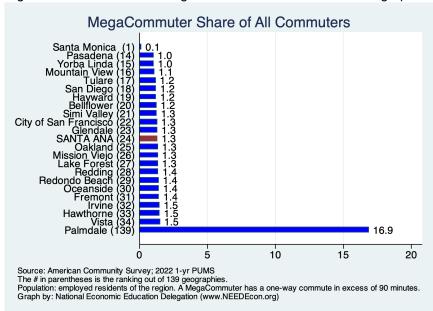


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WORK EAGE GEOGRAFITI											
	Ma	Male		ale	All Wor	kers	All of CA				
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)				
Less than 5 minutes	268	0.3	626	0.8	894	0.5	2.1				
5 to 9 minutes	3,494	3.8	3,515	4.6	7,009	4.3	7.8				
10 to 14 minutes	7,147	7.7	6,635	8.6	13,782	8.4	12.4				
15 to 19 minutes	14,184	15.2	13,098	17.0	27,282	16.7	15.3				
20 to 24 minutes	12,730	13.7	10,757	14.0	23,487	14.4	14.8				
25 to 29 minutes	5,073	5.5	4,699	6.1	9,772	6.0	6.4				
30 to 34 minutes	12,251	13.2	9,582	12.4	21,833	13.3	15.2				
35 to 39 minutes	2,199	2.4	1,940	2.5	4,139	2.5	2.9				
40 to 44 minutes	4,275	4.6	2,007	2.6	6,282	3.8	4.1				
45 to 59 minutes	7,204	7.7	4,500	5.8	11,704	7.2	8.2				
60 to 89 minutes	5, 188	5.6	3,449	4.5	8,637	5.3	7.2				
90 or more minutes	2,815	3.0	1,450	1.9	4,265	2.6	3.6				
Total:	76,828	82.6	62,258	80.9	139,086	85.0					

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

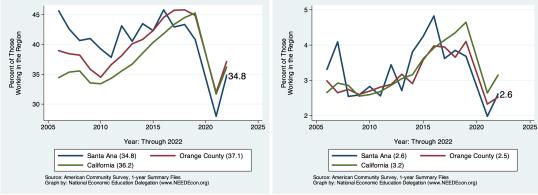
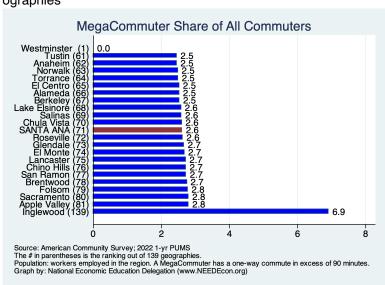


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Santa Ana work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Santa Ana's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Santa Ana city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	83,634	85.5	67, 496	94.5	151, 130	89.7	99.6
Worked in county of residence	77,675	79.4	62,885	88.0	140,560	83.4	85.3
worked outside of county of residence	5,959	6.1	4,611	6.5	10,570	6.3	14.3
Worked outside state of residence	93	0.1	326	0.5	419	0.2	0.4
Total:	83,727	85.6	67,822	94.9	151, 549	90.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

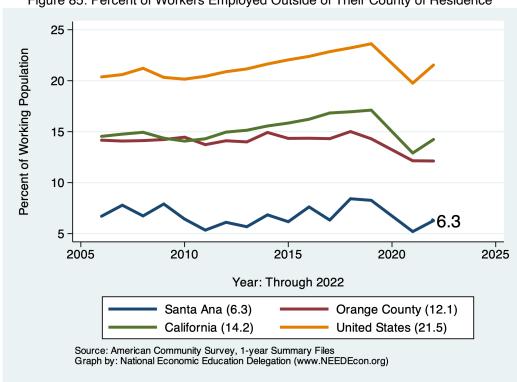
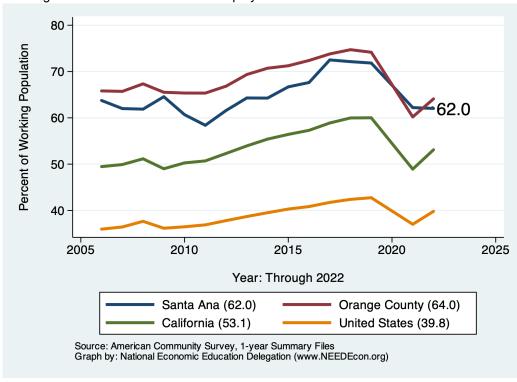


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	83,727	85.6	67,822	94.9	151, 549	90.0	95.8
Worked in place of residence	24,864	25.4	22,187	31.0	47,051	27.9	42.3
Worked outside place of residence	58,863	60.2	45,635	63.9	104,498	62.0	53.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.2
Total:	83,727	85.6	67,822	94.9	151, 549	90.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United State			
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio		
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	37,045	48, 335	106.0	45,677	104.4		
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	32,084	35,926	123.6	34,518	119.7		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	23,225	34,625	92.8	41,443	72.2		
Walked	20,475	30,552	92.7	27,247	96.8		
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	33,333	40,631	113.5	36,218	118.5		
Worked from home	51,250	79,738	88.9	69,180	95.4		
Total:	36,004	49,818	72.3	46,365	77.7		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	29, 492	33.5	38,740	69.8	17,753	73.1	108, 449	64.4	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	7,081	8.1	6,328	11.4	2,065	8.5	19,894	11.8	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	2,294	2.6	1,092	2.0	431	1.8	4,934	2.9	3.6
Walked	1,532	1.7	397	0.7	261	1.1	2,558	1.5	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	1,130	1.3	1,196	2.2	433	1.8	3,385	2.0	2.4
Worked at Home	3,278	3.7	3,822	6.9	3,351	13.8	12,098	7.2	13.6
Total:	44,807	50.9	51,575	93.0	24, 294		151, 318	89.8	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	23, 532	37.5	34, 701	63.8	32,809	79.6	103, 736	62.5	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	5,205	8.3	5,241	9.6	3,630	8.8	16,648	10.0	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	1,264	2.0	926	1.7	603	1.5	3,283	2.0	3.6
Walked	1,099	1.8	402	0.7	239	0.6	2,016	1.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	749	1.2	1,125	2.1	588	1.4	2,936	1.8	2.4
Worked at Home	3,278	5.2	3,822	7.0	3,351	8.1	12,098	7.3	13.6
Total:	35, 127	56.0	46, 217	85.0	41, 220		140,717	84.8	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150% c	of Pov	All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	4,037	19.7	6,743	27.8	95, 713	68.7	106, 493	63.2	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,419	6.9	1,662	6.8	20,569	14.8	23,650	14.0	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	291	1.4	348	1.4	4,589	3.3	5,228	3.1	2.6
Walked	46	0.2	42	0.2	1,119	0.8	1,207	0.7	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	409	2.0	565	2.3	2,650	1.9	3,624	2.2	2.4
Worked at Home	523	2.5	481	2.0	10,343	7.4	11,347	6.7	17.2
Total:	6,725	32.8	9,841	40.5	134, 983	96.9	151, 549	90.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150% c	f Pov	All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	5, 553	42.1	6,874	46.5	99, 387	69.2	111,814	67.3	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,097	8.3	1,712	11.6	15,959	11.1	18,768	11.3	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	174	1.3	81	0.5	2,973	2.1	3,228	1.9	2.6
Walked	83	0.6	42	0.3	1,168	0.8	1,293	0.8	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	481	3.6	447	3.0	2,915	2.0	3,843	2.3	2.4
Worked at Home	523	4.0	481	3.3	10,343	7.2	11,347	6.8	17.2
Total:	7,911	59.9	9,637	65.2	132,745	92.5	150, 293	90.5	100.0

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Santa Ana is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very im-

portant for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

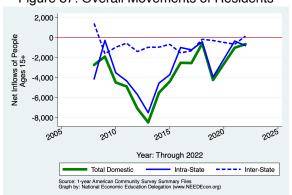


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		N	et Inflows			
				e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	50,559	475	-25	212	-58	346
With income	196,498	-460	-219	-773	207	325
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	23,917	-420	296	-475	-331	90
\$10,000 to \$14,999	17, 152	-213	-564	274	24	53
\$15,000 to \$24,999	27,351	740	100	559	37	44
\$25,000 to \$34,999	39,197	680	68	200	412	0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	33,794	-745	-347	-345	-53	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	19,971	-214	312	-404	-122	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	8,559	-759	-243	-538	22	0
\$75,000 or more	26,557	471	159	-44	218	138
All:	247,057	15	-244	-561	149	671

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

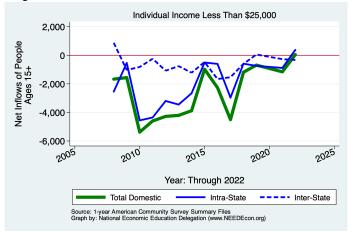


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

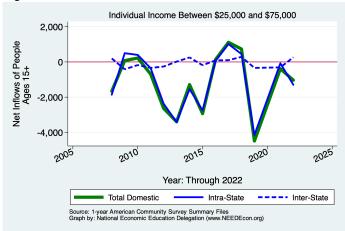
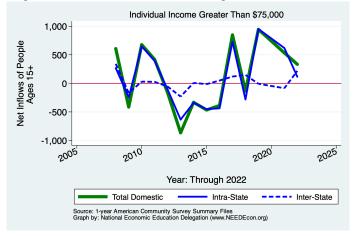


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

		N	et Inflows				
			Same State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad	
Never married	109,698	394	-80	155	275	44	
Now married, except separated	104,020	-708	-272	-761	-21	346	
Divorced	18,533	329	304	-33	-16	74	
Separated	5,197	-416	-207	-299	0	90	
Widowed	9,609	416	11	377	-89	117	
Total:	247,057	15	-244	-561	149	671	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		1	Net Inflows			
			=			
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	137,494	-1,392	-1,006	-891	221	284
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	163,778	915	-965	1,543	-115	452
Total:	301,272	-477	-1,971	652	106	736

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Year: Through 2022

Year: Through 2022

Owner: Intra-State Renter: Intra-State Renter:

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

		N	let Inflows			
				State		_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	15,360	-419	-387	62	-124	30
5 to 17 years	56,687	-609	-800	187	-170	174
18 and 19 years	11,045	-364	-1	-283	-129	49
20 to 24 years	25,355	174	-203	189	50	138
25 to 29 years	27,362	-63	-138	255	-282	102
30 to 34 years	23,800	-431	-525	68	-20	46
35 to 39 years	22,717	-17	-326	315	-96	90
40 to 44 years	21,554	20	-142	127	-51	86
45 to 49 years	19,463	-79	-151	2	53	17
50 to 54 years	19,743	-419	-379	-52	-61	73
55 to 59 years	17,920	-46	15	5	-106	40
60 to 64 years	14,304	-111	-101	51	-68	7
65 to 69 years	11,645	-63	-54	18	-34	7
70 to 74 years	8,463	68	35	-1	10	24
75 years and over	12,934	337	92	241	-22	26
Total Population:	308, 352	-2,022	-3,065	1,184	-1,050	909

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

			Samo	e State		-
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad
Less than high school graduate	65, 216	-761	-988	-190	121	296
High school graduate (includes equiv)	53,371	-149	-177	108	-110	30
Some college or assoc. degree	44,440	-429	338	-853	57	29
Bachelor's degree	24,696	861	129	450	141	141
Graduate or professional degree	10,614	110	235	-279	23	131
Total:	198, 337	-368	-463	-764	232	627

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	31,967	31,967
Moved Within Same County	36,555	38,079
Moved to Different County, Same State	24,378	51,126
Moved Between States	29,904	40,597
Moved from Abroad	18,608	
Total Population:	32,053	32, 165

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35.2	35.2
Moved Within Same County	27.5	25.9
Moved to Different County, Same State	31.0	32.3
Moved Between States	32.2	28.4
Moved from Abroad	50.2	
Total Population:	34.4	34.3

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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