Montebello, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Montebello and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Montebello (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Montebello. These indicators are compared to Los Angeles County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Montebello demographics is presented. This provides
 evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status,
 living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond
 the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other
 broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Montebello and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding
 area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to
 all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are
 also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends
 in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Montebello, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
 the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
 proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
 who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Montebello, but
 do not necessarily live in Montebello.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Montebello's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	62,056.0	62,742.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	1,254.0	1,433.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	36.4	37.8
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	43,394.0	42,502.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	5.7	6.0
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	20.9	22.4
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	17.1	14.8
Female persons (%, 5yr)	51.3	51.5
INCOME AND POVERTY	70.017.0	50.450.0
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	72,317.0	56,150.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	30,596.0	24,035.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	13.0	13.9
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	2,718.0	3,123.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	21.4	22.6
RACE AND ETHNICITY White alone (%, 5yr)	31.0	56.3
African American alone (%, 5yr)	0.9	1.3
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	2.6	0.8
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	13.6	13.7
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.1	0.1
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	14.2	2.3
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	78.1	77.4
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	6.7	7.0
HOUSING	0.7	7.0
Housing units (#, 5yr)	20,121.0	19,919.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	46.1	43.2
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	628,400.0	492,300.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,579.0	2,175.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	615.0	481.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,701.0	1,334.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS		
Households (#, 5yr)	19,241.0	18,888.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	3.2	3.3
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	92.0	91.2
EDUCATION		
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	74.1	73.6
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	21.5	19.8
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	3,527.0	4,095.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	10.4	10.8
LABOR FORCE		
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	63.7	63.2
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	57.6	56.4
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	57.2	57.0
Self employed (%, 5yr)	8.7	8.1
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	30.0	32.5
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	73.0	75.2
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	4.9	8.8
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	7.3	3.1

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands,	January	to January)
-------------	---------	-------------

	2023		% Cha	ange			
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year			
City							
Montebello	61,645	-0.26	-2.56	-4.15			
County and Broader Regions							
Los Angeles County	9,761,210	-0.75	-3.69	-4.81			
Southern California	21,794,548	-0.41	-2.24	-2.84			
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01			

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 1: Population Growth (1)

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Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

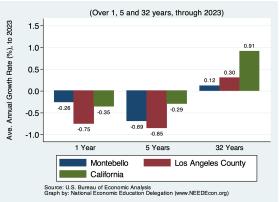
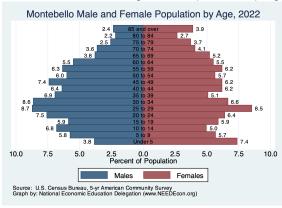


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



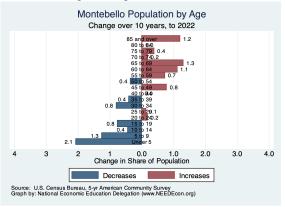
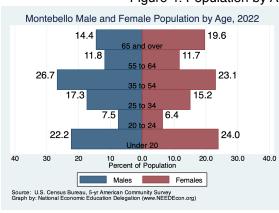


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



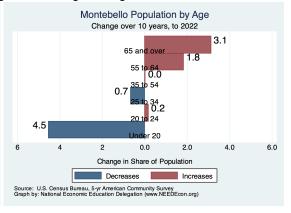
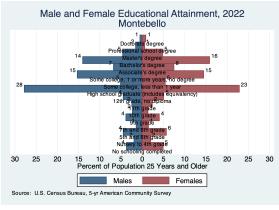


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



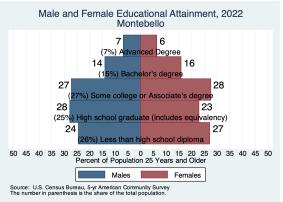


Table 2. County Population Change by City (Thousands, January to January)

City	2022	2023	Local	% Change Southern California	Californi
os Angeles County	9,834.5	9,761.2	-0.75	-0.41	-0.35
Los Angeles	3,802.7	3,766.1	-0.96	V.11	0.00
Long Beach	460.2	458.2	-0.44		
Santa Clarita	229.0	230.7	0.71		
Glendale	192.9	191.3	-0.82		
Lancaster	174.6	173.4	-0.70		
Palmdale	167.0	165.9	-0.66		
Pomona Torrance	149.9 144.3	149.7 143.1	-0.12 -0.88		
Pasadena	137.8	137.0	-0.60		
Downey	112.1	111.3	-0.00 -0.73		
West Covina	107.6	107.9	0.23		
El Monte	107.3	106.4	-0.84		
Inglewood	106.9	106.2	-0.64		
Burbank	105.0	104.5	-0.42		
Norwalk	101.8	101.2	-0.65		
Compton	94.3	93.7	-0.61		
South Gate	93.4	92.6	-0.78		
Carson Santa Monica	92.7 91.7	92.2	-0.60		
Whittier	91.7 87.7	91.7 87.3	-0.02 -0.47		
Hawthorne	86.5	85.7	-0.47 -0.96		
Alhambra	81.6	81.3	-0.37		
Lakewood	80.9	80.2	-0.92		
Bellflower	77.6	76.9	-0.92		
Baldwin Park	70.8	70.4	-0.63		
Redondo Beach	69.1	68.4	-0.97		
Lynwood	66.6	66.2	-0.55		
Montebello	61.8	61.6	-0.26		
Pico Rivera	61.4	61.0	-0.77		
Gardena	60.1	59.8	-0.47		
Monterey Park Arcadia	59.8 55.9	59.3 55.5	-0.90 -0.74		
Diamond Bar	53.9	53.4	-0.74 -1.03		
Huntington Park	53.8	53.4	-0.93		
Paramount	52.6	52.2	-0.72		
Glendora	51.6	51.2	-0.80		
Covina	50.7	50.4	-0.67		
Rosemead	50.1	50.0	-0.17		
Azusa	49.5	49.5	0.06		
La Mirada	48.4	47.9	-1.00		
Cerritos	48.4	47.9	-1.06		
Rancho Palos Verdes	41.5	41.0	-1.02		
Culver City San Gabriel	40.0	39.7	-0.73		
Bell Gardens	38.7 38.8	$38.5 \\ 38.4$	-0.58 -0.84		
Monrovia	37.8	37.5	-0.62		
La Puente	37.6	37.4	-0.63		
Claremont	37.0	36.8	-0.74		
Temple City	36.0	35.8	-0.55		
West Hollywood	34.9	34.8	-0.39		
Manhattan Beach	34.7	34.3	-1.24		
San Dimas	34.4	34.1	-0.95		
Bell	33.6	33.4	-0.72		
La Verne	32.3	32.1	-0.89		
Beverly Hills Lawndale	31.9	31.7	-0.90		
Walnut	31.2 27.7	$30.9 \\ 27.6$	-0.93 -0.61		
South Pasadena	26.4	26.3	-0.01 -0.59		
Maywood	24.8	24.5	-0.94		
San Fernando	23.5	23.5	-0.20		
Calabasas	23.0	22.8	-0.99		
Duarte	21.4	22.8	6.60		
Cudahy	22.4	22.3	-0.52		
Lomita	20.3	20.1	-1.02		
La Canada Flintridge	20.1	19.9	-0.65		
Agoura Hills	19.8	19.8	-0.03		
South El Monte	19.6	19.5	-0.85		
Hermosa Beach	19.2	19.0	-0.98		
Santa Fe Springs El Segundo	18.7 17.0	18.6 16.9	-0.88 -0.67		
Artesia	16.2	16.9	-0.67 -0.81		
Hawaiian Gardens	13.7	13.5	-0.81 -0.94		
John Haven Fante PI				Education Dela	nation

Signal Hill Sierra Madre -0.84 -0.8111.5 11.410.910.8 Malibu 10.5 10.5-0.21Rolling Hills Estates 8.5 8.4 -0.40

Montebello Race/Ethnicity, 2022 White, Nonhispanic Black, Nonhispanic Asian, Nonhispanic Other, Nonhispanic Hispanic Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

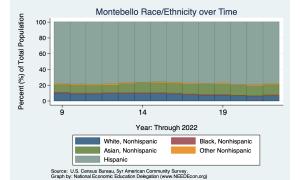


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time

Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

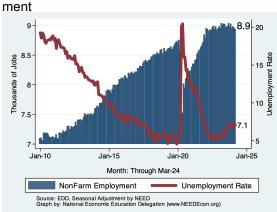
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Montebello Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:						
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year			
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103			
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96			
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97			
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9			

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



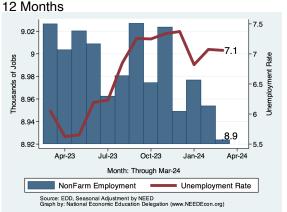
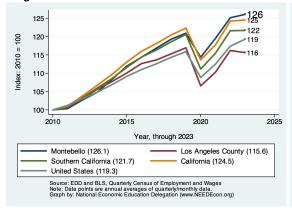
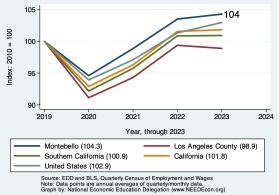


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Los Angeles County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Los Angeles County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	4, 571, 176	100.0	10,019.7	2.7	1.9	1.8	0.4	3.0	0.0
Total Private	3,980,116	87.1	10,298.0	3.2	1.8	1.7	0.2	3.1	0.1
Goods Producing	467,870	10.2	18.0	0.0	-2.8	-1.2	-0.8	0.4	-1.0
Mining, Logging and Construction	151,916	3.3	532.2	4.3	-5.0	-0.7	0.2	-0.0	0.2
Mining and Logging	1,600	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.9	0.0	-3.2
Construction	149,974	3.3	383.7	3.1	-5.7	-1.3	0.3	0.0	0.3
Manufacturing	316,063	6.9	-223.5	-0.8	-2.1	-1.5	-1.4	0.5	-1.5
Durable Goods	190,266	4.2	126.6	0.8	-1.4	-0.8	-0.7	0.7	-1.1
Non-Durable Goods	125,955	2.8	-296.8	-2.8	-3.0	-2.5	-2.4	0.3	-2.2
Service Providing	4,101,400	89.7	9,377.4	2.8	2.1	2.0	0.6	3.4	0.2
Trade, Trans & Utilities	824,556	18.0	-680.6	-1.0	-1.1	-0.2	-0.3	0.7	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	198, 134	4.3	-19.8	-0.1	-2.1	-1.6	-1.5	-0.4	-2.2
Retail Trade	406,837	8.9	88.1	0.3	-0.7	0.0	-0.2	1.3	-0.4
Trans & Warehousing	207,446	4.5	-739.7	-4.2	-0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.9
Utilities	12,541	0.3	-4.9	-0.5	0.8	2.7	3.3	2.6	1.0
Information	178,723	3.9	2,431.1	17.9	3.5	0.4	-14.8	-2.7	-3.6
Financial Activities	210,643	4.6	-319.1	-1.8	4.2	0.5	-1.0	-0.2	-1.2
Finance & Insurance	122,234	2.7	82.9	0.8	1.2	-0.6	-1.2	-1.9	-2.0
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	88,325	1.9	-180.4	-2.4	3.9	1.9	-0.8	2.5	-0.1
Professional & Business Srvcs	646,393	14.1	1,136.2	2.1	2.2	-0.4	-1.9	1.5	-0.1
Prof, Sci, & Tech	312,951	6.8	-1,162.7	-4.4	-0.3	-1.1	-1.1	2.1	0.9
Admin & Support Srvcs	258, 283	5.7	2,442.0	12.1	8.3	0.7	-3.2	1.2	-1.0
Employment Srvcs	96,576	2.1	1,117.0	15.0	12.8	-0.7	-8.1	-0.7	-2.2
Educational & Health Srvcs	948,482	20.7	6,221.2	8.2	5.9	5.5	5.3	4.6	2.8
Education Srvcs	147,023	3.2	1,208.1	10.4	9.5	8.0	7.8	7.3	2.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	801,869	17.5	5,246.7	8.2	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.1	2.9
Leisure & Hospitality	539,744	11.8	-335.7	-0.7	1.3	1.4	1.3	13.8	-0.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	93,094	2.0	-469.8	-5.9	-6.6	-7.9	-3.9	19.4	-0.5
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	444,463	9.7	-845.1	-2.3	-0.3	2.1	2.4	13.0	-0.1
Other Srvcs	160,653	3.5	-27.8	-0.2	0.8	3.0	2.9	9.1	0.4
Government	590,364	12.9	72.7	0.1	3.1	2.0	1.9	2.4	-0.1
Federal	48,700	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.8	2.9	2.3	0.7	0.8
State	97,915	2.1	-158.6	-1.9	0.1	0.1	-0.1	3.5	1.1
Local	443,641	9.7	146.6	0.4	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.3	-0.4
County	103,766	2.3	109.3	1.3	1.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.0	-0.7
City	92,291	2.0	55.4	0.7	0.6	1.5	2.4	1.9	-0.4
Local Government Education	225,880	4.9	-153.1	-0.8	4.4	4.2	3.6	4.2	-0.4

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Montebello

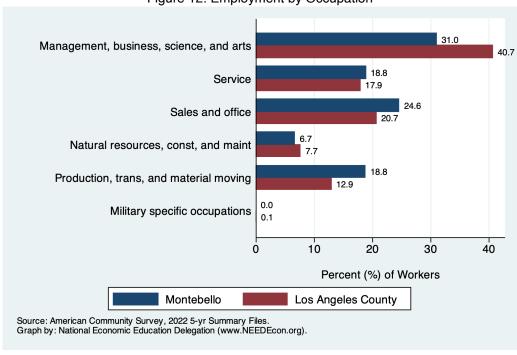
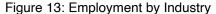
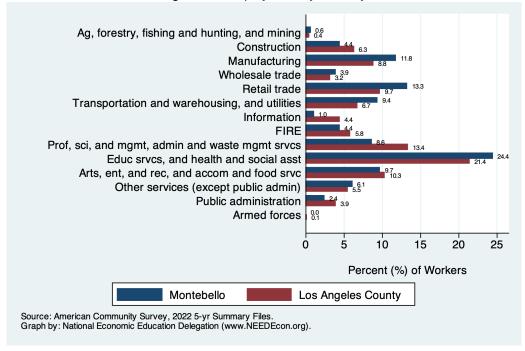


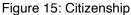
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation

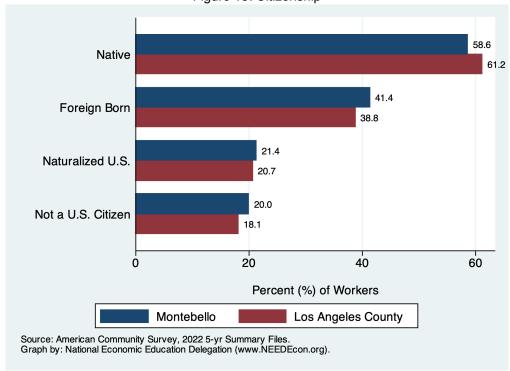




Speak only English 44.4 59.4 Speak Spanish (SS) 38.1 38.8 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 15.3 Speak other languages (SOL) 17.5 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 Percent (%) of Workers Montebello Los Angeles County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home





Employed Residents of Montebello

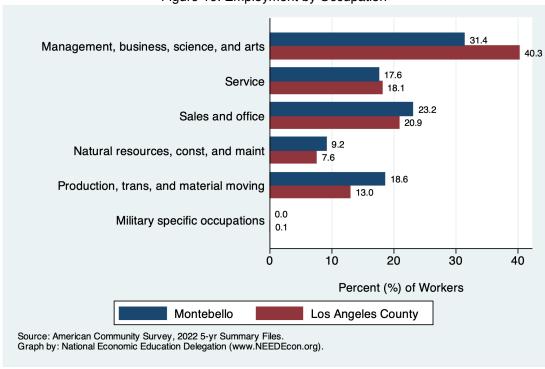
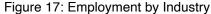
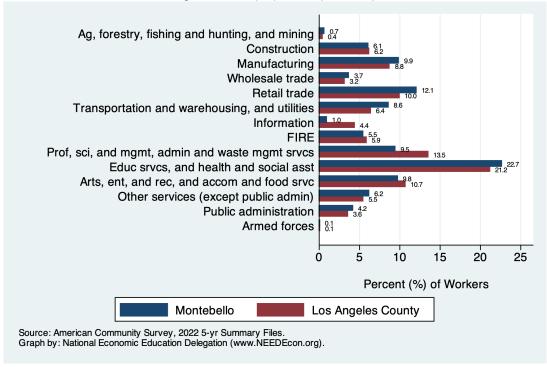


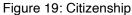
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

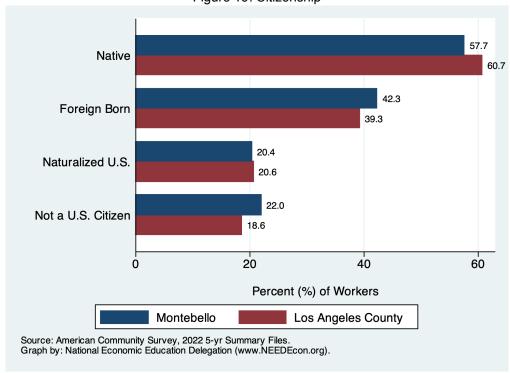




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Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home





Employed Residents vs Workers in Montebello

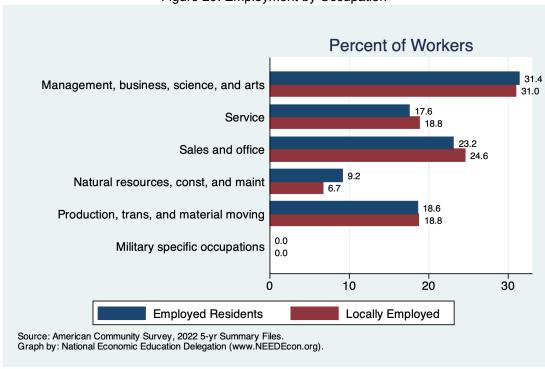
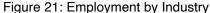
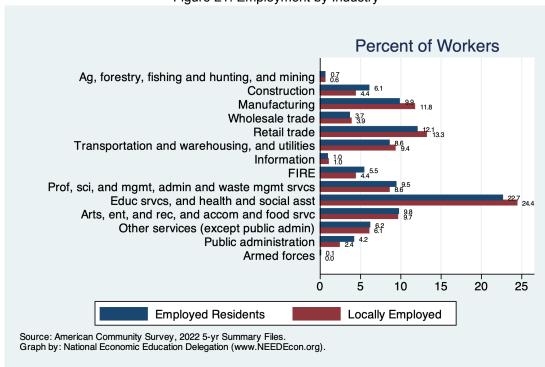


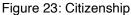
Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

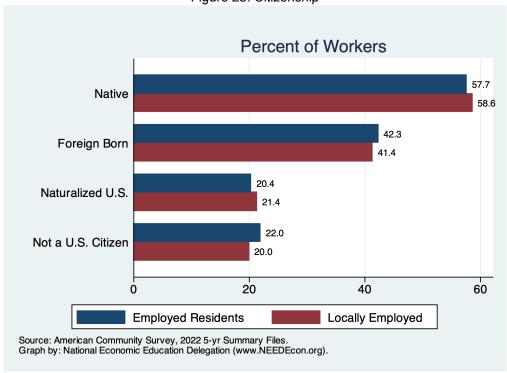




Percent of Workers Speak only English 62.5 Speak Spanish (SS) 59.4 40.5 SS - English very well 38.8 22.0 SS - English less than very well 20.7 12.6 12.6 Speak other languages (SOL) 7.9 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Montebello. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

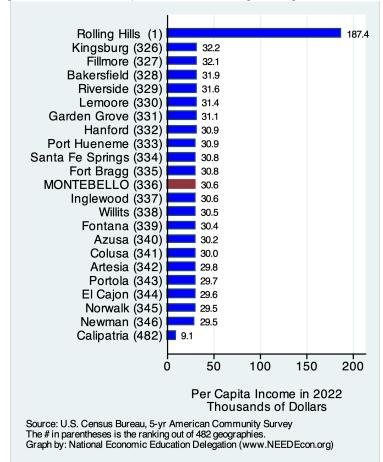
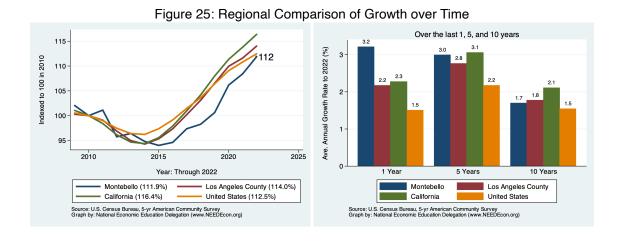
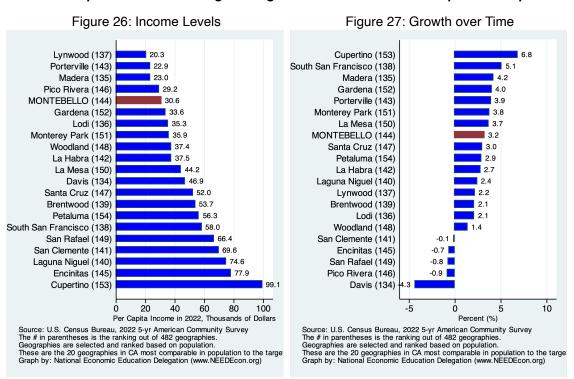


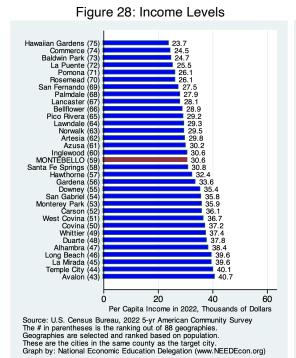
Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

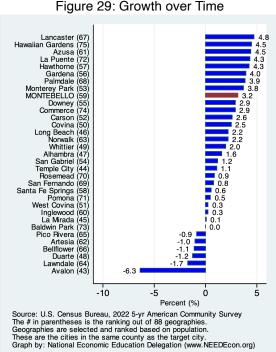


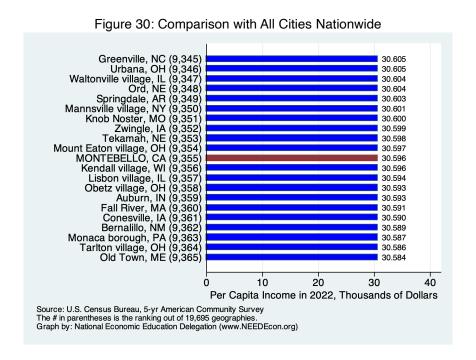
Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Los Angeles County







Poverty and Inequality

Definition:

The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

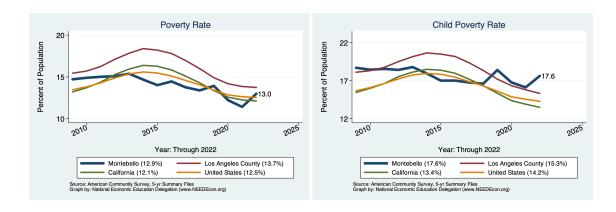
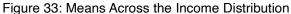


Figure 31: Inequality Inequality: Gini Coefficient 50 48 46 44 42 2010 2015 2025 2020 Year: Through 2022 Montebello (43.3%) Los Angeles County (49.8%) United States (48.2%) California (48.9%) Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

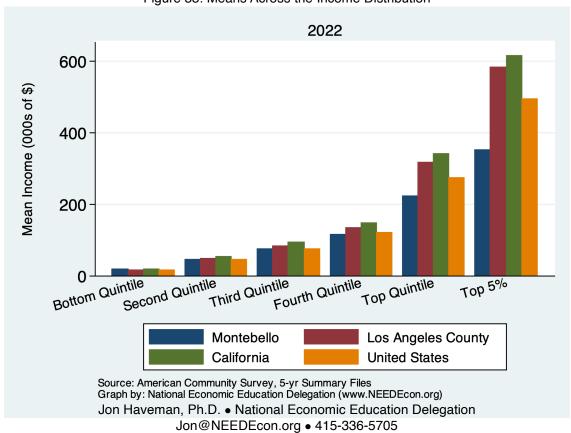
2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Third Quintile Second Quintile Bottom Quintile Fourth Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Montebello Los Angeles County **United States** California

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution



Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files



Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

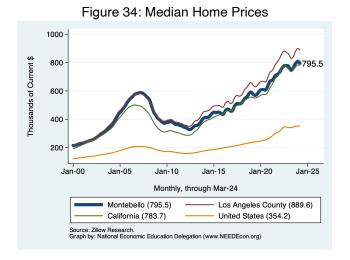
Definition:

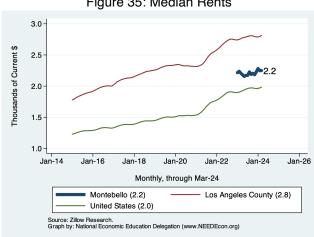
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Montebello and Broader Regions





Housing Ownership in Montebello and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

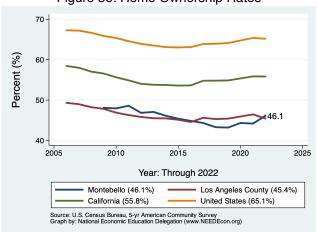


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

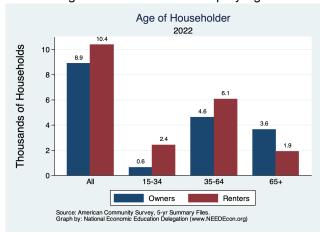


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

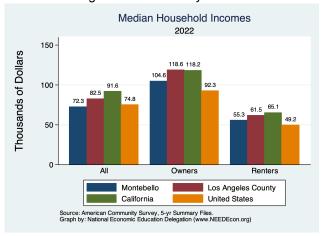


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

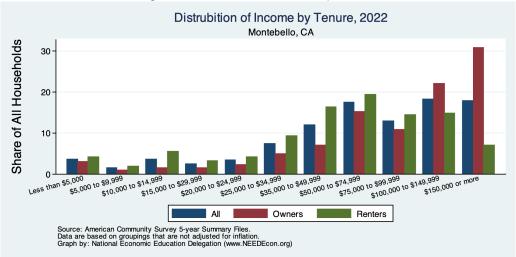


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

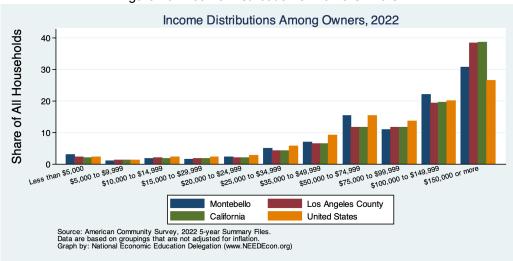
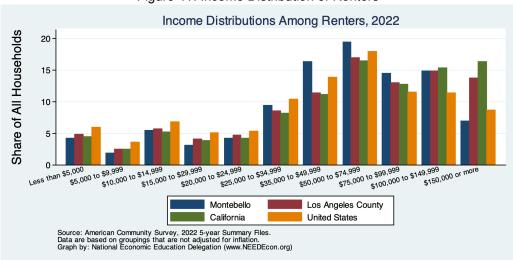


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Montebello and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

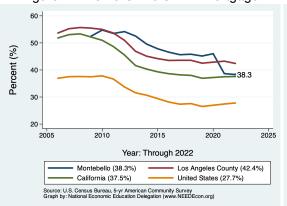


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

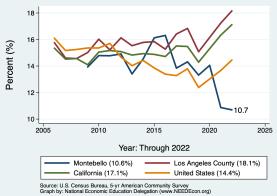


Figure 44: Renters

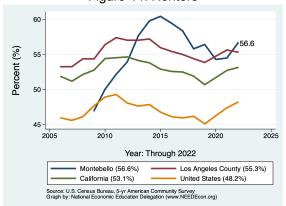
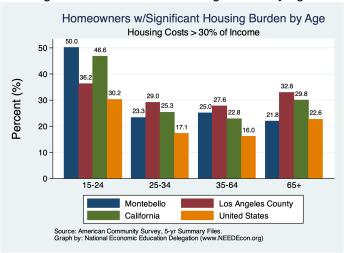


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% Change from			
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010		
Total Population	61,645.0	63,742.0	62,500.0	-3.3	-1.4		
Total # of Homes	20,549.0	20,048.0	19,768.0	2.5	4.0		
# Occupied Units	19,995.0	19,254.0	19,012.0	3.8	5.2		
Persons per Household	3.1	3.3	3.3	-7.0	-6.3		
Vacancy Rate (%)	2.7	4.0	3.8	-31.9	-29.5		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

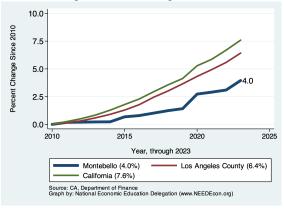


Figure 47: Persons per Household

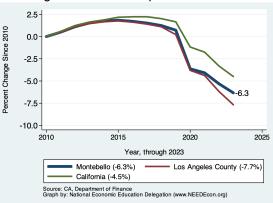


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

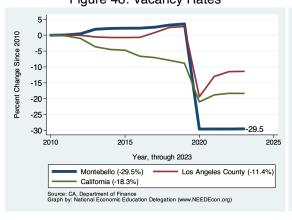
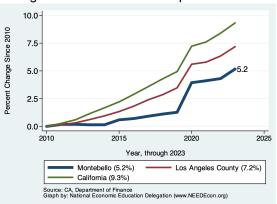


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

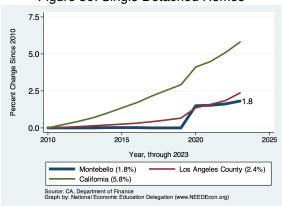


Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

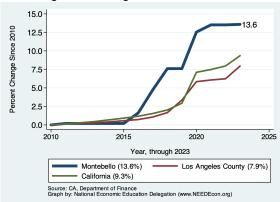
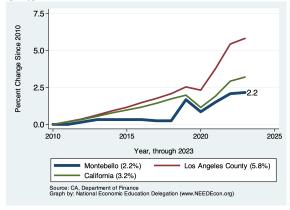
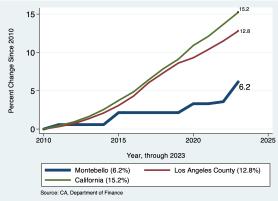


Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units





Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Montebello was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Los Angeles County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional hous-

ing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

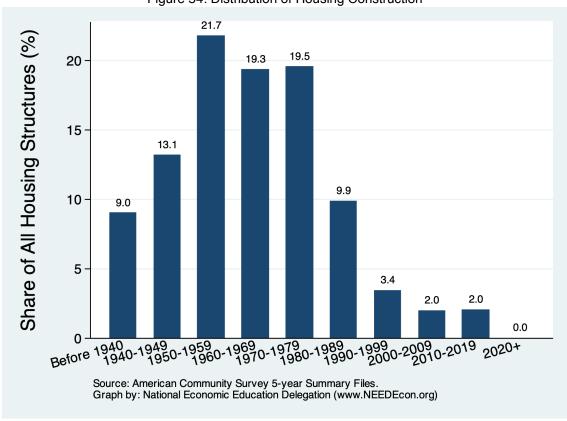


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

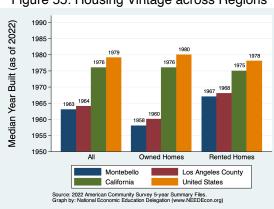


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

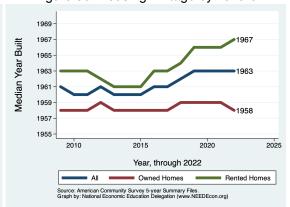


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

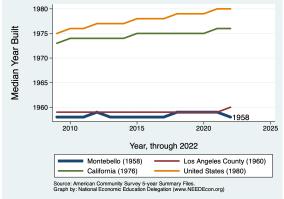


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

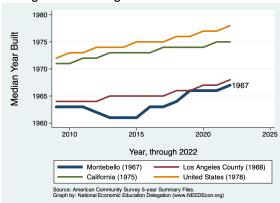
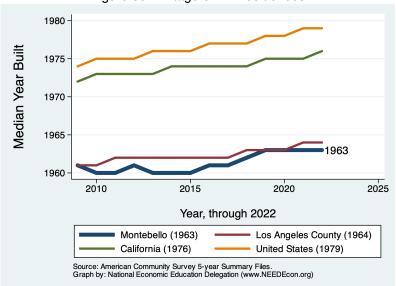


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

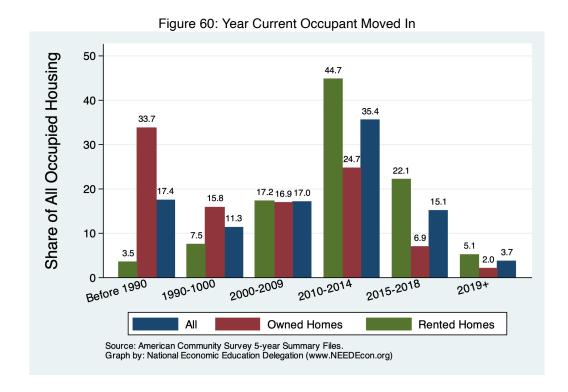


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

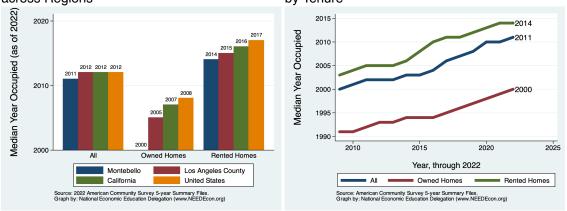


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

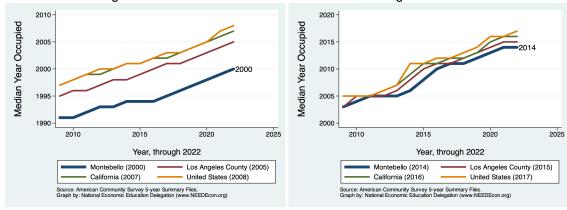
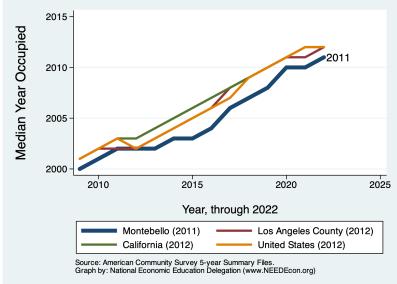


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing



Residential Permitting

Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Montebello is compared with data from Los Angeles County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Montebello - Ranking Among Comparables

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

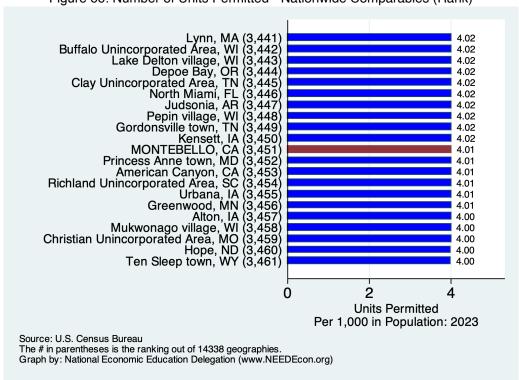
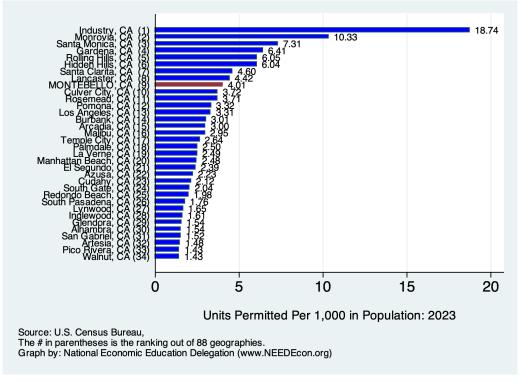


Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank) Paradise town, CA (1)
Woodland, CA (88)
Lancaster, CA (89)
Fairfield, CA (90)
Guadalupe, CA (91)
California City, CA (92) 86.39 4.42 4.34 4.30 King City, Lemon Grove, San Diego, Yucaipa, MONTEBELLO, 4.05 4.01 American Canyon, CA Sanger, CA 3.98 Sanger, CA (99) lone, CA (100) Berkeley, CA (101) Escondido, CA (102) Loomis town, CA (103) Brawley, CA (104) Sunnyvale, CA (105) Atascadero, CA (106) Belvedere, CA (515) 3.96 3.96 3.95 3.95 3.92 3.90 3.87 0.00 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies.
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Los Angeles County (Rank)



Montebello - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Montebello

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

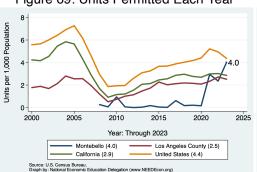
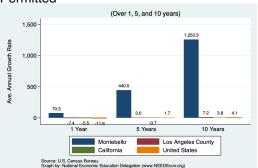


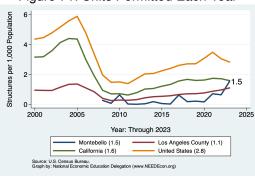
Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

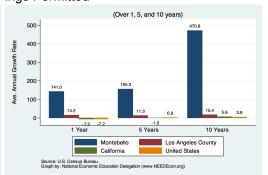


Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Montebello

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

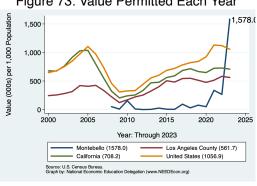
Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year





Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Montebello

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year



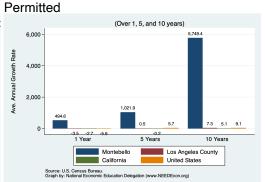


Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

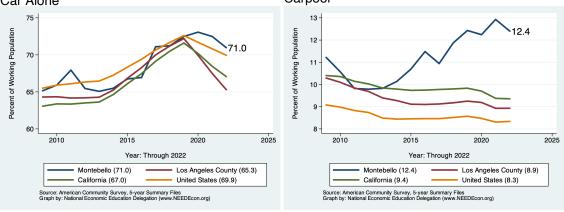
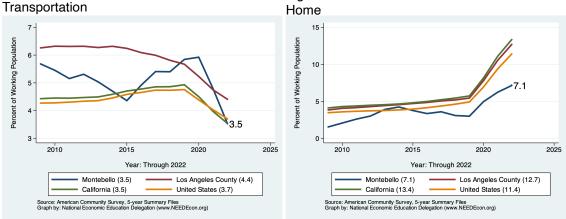


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Montebello. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Montebello. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Ma	le	Fem	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	14, 167	87.4	10,655	77.7	24,822	83.4	78.0
Drove Alone	12,414	76.6	8,716	63.5	21,130	71.0	68.4
Carpooled:	1,753	10.8	1,939	14.1	3,692	12.4	9.5
In 2-person carpool	1,319	8.1	1,356	9.9	2,675	9.0	6.9
In 3-person carpool	309	1.9	476	3.5	785	2.6	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	125	0.8	107	0.8	232	0.8	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	364	2.2	686	5.0	1,050	3.5	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	350	2.2	617	4.5	967	3.2	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	5	0.0	34	0.2	39	0.1	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	18	0.1	18	0.1	0.3
Railroad	9	0.1	17	0.1	26	0.1	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	98	0.6	9	0.1	107	0.4	0.7
Walked	332	2.0	274	2.0	606	2.0	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	150	0.9	200	1.5	350	1.2	1.7
Worked at Home	813	5.0	1,315	9.6	2,128	7.1	13.6
Total:	15,924	98.3	13, 139	95.8	29,063	97.6	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	le	Fem	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	10,898	82.7	8,349	74.0	19,247	78.7	78.0
Drove Alone	9,638	73.2	6,884	61.0	16,522	67.6	68.5
Carpooled:	1,260	9.6	1,465	13.0	2,725	11.1	9.5
In 2-person carpool	760	5.8	970	8.6	1,730	7.1	6.9
In 3-person carpool	199	1.5	270	2.4	469	1.9	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	301	2.3	225	2.0	526	2.2	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	291	2.2	563	5.0	854	3.5	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	266	2.0	563	5.0	829	3.4	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	25	0.2	0	0.0	25	0.1	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	128	1.0	6	0.1	134	0.5	0.7
Walked	296	2.2	216	1.9	512	2.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	120	0.9	227	2.0	347	1.4	1.7
Worked at Home	813	6.2	1,315	11.7	2,128	8.7	13.6
Total:	12,546	95.2	10,676	94.6	23, 222	95.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	Mal	е	Fer	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	349	2.3	155	1.2	504	1.8	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	678	4.4	606	4.7	1,284	4.6	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	1,310	8.5	1,044	8.1	2,354	8.4	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,552	10.0	1,539	12.0	3,091	11.0	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	2,411	15.6	1,479	11.5	3,890	13.8	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	914	5.9	919	7.2	1,833	6.5	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	3,035	19.6	2,263	17.7	5,298	18.8	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	203	1.3	310	2.4	513	1.8	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	810	5.2	541	4.2	1,351	4.8	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	1,652	10.7	1,334	10.4	2,986	10.6	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	1,566	10.1	1,206	9.4	2,772	9.8	7.9
90 or more minutes	631	4.1	428	3.3	1,059	3.8	4.0
Total:	15,111	97.8	11,824	92.2	26,935	95.6	

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

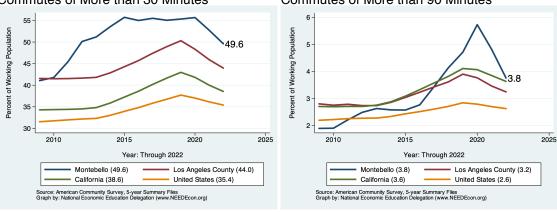
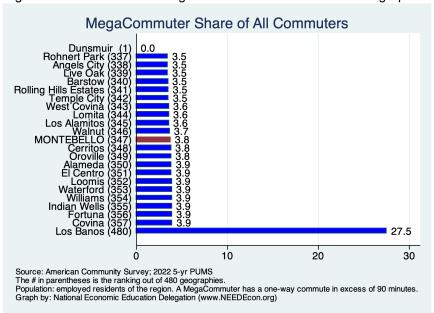


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

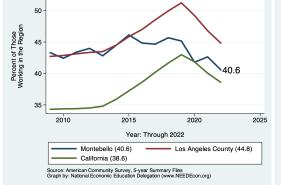
Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WOIRIEA	or aroun						
	Mal	е	Ferr	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	192	1.5	153	1.4	345	1.5	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	755	5.9	643	5.9	1,398	5.9	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	1,053	8.2	1,234	11.4	2,287	9.7	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,615	12.6	1,398	12.9	3,013	12.8	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	1,731	13.5	1,203	11.1	2,934	12.5	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	925	7.2	640	5.9	1,565	6.6	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	2,090	16.3	1,602	14.8	3,692	15.7	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	379	3.0	214	2.0	593	2.5	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	441	3.4	387	3.6	828	3.5	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	1,332	10.4	788	7.3	2,120	9.0	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	642	5.0	812	7.5	1,454	6.2	7.9
90 or more minutes	578	4.5	287	2.7	865	3.7	4.0
Total:	11,733	91.5	9,361	86.6	21,094	89.6	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes



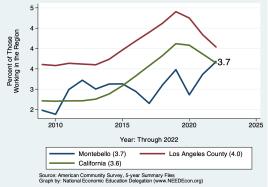
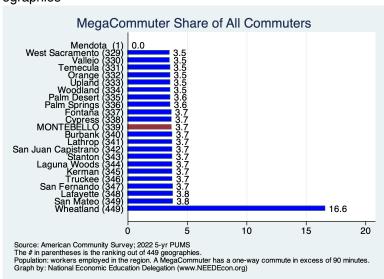


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Montebello work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Montebello's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Montebello city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fem	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	15,919	98.2	13, 101	95.5	29,020	97.5	99.6
Worked in county of residence	14,754	91.1	12,551	91.5	27,305	91.7	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	1,165	7.2	550	4.0	1,715	5.8	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	5	0.0	38	0.3	43	0.1	0.4
Total:	15,924	98.3	13, 139	95.8	29,063	97.6	

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

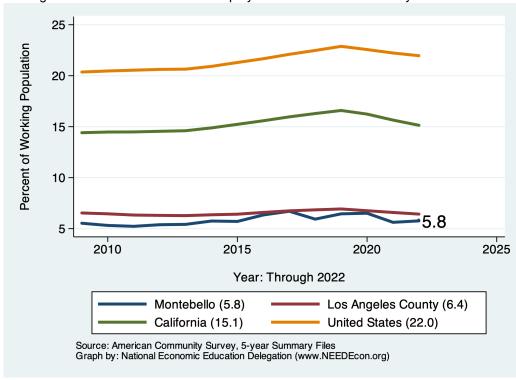
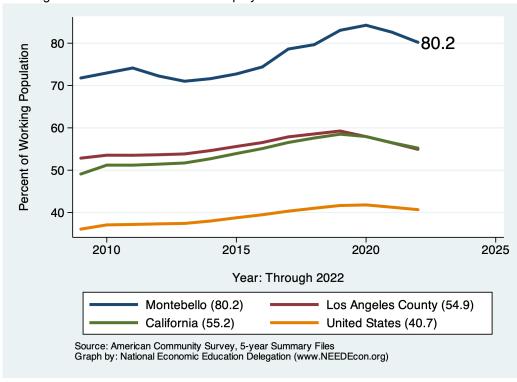


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Fem	ale	All Wo	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	15,924	98.3	13, 139	95.8	29,063	97.6	95.9
Worked in place of residence	2,448	15.1	2,733	19.9	5, 181	17.4	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	13,476	83.2	10,406	75.9	23,882	80.2	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	15,924	98.3	13, 139	95.8	29,063	97.6	

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	38,688	48, 566	103.1	46, 171	102.6
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	36,289	36,463	128.8	34,487	128.8
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	25,083	40, 179	80.8	45,100	68.1
Walked	27,273	29,366	120.2	27,142	123.0
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	26,997	40,433	86.4	36,140	91.4
Worked from home	43,643	75, 153	75.2	67,180	79.5
Total:	37,658	48,747	77.3	46,099	81.7

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	5,612	44.9	7,894	76.2	4,078	74.7	21, 130	71.0	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,198	9.6	1,362	13.2	533	9.8	3,692	12.4	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	524	4.2	187	1.8	110	2.0	1,050	3.5	3.6
Walked	293	2.3	180	1.7	1	0.0	606	2.0	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	163	1.3	121	1.2	32	0.6	457	1.5	2.4
Worked at Home	643	5.1	610	5.9	704	12.9	2,128	7.1	13.6
Total:	8,433	67.5	10, 354		5, 458		29,063	97.6	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	4, 554	42.2	6,070	78.4	3, 240	74.0	16,522	67.6	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,065	9.9	707	9.1	339	7.7	2,725	11.1	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	502	4.6	149	1.9	25	0.6	854	3.5	3.6
Walked	260	2.4	148	1.9	16	0.4	512	2.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	191	1.8	57	0.7	52	1.2	481	2.0	2.4
Worked at Home	643	6.0	610	7.9	704	16.1	2,128	8.7	13.6
Total:	7, 215	66.8	7,741		4,376		23, 222	95.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,023	57.9	1,133	36.2	18,974	71.9	21, 130	71.0	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	66	3.7	170	5.4	3,456	13.1	3,692	12.4	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	172	9.7	58	1.9	820	3.1	1,050	3.5	3.6
Walked	79	4.5	50	1.6	477	1.8	606	2.0	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	9	0.5	67	2.1	381	1.4	457	1.5	2.4
Worked at Home	95	5.4	308	9.9	1,725	6.5	2,128	7.1	13.6
Total:	1,444	81.7	1,786	57.1	25,833	97.9	29,063	97.6	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		of Pov	Al	ı	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	690	36.3	996	37.4	14,836	72.1	16,522	67.7	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	51	2.7	307	11.5	2,367	11.5	2,725	11.2	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	157	8.3	120	4.5	577	2.8	854	3.5	3.6
Walked	36	1.9	50	1.9	426	2.1	512	2.1	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	481	2.3	481	2.0	2.4
Worked at Home	95	5.0	308	11.6	1,725	8.4	2,128	8.7	13.6
Total:	1,029	54.1	1,781	66.9	20,412	99.1	23, 222	95.1	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Montebello is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

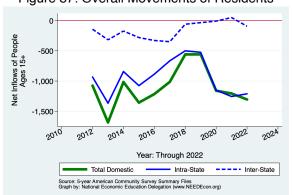


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		N	et Inflows			
			_	-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	8,223	-524	-269	-245	-52	42
With income	43,138	-489	-194	-503	-42	250
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	6,523	206	176	3	0	27
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,510	-119	-118	-31	-1	31
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6,113	-174	-98	-82	3	3
\$25,000 to \$34,999	6,536	140	-3	9	-24	158
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6,676	89	188	-67	-32	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	3,762	-179	-92	-83	-4	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	2,089	-56	-87	0	0	31
\$75,000 or more	6,929	-396	-160	-252	16	0
All:	51, 361	-1,013	-463	-748	-94	292

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

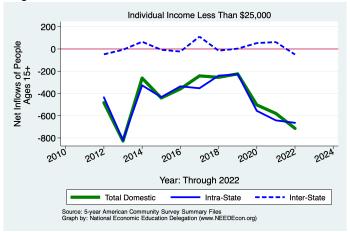


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

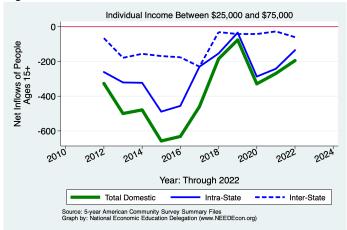
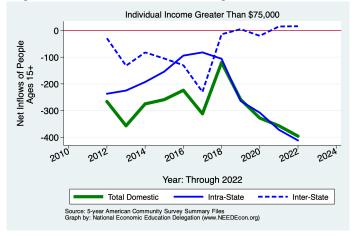


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

	Net Inflows					
		Same State				-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Never married	22,083	-460	-13	-402	-89	44
Now married, except separated	20,476	-459	-336	-355	3	229
Divorced	4,403	-70	-64	-11	-8	13
Separated	1,245	-5	-3	-2	0	0
Widowed	3,154	-19	-47	22	0	6
Total:	51, 361	-1,013	-463	-748	-94	292

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		Net Inflows				
		Same State			-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	28, 252	-1,293	-762	-527	-44	40
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	32,606	354	588	-460	-20	246
Total:	60,858	-939	-174	-987	-64	286

Year: Through 2022

Year: Through 2022

Owner: Intra-State
Renter: Intra-State
Renter: Intra-State
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

		Net Inflows				
		Same State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	2,864	48	183	-142	7	0
5 to 17 years	9,453	-93	2	-103	-21	29
18 and 19 years	1,381	-9	27	-14	-22	0
20 to 24 years	4,315	27	87	-94	19	15
25 to 29 years	5,349	230	165	-42	-56	163
30 to 34 years	4,719	-49	79	-167	-5	44
35 to 39 years	3,707	-102	17	-118	-1	0
40 to 44 years	3,898	-364	-268	-141	18	27
45 to 49 years	4,208	-198	-200	-10	4	8
50 to 54 years	3,609	-192	-119	-29	-44	0
55 to 59 years	3,883	-74	-70	-4	0	0
60 to 64 years	3,407	-61	28	-89	0	0
65 to 69 years	2,803	-197	-120	-69	-8	0
70 to 74 years	2,386	46	32	0	14	0
75 years and over	5,425	-7	-32	19	0	6
Total Population:	61,407	-995	-189	-1,003	-95	292

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows					
		Same State			-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	11,222	8	12	18	-22	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	10,977	-143	-107	-25	-34	23
Some college or assoc. degree	11,846	-367	-121	-343	-30	127
Bachelor's degree	6,512	-261	-184	-183	24	82
Graduate or professional degree	2,837	-205	-88	-117	-16	16
Total:	43, 394	-968	-488	-650	-78	248

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration			
Same House 1 Year Ago	31,617	31,617			
Moved Within Same County	38,156	41,711			
Moved Between States	22,778	26,346			
Moved from Abroad	29,578				
Total Population:	31,864	32, 176			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	40.1	40.1
Moved Within Same County	27.8	32.7
Moved to Different County, Same State	33.8	32.6
Moved Between States	24.3	27.5
Moved from Abroad	27.6	
Total Population:	38.4	39.0

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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