Los Gatos, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Los Gatos and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Los Gatos (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Los Gatos. These indicators are compared to Santa Clara County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Los Gatos demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Los Gatos and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Los Gatos, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
 the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
 proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
 who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Los Gatos, but do
 not necessarily live in Los Gatos.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Los Gatos's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	33,093.0	30,729.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	1,054.0	998.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	25.1	21.8
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	23,782.0	22,572.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	3.9	4.1
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	22.9	22.0
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	20.1	20.8
Female persons (%, 5yr)	50.3	51.1
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	198,117.0	155,863.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	120,561.0	87,111.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	3.9	3.8
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	151.0	125.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	2.0	1.9
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	71.7	78.6
African American alone (%, 5yr)	1.2	0.9
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	0.1	0.1
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	17.2	14.8
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.0	0.1
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	7.3	4.8
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	8.2	7.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	69.1	72.3
HOUSING		
Housing units (#, 5yr)	13,765.0	13,063.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	64.3	64.9
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	2,000,001.0	1,694,000.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	4,001.0	4,001.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	1,396.0	989.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr) FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS	2,870.0	2,341.0
	10.055.0	10.000.0
Households (#, 5yr)	12,855.0 2.5	12,083.0 2.5
Persons per household (#, 5yr) Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	85.4	2.5 85.8
EDUCATION		03.0
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	97.6	97.0
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	74.8	69.8
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	707.0	932.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr) LABOR FORCE	1.5	1.5
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	61.3	61.0
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	52.0	53.2
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	56.2	56.0
Self employed (%, 5yr)	14.0	16.1
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	20.8	28.8
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	63.9	80.5
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	1.0	1.3
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	27.2	8.0

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	2023		% Cha	nge					
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year					
City									
Los Gatos	33,102	-0.20	6.48	6.80					
County and Broader Regions									
Santa Clara County	1,886,079	-0.26	-3.04	-3.17					
Bay Area	7,548,792	-0.45	-2.58	-2.62					
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01					

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)

				% Change				
City	2022	2023	Local	Bay Area	California			
Santa Clara County	1,891.0	1,886.1	-0.26	-0.45	-0.35			
San Jose	963.7	959.3	-0.47					
Sunnyvale	156.4	156.3	-0.03					
Santa Clara	130.5	132.5	1.54					
Mountain View	83.9	83.6	-0.30					
Milpitas	80.9	81.1	0.25					
Palo Alto	67.7	67.3	-0.60					
Gilroy	59.7	60.1	0.62					
Cupertino	59.7	59.2	-0.87					
Morgan Hill	46.2	45.9	-0.67					
Campbell	43.1	42.7	-0.88					
Los Gatos	33.2	33.1	-0.20					
Los Altos	31.3	31.0	-0.76					
Saratoga	30.8	30.6	-0.62					
Los Altos Hills	8.4	8.4	-0.40					
Monte Sereno	3.5	3.5	1.09					

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 1: Population Growth (1) 20 Percent Change from 2010 10 0. -10 -20 1990 2000 2010 2020 2030 Year, through 2023 Los Gatos (12.7%) Santa Clara County (5.9%) California (4.6%) Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

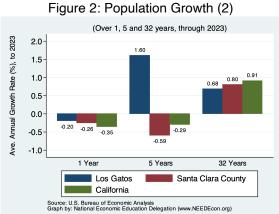
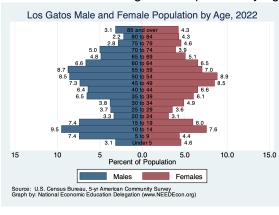


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



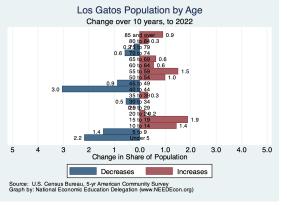
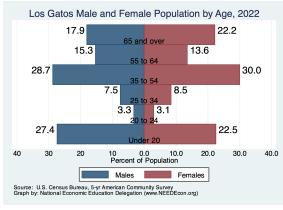


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



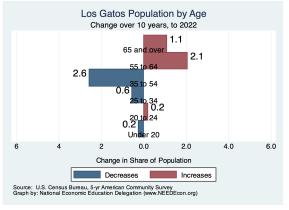
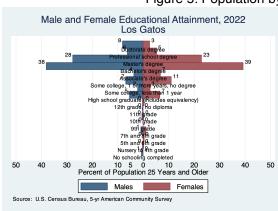


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



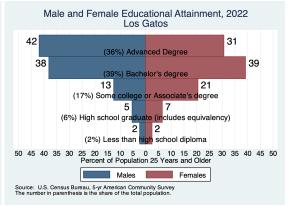


Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

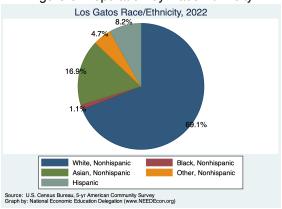
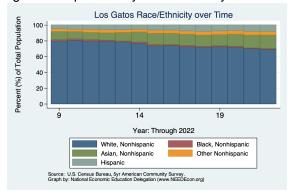


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

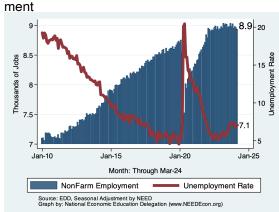
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Los Gatos Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:							
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year				
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103				
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96				
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97				
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9				

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



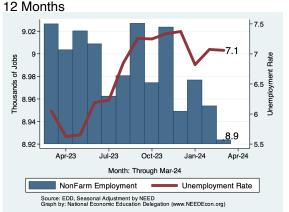
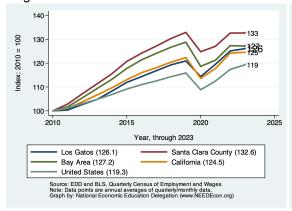
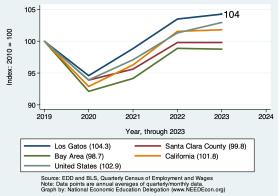


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Santa Clara County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Santa Clara County for March, 2024

			Empl		% Gro	wth - An	nualized	Rate	
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	1, 160, 919	100.0	3,973.9	4.2	1.6	1.5	0.2	3.0	0.5
Goods Producing	228,703	19.7	278.5	1.5	-4.9	-2.6	-2.1	2.6	0.7
Mining and Logging	200	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	33.3	0.0
Construction	53,354	4.6	517.3	12.4	-7.2	-4.8	-2.0	2.0	1.0
Manufacturing	174,825	15.1	-383.1	-2.6	-4.9	-2.1	-2.1	2.6	0.5
Durable Goods	167,204	14.4	-401.3	-2.8	-5.0	-2.3	-2.5	2.7	1.0
Non-Durable Goods	7,374	0.6	11.1	1.8	-2.3	0.9	4.3	1.3	-6.7
Service Providing	933,606	80.4	4,375.2	5.8	3.2	2.5	0.7	3.2	0.5
Trade, Trans & Utilities	118,031	10.2	204.7	2.1	-0.6	-1.4	-1.2	0.3	-1.8
Wholesale Trade	27,780	2.4	-2.5	-0.1	-2.6	-4.7	-3.5	-0.1	-2.4
Retail Trade	72,175	6.2	106.5	1.8	0.2	-0.1	0.1	-0.4	-2.6
Information	96,423	8.3	225.9	2.9	-10.1	-7.7	-7.4	-2.9	-0.1
Financial Activities	37,808	3.3	5.0	0.2	0.1	-1.0	-0.8	-0.2	0.6
Finance & Insurance	21,366	1.8	35.0	2.0	-0.0	-3.1	-1.8	-2.7	-0.2
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	16,408	1.4	-34.9	-2.5	0.5	2.6	0.6	3.6	1.6
Professional & Business Srvcs	250,804	21.6	2,129.1	10.8	5.5	4.3	-0.2	1.4	0.9
Prof, Sci, & Tech	169,093	14.6	753.2	5.5	0.5	1.7	-1.9	0.8	0.8
Educational & Health Srvcs	204,231	17.6	1,015.2	6.2	6.9	6.3	6.1	6.0	3.2
Education Srvcs	50,684	4.4	58.2	1.4	3.6	3.6	4.0	6.5	0.7
Health Care & Social Assistance	152,533	13.1	1,088.1	9.0	6.5	7.8	6.9	5.5	3.8
Leisure & Hospitality	102,403	8.8	572.1	7.0	4.6	3.8	1.8	17.3	-0.4
Other Srvcs	24,284	2.1	261.2	13.9	-10.1	-3.0	-1.2	4.9	-3.1
Government	97,358	8.4	697.2	9.0	6.8	4.5	3.6	3.4	0.5
Federal	9,920	0.9	13.7	1.7	1.2	-0.5	-0.1	-1.3	0.4
State	6,856	0.6	25.0	4.5	6.8	1.4	1.3	2.3	0.5
Local	80,812	7.0	630.7	9.9	7.8	5.2	4.2	4.2	0.5

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Los Gatos

Figure 12: Employment by Occupation



Figure 13: Employment by Industry



Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home



Figure 15: Citizenship



Figure 16: Employment by Occupation



Figure 17: Employment by Industry



Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home



Figure 19: Citizenship



Figure 20: Employment by Occupation



Figure 21: Employment by Industry



Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home



Figure 23: Citizenship



Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Los Gatos. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

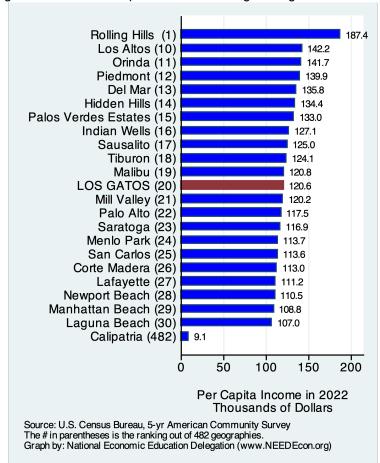
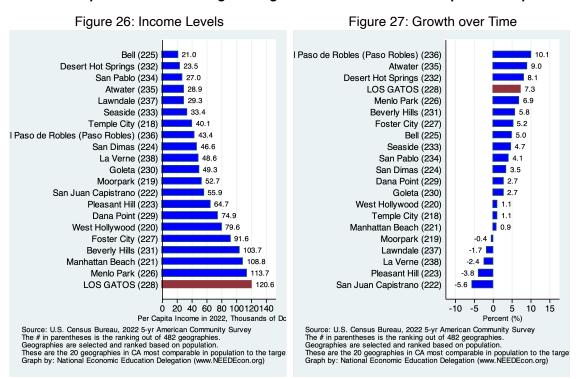


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time Over the last 1, 5, and 10 years 140 Annual Growth Rate to 2022 (%) 130 Indexed to 100 in 2010 120 110 100 90 Ave. 2025 Year: Through 2022 Santa Clara County Los Gatos (131.4%) Santa Clara County (136.7%) Los Gatos California (116.4%) United States (112.5%) California United States Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org) Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Santa Clara County

Figure 28: Income Levels Gilroy (15) San Jose (14) Milpitas (13) Morgan Hill (12) Campbell (11) Santa Clara (10) Sunnyvale (9) 89.4 Cupertino (8) Mountain View (7) 102.1 Saratoga (6) Palo Alto (5) 117.5 LOS GATOS (4) 120.6 Los Altos (3) 142.2 Monte Sereno (2) 157.9 Los Altos Hills (1) 20 40 60 80 100 120 140 160 180 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-yr American Community Survey
The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 15 geographies.
Geographies are selected and ranked based on population.
These are the cities in the same county as the target city.
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

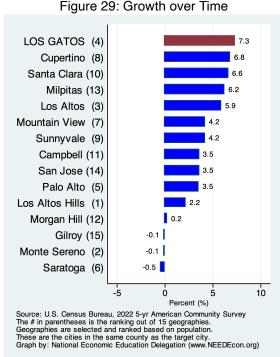


Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide Plandome Manor village, NY (149) Lloyd Harbor village, NY (150) Belle Terre village, NY (151) 123,598 123.386 Edgeworth borough, PA (152 122.468 Frontenac, MO (153) 121.798 Bratenahl village, OH (154) 121 440 Golf village, IL (155) Saddle River borough, NJ (156) Malibu, CA (157) 121.116 120.964 120.795 Sunfish Lake, MN (158 LOS GATOS, CA (159 Gates Mills village, OH (160 Mill Valley, CA (161 120.771 120.561 120.553 120.154 Orchard Lake Village, MI Isle of Palms, SC 120.095 119.429 Long Beach, IN (164 119 126 Groton Long Point borough, CT (165) Fenwick Island, DE (166) 119 042 118.955 Lake Quivira, KS (167 Biltmore Forest, NC (168 118.919 117.858 Meridian Hills, IN (169) 117.811 0510225334555657389950050323330 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 19,695 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Poverty and Inequality

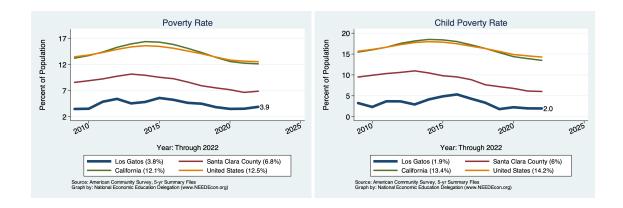
Definition:

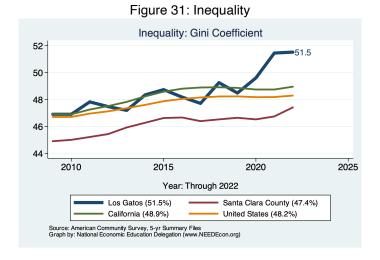
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.





Bottom Quintile Second Quintile Top Quintile Top 5%

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution



Santa Clara County

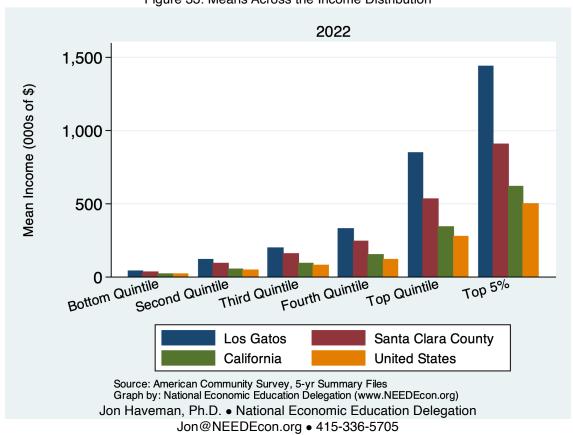
United States

Los Gatos

California

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files



Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty

percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

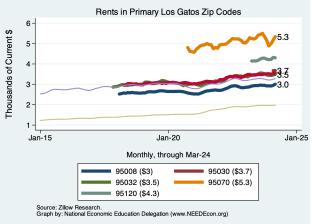
Cost of Housing in Los Gatos and Broader Regions

Figure 34: Median Home Prices



Figure 35: Median Rents

Rents in Primary Los Gatos Zip Co



Housing Ownership in Los Gatos and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

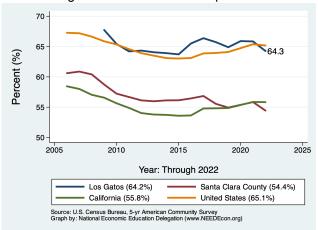


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

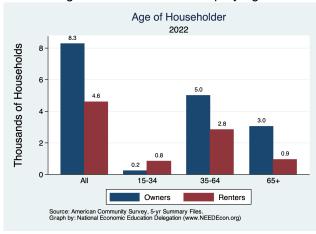


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

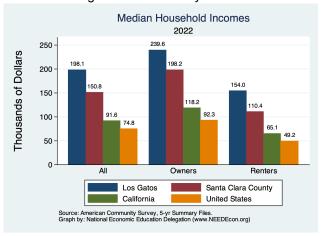


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

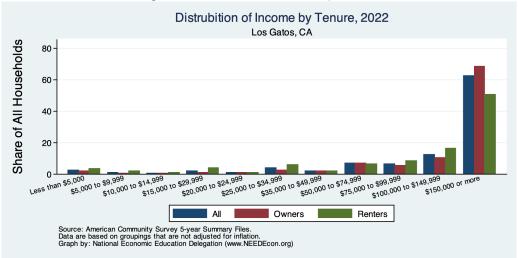


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

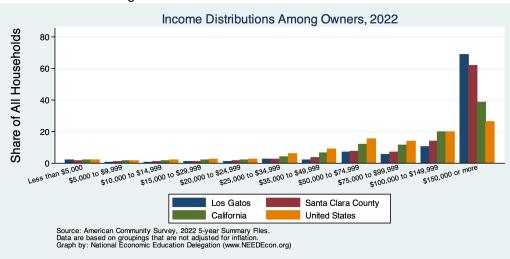
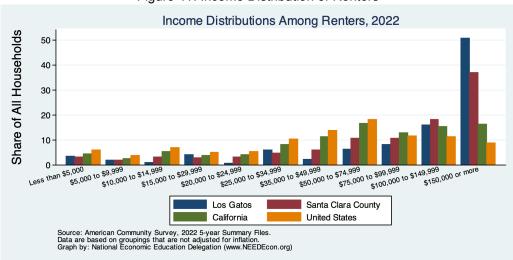


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Los Gatos and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

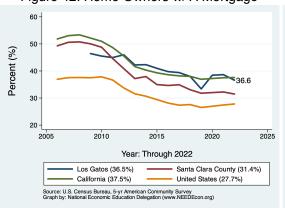


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

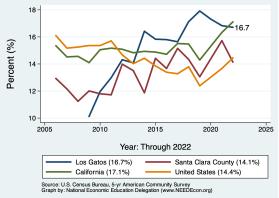


Figure 44: Renters

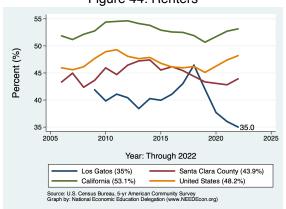
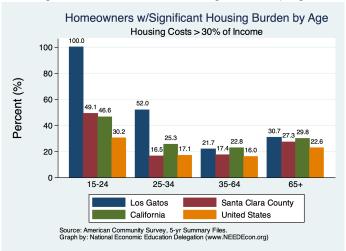


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% Cha	ange from
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	33,102.0	30,720.0	29,413.0	7.8	12.5
Total # of Homes	14,006.0	13,314.0	13,050.0	5.2	7.3
# Occupied Units	13,233.0	12,517.0	12,355.0	5.7	7.1
Persons per Household	2.5	2.4	2.4	1.9	5.1
Vacancy Rate (%)	5.5	6.0	5.3	-7.8	3.6

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

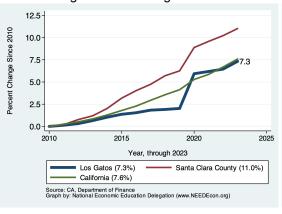


Figure 47: Persons per Household

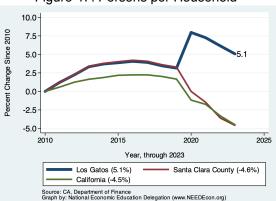


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

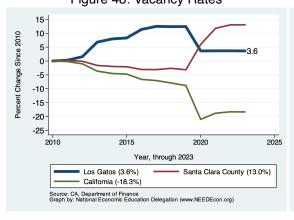
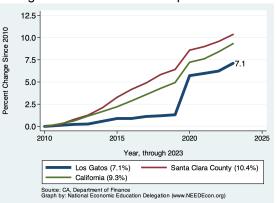


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -

Year, through 2023

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Los Gatos (10.0%)

California (5.8%)

2020

Santa Clara County (4.4%)

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

Percent Change Since 2010

0.0

2010

Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

15.012.510.07.55.02010

2015

Vear, through 2023

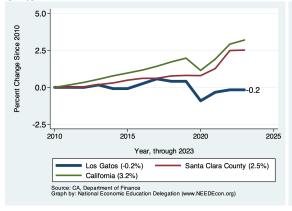
Los Gatos (5.8%)
California (9.3%)

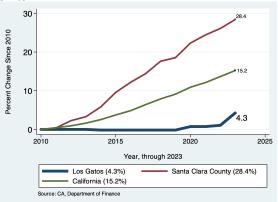
Santa Clara County (15.0%)

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units





Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Los Gatos was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Santa Clara County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional hous-

ing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

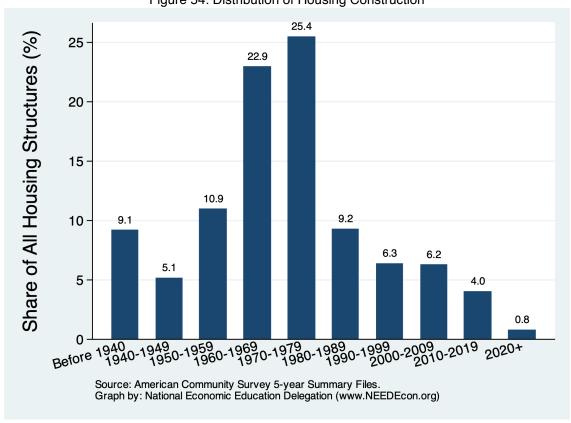


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

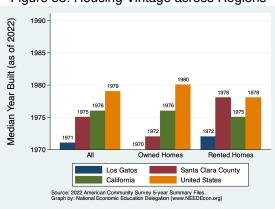


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

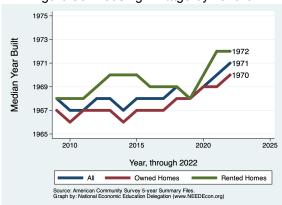


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

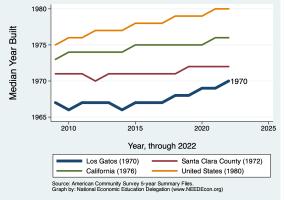
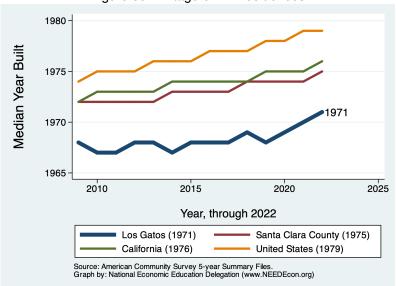


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences



Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

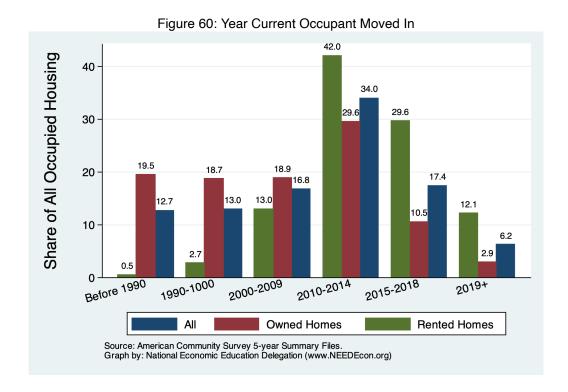


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

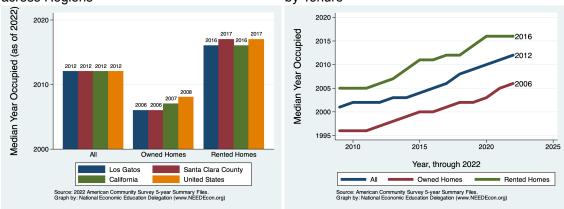


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

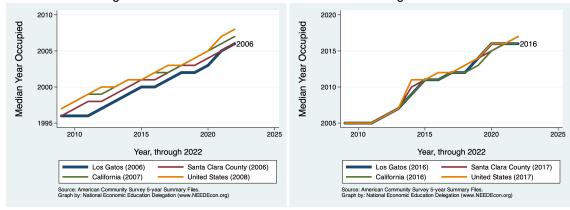
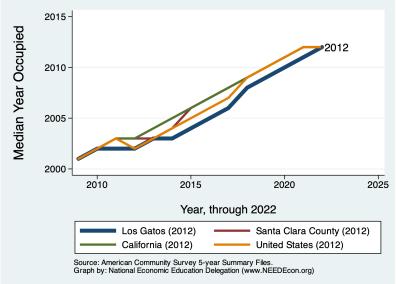


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing



Residential Permitting

Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Los Gatos is compared with data from Santa Clara County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Los Gatos - Ranking Among Comparables

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)



Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)



Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Santa Clara County (Rank)



Los Gatos - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Los Gatos

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

N/A

N/A

Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Los Gatos

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Build-

Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year ings Permitted

N/A

N/A

Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Los Gatos

Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year P

Permitted

N/A

N/A

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

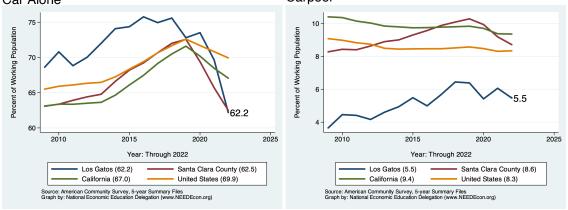
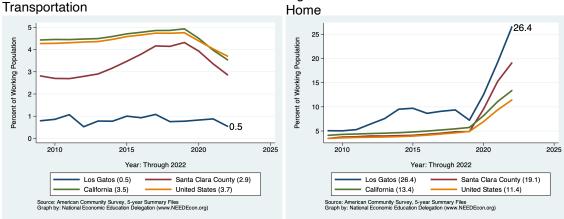


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Los Gatos. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Los Gatos. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	M	Male Female		nale	ale All Workers		
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	6,114	70.0	4, 279	63.9	10, 393	67.6	78.0
Drove Alone	5,747	65.8	3,806	56.9	9,553	62.2	68.4
Carpooled:	367	4.2	473	7.1	840	5.5	9.5
In 2-person carpool	336	3.8	407	6.1	743	4.8	6.9
In 3-person carpool	11	0.1	60	0.9	71	0.5	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	20	0.2	6	0.1	26	0.2	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	61	0.7	23	0.3	84	0.5	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	42	0.5	5	0.1	47	0.3	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	19	0.2	18	0.3	37	0.2	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	97	1.1	16	0.2	113	0.7	0.7
Walked	144	1.6	197	2.9	341	2.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	158	1.8	45	0.7	203	1.3	1.7
Worked at Home	2,162	24.7	1,901	28.4	4,063	26.4	13.6
Total:	8,736	100.0	6,461	96.5	15, 197	98.9	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	le	Female		All W	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	8,506	74.9	9,274	79.5	17,780	77.5	78.0
Drove Alone	7,774	68.5	8,297	71.1	16,071	70.0	68.5
Carpooled:	732	6.4	977	8.4	1,709	7.4	9.5
In 2-person carpool	459	4.0	722	6.2	1,181	5.1	6.9
In 3-person carpool	126	1.1	144	1.2	270	1.2	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	147	1.3	111	1.0	258	1.1	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	82	0.7	57	0.5	139	0.6	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	82	0.7	24	0.2	106	0.5	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	19	0.2	19	0.1	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	14	0.1	14	0.1	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	184	1.6	124	1.1	308	1.3	0.7
Walked	167	1.5	182	1.6	349	1.5	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	179	1.6	131	1.1	310	1.4	1.7
Worked at Home	2,162	19.0	1,901	16.3	4,063	17.7	13.6
Total:	11, 280	99.3	11,669	100.0	22, 949	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	Ma	le	Fem	Female		rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	85	1.1	191	3.2	276	2.1	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	212	2.9	394	6.7	606	4.6	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	448	6.1	734	12.5	1,182	8.9	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	728	9.8	562	9.6	1,290	9.7	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	1,192	16.1	486	8.3	1,678	12.6	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	739	10.0	319	5.4	1,058	8.0	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	1,279	17.3	666	11.3	1,945	14.6	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	287	3.9	116	2.0	403	3.0	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	427	5.8	197	3.3	624	4.7	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	666	9.0	584	9.9	1,250	9.4	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	409	5.5	251	4.3	660	5.0	7.9
90 or more minutes	102	1.4	60	1.0	162	1.2	4.0
Total:	6,574	88.9	4,560	77.5	11, 134	83.8	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

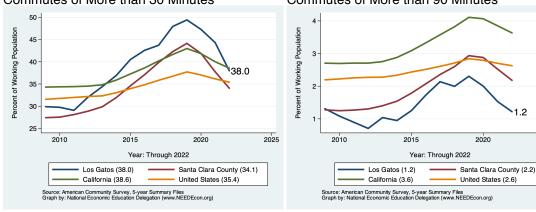
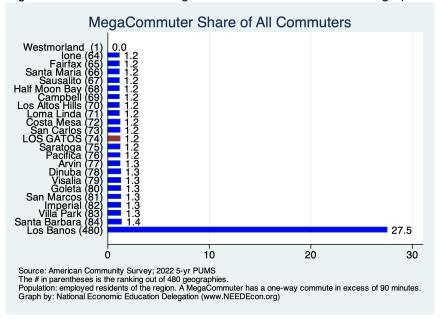


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies

2025



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WUNKFLAG	L GLOG	NAFIII					
	Ma	ale	Ferr	Female		rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	168	1.7	216	2.0	384	1.9	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	454	4.6	706	6.6	1,160	5.7	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	1,335	13.7	1,240	11.7	2,575	12.7	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,386	14.2	1,703	16.0	3,089	15.2	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	1,529	15.7	1,676	15.8	3,205	15.8	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	536	5.5	881	8.3	1,417	7.0	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	1,414	14.5	1,298	12.2	2,712	13.4	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	323	3.3	249	2.3	572	2.8	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	388	4.0	337	3.2	725	3.6	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	665	6.8	930	8.7	1,595	7.9	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	469	4.8	396	3.7	865	4.3	7.9
90 or more minutes	451	4.6	136	1.3	587	2.9	4.0
Total:	9,118	93.4	9,768	91.8	18,886	93.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

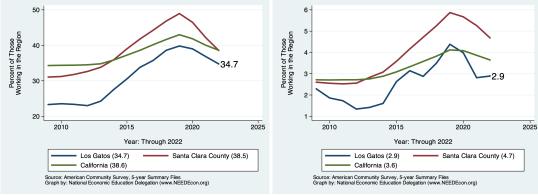
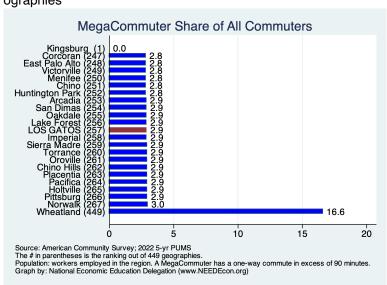


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Los Gatos work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Los Gatos's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Los Gatos city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fem	Female		All Workers	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	8,724	99.9	6,423	96.0	15, 147	98.6	99.6
Worked in county of residence	7,939	90.9	5,737	85.7	13,676	89.0	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	785	9.0	686	10.2	1,471	9.6	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	12	0.1	38	0.6	50	0.3	0.4
Total:	8,736	100.0	6,461	96.5	15, 197	98.9	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

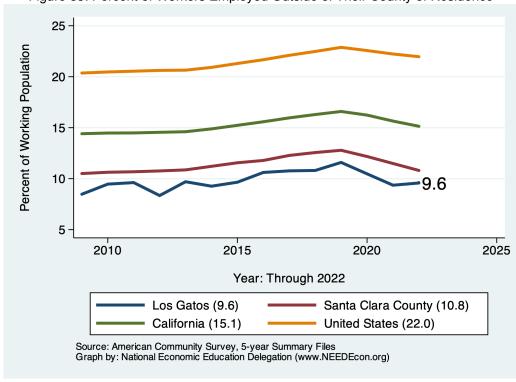
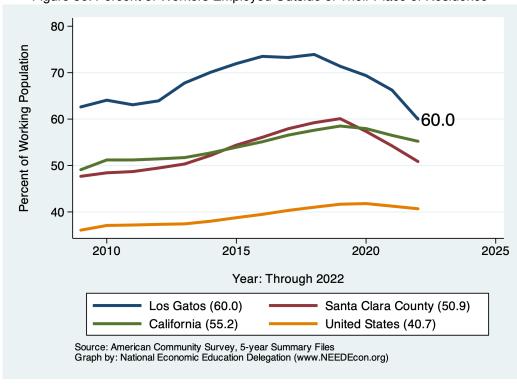


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	M	lale	Fem	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	8,736	100.0	6,461	96.5	15, 197	98.9	95.9
Worked in place of residence	3,110	35.6	2,869	42.9	5,979	38.9	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	5,626	64.4	3,592	53.7	9,218	60.0	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	8,736	100.0	6,461	96.5	15, 197	98.9	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City California			United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	135, 968	48, 566	97.4	46, 171	96.9
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	127,500	36,463	121.7	34,487	121.7
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	132,273	40,179	114.6	45,100	96.5
Walked		29,366		27,142	
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	97,875	40,433	84.2	36,140	89.1
Worked from home	198, 361	75, 153	91.9	67, 180	97.2
Total:	140,080	48,747	287.4	46,099	303.9

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,163	45.3	1,437	45.3	6,561	61.7	9,553	62.2	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	216	8.4	24	0.8	535	5.0	840	5.5	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	12	0.5	10	0.3	62	0.6	84	0.5	3.6
Walked	164	6.4	40	1.3	137	1.3	341	2.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	85	3.3	0	0.0	188	1.8	316	2.1	2.4
Worked at Home	311	12.1	497	15.7	3,148	29.6	4,063	26.4	13.6
Total:	1,951	76.0	2,008	63.2	10,631		15, 197	98.9	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	< \$25,000		-\$74,999	\$75,0	\$75,000+			All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	3,769	60.1	4,317	73.3	6,677	60.8	16,071	70.0	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	438	7.0	324	5.5	528	4.8	1,709	7.4	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	18	0.3	0	0.0	107	1.0	139	0.6	3.6
Walked	132	2.1	53	0.9	164	1.5	349	1.5	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	125	2.0	46	0.8	359	3.3	618	2.7	2.4
Worked at Home	311	5.0	497	8.4	3,148	28.7	4,063	17.7	13.6
Total:	4,793	76.4	5, 237	89.0	10,983		22,949		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Po	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	114	35.5	49	19.1	9,390	62.5	9,553	62.2	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	15	4.7	54	21.1	771	5.1	840	5.5	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	5	1.6	0	0.0	79	0.5	84	0.5	3.6
Walked	1	0.3	63	24.6	277	1.8	341	2.2	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	316	2.1	316	2.1	2.4
Worked at Home	64	19.9	90	35.2	3,909	26.0	4,063	26.4	13.6
Total:	199	62.0	256		14,742	98.1	15, 197	98.9	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	340	33.6	380	40.0	15,347	69.9	16,067	70.0	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	8	0.8	18	1.9	1,683	7.7	1,709	7.4	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	139	0.6	139	0.6	3.6
Walked	10	1.0	10	1.1	329	1.5	349	1.5	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	78	7.7	0	0.0	540	2.5	618	2.7	2.4
Worked at Home	64	6.3	90	9.5	3,909	17.8	4,063	17.7	13.6
Total:	500	49.4	498	52.5	21,947		22,945		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Los Gatos is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

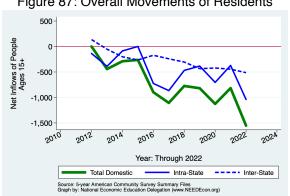


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

			Same	e State		_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	4,067	-320	28	-270	-118	40
With income	22,981	-1,075	-169	-628	-395	117
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	2,613	-367	-25	-248	-110	16
\$10,000 to \$14,999	863	-284	49	-294	-39	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,547	-228	-124	-64	-49	9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,392	-117	-76	41	-96	14
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,427	-300	-202	-61	-37	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	1,231	-19	28	-6	-50	9
\$65,000 to \$74,999	948	-20	-27	28	-21	0
\$75,000 or more	12,960	260	208	-24	7	69
All:	27,048	-1,395	-141	-898	-513	157

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

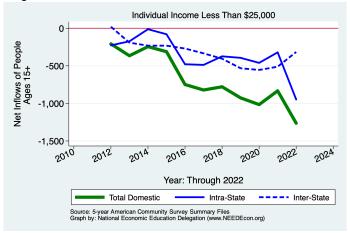
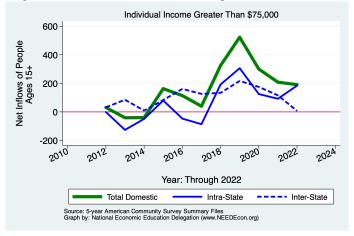


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents



Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

		N				
		Sam	e State		•	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Never married	6,115	-1,085	-268	-657	-195	35
Now married, except separated	16,724	18	276	-232	-120	94
Divorced	2,224	-365	-258	-10	-111	14
Separated	496	-2	41	0	-43	0
Widowed	1,489	39	68	1	-44	14
Total:	27,048	-1,395	-141	-898	-513	157

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		Ne				
		Same State			-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	22,404	-428	120	-413	-241	106
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	10,018	69	286	-281	-61	125
Total:	32,422	-359	406	-694	-302	231

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Year: Through 2022

Year: Intra-State

Renter: Inter-State

Source: 5-year American Community Survey Summary Files
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

		Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
1 to 4 years	1,011	126	147	-68	-5	52		
5 to 17 years	6,283	162	160	-84	40	46		
18 and 19 years	689	-627	-201	-292	-134	0		
20 to 24 years	1,060	-214	-59	-114	-41	0		
25 to 29 years	1,204	-82	-36	-42	-15	11		
30 to 34 years	1,442	100	-15	50	52	13		
35 to 39 years	2,083	110	173	-103	29	11		
40 to 44 years	2,141	-83	166	-232	-26	9		
45 to 49 years	2,616	-169	-35	-31	-112	9		
50 to 54 years	2,874	-55	-123	16	10	42		
55 to 59 years	2,603	-96	-67	-15	-28	14		
60 to 64 years	2,173	-83	16	-50	-49	0		
65 to 69 years	1,646	-84	4	-61	-27	0		
70 to 74 years	1,472	-108	13	0	-121	0		
75 years and over	3,528	19	52	8	-65	24		
Total Population:	32,825	-1,084	195	-1,018	-492	231		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

		Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State		_		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
Less than high school graduate	562	-49	-6	-29	-19	5		
High school graduate (includes equiv)	1,443	-135	0	-81	-68	14		
Some college or assoc. degree	3,989	-103	52	-150	-15	10		
Bachelor's degree	9,210	-186	-10	-111	-125	60		
Graduate or professional degree	8,578	-58	112	-89	-125	44		
Total:	23,782	-531	148	-460	-352	133		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	94,989	94,989
Moved Within Same County	125,579	94,342
Moved to Different County, Same State	86,607	13,627
Moved Between States	71,146	26,993
Moved from Abroad	110, 114	
Total Population:	96,870	85, 107

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	47.7	47.7
Moved Within Same County	37.7	37.6
Moved to Different County, Same State	30.8	27.5
Moved Between States	27.9	40.6
Moved from Abroad	34.5	
Total Population:	45.9	45.7

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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