# Lemoore, California

# Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Lemoore and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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## **Executive Summary**

#### Assessing the City with Indicators

#### **About this Report**

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Lemoore (the City) in the form of indicators.

#### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Lemoore. These indicators are compared to Kings County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

#### **Topics Covered:**

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Lemoore demographics is presented. This provides
  evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status,
  living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond
  the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other
  broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Lemoore and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding
  area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to
  all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are
  also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends
  in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Lemoore, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
  the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
  proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
  who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Lemoore, but do
  not necessarily live in Lemoore.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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## **Demographics**

#### **Definition:**

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

#### Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Lemoore's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	26,955.0	26,107.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	2,100.0	2,777.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	14.4	15.0
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	16,976.0	15,993.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	8.3	8.5
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	26.1	27.3
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	10.5	9.4
Female persons (%, 5yr)	47.4	47.5
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	78,366.0	63,605.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	31,373.0	27,032.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	15.0	15.6
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	1,496.0	1,593.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	21.4	22.7
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	54.6	64.0
African American alone (%, 5yr)	5.0	5.8
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	0.4	1.4
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	8.2	8.1
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.0	0.1
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	16.3	5.2
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	44.8	42.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	37.9	39.7
HOUSING		
Housing units (#, 5yr)	9,310.0	9,062.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	53.7	52.8
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	300,500.0	229,100.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	1,768.0	1,608.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	547.0	458.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,347.0	999.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS	0.004.0	0.740.0
Households (#, 5yr)	8,801.0	8,716.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	3.1	3.0
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr) EDUCATION	84.7	77.7
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	84.5	85.3
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	21.4	20.1
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,993.0	1,784.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr) <b>LABOR FORCE</b>	6.1	5.0
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	63.2	67.2
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	54.0	62.1
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	49.2	58.1
Self employed (%, 5yr)	4.5	4.8
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	24.3	22.7
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	92.1	84.3
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	0.1	0.5
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	2.8	3.9

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

#### **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	2023		% Char	nge
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year
	С	ity		
Lemoore	26,609	-0.48	0.89	2.58
	County and Br	oader Re	gions	
Kings County	151,018	-0.31	-1.42	-0.50
South Central Valley	3,534,481	0.01	-0.90	0.05
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

**Table 2. County Population Change by City** (Thousands, January to January)

				% Change	
City	2022	2023	Local	South Central Valley	California
Kings County	151.5	151.0	-0.31	0.01	-0.35
Hanford	58.3	58.9	1.00		
Lemoore	26.7	26.6	-0.48		
Corcoran	22.0	21.4	-2.72		
Avenal	13.2	13.4	1.62		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation



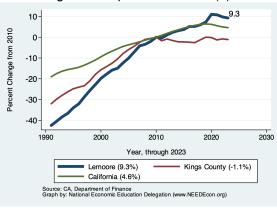


Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

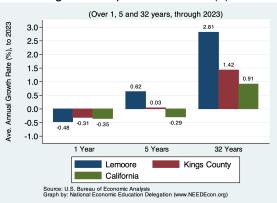
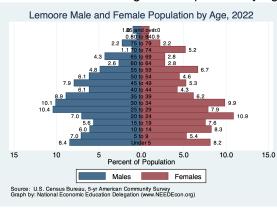


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



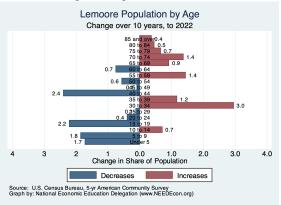
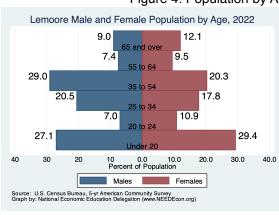


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



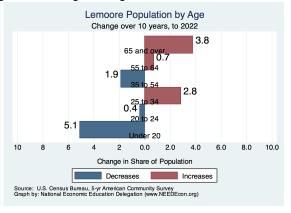
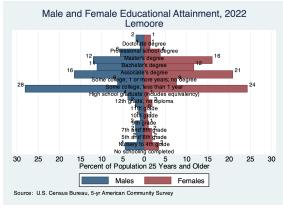


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



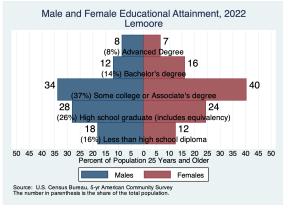


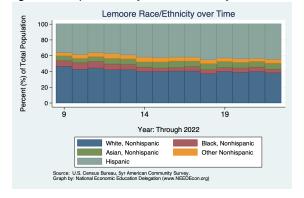
Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

Lemoore Race/Ethnicity, 2022

44.8%

White, Nonhispanic
Asian, Nonhispanic
Hispanic
U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)





## **Employment Report**

#### Citywide Employment and Unemployment

#### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

#### Why is it important?

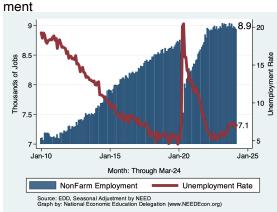
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Lemoore Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:								
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year					
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103					
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96					
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97					
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9					

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



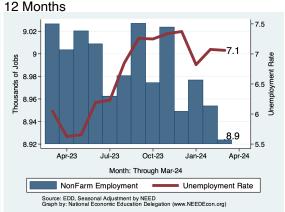
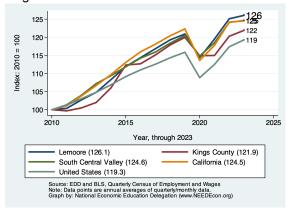
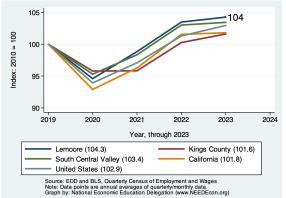


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





### County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Kings County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Kings County for March, 2024

			Empl		% Growth - Annualized Rate				
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	43,664	100.0	160.2	4.5	0.4	3.5	3.0	4.1	1.1
Total Private	28,312	64.8	220.4	9.8	-1.6	3.8	3.3	4.4	1.8
Goods Producing	6,316	14.5	13.4	2.6	4.3	11.4	9.0	4.1	1.2
Mining, Logging and Construction	1,200	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	4.0
Manufacturing	5,069	11.6	38.5	9.6	2.8	13.0	11.0	3.4	0.7
Service Providing	37,253	85.3	77.7	2.5	-0.9	1.2	2.2	4.1	1.1
Trade, Trans & Utilities	6,388	14.6	82.1	16.8	-11.8	-1.9	-3.1	-0.1	-1.8
Wholesale Trade	600	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	4,365	10.0	106.5	34.5	-4.8	-0.4	-0.1	0.7	-0.1
Information	200	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial Activities	800	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-11.1	-3.7	-2.2
Professional & Business Srvcs	1,900	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.8	19.4	11.7
Educational & Health Srvcs	8,032	18.4	19.0	2.9	5.8	7.2	9.5	8.3	4.3
Leisure & Hospitality	3,950	9.0	-24.3	-7.1	-6.2	-6.3	-5.0	3.6	2.2
Other Srvcs	700	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3
Government	15,311	35.1	-66.0	-5.0	3.1	1.8	2.7	3.7	0.2
Federal	1,000	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-16.7	-5.6	-3.3
State	5,600	12.8	0.0	0.0	7.5	3.7	5.7	1.9	0.4
Local	8,709	19.9	-64.1	-8.4	1.5	1.6	3.6	6.5	0.6

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

#### Some Employee Detail

#### **Employed in Lemoore**

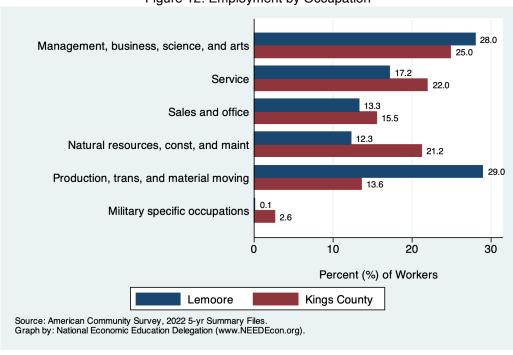
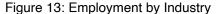
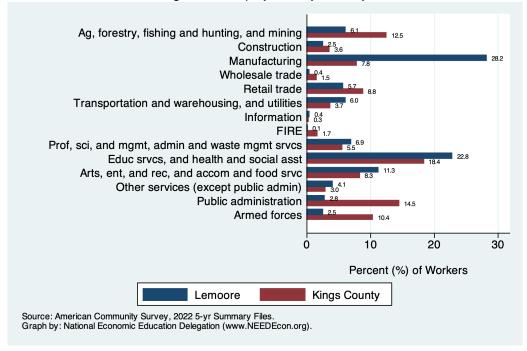


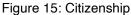
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation

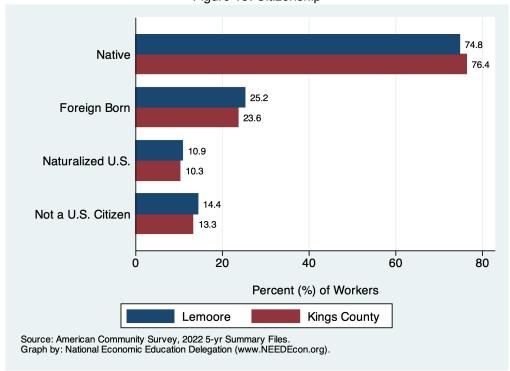




Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well 17.0 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 5.3 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 Percent (%) of Workers Lemoore Kings County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home





#### **Employed Residents of Lemoore**

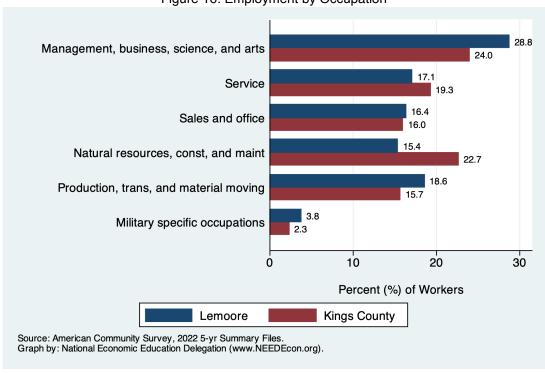
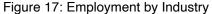
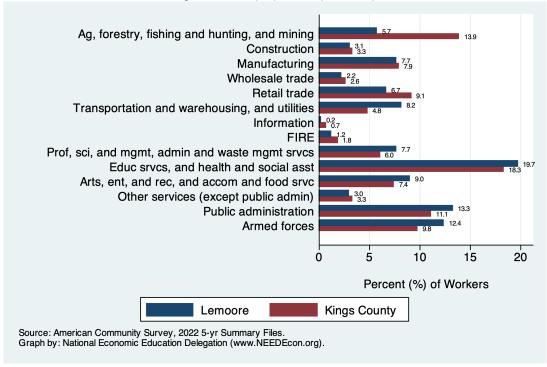


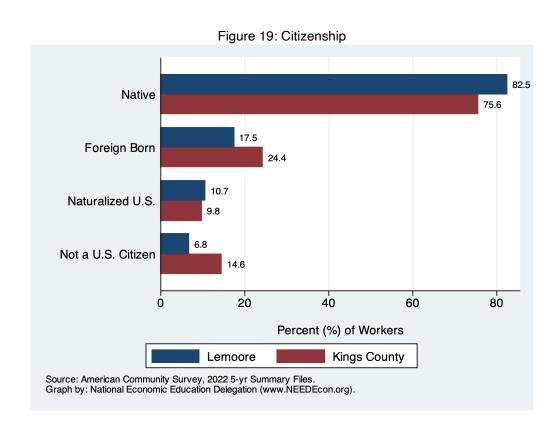
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation





Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) 36.1 14.9 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 18.5 Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 Percent (%) of Workers Lemoore Kings County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home



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#### **Employed Residents vs Workers in Lemoore**

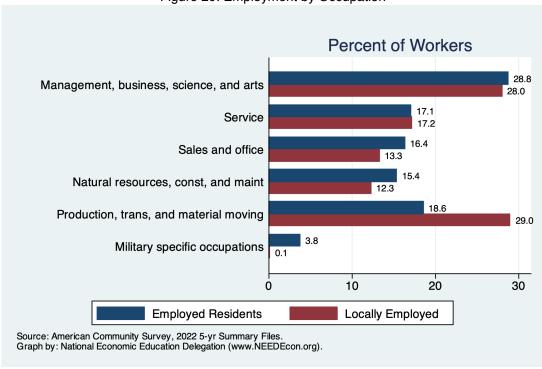
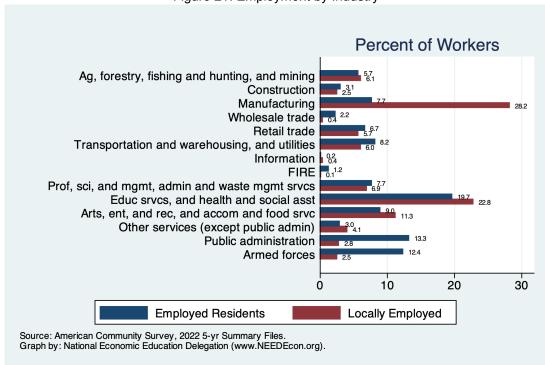


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

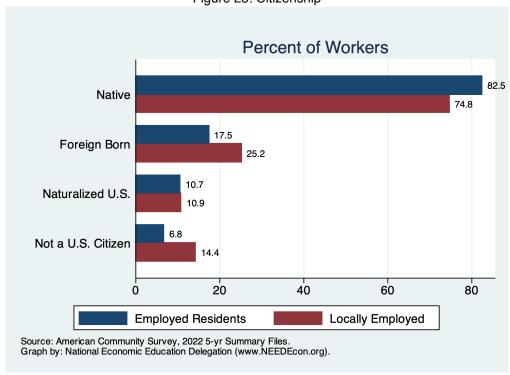




Percent of Workers 66.5 Speak only English 62.0 24.2 29.2 Speak Spanish (SS) 14.9 12.9 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 16.2 9.3 Speak other languages (SOL) 6.5 SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





## **Income and Earnings**

#### Per Capita Income Growth

#### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in Lemoore. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

#### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

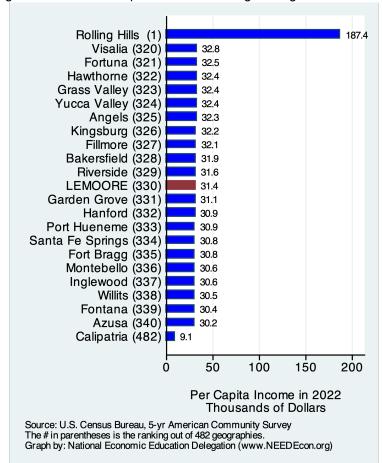
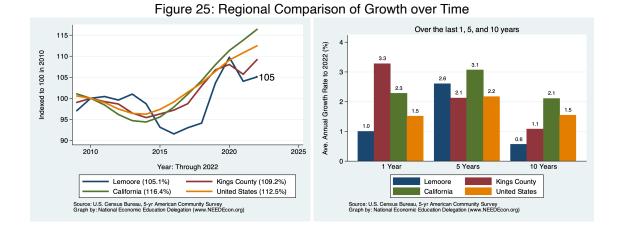
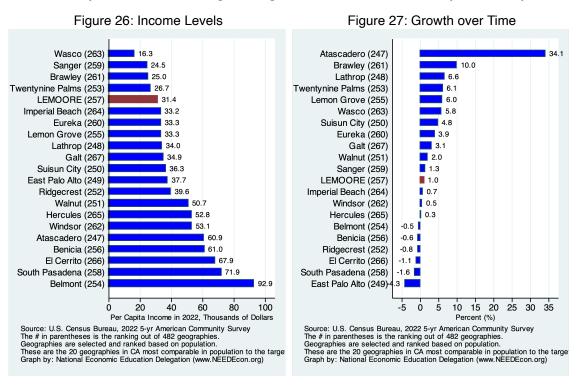


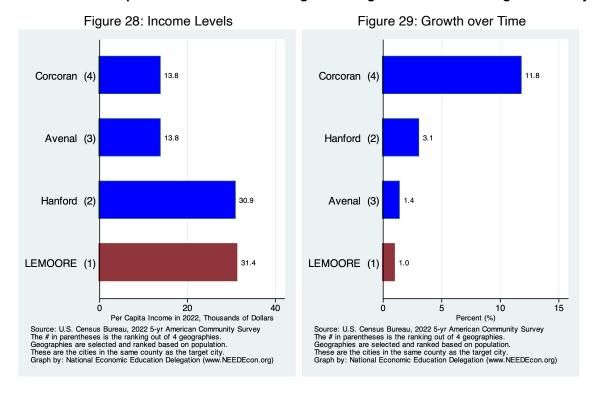
Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

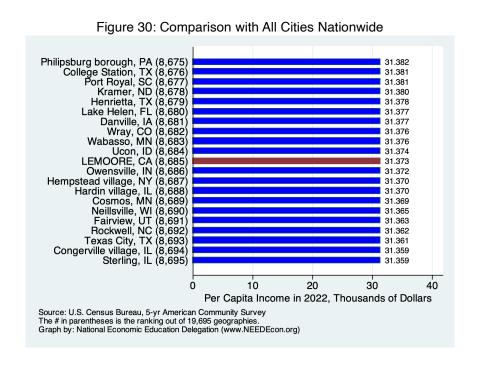


#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Kings County





#### Poverty and Inequality

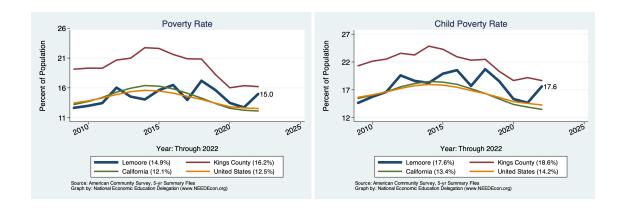
#### **Definition:**

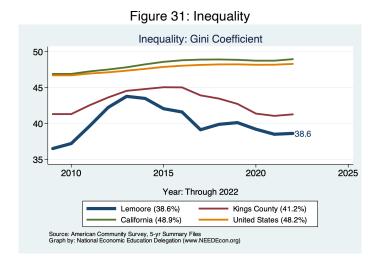
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

#### Why is it important?

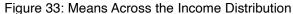
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

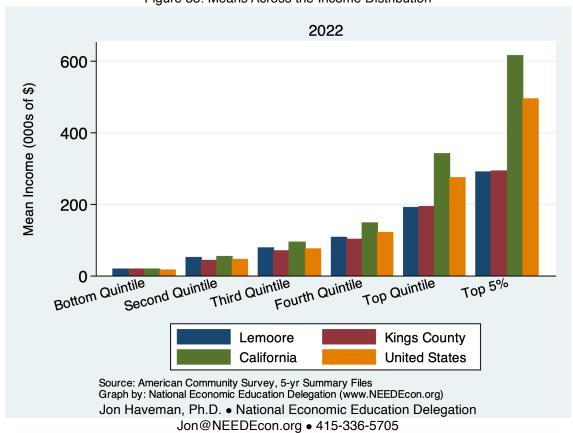




2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Second Quintile Third Quintile Fourth Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Bottom Quintile Kings County Lemoore **United States** California Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution





## Housing

#### Housing Costs and Affordability

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

#### Cost of Housing in Lemoore and Broader Regions

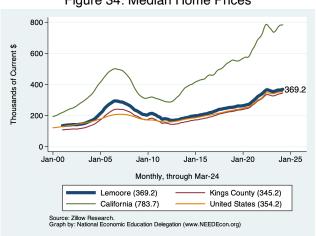
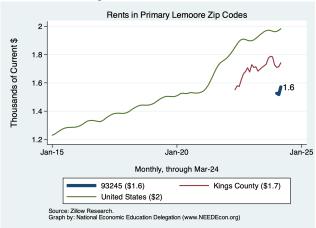


Figure 34: Median Home Prices





#### Housing Ownership in Lemoore and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

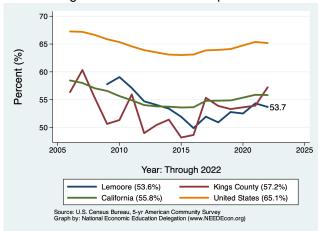


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

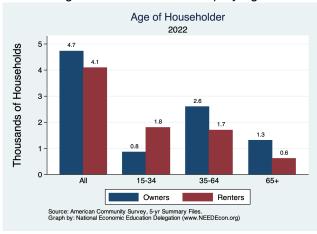


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

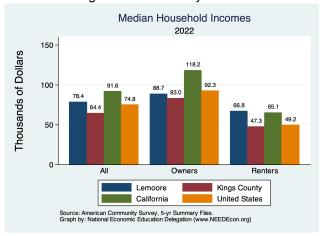


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

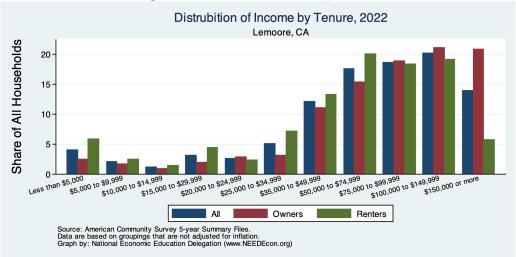


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

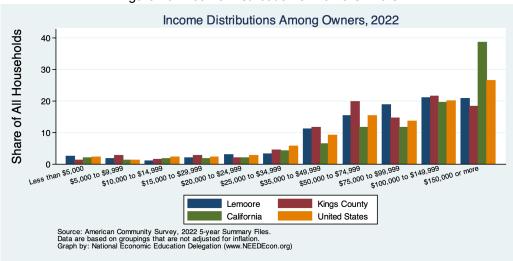
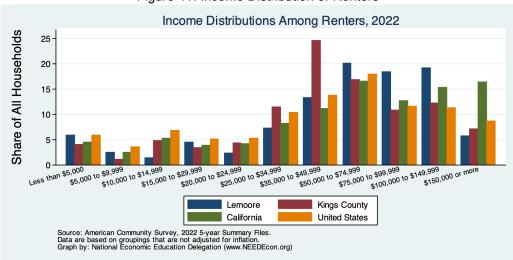


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



#### Housing Burden in Lemoore and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

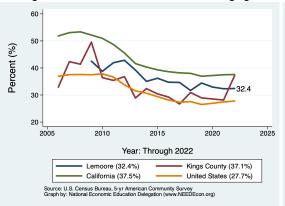


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

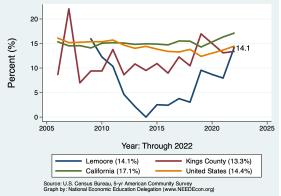


Figure 44: Renters

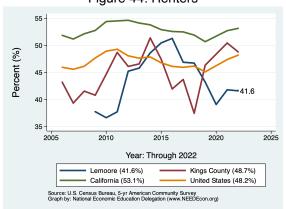
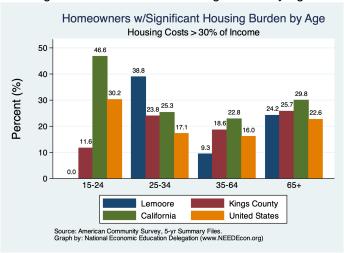


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



#### Housing Picture

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

**Table 5. Housing Market Indicators** 

				% Change from			
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010		
Total Population	26,609.0	26,254.0	24,531.0	1.4	8.5		
Total # of Homes	9,633.0	9,339.0	8,632.0	3.1	11.6		
# Occupied Units	9,205.0	8,988.0	8,196.0	2.4	12.3		
Persons per Household	2.9	2.9	3.0	-1.0	-3.4		
Vacancy Rate (%)	4.4	3.8	5.1	18.2	-12.0		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

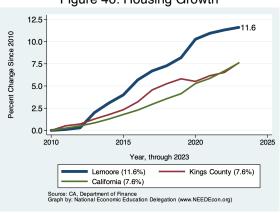


Figure 47: Persons per Household

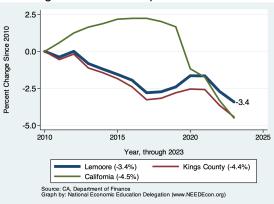


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

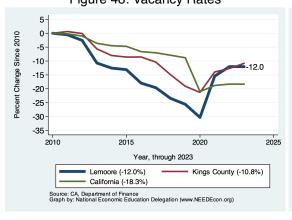
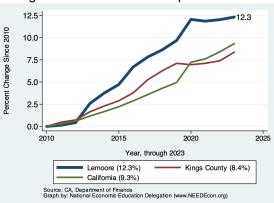


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



#### Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

15.0-12.5-10.0-7.5-5.0-13.3

Year, through 2023

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Lemoore (13.3%)

California (5.8%)

Percent Change Since 2010

0.0

Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

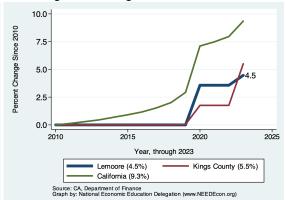
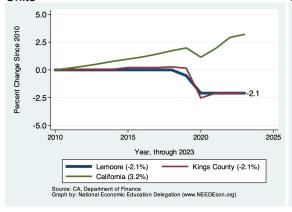


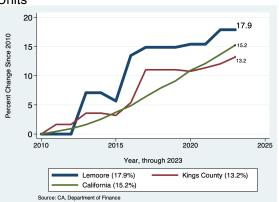
Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units

2025

Kings County (8.8%)





#### Vintage of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Lemoore was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Kings County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

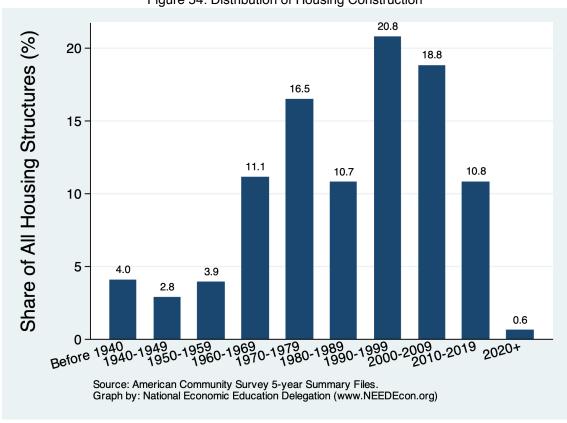


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

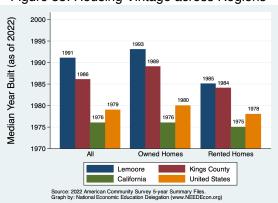


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

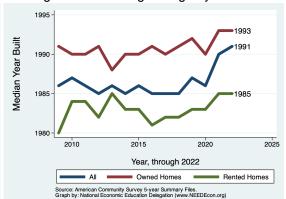


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

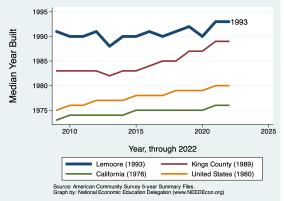


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

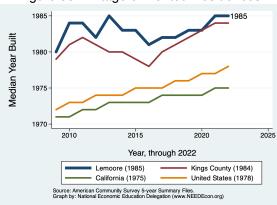
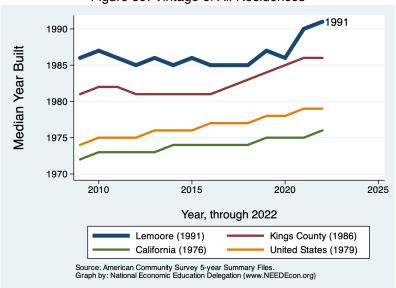


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



#### Occupation of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

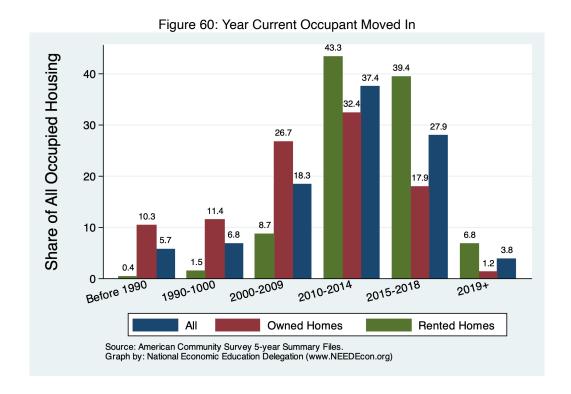


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

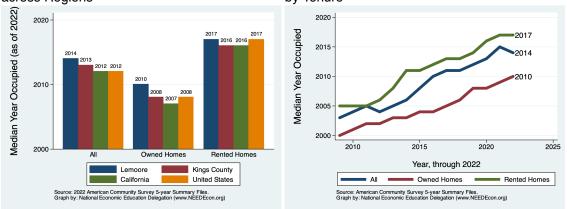


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

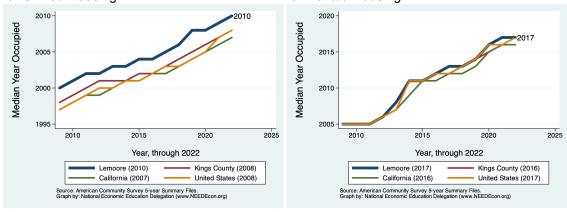


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2010 2005 2000 2020 2010 2015 2025 Year, through 2022 Kings County (2013) Lemoore (2014) United States (2012) California (2012) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

#### Residential Permitting

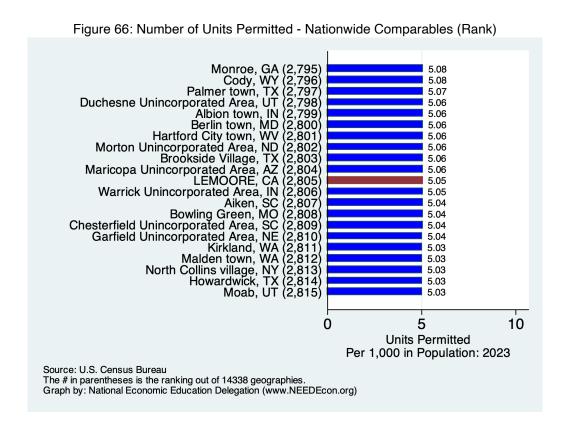
#### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Lemoore is compared with data from Kings County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

#### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

#### **Lemoore - Ranking Among Comparables**



Paradise town, CA (1) Plumas Unincorporated Area, CA (64) 5.57 Murrieta, CA (65) 5.56 Winters, CA (66) Rohnert Park, CA (67) 5.50 5.40 Milpitas, C 5.38 Napa Unincorporated Area, Morgan Hill, CA 5.14 Carlsbad, CA 5.10 Hollister, 5.10 LEMOORE, 5.05 Perris, 5.02 Moreno Valley, CA Sacramento, CA Monte Sereno, CA 5.02 4.91 4.87 Santa Cruz, CA 4.82 Rancho Mirage, CA Victorville, CA 4.80 4.72 Fortuna, CA (81) Kerman, CA (82) Del Rey Oaks, CA (515) 4.71 4.69 0.00 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)

Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Kings County (Rank) 8.35 Hanford, CA (1) LEMOORE, CA (2) 5.05 Avenal, CA (3) 3.14 Corcoran, CA (4) 0 5 10 Units Permitted Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 4 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Jon Haveman, Ph.D. • National Economic Education Delegation Jon@NEEDEcon.org • 415-336-5705

#### **Lemoore - Permitting Activity**

#### **Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Lemoore**

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Lemoore

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year

N/A

Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Lemoore

Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year

Permitted

N/A

#### **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

#### Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

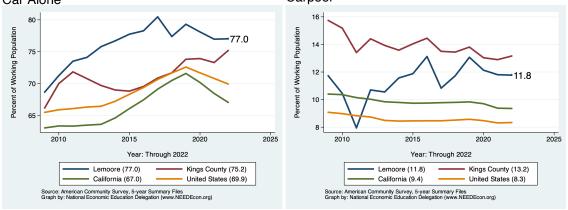
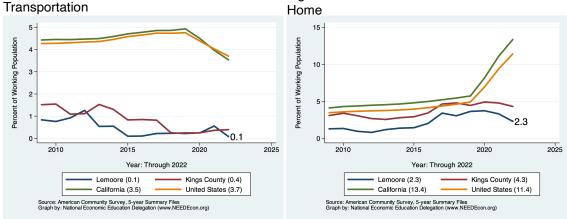


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Lemoore. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Lemoore. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Male		Fem	ale	All Wo	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	6,735	93.9	4,105	74.6	10,840	88.8	78.0
Drove Alone	5,779	80.5	3,624	65.9	9,403	77.0	68.4
Carpooled:	956	13.3	481	8.7	1,437	11.8	9.5
In 2-person carpool	592	8.3	211	3.8	803	6.6	6.9
In 3-person carpool	184	2.6	166	3.0	350	2.9	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	180	2.5	104	1.9	284	2.3	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	0	0.0	10	0.2	10	0.1	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	0	0.0	10	0.2	10	0.1	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	149	2.1	0	0.0	149	1.2	0.7
Walked	113	1.6	53	1.0	166	1.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	84	1.2	27	0.5	111	0.9	1.7
Worked at Home	94	1.3	187	3.4	281	2.3	13.6
Total:	7,175	100.0	4, 382	79.6	11,557	94.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	140	.la			A II \A/a		All at CA
	. Ma		Fem		All Wo		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	3,454	74.3	2,135	66.2	5,589	76.6	78.0
Drove Alone	3,019	64.9	1,919	59.5	4,938	67.7	68.5
Carpooled:	435	9.4	216	6.7	651	8.9	9.5
In 2-person carpool	288	6.2	135	4.2	423	5.8	6.9
In 3-person carpool	132	2.8	49	1.5	181	2.5	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	15	0.3	32	1.0	47	0.6	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	19	0.4	10	0.3	29	0.4	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	19	0.4	10	0.3	29	0.4	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	99	2.1	0	0.0	99	1.4	0.7
Walked	87	1.9	53	1.6	140	1.9	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	64	1.4	27	0.8	91	1.2	1.7
Worked at Home	94	2.0	187	5.8	281	3.8	13.6
Total:	3,817	82.1	2,412	74.7	6, 229	85.3	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

#### Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	М	ale	Fem	Female		rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	177	2.5	117	2.2	294	2.5	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	1,086	15.3	971	18.2	2,057	17.5	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	742	10.5	603	11.3	1,345	11.4	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,470	20.8	959	18.0	2,429	20.7	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	1,406	19.9	344	6.5	1,750	14.9	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	396	5.6	195	3.7	591	5.0	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	276	3.9	473	8.9	749	6.4	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	187	2.6	93	1.7	280	2.4	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	306	4.3	87	1.6	393	3.3	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	793	11.2	307	5.8	1,100	9.4	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	67	0.9	31	0.6	98	0.8	7.9
90 or more minutes	175	2.5	15	0.3	190	1.6	4.0
Total:	7,081	100.0	4, 195	78.7	11, 276	95.9	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

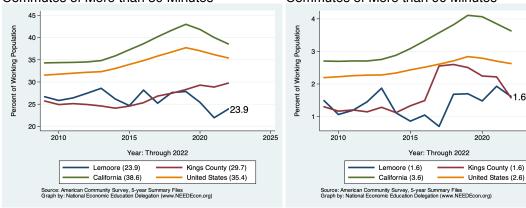
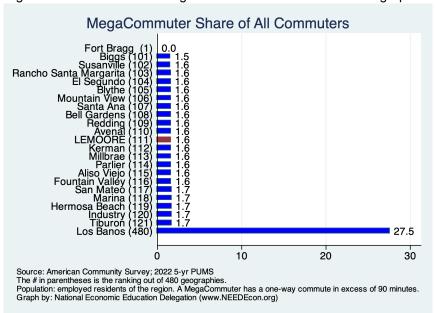


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies

2025



#### Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WOIRIEA	JE GEOG	11/21 111					
	Ma	ıle	Ferr	Female		rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	209	4.5	62	2.1	271	3.8	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	1,033	22.4	749	25.7	1,782	25.0	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	459	9.9	268	9.2	727	10.2	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	637	13.8	425	14.6	1,062	14.9	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	467	10.1	231	7.9	698	9.8	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	136	2.9	91	3.1	227	3.2	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	340	7.4	160	5.5	500	7.0	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	33	0.7	10	0.3	43	0.6	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	56	1.2	67	2.3	123	1.7	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	247	5.4	85	2.9	332	4.7	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	45	1.0	77	2.6	122	1.7	7.9
90 or more minutes	61	1.3	0	0.0	61	0.9	4.0
Total:	3,723	80.7	2,225	76.2	5,948	83.4	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

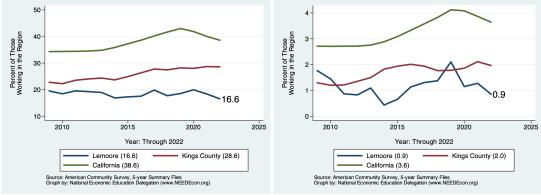
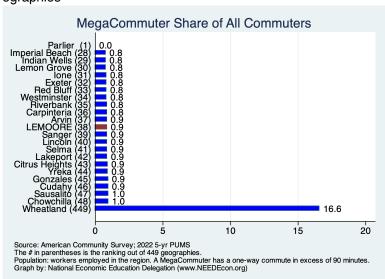


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



#### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Lemoore work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Lemoore's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Lemoore city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fem	nale	All Wo	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	7, 163	99.8	4,313	78.4	11,476	94.0	99.6
Worked in county of residence	5,531	77.1	3,551	64.5	9,082	74.4	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	1,632	22.7	762	13.8	2,394	19.6	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	12	0.2	69	1.3	81	0.7	0.4
Total:	7,175	100.0	4,382	79.6	11,557	94.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

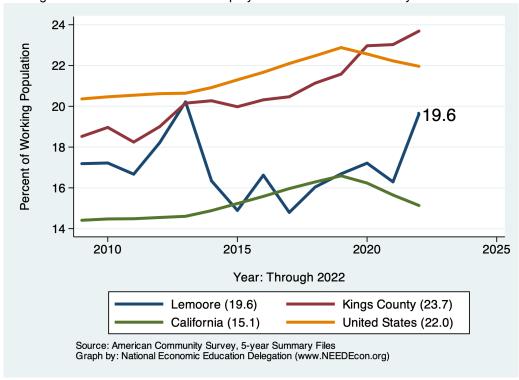
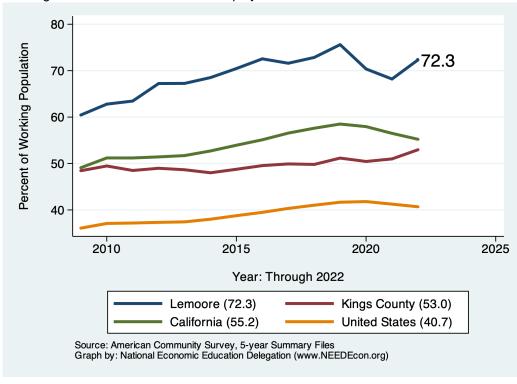


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	M	lale	Ferr	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	7, 175	100.0	4,382	79.6	11,557	94.7	95.9
Worked in place of residence	1,618	22.6	1,112	20.2	2,730	22.4	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	5,557	77.4	3,270	59.4	8,827	72.3	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	7, 175	100.0	4,382	79.6	11,557	94.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



#### Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	44, 145	48, 566	99.0	46, 171	98.5
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	40,774	36,463	121.8	34,487	121.8
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)		40, 179		45,100	
Walked		29,366		27,142	
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	74,950	40,433	202.0	36,140	213.7
Worked from home	80,750	75, 153	117.1	67,180	123.8
Total:	44,742	48,747	91.8	46,099	97.1

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	2,684	58.1	3,320	82.5	2,352	78.5	9,403	77.0	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	426	9.2	515	12.8	282	9.4	1,437	11.8	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	10	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	0.1	3.6
Walked	67	1.4	12	0.3	87	2.9	166	1.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	31	0.7	94	2.3	129	4.3	260	2.1	2.4
Worked at Home	63	1.4	70	1.7	148	4.9	281	2.3	13.6
Total:	3, 281	71.0	4,011	99.6	2,998		11,557	94.7	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	А	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,614	48.4	1,686	63.3	1,166	72.8	4,938	67.7	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	175	5.2	322	12.1	82	5.1	651	8.9	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	29	0.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	29	0.4	3.6
Walked	67	2.0	0	0.0	73	4.6	140	1.9	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	9	0.3	49	1.8	132	8.2	190	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	63	1.9	70	2.6	148	9.2	281	3.8	13.6
Total:	1,957	58.7	2,127	79.9	1,601		6, 229	85.3	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

<sup>2)</sup> For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

## Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In P	overty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	All	l	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	425	44.7	793	68.9	8,185	77.8	9,403	77.0	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	157	16.5	220	19.1	1,060	10.1	1,437	11.8	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	0.1	10	0.1	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	53	4.6	113	1.1	166	1.4	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	4	0.3	256	2.4	260	2.1	2.4
Worked at Home	0	0.0	0	0.0	281	2.7	281	2.3	13.6
Total:	582	61.3	1,070	93.0	9,905	94.1	11,557	94.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Α	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	158	24.4	755	77.9	4,025	66.1	4,938	68.7	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	57	8.8	37	3.8	557	9.1	651	9.1	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	19	2.9	0	0.0	10	0.2	29	0.4	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	53	5.5	87	1.4	140	1.9	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	4	0.4	186	3.1	190	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	0	0.0	0	0.0	281	4.6	281	3.9	13.6
Total:	234	36.1	849	87.6	5,146	84.5	6,229	86.6	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

## Migration

#### **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

#### Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Lemoore is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

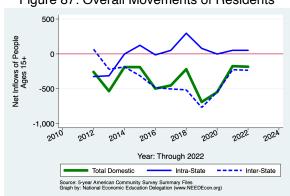


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Net Inflows						
			Same	e State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
No income	3,945	193	90	110	-64	57		
With income	17,176	-202	15	-164	-171	118		
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	2,436	-235	-13	-162	-60	0		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,239	76	79	25	-28	0		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,877	23	-13	-9	45	0		
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,819	124	89	96	-61	0		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,364	-56	60	-108	-57	49		
\$50,000 to \$64,999	2,098	36	-2	-23	61	0		
\$65,000 to \$74,999	929	29	9	24	-4	0		
\$75,000 or more	3,414	-199	-194	-7	-67	69		
All:	21, 121	-9	105	-54	-235	175		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

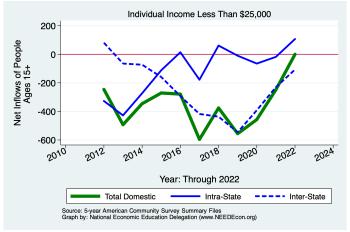


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

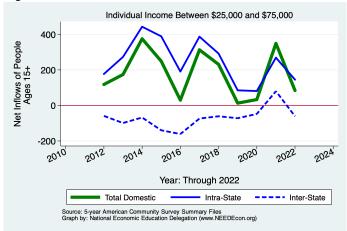
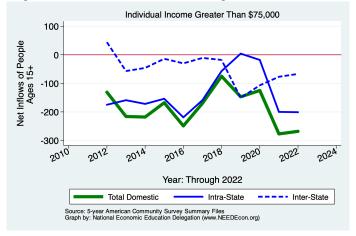


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



## **Demographics of Migration Flows**

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

	Net Inflows							
			Sam	e State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
Never married	8,208	168	181	-132	1	118		
Now married, except separated	9,679	-69	-5	144	-208	0		
Divorced	1,916	-113	-61	-39	-13	0		
Separated	248	49	-1	-7	0	57		
Widowed	1,070	-44	-9	-20	-15	0		
Total:	21, 121	-9	105	-54	-235	175		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 19: Migration by Tenure** 

		Net Inflows				
			Sam	e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	14,705	-137	62	-153	-172	126
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	11,814	-17	-6	31	-91	49
Total:	26,519	-154	56	-122	-263	175

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

500 Net Inflows of People Ages 15+ -500 2016 2020 2012 Year: Through 2022 Owner: Intra-State --- Owner: Inter-State Renter: Intra-State ---- Renter: Inter-State Source: 5-year American Community Survey Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

		Net Inflows						
				e State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
1 to 4 years	1,811	-72	52	-118	-6	0		
5 to 17 years	4,801	-250	-101	-85	-64	0		
18 and 19 years	557	-102	-32	-93	23	0		
20 to 24 years	2,384	80	271	-155	-36	0		
25 to 29 years	2,480	7	3	-112	67	49		
30 to 34 years	2,694	76	-47	116	7	0		
35 to 39 years	2,045	-47	-39	-27	-38	57		
40 to 44 years	1,417	-52	-66	23	-9	0		
45 to 49 years	1,800	117	31	45	-28	69		
50 to 54 years	1,449	-55	-17	13	-51	0		
55 to 59 years	1,536	-38	-3	-17	-18	0		
60 to 64 years	731	8	-14	52	-30	0		
65 to 69 years	960	19	28	35	-44	0		
70 to 74 years	819	21	-10	29	2	0		
75 years and over	1,045	-76	-20	-5	-51	0		
Total Population:	26,529	-364	36	-299	-276	175		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

		Net Inflows					
			Same State			_	
			W/in	Between	Across	From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad	
Less than high school graduate	2,632	-47	-10	-11	-26	0	
High school graduate (includes equiv)	4,475	232	-39	251	-29	49	
Some college or assoc. degree	6,231	-40	3	-82	39	0	
Bachelor's degree	2,346	-103	-46	-9	-105	57	
Graduate or professional degree	1,292	-62	-62	3	-72	69	
Total:	16,976	-20	-154	152	-193	175	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows** 

Table 221 median meetine of imgration		
Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35,576	35, 576
Moved Within Same County	37,014	39,814
Moved to Different County, Same State	34,590	38,333
Moved Between States	46,454	36,515
Total Population:	36, 149	36,452

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows** 

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	34.2	34.2
Moved Within Same County	23.8	25.9
Moved to Different County, Same State	30.8	22.4
Moved Between States	25.5	33.5
Moved from Abroad	35.7	
Total Population:	32.1	32.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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