Rancho Cordova, California

Indicators Report

by The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Rancho Cordova and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Rancho Cordova (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Rancho Cordova. These indicators are compared to Sacramento County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Rancho Cordova demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Rancho Cordova and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Rancho Cordova, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Rancho Cordova , but do not necessarily live in Rancho Cordova.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Rancho Cordova's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	79,128.0	73,147.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	4,526.0	4,744.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	24.5	23.9
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	52,692.0	49,123.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	7.2	7.6
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	25.2	24.7
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	12.1	11.7
Female persons (%, 5yr)	51.1	50.3
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	85,099.0	65,307.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	36,124.0	29,911.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	11.6	13.3
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	3,108.0	3,120.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	15.7	17.6
White alone (%, 5yr)	52.2	59.0
African American alone (%, 5yr)	10.9	9.
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	1.4	0.0
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	15.1	13.
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.7	0.0
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	11.2	8.0
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	21.4	21.4 47.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	46.1	47.3
HOUSING	28,381.0	26,504.0
Housing units (#, 5yr) Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	20,301.0	20,504.0
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	415,900.0	299,800.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,193.0	1,828.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mongage (\$, 5yr)		523.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,599.0	1,212.0
	1,000.0	1,212.
Households (#, 5yr)	27,339.0	25,508.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.9	2.0
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	86.3	83.
EDUCATION	00.0	50.
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	89.1	88.9
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	29.4	26.9
HEALTH		_0.
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	7,842.0	6,488.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	4.5	6.3
LABOR FORCE		
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	65.7	67.5
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	61.2	61.5
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	59.6	60.6
Self employed (%, 5yr)	7.6	7.0
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	23.1	25.5
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	66.9	78.5
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	2.8	3.7
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	14.7	4.6

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

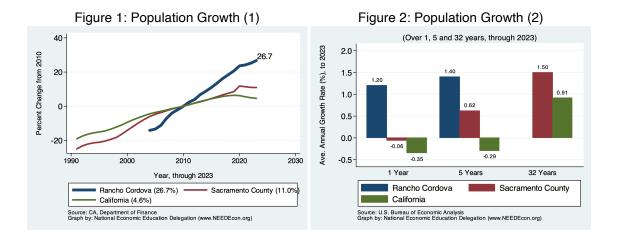
	2023		% Char	nge					
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year					
City									
Rancho Cordova	81, 117	1.20	3.55	10.95					
	County and B	roader Re	gions						
acramento County	1,572,453	-0.06	1.24	2.76					
North Central Valley	3,831,488	-0.02	0.99	2.03					
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01					

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City(Thousands, January to January)

City	2022	2023	Local	% Change North Central Valley	California
Sacramento County	1,573.4	1,572.5	-0.06	-0.02	-0.35
Sacramento	517.0	518.2	0.23		0.00
Elk Grove	176.6	177.0	0.22		
Citrus Heights	86.2	85.8	-0.37		
Folsom	84.4	85.5	1.26		
Rancho Cordova	80.2	81.1	1.20		
Galt	25.2	25.6	1.48		
Isleton	0.8	0.8	-0.91		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation



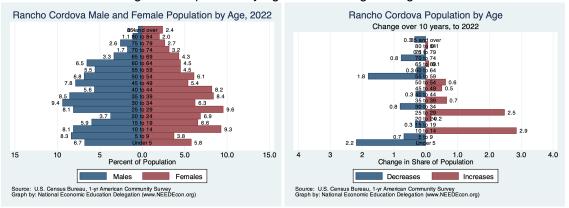
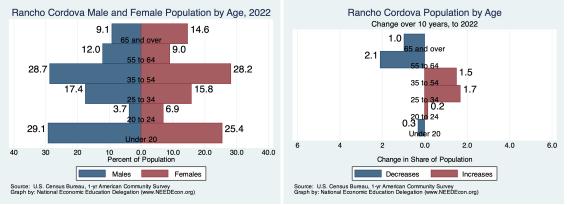
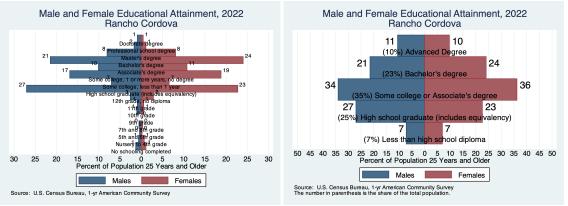


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories









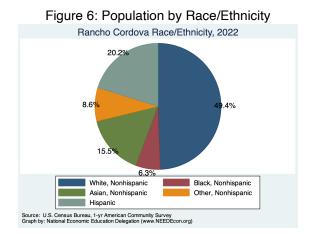
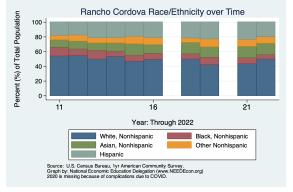


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in employment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

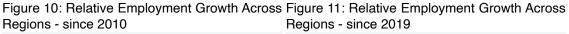
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

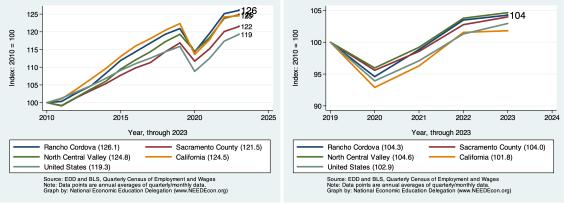
Table 3. Rancho Cordova Summary for March, 2024									
	Change From:								
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year					
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103					
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96					
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97					
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9					

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last ment 12 Months







County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Sacramento County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

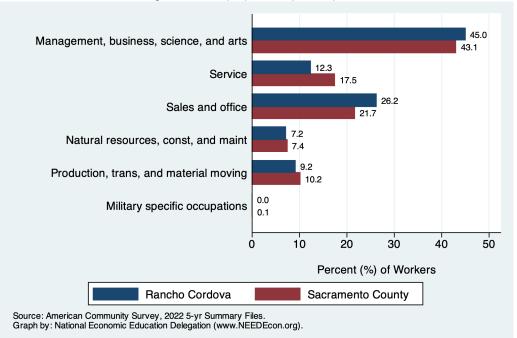
			Empl		% G	irowth - Ai	nnualize	d Rate	
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	738,719	100.0	2,297.8	3.8	3.6	3.8	3.1	3.9	1.9
Goods Producing	68,330	9.2	27.7	0.5	-0.0	3.4	4.6	0.7	1.8
Mining and Logging	102	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	3.9	-12.8
Construction	45,433	6.2	150.2	4.1	0.7	4.9	6.8	0.7	2.2
Manufacturing	22,930	3.1	-94.9	-4.8	-2.4	0.4	-0.2	1.1	1.4
Durable Goods	15, 197	2.1	-51.5	-4.0	-2.1	-1.2	-1.9	1.9	1.8
Non-Durable Goods	7,616	1.0	-48.0	-7.3	-3.2	3.4	2.8	-0.7	0.6
Service Providing	669,452	90.6	1,939.2	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.9	4.2	1.9
Trade, Trans & Utilities	104,925	14.2	291.3	3.4	-1.3	-0.7	-0.4	1.5	1.2
Wholesale Trade	17,925	2.4	59.8	4.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.4	3.3	0.5
Retail Trade	63,089	8.5	93.2	1.8	-1.9	1.4	0.8	0.2	-0.1
Information	6,442	0.9	-24.6	-4.5	-6.4	-10.1	-9.0	-1.6	-4.0
Financial Activities	32,168	4.4	-51.3	-1.9	-0.6	1.5	-0.2	-0.6	-0.6
Finance & Insurance	21,282	2.9	11.3	0.6	-2.7	-1.2	-1.6	-3.0	-2.0
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	10,565	1.4	-66.8	-7.3	-3.0	4.8	2.1	4.5	2.4
Professional & Business Srvcs	107,435	14.5	594.4	6.9	8.1	6.4	1.0	2.6	1.8
Prof, Sci, & Tech	53,206	7.2	239.6	5.6	4.7	5.5	1.5	6.2	5.5
Educational & Health Srvcs	142,852	19.3	1,035.0	9.1	10.5	10.5	9.7	7.0	4.6
Leisure & Hospitality	66,643	9.0	-39.9	-0.7	-1.3	-0.1	0.2	11.2	-0.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	9,276	1.3	117.3	16.5	2.4	1.6	1.6	26.7	0.5
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	57,631	7.8	-151.7	-3.1	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	9.5	-0.2
Other Srvcs	26,415	3.6	-36.0	-1.6	0.9	1.2	2.6	8.3	2.1
Government	183, 599	24.9	418.8	2.8	4.2	3.7	3.5	3.6	1.9
Federal	10,766	1.5	73.2	8.5	2.8	0.0	2.8	-0.3	0.6
State	105,758	14.3	425.6	5.0	5.1	6.6	3.4	3.3	3.0
Local	67, 199	9.1	138.5	2.5	4.2	3.6	3.6	4.7	0.7

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Sacramento County for March, 2024

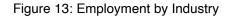
Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

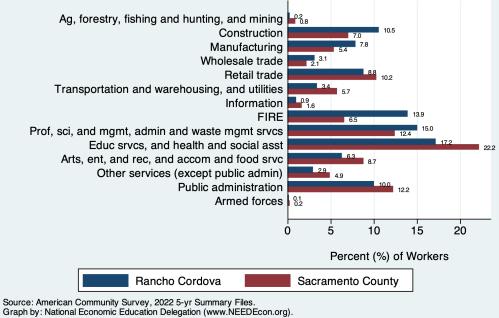
Some Employee Detail

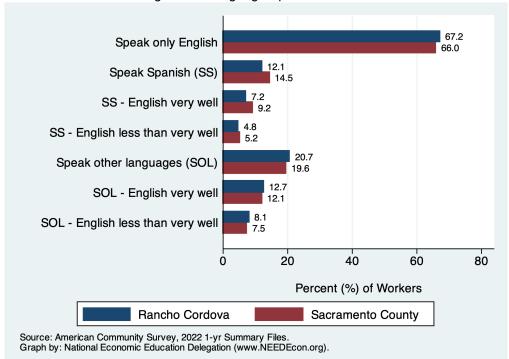
Employed in Rancho Cordova

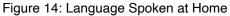












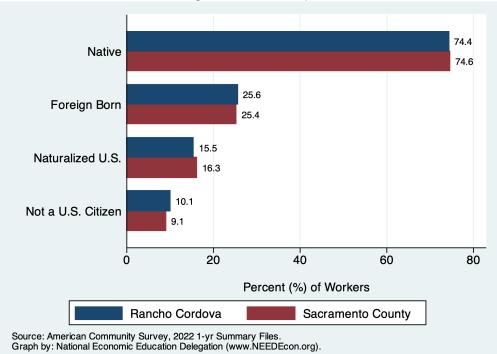


Figure 15: Citizenship

Employed Residents of Rancho Cordova

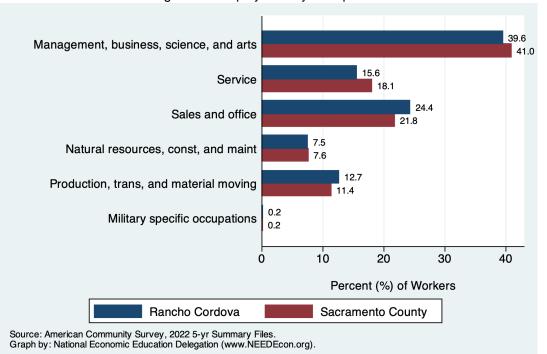
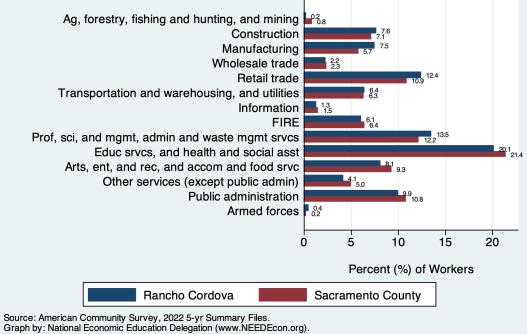


Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

Figure 17: Employment by Industry



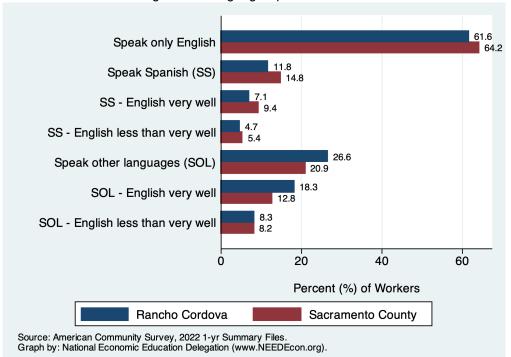


Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home

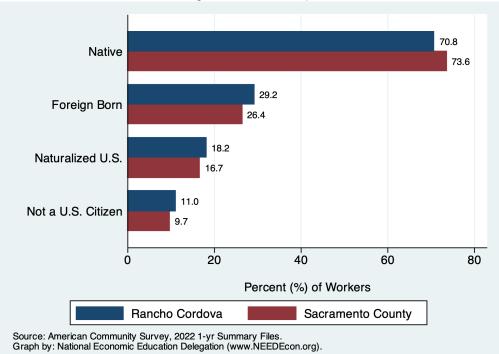


Figure 19: Citizenship

Employed Residents vs Workers in Rancho Cordova

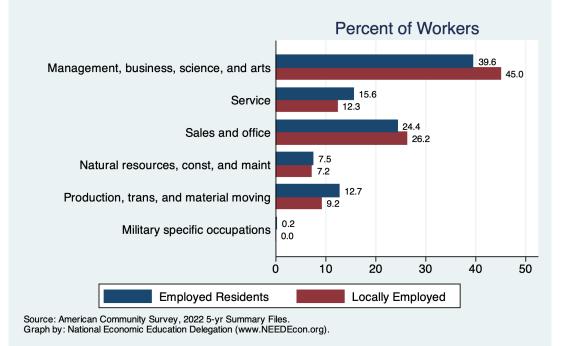
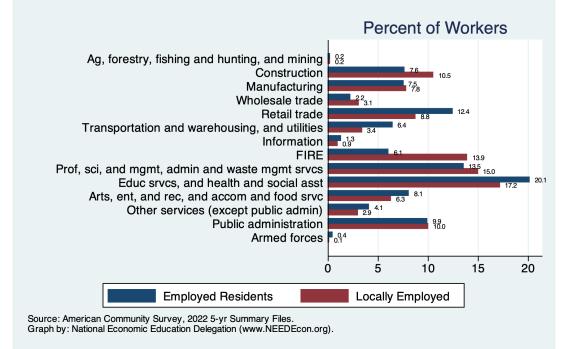
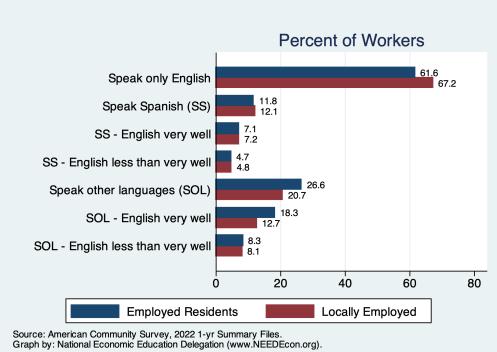


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

Figure 21: Employment by Industry





Percent of Workers 70.8 Native 74.4 29.2 Foreign Born 25.6 18.2 Naturalized U.S. 15.5 11.0 Not a U.S. Citizen 10.1 40 20 60 80 0 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed

Figure 23: Citizenship

Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

> Jon Haveman, Ph.D. • National Economic Education Delegation Jon@NEEDEcon.org • 415-336-5705

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home

Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Rancho Cordova. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

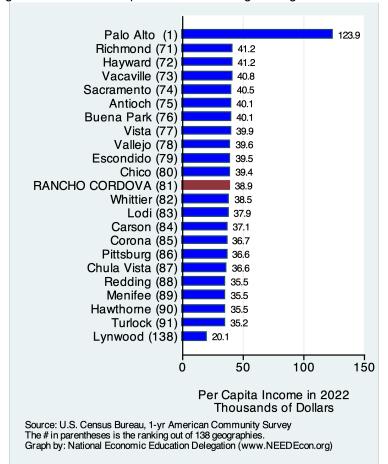


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

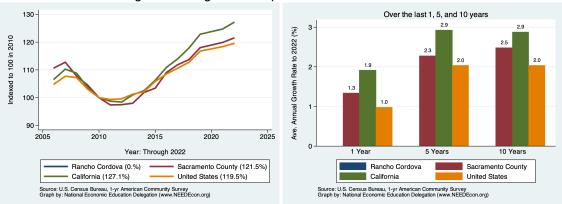
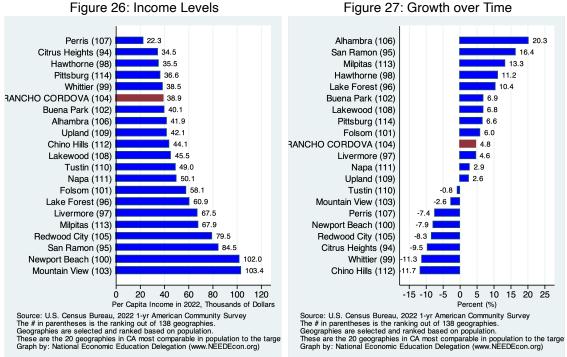
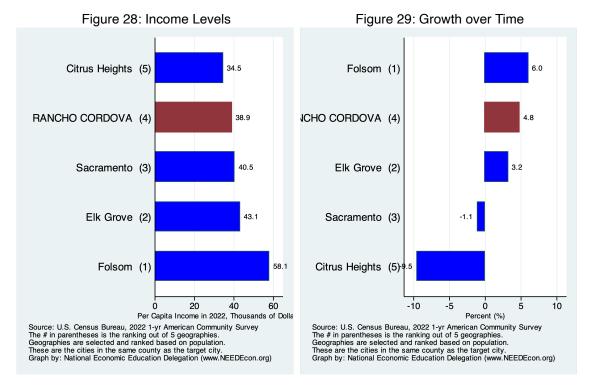


Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time

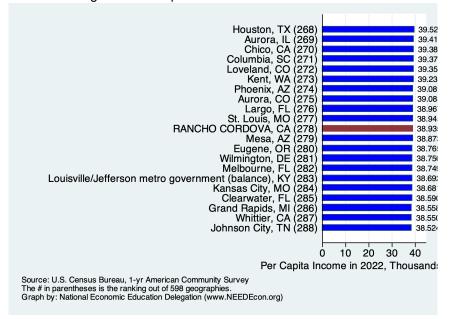






Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Sacramento County

Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide



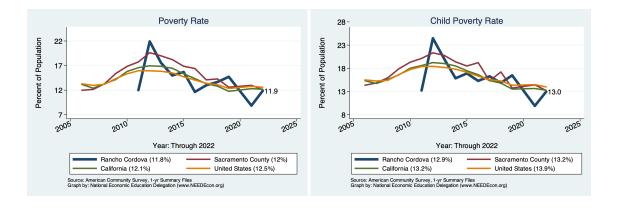
Poverty and Inequality

Definition:

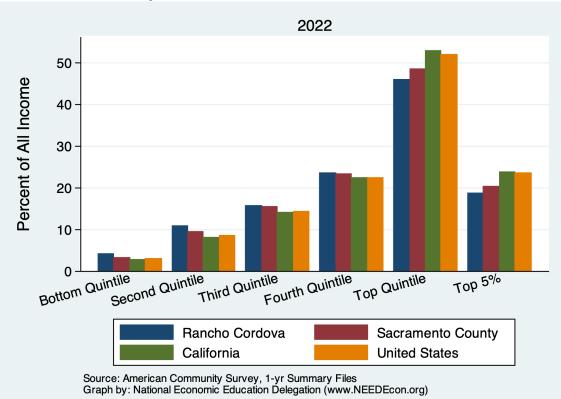
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

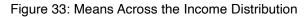
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

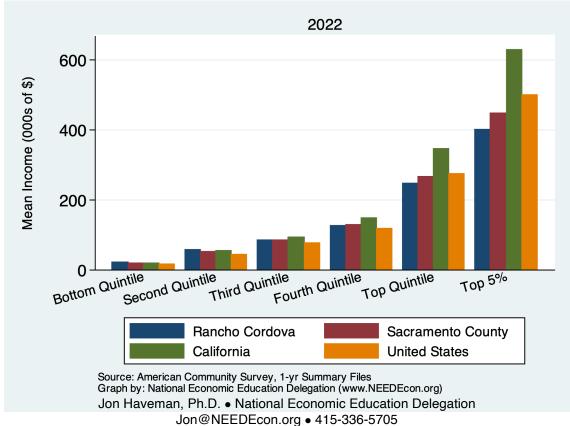












Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

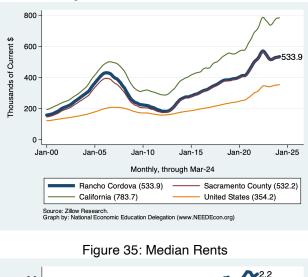
Definition:

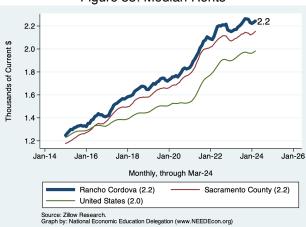
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

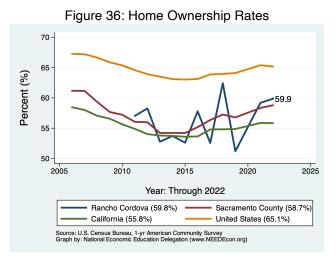
Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

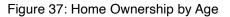


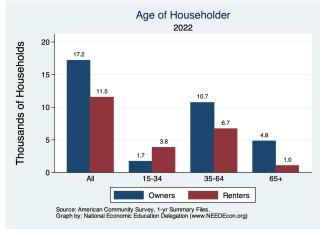


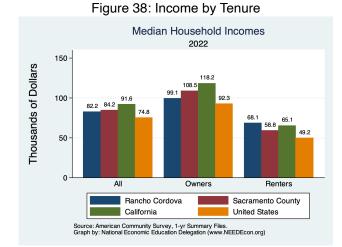




Housing Ownership in Rancho Cordova and Broader Regions







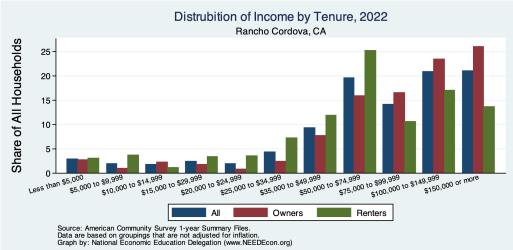


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure



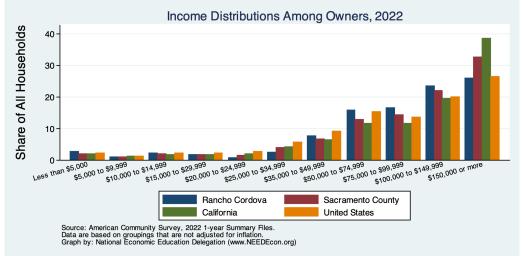
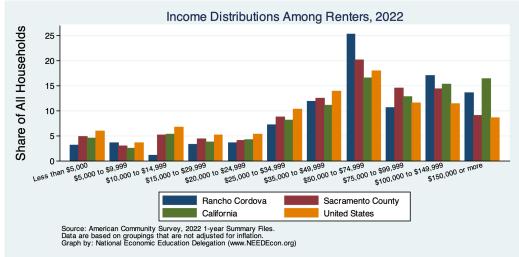
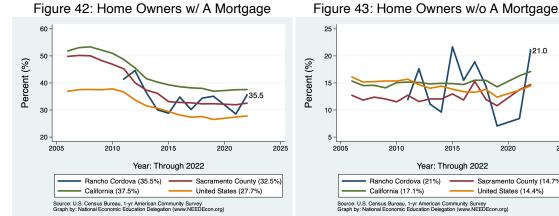


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters





Housing Burden in Rancho Cordova and Broader Regions

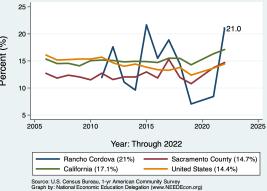
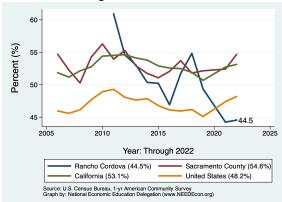
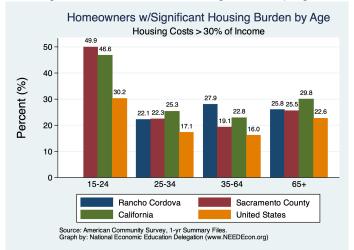


Figure 44: Renters







Housing Picture

Definition:

10-

0

-10

-20 -30

-40

-50

-60 -70

2010

2015

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Rancho Cordova (-57.1%)

California (-18.3%)

Year, through 2023

2020

Percent Change Since 2010

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

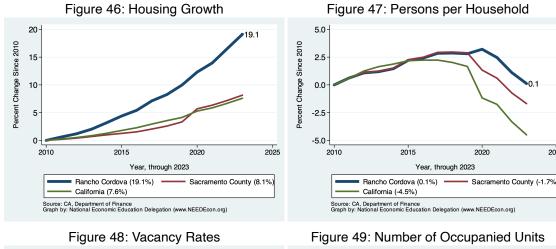
Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

			% Cł	nange from
2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
81,117.0	77,438.0	64,776.0	4.8	25.2
30,350.0	28,021.0	25,479.0	8.3	19.1
29,311.0	27,289.0	23,448.0	7.4	25.0
2.8	2.8	2.7	-2.6	0.1
3.4	2.6	8.0	31.0	-57.1
	81,117.0 30,350.0 29,311.0 2.8	81,117.0 77,438.0 30,350.0 28,021.0 29,311.0 27,289.0 2.8 2.8 3.4 2.6	81,117.0 77,438.0 64,776.0 30,350.0 28,021.0 25,479.0 29,311.0 27,289.0 23,448.0 2.8 2.8 2.7 3.4 2.6 8.0	2023 2019 2010 2019 81,117.0 77,438.0 64,776.0 4.8 30,350.0 28,021.0 25,479.0 8.3 29,311.0 27,289.0 23,448.0 7.4 2.8 2.8 2.7 -2.6 3.4 2.6 8.0 31.0

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation



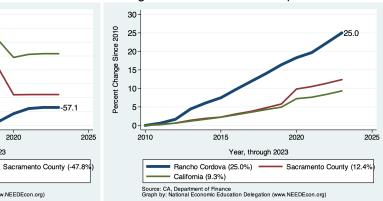
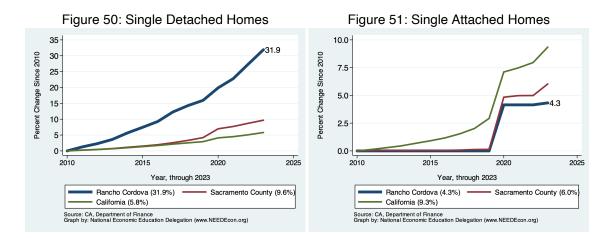


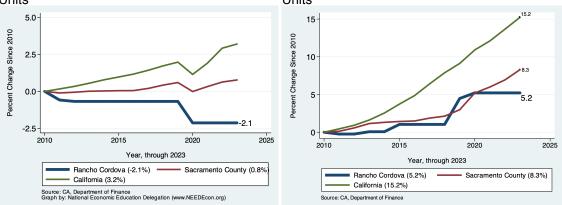
Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units

2025





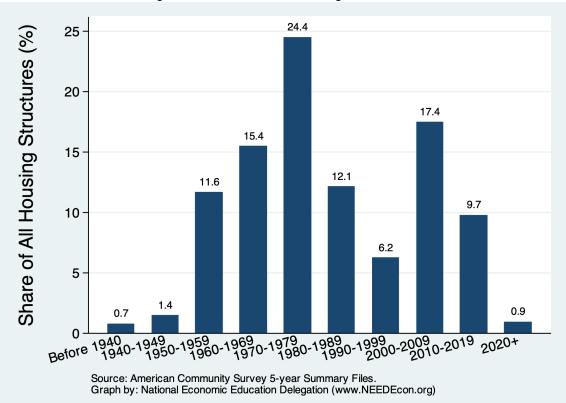


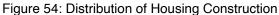


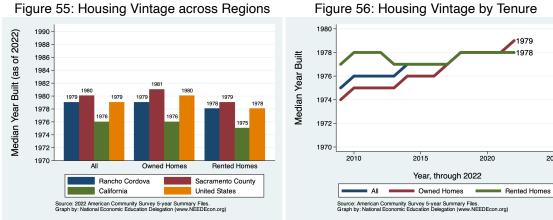
Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Rancho Cordova was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Sacramento County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.







2025

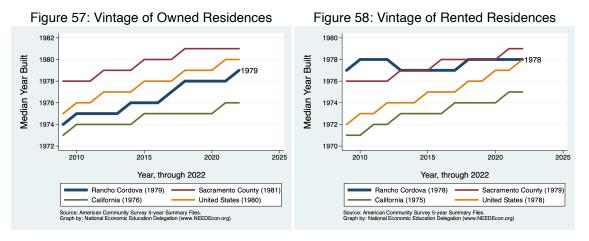
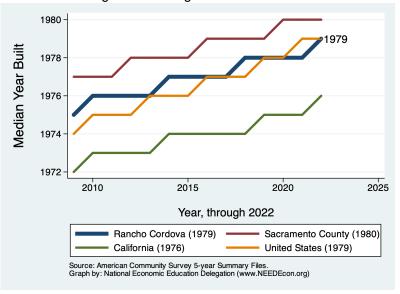


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



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Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

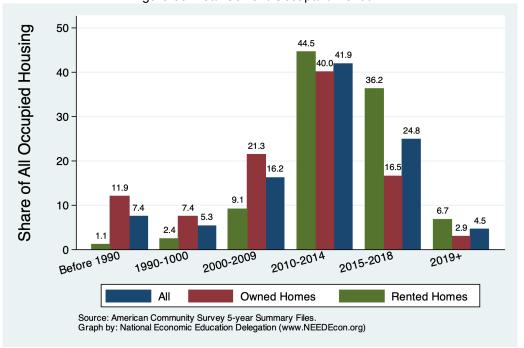


Figure 60: Year Current Occupant Moved In

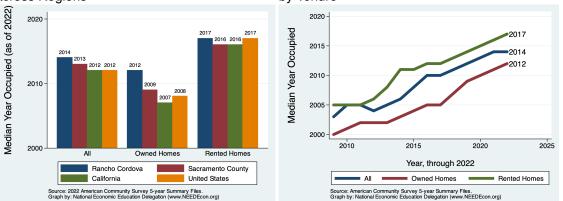


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

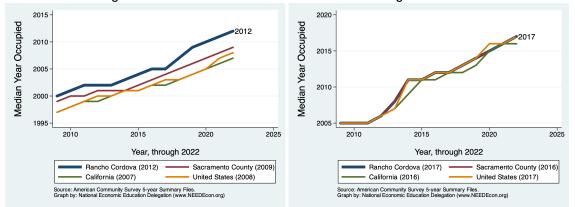
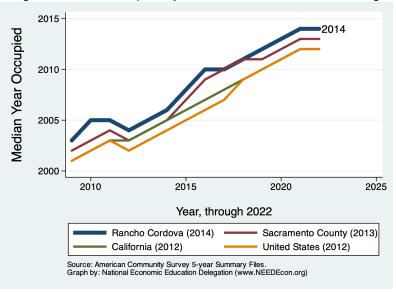


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing





Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Rancho Cordova is compared with data from Sacramento County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Rancho Cordova - Ranking Among Comparables

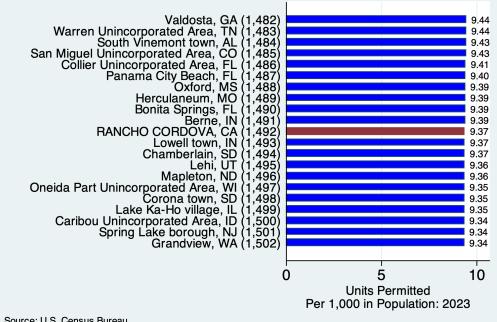


Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 14338 geographies

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

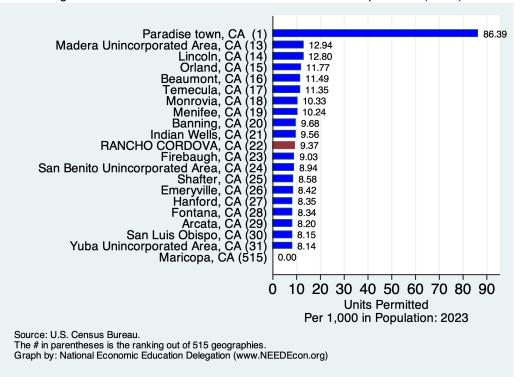


Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)

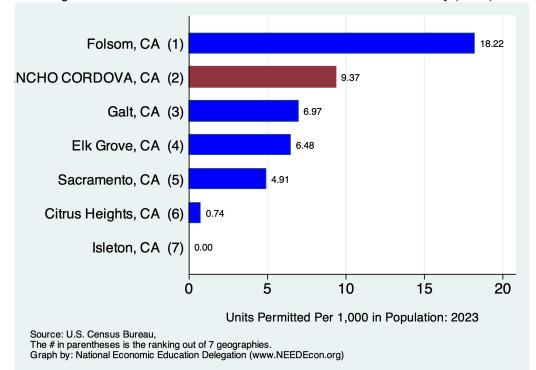
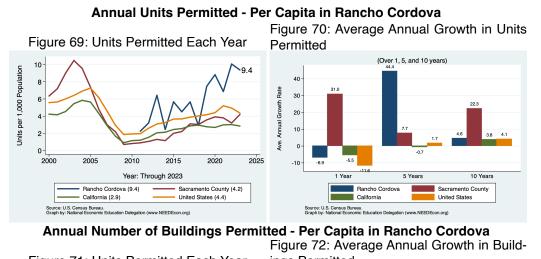
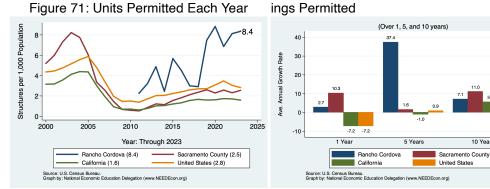


Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Sacramento County (Rank)

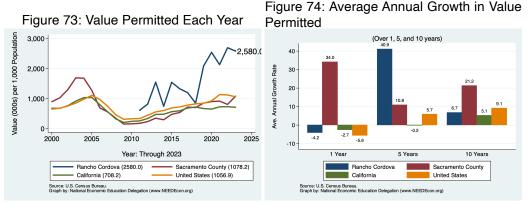
Rancho Cordova - Permitting Activity





Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Rancho Cordova

10 Years



Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight housing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

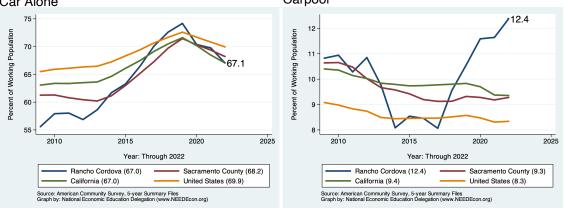
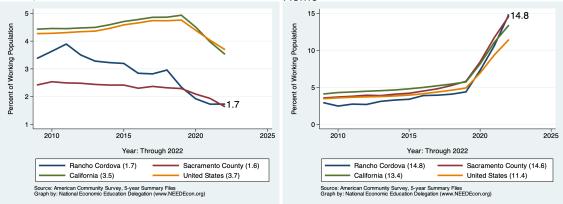


Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From Transportation Home



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Rancho Cordova. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Rancho Cordova. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	15,501	81.5	13,259	77.1	28,760	79.4	78.0	
Drove Alone	13,078	68.8	11,201	65.2	24,279	67.1	68.4	
Carpooled:	2,423	12.7	2,058	12.0	4,481	12.4	9.5	
In 2-person carpool	1,926	10.1	1,583	9.2	3,509	9.7	6.9	
In 3-person carpool	191	1.0	216	1.3	407	1.1	1.5	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	306	1.6	259	1.5	565	1.6	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	384	2.0	243	1.4	627	1.7	3.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	148	0.8	110	0.6	258	0.7	2.3	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	72	0.4	22	0.1	94	0.3	0.8	
Subway or Elevated	77	0.4	12	0.1	89	0.2	0.3	
Railroad	87	0.5	99	0.6	186	0.5	0.2	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	161	0.8	69	0.4	230	0.6	0.7	
Walked	158	0.8	333	1.9	491	1.4	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	464	2.4	294	1.7	758	2.1	1.7	
Worked at Home	2,351	12.4	2,991	17.4	5,342	14.8	13.6	
Total:	19,019	100.0	17,189	100.0	36,208	100.0		

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTA	TION TO WORK
TADIE 0. SEA OF WORKENS DI MODE OF THANSFORMA	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ма	Male Female		All Wo	All of CA		
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	19,895	68.1	14,529	48.6	34,424	58.9	75.3
Drove Alone	17,656	60.4	12,462	41.7	30,118	51.6	65.5
Carpooled:	2,239	7.7	2,067	6.9	4,306	7.4	9.8
In 2-person carpool	1,240	4.2	1,166	3.9	2,406	4.1	7.0
In 3-person carpool	806	2.8	348	1.2	1,154	2.0	1.7
In 4-or-more-person carpool	193	0.7	553	1.8	746	1.3	1.2
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	81	0.3	136	0.5	217	0.4	2.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	81	0.3	79	0.3	160	0.3	1.8
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.5
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	57	0.2	57	0.1	0.2
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	608	2.1	107	0.4	715	1.2	0.7
Walked	284	1.0	772	2.6	1,056	1.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	316	1.1	451	1.5	767	1.3	1.7
Worked at Home	4,048	13.9	5,203	17.4	9,251	15.8	17.2
Total:	25,232	86.4	21,198	70.9	46,430	79.5	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

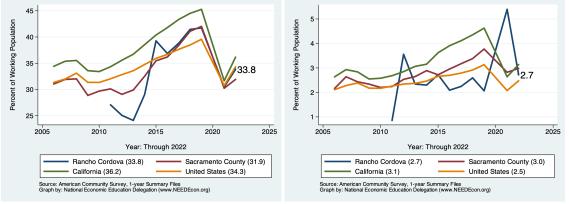
The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

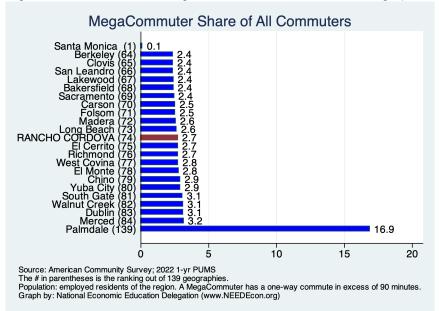
Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK											
	Ма	le	Female		All Wo	All Workers					
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)				
Less than 5 minutes	353	2.0	370	2.4	723	2.2	2.1				
5 to 9 minutes	1,012	5.7	1,195	7.6	2,207	6.6	7.8				
10 to 14 minutes	1,278	7.2	1,854	11.8	3,132	9.4	12.4				
15 to 19 minutes	2,384	13.4	2,369	15.1	4,753	14.3	15.4				
20 to 24 minutes	2,127	12.0	1,771	11.3	3,898	11.7	14.8				
25 to 29 minutes	1,735	9.7	1,413	9.0	3,148	9.5	6.4				
30 to 34 minutes	2,700	15.2	1,963	12.5	4,663	14.0	15.2				
35 to 39 minutes	434	2.4	689	4.4	1,123	3.4	2.9				
40 to 44 minutes	723	4.1	989	6.3	1,712	5.1	4.1				
45 to 59 minutes	1,047	5.9	778	5.0	1,825	5.5	8.2				
60 to 89 minutes	936	5.3	88	0.6	1,024	3.1	7.2				
90 or more minutes	783	4.4	122	0.8	905	2.7	3.6				
Total:	15,512	87.2	13,601	86.8	29,113	87.5					

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File









Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY											
	Mal	Male		ale	All Workers		All of CA				
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)				
Less than 5 minutes	223	0.8	399	1.4	622	1.1	2.1				
5 to 9 minutes	1,011	3.4	1,209	4.2	2,220	3.9	7.8				
10 to 14 minutes	1,982	6.7	2,070	7.1	4,052	7.1	12.4				
15 to 19 minutes	3,338	11.2	1,631	5.6	4,969	8.7	15.3				
20 to 24 minutes	3,253	10.9	2,582	8.9	5,835	10.3	14.8				
25 to 29 minutes	2,566	8.6	1,626	5.6	4,192	7.4	6.4				
30 to 34 minutes	3,579	12.0	2,602	9.0	6,181	10.9	15.2				
35 to 39 minutes	864	2.9	653	2.3	1,517	2.7	2.9				
40 to 44 minutes	1,396	4.7	1,168	4.0	2,564	4.5	4.1				
45 to 59 minutes	1,370	4.6	1,132	3.9	2,502	4.4	8.2				
60 to 89 minutes	791	2.7	607	2.1	1,398	2.5	7.2				
90 or more minutes	811	2.7	316	1.1	1,127	2.0	3.6				
Total:	21,184	71.2	15,995	55.2	37,179	65.5					

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.



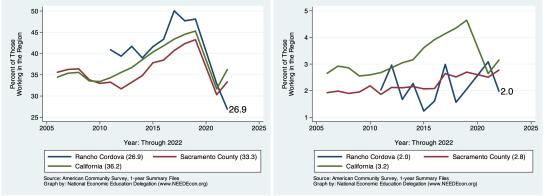
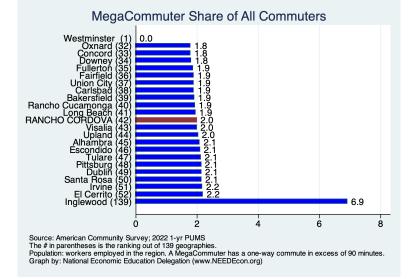


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Rancho Cordova work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Rancho Cordova's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Rancho Cordova city boundary.

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	19,560	100.0	18,804	100.0	38,364	100.0	99.6
Worked in county of residence	17,163	87.7	16,153	85.9	33, 316	86.8	85.3
worked outside of county of residence	2,397	12.3	2,651	14.1	5,048	13.2	14.3
Worked outside state of residence	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.4
Total:	19,560	100.0	18,804	100.0	38,364	100.0	

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK–STATE AND COUNTY LEVE	L
	-

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

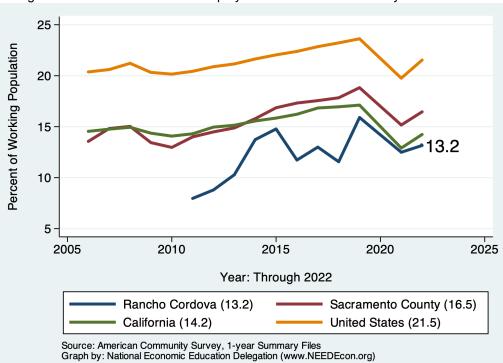


Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	19,560	100.0	18,804	100.0	38,364	100.0	95.8
Worked in place of residence	7,568	38.7	9,095	48.4	16,663	43.4	42.3
Worked outside place of residence	11,992	61.3	9,709	51.6	21,701	56.6	53.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.2
Total:	19,560	100.0	18,804	100.0	38,364	100.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

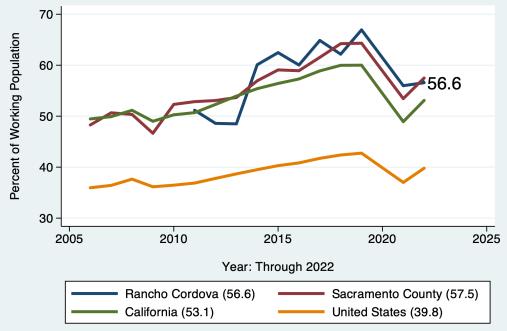


Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence

Source: American Community Survey, 1-year Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	50,703	48,335	100.2	45,677	98.7
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	39,740	35,926	105.7	34,518	102.4
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	6,188	34,625	17.1	41,443	13.3
Walked	36,494	30,552	114.1	27,247	119.1
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	35,929	40,631	84.5	36,218	88.2
Worked from home	80,523	79,738	96.5	69,180	103.5
Total:	52, 133	49,818	104.6	46,365	112.4

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected.

For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

2) For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	AI	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	5,456	45.6	8,955	62.1	6,752	54.3	24,279	63.3	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,357	11.3	1,521	10.5	1,002	8.1	4,481	11.7	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	257	2.1	272	1.9	80	0.6	627	1.6	3.6
Walked	176	1.5	146	1.0	82	0.7	491	1.3	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	294	2.5	283	2.0	284	2.3	988	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	937	7.8	1,798	12.5	2,324	18.7	5,342	13.9	13.6
Total:	8,477	70.8	12,975	89.9	10,524	84.7	36,208	94.4	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25,000		\$25,000-\$	\$25,000-\$74,999		00+	All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	7,140	51.5	13,426	64.1	15,422	80.6	40,241	72.7	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,074	7.7	1,618	7.7	951	5.0	4,237	7.7	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	100	0.7	75	0.4	24	0.1	255	0.5	3.6
Walked	149	1.1	156	0.7	85	0.4	456	0.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	353	2.5	289	1.4	335	1.8	1,055	1.9	2.4
Worked at Home	937	6.8	1,798	8.6	2,324	12.1	5,342	9.7	13.6
Total:	9,753	70.3	17,362	82.8	19,141		51,586	93.2	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

Mode of Transit	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150% of Pov		All		All of CA
	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,027	31.8	1,217	33.6	20,179	58.8	22,423	58.4	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	674	20.8	68	1.9	3,331	9.7	4,073	10.6	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	81	2.5	57	1.6	411	1.2	549	1.4	2.6
Walked	5	0.2	0	0.0	1,006	2.9	1,011	2.6	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	10	0.3	122	3.4	925	2.7	1,057	2.8	2.4
Worked at Home	661	20.4	122	3.4	8,468	24.7	9,251	24.1	17.2
Total:	2,458	76.0	1,586	43.7	34, 320		38,364		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	966	33.9	1,273	33.5	27,852	50.8	30,091	51.5	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	98	3.4	209	5.5	3,999	7.3	4,306	7.4	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	81	2.8	57	1.5	79	0.1	217	0.4	2.6
Walked	57	2.0	0	0.0	999	1.8	1,056	1.8	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	77	2.7	168	4.4	1,237	2.3	1,482	2.5	2.4
Worked at Home	661	23.2	122	3.2	8,468	15.4	9,251	15.8	17.2
Total:	1,940	68.1	1,829	48.2	42,634	77.7	46,403	79.4	100.0

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Rancho Cordova is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

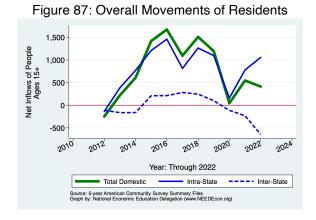


Table 17: Migration by Income

		Net Inflows								
			Same State							
			W/in	Between	Across	From				
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad				
No income	9,163	167	122	-10	-25	80				
With income	52,919	468	703	241	-619	143				
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	6,665	236	139	215	-174	56				
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,138	-250	-216	59	-97	4				
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6,347	26	-24	-7	54	3				
\$25,000 to \$34,999	5,869	107	161	-51	-47	44				
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8,532	227	232	38	-43	0				
\$50,000 to \$64,999	5,587	123	127	99	-103	0				
\$65,000 to \$74,999	2,703	-14	28	39	-81	0				
\$75,000 or more	13,078	13	256	-151	-128	36				
All:	62,082	635	825	231	-644	223				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

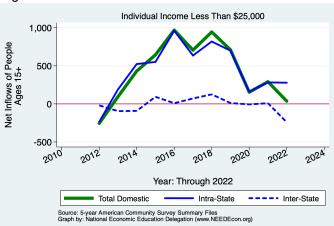
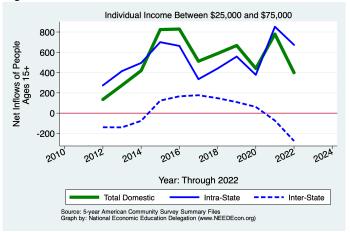
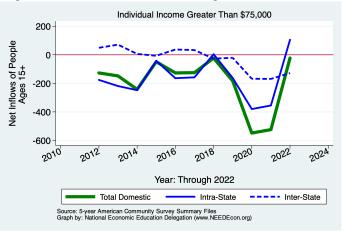


Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents







Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

		Ne	et Inflows				
			Sam	e State		-	
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad	
Never married	20,654	-234	212	-94	-421	69	
Now married, except separated	30,178	602	500	160	-189	131	
Divorced	6,712	82	-11	112	-27	8	
Separated	1,657	127	91	10	18	8	
Widowed	2,881	58	33	43	-25	7	
Total:	62,082	635	825	231	-644	223	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		1	_			
	Same State W/in Between Across				From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	47,402	-2,561	-144	-165	-2,417	165
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	31,867	-94	-1,017	742	-123	304
Total:	79,269	-2,655	-1,161	577	-2,540	469

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

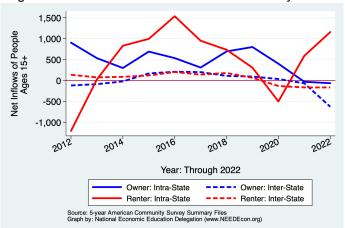


Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

	Net Inflows					
		Same State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	4,874	-126	-36	-60	-47	17
5 to 17 years	14,242	38	172	36	-170	0
18 and 19 years	1,516	-156	6	-98	-64	0
20 to 24 years	4,943	47	72	50	-97	22
25 to 29 years	6,106	164	386	-200	-75	53
30 to 34 years	6,419	222	317	-110	-92	107
35 to 39 years	5,995	-78	-55	20	-43	0
40 to 44 years	5,641	-200	-80	3	-123	0
45 to 49 years	4,857	-1	-45	92	-60	12
50 to 54 years	4,741	206	-14	188	32	0
55 to 59 years	4,776	87	97	35	-45	0
60 to 64 years	4,579	-28	-59	50	-27	8
65 to 69 years	3,573	116	16	96	1	3
70 to 74 years	2,026	17	-51	22	28	18
75 years and over	3,979	160	151	44	-35	0
Total Population:	78,267	468	877	168	-817	240

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows					
		Same State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	5,761	57	72	73	-117	29
High school graduate (includes equiv)	11,841	158	266	-31	-118	41
Some college or assoc. degree	19,593	-260	-134	47	-173	0
Bachelor's degree	10,853	590	390	76	14	110
Graduate or professional degree	4,644	120	69	75	-45	21
Total:	52,692	665	663	240	-439	201

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	43,080	43,080
Moved Within Same County	45,348	47,127
Moved to Different County, Same State	24,052	41,961
Moved Between States	24,063	25,706
Moved from Abroad	118, 135	
Total Population:	42,373	43,386

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	36.2	36.2
Moved Within Same County	33.2	32.5
Moved to Different County, Same State	27.9	29.8
Moved Between States	51.2	34.3
Moved from Abroad	31.3	
Total Population:	35.6	35.5

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www. census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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