# Lathrop, California

# Indicators Report

by The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Lathrop and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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## **Executive Summary**

## Assessing the City with Indicators

#### About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Lathrop (the City) in the form of indicators.

#### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Lathrop. These indicators are compared to San Joaquin County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

#### **Topics Covered:**

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Lathrop demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Lathrop and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- **Housing:** This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Lathrop, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Lathrop, but do not necessarily live in Lathrop.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

## Contents

Executive Summary Assessing the City with Indicators	<b>1</b> 1
Demographics A Demographic Snapshot	<b>3</b> 3 5
Employment Report         Citywide Employment and Unemployment         County Employment by Industry         Some Employee Detail	<b>8</b> 8 9 10
Per Capita Personal Income Growth	<b>16</b> 16 19
Housing Costs and Affordability       Housing Picture         Housing Picture       Housing         Vintage of Residential Housing       Housing         Occupation of Residential Housing       Housing	27
Mode of Transportation       Commute Times for Employed Residents         Commute Times for Those Employed in the City       Place of Work         Place of Work       Commute Mode by Income	<b>34</b> 36 37 38 40 41
Overall Migration Flows	<b>42</b> 42 44 <b>46</b>

## Demographics

## Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

### Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Lathrop's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

## A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	201
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	29,633.0	22,341.
Veterans (#, 5yr)	871.0	559.
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	30.9	35.
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	18,192.0	13,948.
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	7.5	7.
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	29.5	27.
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	10.1	8.
Female persons (%, 5yr)	50.0	49.
NCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	108,732.0	85,805.
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	33,980.0	25,337.
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	8.5	10.
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	758.0	793.
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	9.5	13.
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	30.7	44.
African American alone (%, 5yr)	8.4	6.
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	2.0	1.
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	27.2	26.
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.5	0.
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	19.6	9.
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	39.2	43.
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr) HOUSING	20.7	20.
	7 975 0	E 000
Housing units (#, 5yr) Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	7,875.0 83.7	5,883. 74.
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	83.7 542,900.0	74. 358,900.
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,638.0	,
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mongage (\$, 5yr) Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mongage (\$, 5yr)	,	2,051. 627.
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	2,164.0	1,715.
	2,104.0	1,715.
Households (#, 5yr)	7,359.0	5,503.
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	4.0	3,500. 4.
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	88.5	84.
EDUCATION	00.0	54.
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	79.4	80.
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	21.1	18.
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,718.0	1,884.
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	5.5	6.
LABOR FORCE		0.
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	64.7	63.
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	55.9	54.
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	57.3	57.
Self employed (%, 5yr)	8.1	6.
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	39.8	41.
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	73.5	73.
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	3.3	1.5
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	7.2	3.

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

## **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

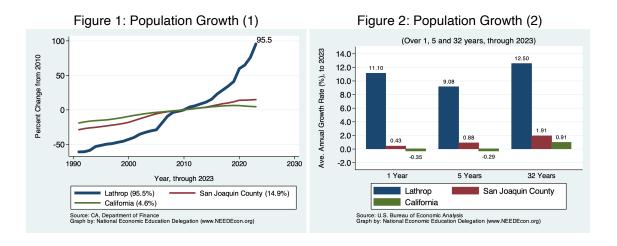
Table 1. Population Change by Region           (Thousands, January to January)							
	2023		% Cha	nge			
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year			
City							
Lathrop	35,080	11.10	30.87	47.95			
County and Broader Regions							
San Joaquin County	786, 145	0.43	1.63	3.81			
San Joaquin Valley	4,320,626	0.09	-0.45	0.71			
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01			

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City(Thousands, January to January)

				% Change	
City	2022	2023	Local	San Joaquin Valley	California
San Joaquin County	782.8	786.1	0.43	0.09	-0.35
Stockton	321.9	319.7	-0.68		
Tracy	94.8	95.6	0.83		
Manteca	86.8	88.8	2.33		
Lodi	66.3	66.3	-0.02		
Lathrop	31.6	35.1	11.10		
Ripon	15.9	15.8	-0.95		
Escalon	7.3	7.3	-1.01		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation



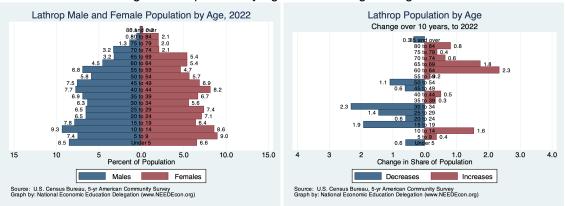
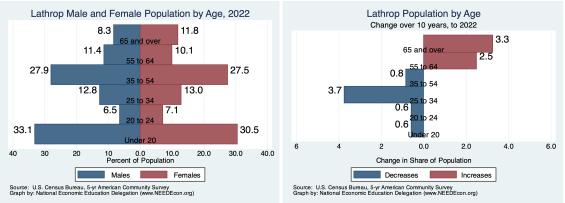
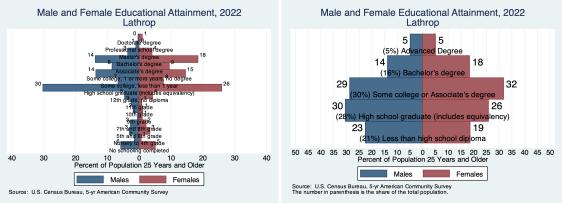


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories

Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories







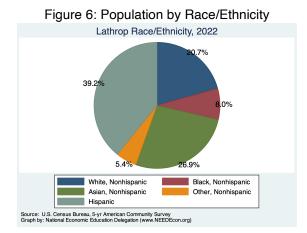
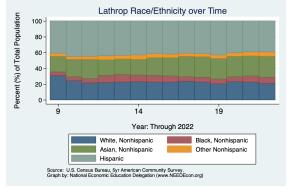


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



## **Employment Report**

## Citywide Employment and Unemployment

#### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in employment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

#### Why is it important?

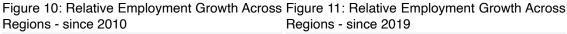
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

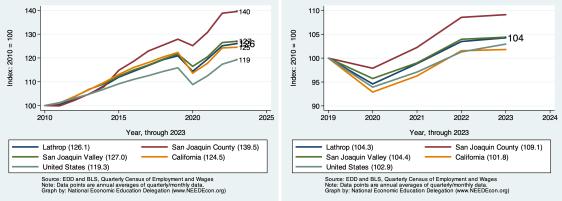
Table 3. Lathrop Summary for March, 2024 Change From:								
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year				
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103				
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96				
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97				
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9				

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last ment 12 Months







## County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for San Joaquin County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

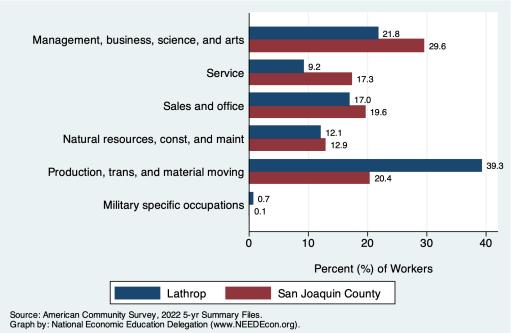
			Empl		% (	Growth - A	nnualize	d Rate	
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	280,302	100.0	946.5	4.1	1.6	3.1	3.1	4.0	2.9
Total Private	234,932	83.8	852.1	4.5	1.1	1.4	2.7	4.2	3.5
Goods Producing	37,998	13.6	-0.4	-0.0	-3.2	2.8	2.9	3.4	2.6
Mining, Logging and Construction	14,056	5.0	140.2	12.8	-4.0	1.2	3.9	0.4	1.6
Mining and Logging	0	0.0	0.0					-33.3	-20.0
Construction	14,047	5.0	143.3	13.1	-4.0	1.0	3.8	0.6	1.7
Manufacturing	23,862	8.5	-80.0	-3.9	-6.7	2.5	2.1	5.3	3.2
Durable Goods	11,375	4.1	-53.1	-5.4	-5.9	-2.3	-2.6	7.0	4.1
Non-Durable Goods	12,516	4.5	-35.6	-3.3	-6.2	8.4	7.3	4.1	2.5
Service Providing	242,235	86.4	890.7	4.5	2.4	2.8	3.1	4.0	2.9
Trade, Trans & Utilities	85,682	30.6	143.2	2.0	0.9	-0.3	-0.8	2.9	5.2
Wholesale Trade	12,374	4.4	-21.9	-2.1	-1.3	-1.9	1.7	5.4	0.6
Retail Trade	27,243	9.7	45.2	2.0	2.1	-1.4	0.7	1.9	0.7
Trans & Warehousing	44,027	15.7	302.8	8.6	4.2	-4.0	-3.2	2.6	11.3
Information	1,000	0.4	100.0	254.1	52.4	-17.4	-9.1	-3.0	-7.5
Financial Activities	7,859	2.8	-93.4	-13.2	1.6	-1.7	-2.5	-0.4	0.0
Finance & Insurance	4,111	1.5	-34.5	-9.5	-2.6	-2.0	-4.6	-4.3	-2.6
Professional & Business Srvcs	24,490	8.7	883.5	55.4	-1.8	5.0	5.2	2.6	5.1
Educational & Health Srvcs	44,582	15.9	10.0	0.3	2.9	6.9	8.5	6.2	2.8
Education Srvcs	4,603	1.6	6.5	1.7	-8.4	-3.8	2.1	4.6	-0.4
Health Care & Social Assistance	39,959	14.3	-14.6	-0.4	4.5	8.3	9.3	6.3	3.1
Leisure & Hospitality	25,183	9.0	-43.1	-2.0	-2.5	3.1	3.3	9.6	2.3
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	2,700	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.4	31.0	2.5
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	22,450	8.0	24.0	1.3	-1.1	3.2	1.8	7.9	2.3
Other Srvcs	8,390	3.0	49.3	7.3	-1.5	3.8	3.7	6.6	1.7
Government	45,278	16.2	247.5	6.8	10.1	7.8	5.5	2.9	0.2
Federal	3,000	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.1	-0.6
State	5,100	1.8	100.0	26.8	8.2	4.0	-3.8	-6.8	-5.0
Local	37,247	13.3	204.1	6.8	12.1	9.6	7.4	5.3	1.3
County	8,062	2.9	70.0	11.0	11.8	7.5	7.9	1.2	0.7
City	3,700	1.3	0.0	0.0	11.6	0.0	2.8	2.9	0.0
Local Government Education	23,511	8.4	100.7	5.3	7.8	9.4	7.5	6.7	1.3

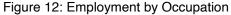
Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in San Joaquin County for March, 2024

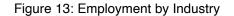
Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

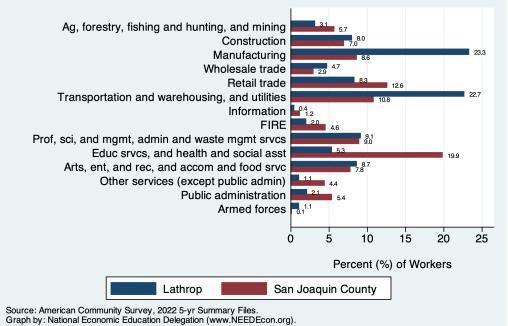
## Some Employee Detail

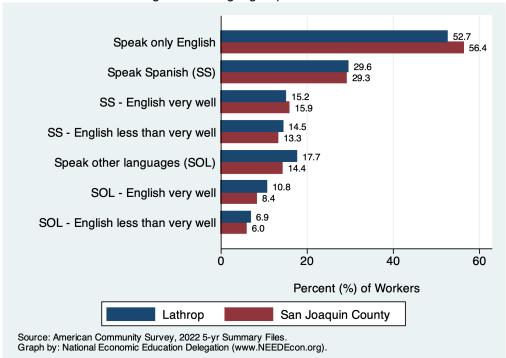
### **Employed in Lathrop**

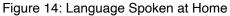












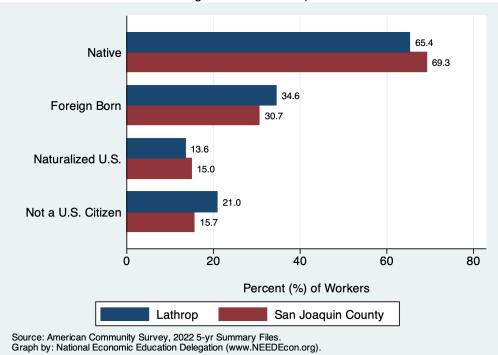


Figure 15: Citizenship

#### **Employed Residents of Lathrop**

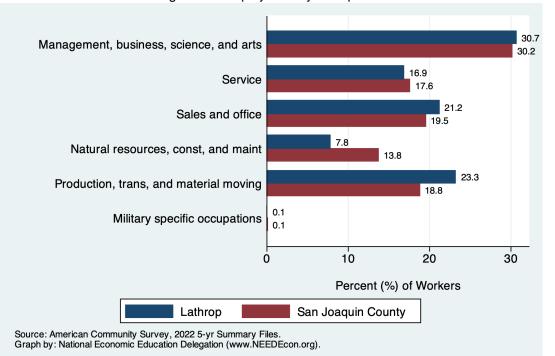
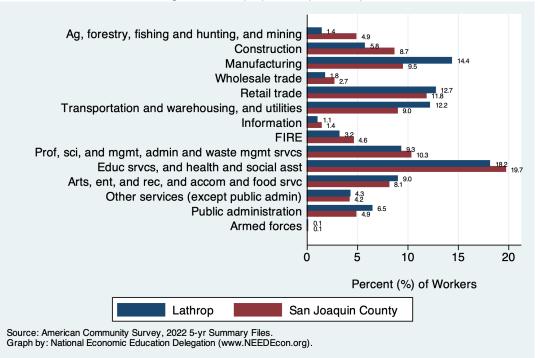
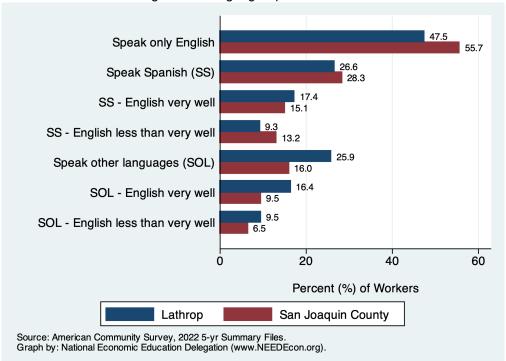
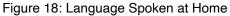


Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

Figure 17: Employment by Industry







57.8 Native 67.8 42.2 Foreign Born 32.2 27.1 Naturalized U.S. 16.6 15.1 Not a U.S. Citizen 15.6 20 40 80 Ò 60 Percent (%) of Workers Lathrop San Joaquin County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 19: Citizenship

#### **Employed Residents vs Workers in Lathrop**

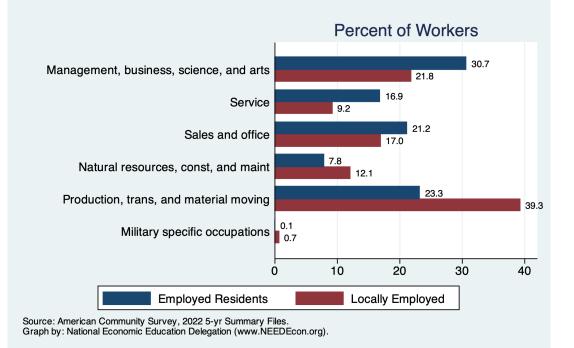
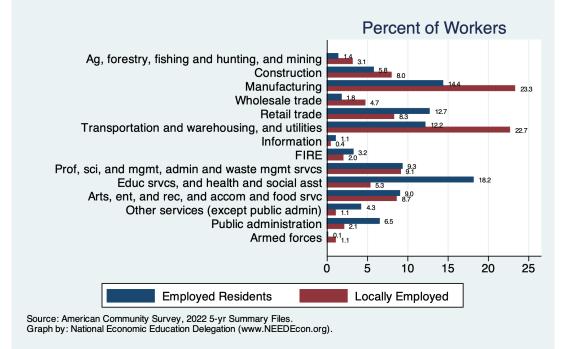
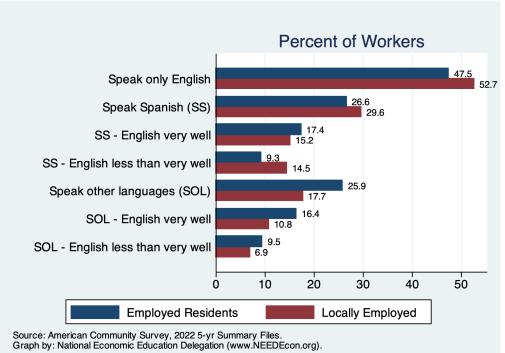


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

Figure 21: Employment by Industry





**Percent of Workers** 57.8 Native 65.4 42.2 Foreign Born 34.6 27.1 Naturalized U.S. 13.6 15.1 Not a U.S. Citizen 21.0 40 20 60 80 0 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 23: Citizenship

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### Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home

## **Income and Earnings**

## Per Capita Income Growth

#### Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Lathrop. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

#### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

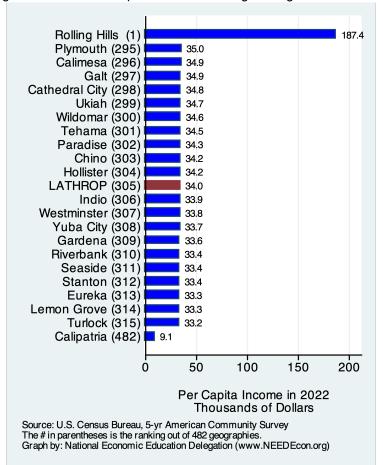
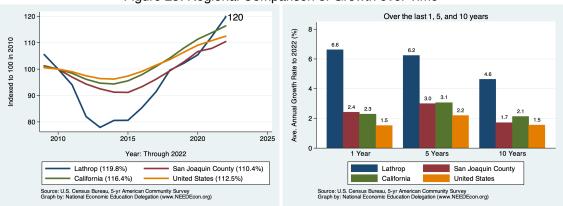
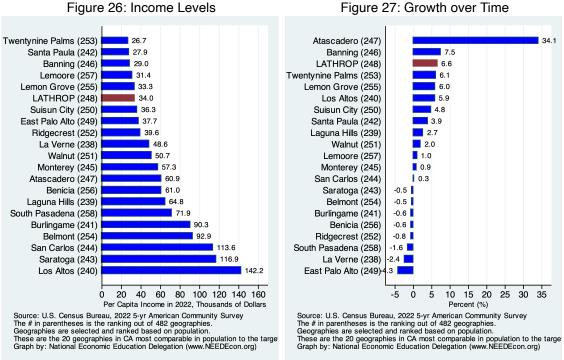


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities



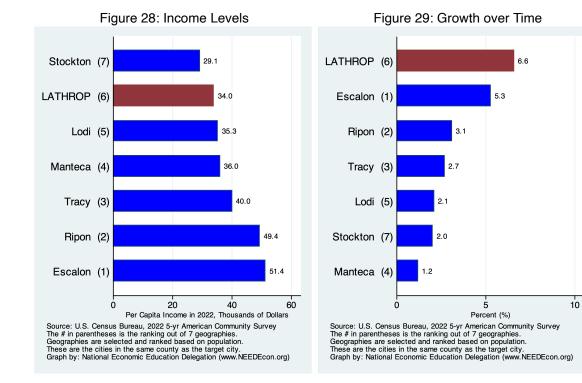
#### Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time

### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



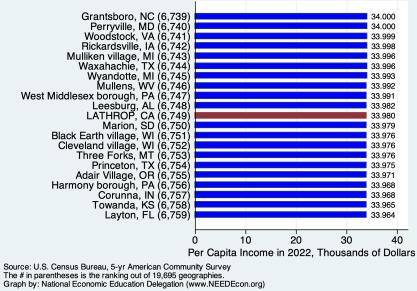
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#### Figure 27: Growth over Time



#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in San Joaquin County

#### Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide



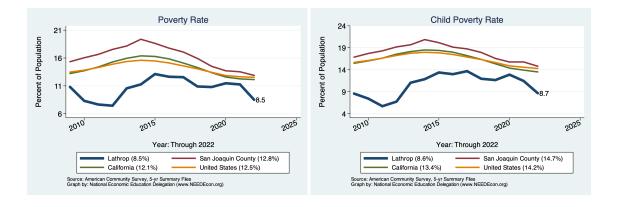
## Poverty and Inequality

#### **Definition:**

The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

#### Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.



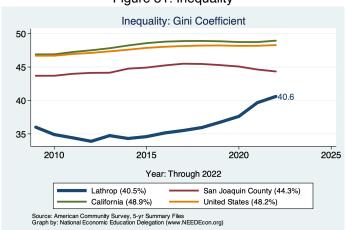
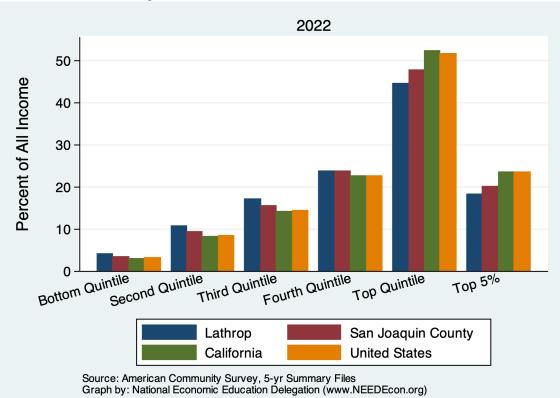
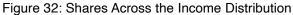
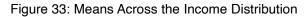
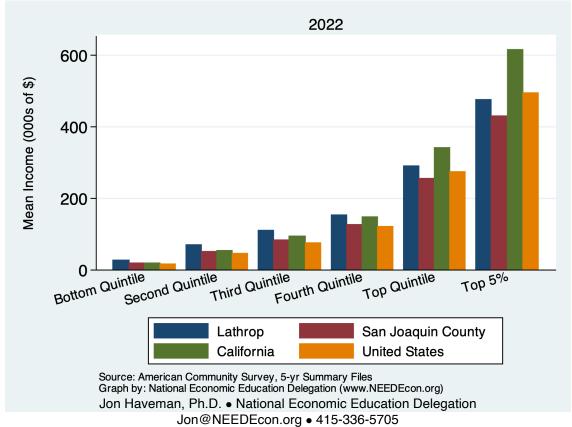


Figure 31: Inequality









## Housing

## Housing Costs and Affordability

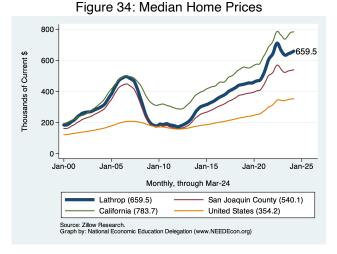
#### **Definition:**

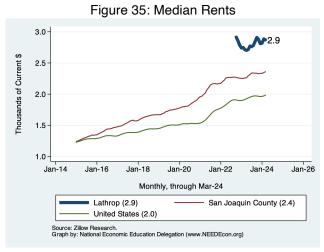
Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

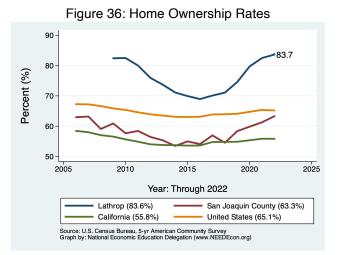
#### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

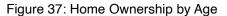
Cost of Housing in Lathrop and Broader Regions

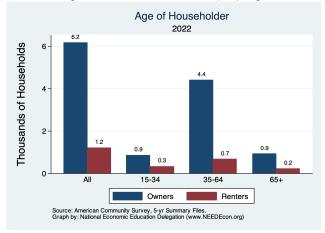


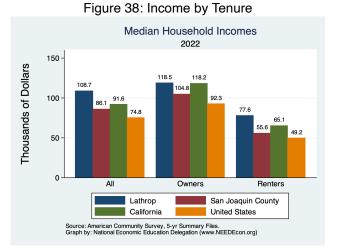




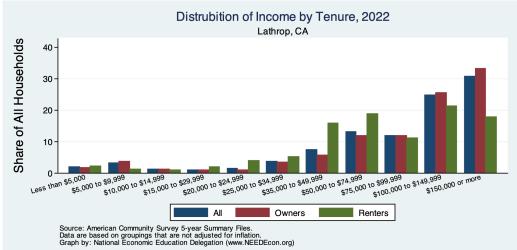
### Housing Ownership in Lathrop and Broader Regions



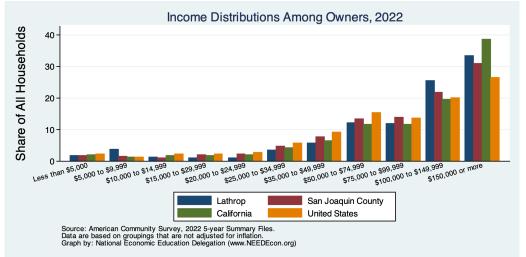


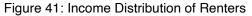


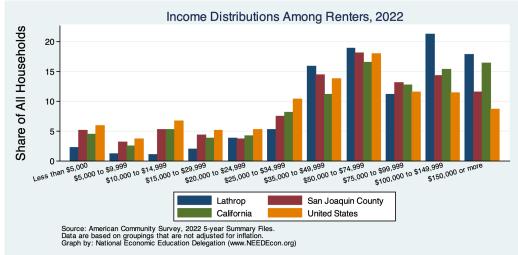


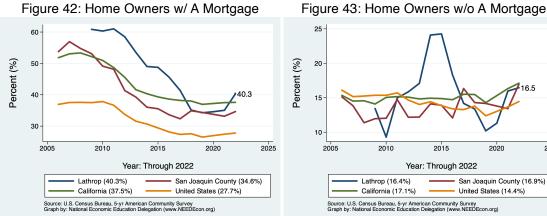












#### Housing Burden in Lathrop and Broader Regions

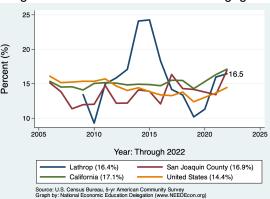
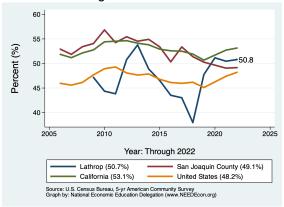
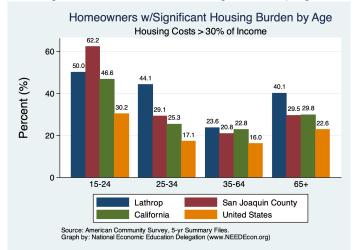


Figure 44: Renters







## **Housing Picture**

#### **Definition:**

10

0

-10 -20 -30

-40 -50 -60

-70

2010

Percent Change Since 2010

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

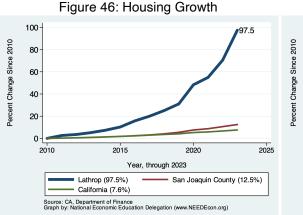
Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

#### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

				% Cł	nange from
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	35,080.0	25,401.0	18,023.0	38.1	94.6
Total # of Homes	10,388.0	6,895.0	5,261.0	50.7	97.5
# Occupied Units	10,036.0	6,526.0	4,782.0	53.8	109.9
Persons per Household	3.5	3.9	3.8	-10.2	-7.2
Vacancy Rate (%)	3.4	5.4	9.1	-36.7	-62.8

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation



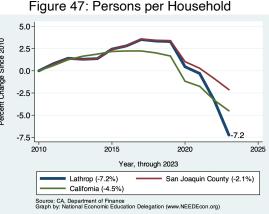


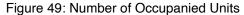
2015

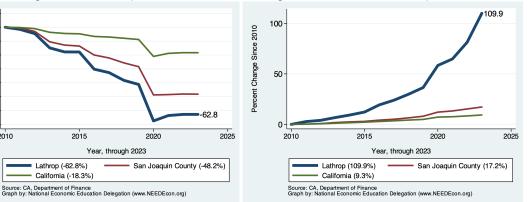
Lathrop (-62.8%)

California (-18.3%)

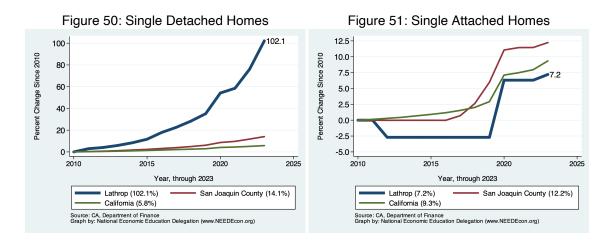
Year, through 2023



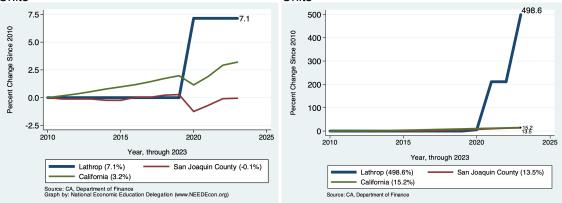












## Vintage of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Lathrop was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across San Joaquin County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

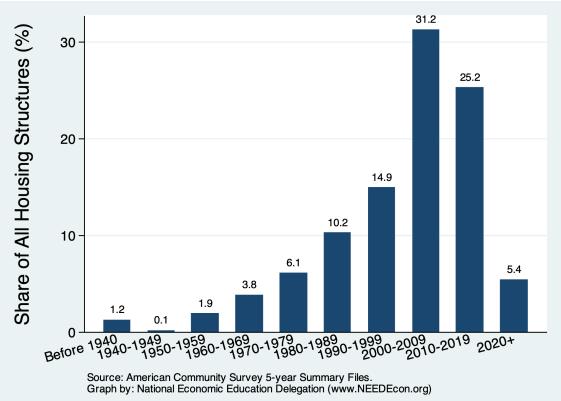
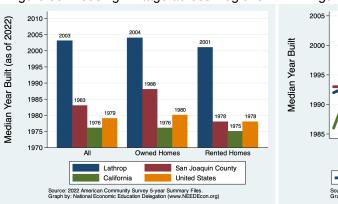
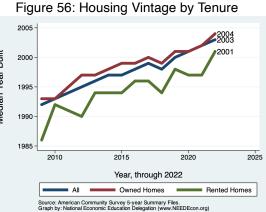
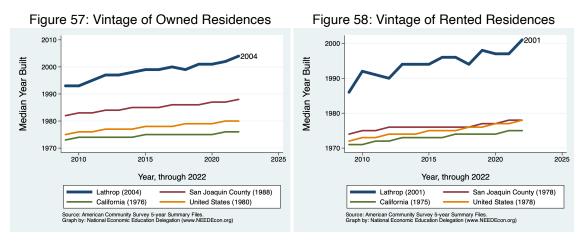


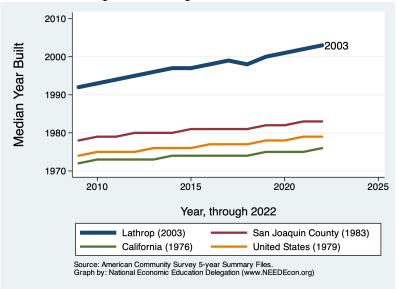
Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction







#### Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



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#### Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

## **Occupation of Residential Housing**

### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

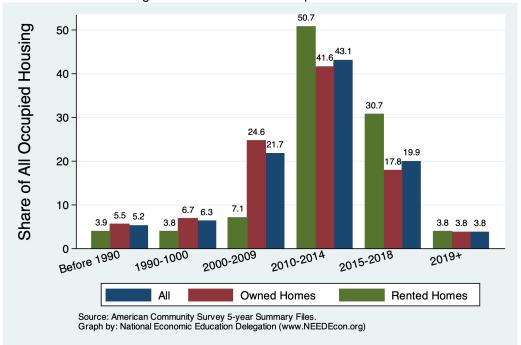


Figure 60: Year Current Occupant Moved In

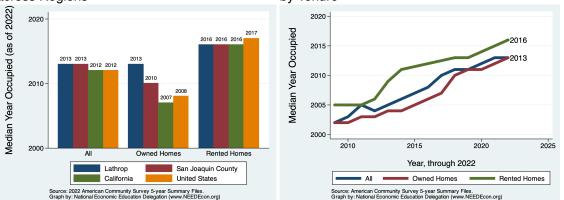


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

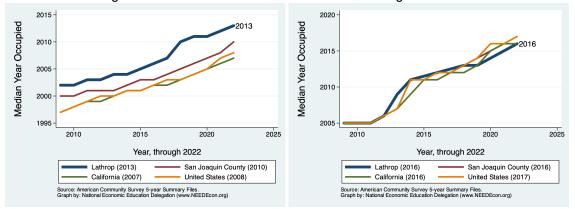
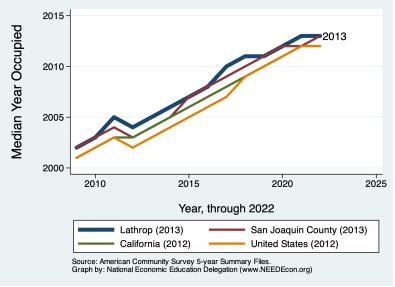


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing





## **Residential Permitting**

#### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Lathrop is compared with data from San Joaquin County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

#### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

#### Lathrop - Ranking Among Comparables

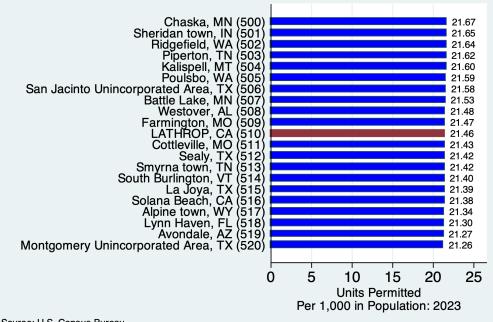


Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 14338 geographies

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

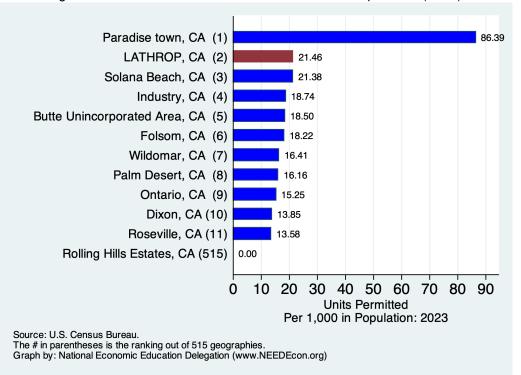


Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)

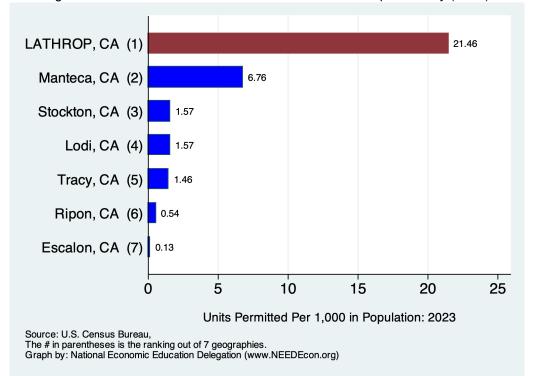
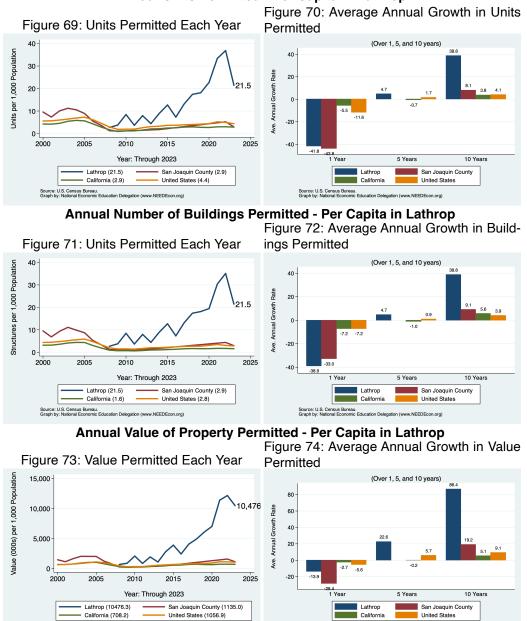


Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in San Joaquin County (Rank)





California

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. Graph by: National Economic Education I

United States

- United States (1056.9)

n (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau. Graph by: National Economic Education De

## **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight housing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

### Mode of Transportation

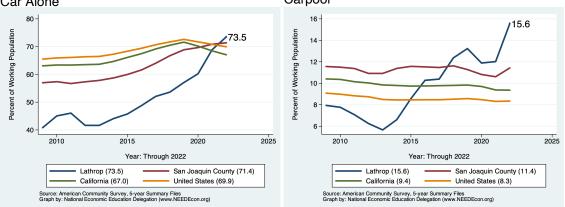
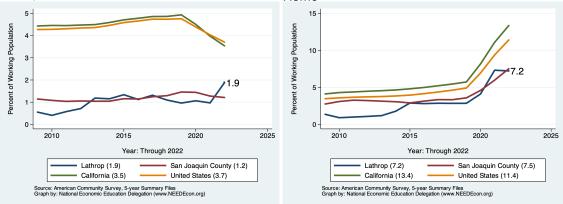


Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From Transportation Home



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Lathrop. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Lathrop. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

	Male		Fer	nale	All Workers		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	6,409	88.3	4,711	90.1	11, 120	89.0	78.0	
Drove Alone	5,319	73.2	3,859	73.8	9,178	73.5	68.4	
Carpooled:	1,090	15.0	852	16.3	1,942	15.6	9.5	
In 2-person carpool	1,010	13.9	715	13.7	1,725	13.8	6.9	
In 3-person carpool	3	0.0	73	1.4	76	0.6	1.5	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	77	1.1	64	1.2	141	1.1	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	177	2.4	58	1.1	235	1.9	3.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	128	1.8	42	0.8	170	1.4	2.3	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	5	0.1	5	0.0	0.8	
Subway or Elevated	49	0.7	11	0.2	60	0.5	0.3	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	28	0.4	19	0.4	47	0.4	0.7	
Walked	51	0.7	0	0.0	51	0.4	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	59	0.8	74	1.4	133	1.1	1.7	
Worked at Home	538	7.4	364	7.0	902	7.2	13.6	
Total:	7,262	100.0	5,226	100.0	12,488	100.0		

Table & SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO W	
Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO W	URK

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	М	ale	Fei	male	All Wo	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	7,855	91.0	3,697	87.4	11,552	89.8	78.0
Drove Alone	6,632	76.8	3,109	73.5	9,741	75.7	68.5
Carpooled:	1,223	14.2	588	13.9	1,811	14.1	9.5
In 2-person carpool	863	10.0	405	9.6	1,268	9.9	6.9
In 3-person carpool	268	3.1	86	2.0	354	2.8	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	92	1.1	97	2.3	189	1.5	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	51	0.6	0	0.0	51	0.4	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	51	0.6	0	0.0	51	0.4	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	45	0.5	30	0.7	75	0.6	0.7
Walked	39	0.5	98	2.3	137	1.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	107	1.2	43	1.0	150	1.2	1.7
Worked at Home	538	6.2	364	8.6	902	7.0	13.6
Total:	8,635	100.0	4,232	100.0	12,867	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

## **Commute Times for Employed Residents**

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK								
	М	ale	Fer	Female		orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Less than 5 minutes	93	1.4	29	0.6	122	1.1	2.0	
5 to 9 minutes	298	4.4	323	6.6	621	5.4	7.5	
10 to 14 minutes	634	9.4	287	5.9	921	7.9	12.2	
15 to 19 minutes	664	9.9	1,001	20.6	1,665	14.4	15.0	
20 to 24 minutes	727	10.8	725	14.9	1,452	12.5	14.3	
25 to 29 minutes	184	2.7	311	6.4	495	4.3	6.3	
30 to 34 minutes	581	8.6	626	12.9	1,207	10.4	15.0	
35 to 39 minutes	163	2.4	197	4.1	360	3.1	2.9	
40 to 44 minutes	135	2.0	65	1.3	200	1.7	4.3	
45 to 59 minutes	526	7.8	296	6.1	822	7.1	8.6	
60 to 89 minutes	1,343	20.0	640	13.2	1,983	17.1	7.9	
90 or more minutes	1,376	20.5	362	7.4	1,738	15.0	4.0	
Total:	6,724	100.0	4,862	100.0	11,586	100.0		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



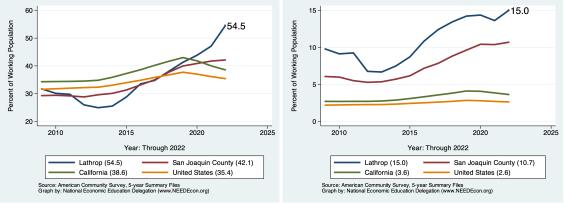
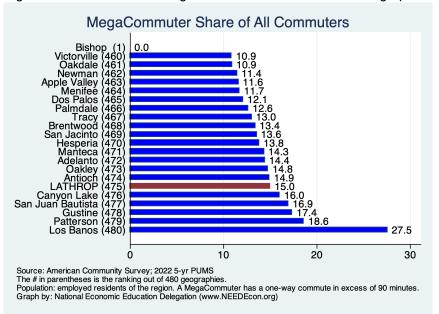


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



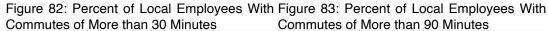
## Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9.	SEX OF	WORKERS	BY TRAVEL	TIME TO WORK FOR
	WORKP	ACE GEOG	BADHY	

WORKPLAC	JE GEOG	RAPHY					
	Μ	ale	Fe	nale	All W	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	83	1.0	140	3.6	223	1.9	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	460	5.7	326	8.4	786	6.6	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	702	8.7	577	14.9	1,279	10.7	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	1,620	20.0	479	12.4	2,099	17.5	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	956	11.8	803	20.8	1,759	14.7	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	797	9.8	260	6.7	1,057	8.8	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	1,283	15.8	314	8.1	1,597	13.3	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	299	3.7	226	5.8	525	4.4	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	354	4.4	64	1.7	418	3.5	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	658	8.1	527	13.6	1,185	9.9	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	486	6.0	105	2.7	591	4.9	7.9
90 or more minutes	399	4.9	47	1.2	446	3.7	4.0
Total:	8,097	100.0	3,868	100.0	11,965	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.



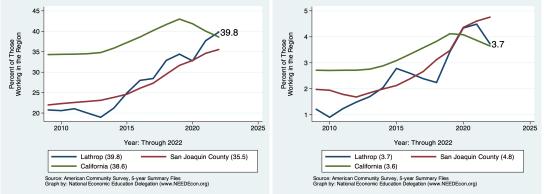
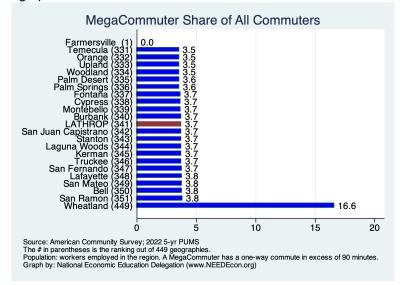


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



## Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Lathrop work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Lathrop's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Lathrop city boundary.

	N	lale	Fe	male	All Workers		All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Worked in state of residence:	7,258	99.9	5,226	100.0	12,484	100.0	99.6	
Worked in county of residence	4,061	55.9	3,665	70.1	7,726	61.9	84.1	
worked outside of county of residence	3,197	44.0	1,561	29.9	4,758	38.1	15.4	
Worked outside state of residence	4	0.1	0	0.0	4	0.0	0.4	
Total:	7,262	100.0	5,226	100.0	12,488	100.0		

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

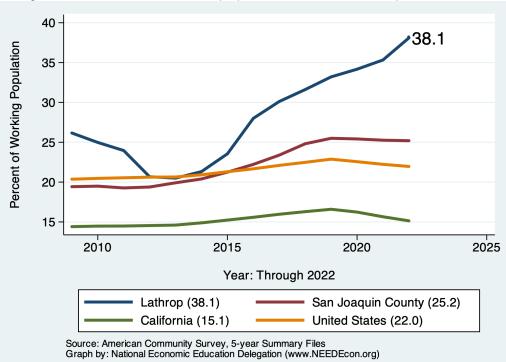
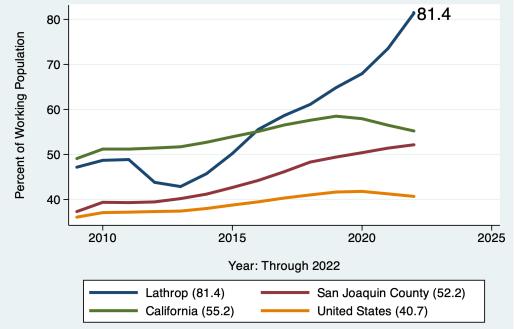


Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Living in a place:	7,262	100.0	5,226	100.0	12,488	100.0	95.9	
Worked in place of residence	1,485	20.4	841	16.1	2,326	18.6	39.5	
Worked outside place of residence	5,777	79.6	4,385	83.9	10, 162	81.4	56.4	
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1	
Total:	7,262	100.0	5,226	100.0	12,488	100.0		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



### Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence

Source: American Community Survey, 5-year Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

### Commute Mode by Income

#### Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	51, 596	48,566	100.5	46,171	99.9
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	39,208	36,463	101.7	34,487	101.7
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	44,844	40,179	105.5	45,100	88.9
Walked		29,366		27,142	
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means		40,433		36,140	
Worked from home	76,786	75, 153	96.6	67, 180	102.2
Total:	51,555	48,747	105.8	46,099	111.8

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected.

For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

2) For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

#### Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25,000		\$25,000-\$74,999		\$75,000+		All		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	2,001	68.5	3,575	80.7	2,552	67.9	9,178	73.5	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	618	21.2	462	10.4	622	16.5	1,942	15.6	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	94	3.2	115	2.6	26	0.7	235	1.9	3.6
Walked	30	1.0	0	0.0	21	0.6	51	0.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	65	2.2	28	0.6	74	2.0	180	1.4	2.4
Worked at Home	112	3.8	251	5.7	466	12.4	902	7.2	13.6
Total:	2,920		4,431		3,761		12,488		100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	< \$25,000		-\$74,999	\$75,000+		All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	2,009	67.9	4,244	80.0	2,336	71.5	9,741	75.7	68.5	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	378	12.8	720	13.6	339	10.4	1,811	14.1	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	44	1.5	7	0.1	0	0.0	51	0.4	3.6	
Walked	113	3.8	15	0.3	9	0.3	137	1.1	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	40	1.4	66	1.2	119	3.6	225	1.7	2.4	
Worked at Home	112	3.8	251	4.7	466	14.3	902	7.0	13.6	
Total:	2,696	91.1	5,303		3,269		12,867			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

## Commute Mode by Poverty Status

#### Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150% of Pov		Al		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	371	52.3	358	57.9	8,449	73.9	9,178	73.5	68.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	156	22.0	103	16.7	1,683	14.7	1,942	15.6	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	235	2.1	235	1.9	3.6	
Walked	19	2.7	0	0.0	32	0.3	51	0.4	2.1	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	31	4.4	0	0.0	149	1.3	180	1.4	2.4	
Worked at Home	19	2.7	0	0.0	883	7.7	902	7.2	13.6	
Total:	596	83.9	461	74.6	11,431		12,488			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150%	of Pov	All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	650	81.8	520	56.7	8,571	74.8	9,741	75.7	68.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	97	12.2	51	5.6	1,663	14.5	1,811	14.1	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	7	0.8	44	0.4	51	0.4	3.6	
Walked	19	2.4	0	0.0	118	1.0	137	1.1	2.1	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	10	1.3	37	4.0	178	1.6	225	1.7	2.4	
Worked at Home	19	2.4	0	0.0	883	7.7	902	7.0	13.6	
Total:	795		615	67.1	11,457		12,867			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

## Migration

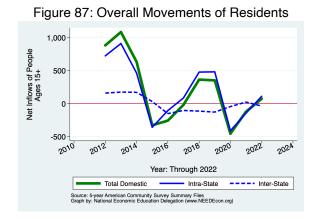
## **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

#### Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Lathrop is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.



#### Table 17: Migration by Income

		N				
			Same	e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	4,644	-351	-500	108	0	41
With income	17,674	479	-98	600	-37	14
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	2,469	168	154	12	2	0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,903	37	62	-22	-3	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,734	116	35	92	-11	0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,843	124	11	113	0	0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,212	27	44	-24	7	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	2,161	46	54	16	-24	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	1,026	-99	-280	189	$^{-8}$	0
\$75,000 or more	4,326	60	-178	224	0	14
All:	22,318	128	-598	708	-37	55

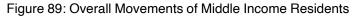
Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

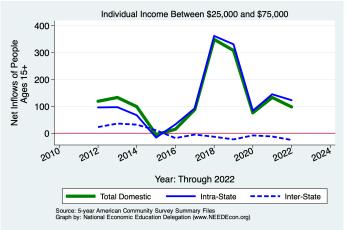
Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

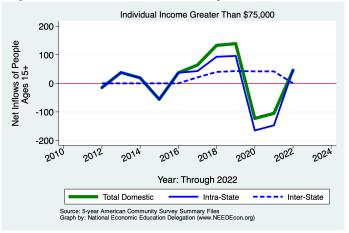


Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents









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## **Demographics of Migration Flows**

#### Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

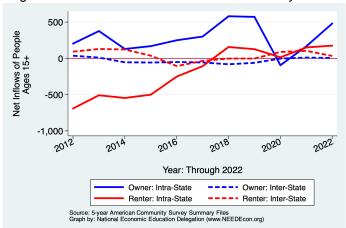
	Net Inflows								
			Sam	e State		•			
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad			
Never married	7,465	47	-183	183	13	34			
Now married, except separated	12,079	154	-284	447	-30	21			
Divorced	1,635	99	3	96	0	0			
Separated	366	4	30	-26	0	0			
Widowed	773	-176	-164	8	-20	0			
Total:	22,318	128	-598	708	-37	55			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		N					
			Same	Same State			
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad	
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	$24,156 \\ 4,933$	$561 \\ 222$	$-783 \\ 318$	$1,263 \\ -143$	4 33	77 14	
Total:	29,089	783	-465	1,120	37	91	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



#### Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

#### Table 20: Migration by Age

		Net Inflows				
			Same	e State		
<b>a</b> .			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	1,709	193	20	137	0	36
5 to 17 years	6,499	332	15	230	67	20
18 and 19 years	693	-86	0	-86	0	0
20 to 24 years	2,019	118	101	17	0	0
25 to 29 years	2,059	-296	-304	$^{-2}$	-4	14
30 to 34 years	1,758	180	49	131	0	0
35 to 39 years	2,009	66	2	91	-27	0
40 to 44 years	2,356	130	45	64	0	21
45 to 49 years	2,133	103	-73	156	20	0
50 to 54 years	1,711	-68	-116	48	0	0
55 to 59 years	1,706	-131	-202	57	14	0
60 to 64 years	1,471	63	29	54	-20	0
65 to 69 years	1,274	83	8	84	-9	0
70 to 74 years	788	-11	0	0	-11	0
75 years and over	927	-80	-164	84	0	0
Total Population:	29,112	596	-590	1,065	30	91

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows					
		Same		e State		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	3,744	-22	-58	71	-35	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	5,110	-504	-719	222	-7	0
Some college or assoc. degree	5,493	117	-139	250	-15	21
Bachelor's degree	2,936	251	132	85	20	14
Graduate or professional degree	909	197	58	139	0	0
Total:	18, 192	39	-726	767	-37	35

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	40,409	40,409
Moved Within Same County	32,521	68,720
Moved to Different County, Same State	56,300	45,485
Total Population:	40,727	42,106

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35.1	35.1
Moved Within Same County	30.3	37.1
Moved to Different County, Same State	32.7	28.1
Moved Between States	12.3	61.8
Moved from Abroad	15.5	
Total Population:	34.2	34.8

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

## **References and Sources**

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www. census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

Zillow Research Data https://www.zillow.com/research/data/

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