Hayward, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Hayward and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Hayward (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Hayward. These indicators are compared to Alameda County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Hayward demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Hayward and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Hayward, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
 the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
 proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
 who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Hayward, but do
 not necessarily live in Hayward.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Hayward's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

POPULATION Population Estimate (#) 156,773.0 159,202.0 Veterans (#) 3,426.0 3,708.0 Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) 40.4 38.7 Population age 25+ (#) 113,350.0 111,419.0 AGE AND SEX 113,350.0 111,419.0 Persons under 5 years (%) 5.3 5.0 Persons under 18 years (%) 19.2 19.7 Persons 65 years and over (%) 13.9 12.6 Female persons (%) 50.1 48.5 INCOME AND POVERTY Median household income (\$) 101,199.0 96,886.0 Per capita income in past 12 months (\$) 41,206.0 37,243.0 Persons in poverty (%) 14.2 8.8 Children age less than 18 in poverty (#) 6,848.0 2,944.0 Children age less than 18 in poverty (%) 23.6 9.6 RACE AND ETHNICITY White alone (%) 9.4 9.5 African American alone (%) 9.4 9.5 Arican Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr) 1.2 0.8 Asian alone (%) </th
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Two or More Races (%) 13.3 7.6
Hispanic or Latino (%) 40.3 39.2
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%) 11.6 14.6
HOUSING
Housing units (#) 51,246.0 51,060.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%) 55.3 53.9 Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$) 850,400.0 645,900.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$) 3,101.0 2,577.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$) 731.0 621.0
Median gross rent (\$) 2,227.0 1,958.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS
Households (#) 48,950.0 47,826.0
Persons per household (#) 3.1 3.3
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ 90.6 89.8
EDUCATION
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ 80.6 83.9
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ 31.4 27.9
HEALTH
With a disability, under age 65 years (#) 9,274.0 8,513.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%) 5.8 4.1
LABOR FORCE
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%) 65.2 68.2
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%) 60.2 63.7
Employed, persons age 16+ (%) 59.2 63.1
Self employed (%) 5.5 5.2
TRANSPORTATION
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins.) 26.5 31.7
Drive alone in private vehicle (%) 72.7 61.6
Using public transportation (%) 4.8 12.5
Worked from home (%) 13.7 2.9

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	2023		% Ch	ange						
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year						
		City								
Hayward	159,800	-0.18	0.34	0.70						
County and Broader Regions										
Alameda County	1,636,194	-0.49	-1.62	-1.25						
Bay Area	7,548,792	-0.45	-2.58	-2.62						
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01						

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

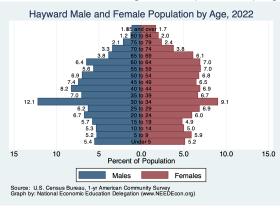
(Thousands, January to January)

				% Change	
City	2022	2023	Local	Bay Area	California
Alameda County	1,644.2	1,636.2	-0.49	-0.45	-0.35
Oakland	421.8	419.6	-0.53		
Fremont	229.1	229.5	0.15		
Hayward	160.1	159.8	-0.18		
Berkeley	123.2	123.6	0.30		
San Leandro	88.1	87.5	-0.66		
Livermore	85.9	84.8	-1.25		
Alameda	77.4	77.3	-0.19		
Pleasanton	77.5	76.5	-1.37		
Dublin	72.4	71.8	-0.86		
Union City	67.7	66.8	-1.40		
Newark	47.1	47.5	0.66		
Albany	21.5	21.4	-0.57		
Emeryville	12.5	12.6	1.06		
Piedmont	10.9	10.8	-1.10		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 2: Population Growth (2) (Over 1, 5 and 32 years, through 2023) Annual Growth Rate (%), to 2023 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.19 -0.29 -0.5 -0.35 Ave. 1 Year 32 Years 5 Years Hayward Alameda County California Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



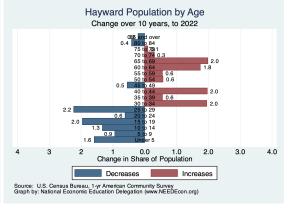
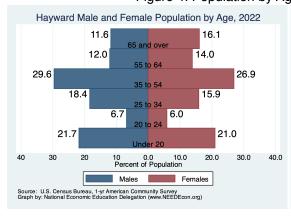


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



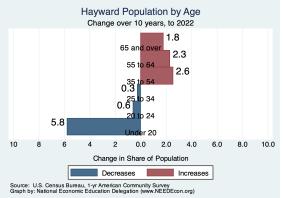


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment

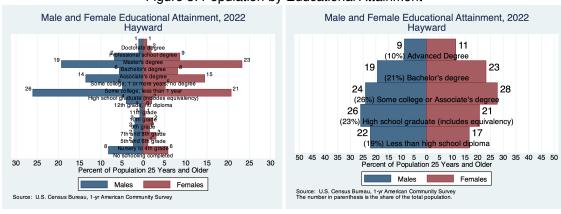


Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity

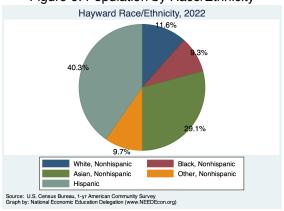
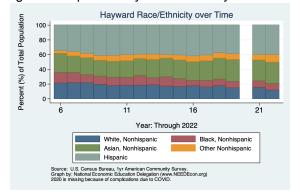


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

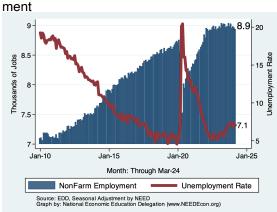
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Hayward Summary for March, 2024

Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



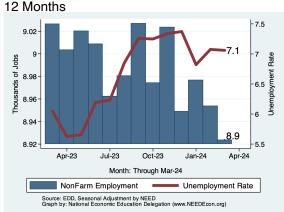
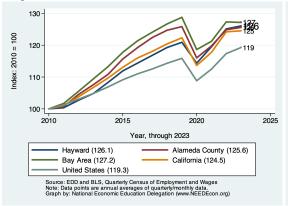
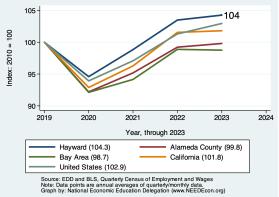


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Alameda County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Alameda County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	823, 371	100.0	1,966.6	2.9	0.4	1.1	1.1	2.7	0.3
Goods Producing	144,737	17.6	720.1	6.2	-6.0	-3.2	-1.6	1.3	1.6
Mining, Logging and Construction	48,272	5.9	799.6	22.2	-8.4	-3.0	0.4	-0.4	-0.5
Manufacturing	96,442	11.7	-26.5	-0.3	-3.8	-2.7	-3.0	2.0	2.7
Durable Goods	75,317	9.1	-21.0	-0.3	-4.6	-3.2	-3.7	2.6	4.5
Non-Durable Goods	20,938	2.5	-7.6	-0.4	-3.0	-1.6	-1.0	-0.0	-2.3
Service Providing	677,573	82.3	1,085.9	1.9	1.4	1.9	1.6	3.0	-0.0
Trade, Trans & Utilities	137,119	16.7	-413.9	-3.6	-0.7	-1.6	-0.9	1.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	32,689	4.0	-243.2	-8.5	-1.0	-3.3	-3.1	-0.5	-2.1
Retail Trade	63,503	7.7	-63.7	-1.2	0.9	0.7	0.4	-0.7	-2.0
Information	17,440	2.1	67.7	4.8	-4.5	-7.5	-6.9	-2.0	-2.8
Financial Activities	26,656	3.2	28.9	1.3	-4.7	-4.2	-2.5	-0.1	-1.2
Finance & Insurance	15,416	1.9	145.0	12.0	1.3	-1.2	-2.4	-3.1	-2.3
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	11,378	1.4	-105.1	-10.5	-12.3	-6.0	-2.8	5.6	0.7
Professional & Business Srvcs	137,542	16.7	169.7	1.5	1.0	0.9	0.2	1.4	0.3
Prof, Sci, & Tech	82,593	10.0	222.4	3.3	2.9	3.3	1.8	3.1	1.8
Educational & Health Srvcs	143,220	17.4	769.5	6.7	4.7	5.8	6.1	5.4	2.8
Education Srvcs	16,300	2.0	132.5	10.3	-4.3	2.8	1.9	6.7	-0.2
Health Care & Social Assistance	126,957	15.4	626.8	6.1	5.2	6.1	6.6	5.3	3.3
Leisure & Hospitality	70,978	8.6	-133.1	-2.2	1.5	2.8	1.9	13.4	-1.7
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	12,293	1.5	194.9	21.1	13.1	12.9	7.0	32.6	-0.3
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	59,226	7.2	-191.8	-3.8	1.8	2.0	0.8	11.3	-1.8
Other Srvcs	28,484	3.5	402.7	18.6	-5.0	1.1	4.0	8.9	0.7
Government	115,339	14.0	242.6	2.6	2.2	3.1	2.4	0.1	-1.4
Federal	8,514	1.0	0.0	0.0	-3.0	0.0	0.8	-0.5	-0.5
State	27,661	3.4	-35.9	-1.5	-1.4	2.3	1.0	-7.4	-5.4
Local	77,889	9.5	257.5	4.1	3.6	3.4	3.0	3.5	0.2

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Hayward

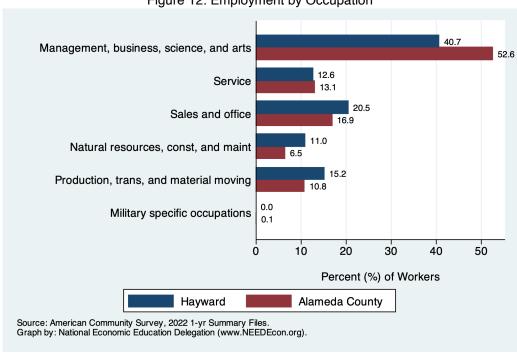
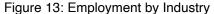
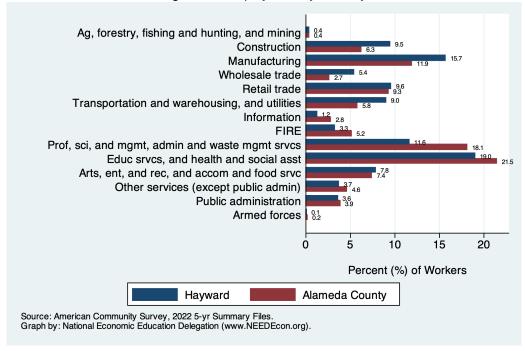


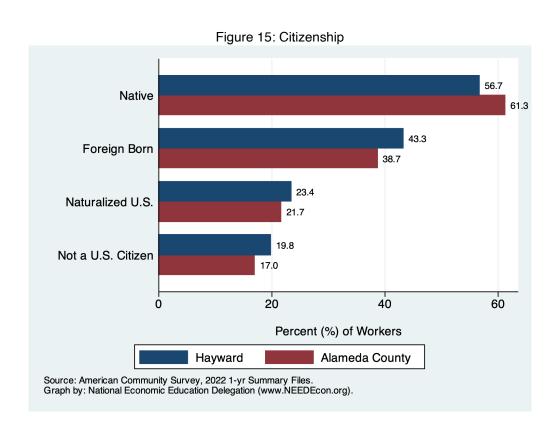
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation





42.9 Speak only English 53.6 31.2 Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 15.9 SOL - English very well 20.0 9.9 SOL - English less than very well 9.1 20 40 60 Percent (%) of Workers Hayward Alameda County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home



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Employed Residents of Hayward

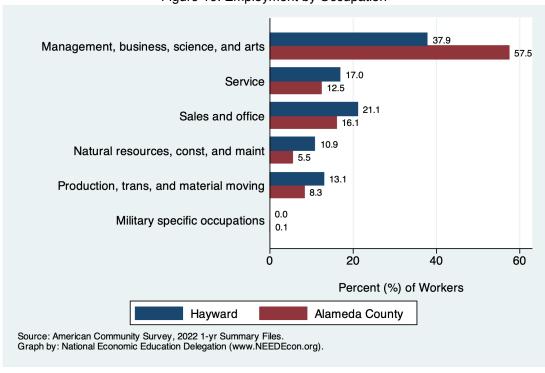
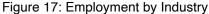
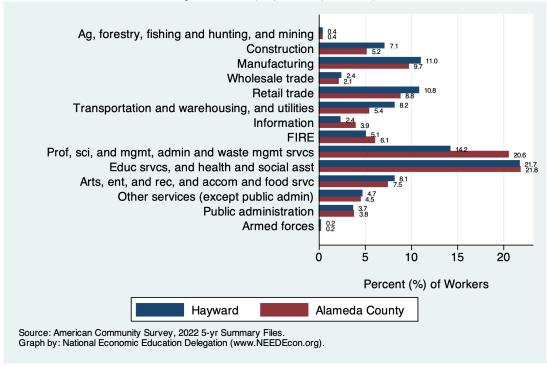


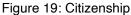
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

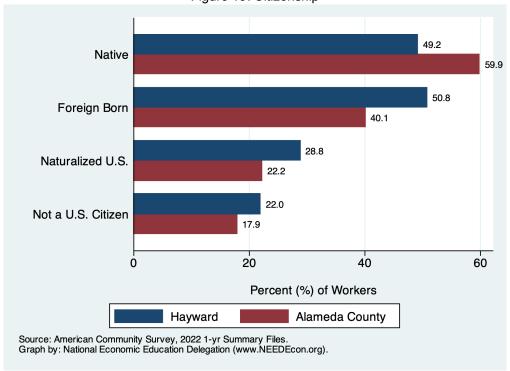




38.4 Speak only English 53.1 31.1 Speak Spanish (SS) 15.5 15.7 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 6.5 30.5 Speak other languages (SOL) 31.5 20.6 SOL - English very well 22.2 9.9 SOL - English less than very well 9.3 10 20 30 40 50 Percent (%) of Workers Hayward Alameda County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home





Employed Residents vs Workers in Hayward

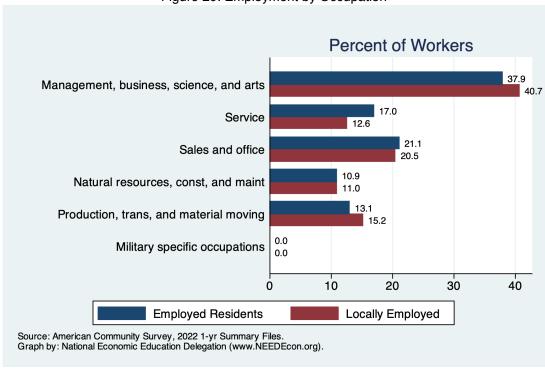
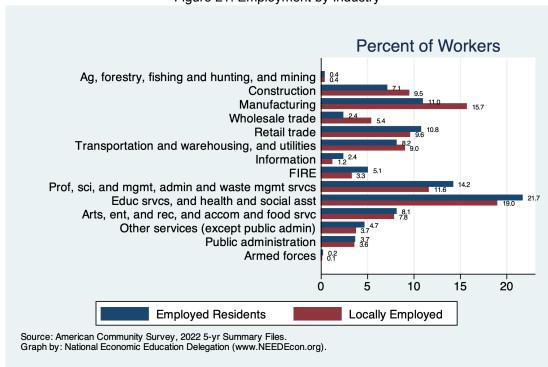


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

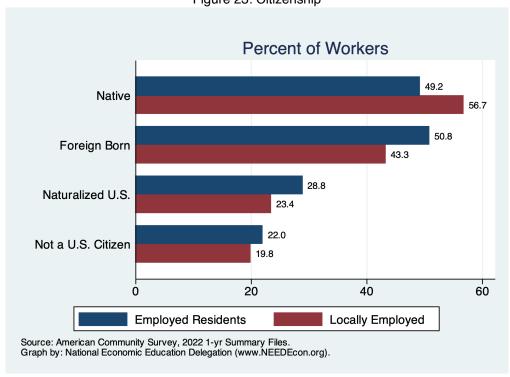




Percent of Workers 38.4 Speak only English 42.9 Speak Spanish (SS) 15.7 SS - English very well 15.4 SS - English less than very well 30.5 Speak other languages (SOL) 25.9 20.6 SOL - English very well 15.9 9.9 9.9 SOL - English less than very well 10 20 30 40 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 1-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Hayward. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

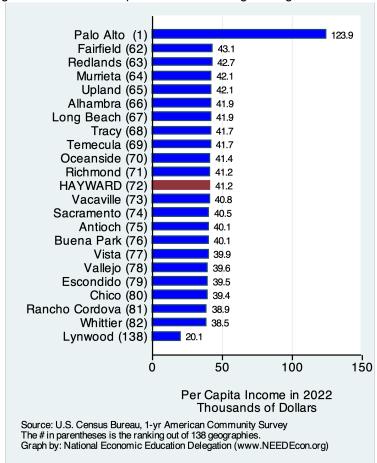
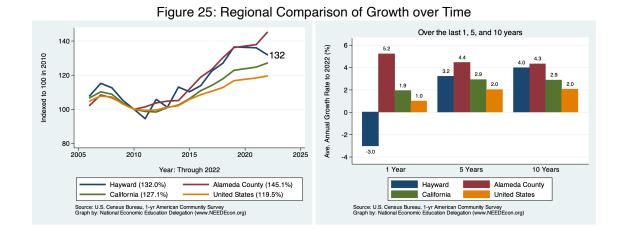
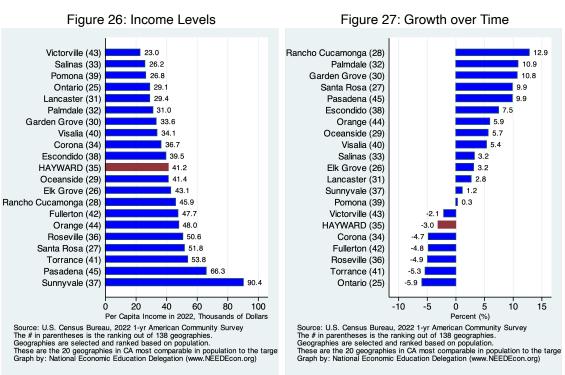


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

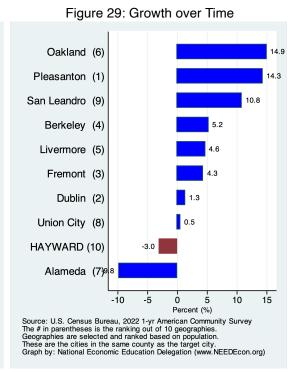


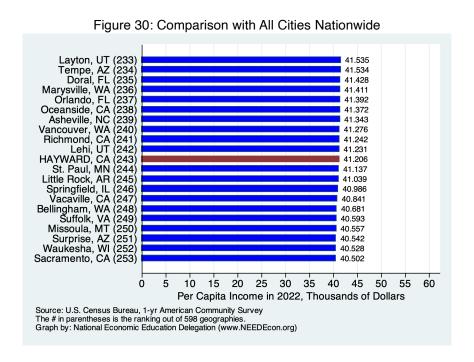
Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Alameda County

Figure 28: Income Levels HAYWARD (10) 41.2 San Leandro (9) Union City (8) Alameda (7) Oakland (6) 62.0 Livermore (5) 67.5 Berkeley (4) Fremont (3) Dublin (2) Pleasanton (1) 20 40 60 80 100 n Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 1-yr American Community Survey
The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 10 geographies.
Geographies are selected and ranked based on population.
These are the cities in the same county as the target city.
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)





Poverty and Inequality

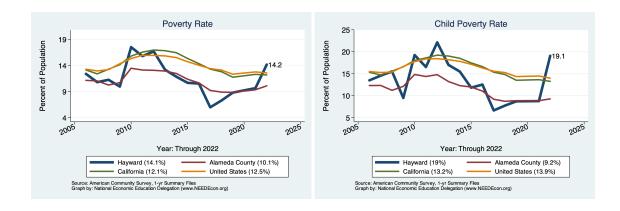
Definition:

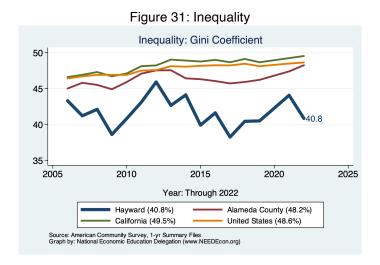
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

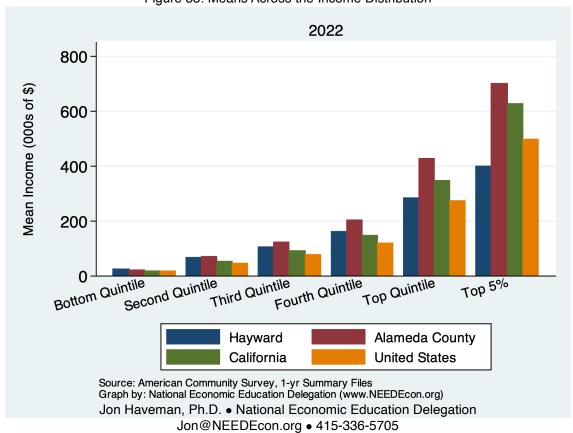




2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Third Quintile Bottom Quintile Second Quintile Fourth Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Hayward Alameda County California **United States** Source: American Community Survey, 1-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution





Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Hayward and Broader Regions

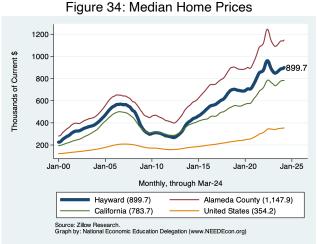


Figure 35: Median Rents 3.0 Thousands of Current \$ 2.5 2.0 1.5 Jan-14 Jan-20 Jan-26 Jan-16 Jan-18 Jan-22 Jan-24 Monthly, through Mar-24 Havward (2.6) Alameda County (2.8) United States (2.0) Source: Zillow Research. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Housing Ownership in Hayward and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

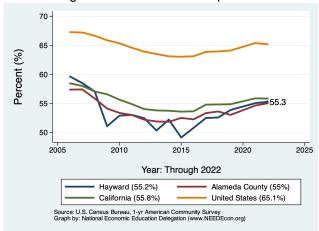


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

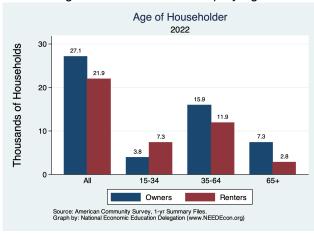


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

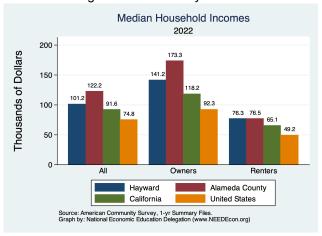


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

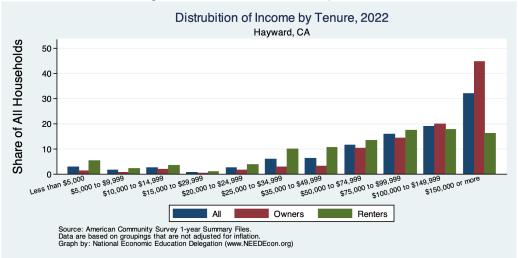


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

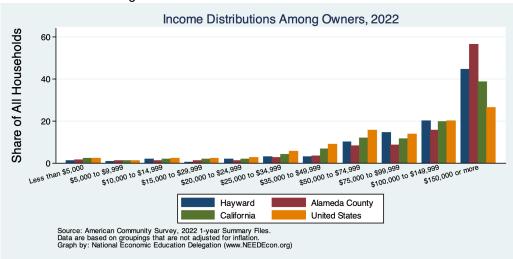
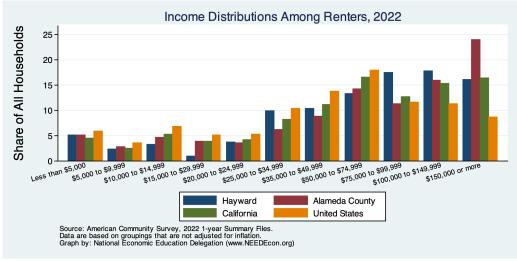


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Hayward and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

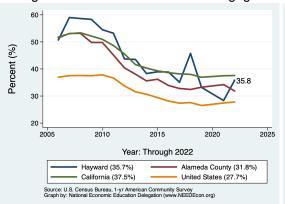


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

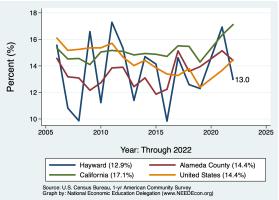


Figure 44: Renters

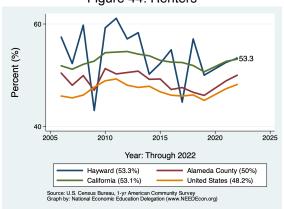
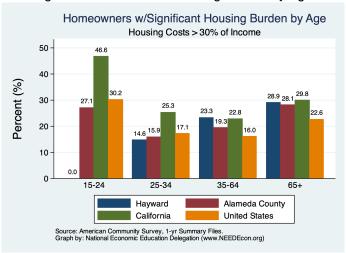


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% Cha	nge from
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	159,800.0	160,197.0	144,186.0	-0.2	10.8
Total # of Homes	53,564.0	50,084.0	48,296.0	6.9	10.9
# Occupied Units	51,429.0	47,987.0	45,365.0	7.2	13.4
Persons per Household	3.0	3.3	3.1	-7.3	-2.8
Vacancy Rate (%)	4.0	4.2	6.1	-4.8	-34.3

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

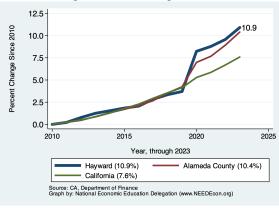


Figure 47: Persons per Household

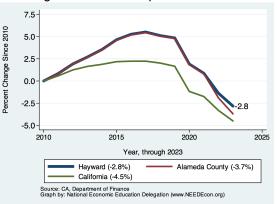


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

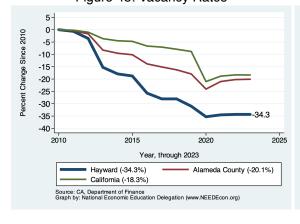
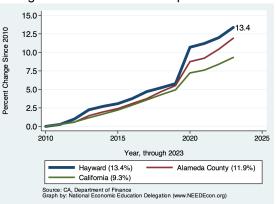


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units

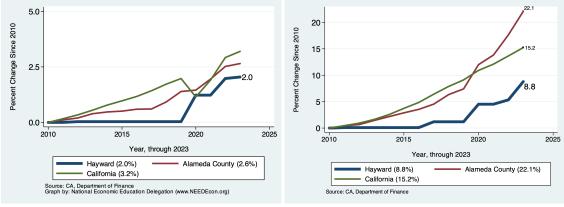


Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes Figure 51: Single Attached Homes 10.0 50-Percent Change Since 2010 Percent Change Since 2010 40 7.5 30 5.0 20 2.5 10 0.0 0. 2010 2020 2025 2020 2025 Year, through 2023 Year, through 2023 Hayward (8.8%) Hayward (44.0%) California (9.3%) Alameda County (16.7%) Alameda County (5.6%) California (5.8%) Ource: CA, Department of Finance
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org) Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units



Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Hayward was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Alameda County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

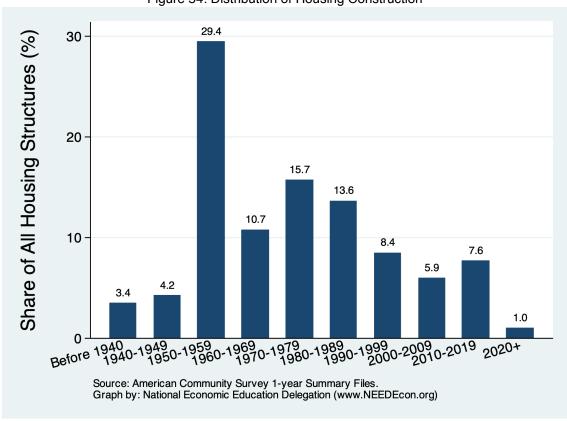


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

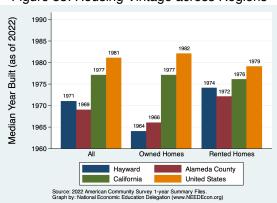


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

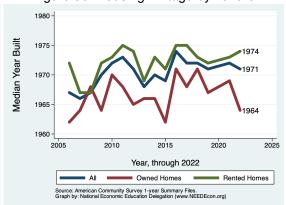


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

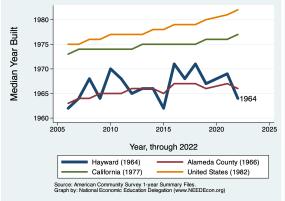


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

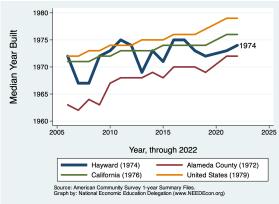
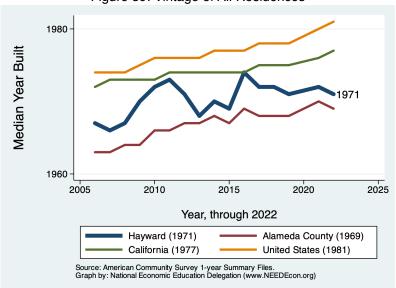


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

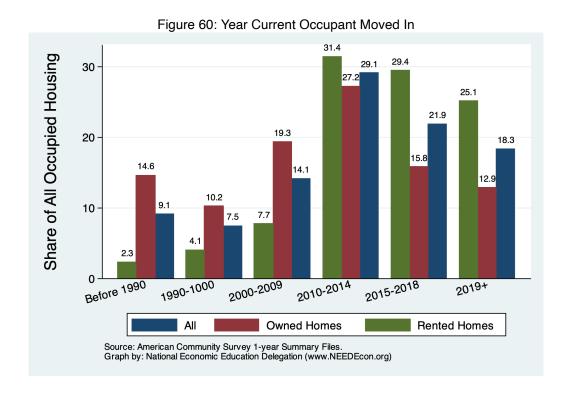


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

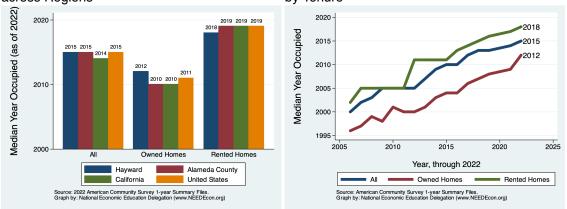


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

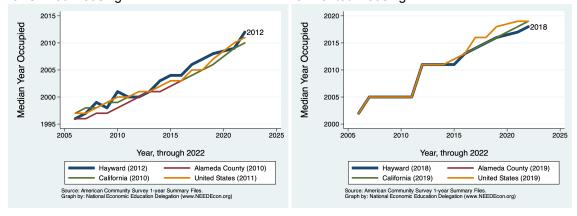


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2010 2005 2000 2010 2015 2020 2025 2005 Year, through 2022 Alameda County (2015) Hayward (2015) United States (2015) California (2014) Source: American Community Survey 1-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Residential Permitting

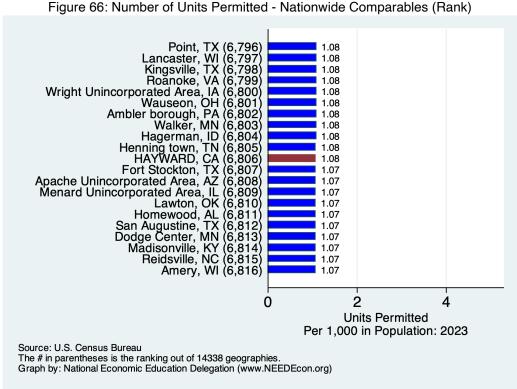
Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Hayward is compared with data from Alameda County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

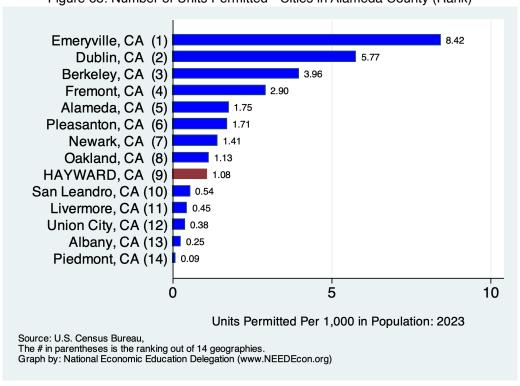
Hayward - Ranking Among Comparables



Paradise town, CA Oakland, CA (3 Weed, CA (3 1.13 Weed, 1.12 1.12 Los Altos, Garden Grove, 1.12 La Canada Flintridge, 1.12 Santa Cruz Unincorporated Area, San Fernando, 1.11 Sutter Unincorporated Area, Woodside town, 1.10 1.09 HAYWARD, 1.08 Torrance, 1.06 Twentynine Palms, Grover Beach, 1.05 Yolo Unincorporated Area, 1.02 Redding, 1.02 Corcoran, 1.01 Salinas, CA 0.99 Sausalito, CA Coronado, CA 0.99 0.97 Laguna Woods, CA 0.00 (515)0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 Units Permitted Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)





Hayward - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Hayward

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

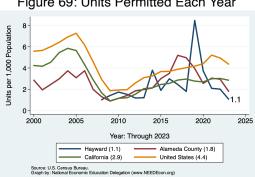
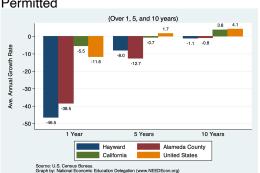


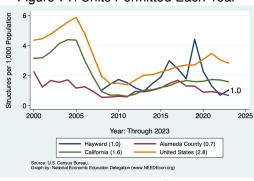
Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

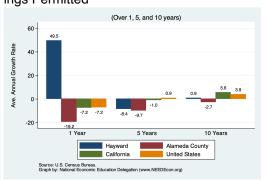


Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Hayward

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

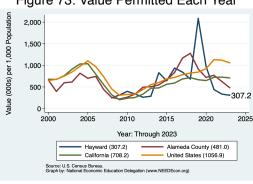
Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year





Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Hayward

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year



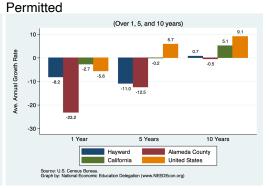


Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

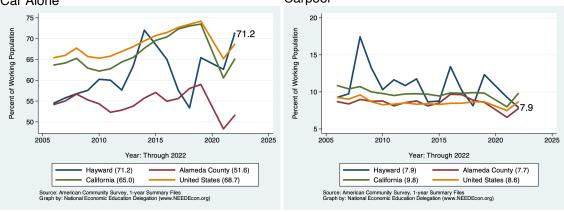
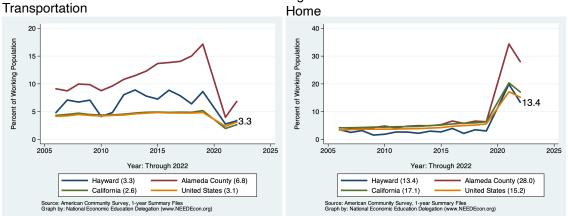


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Hayward. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Hayward. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Ma	Male Female		All Wo	orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	36, 114	84.6	26, 152	71.7	62, 266	79.2	75.3
Drove Alone	32,300	75.6	23,729	65.1	56,029	71.2	65.5
Carpooled:	3,814	8.9	2,423	6.6	6,237	7.9	9.8
In 2-person carpool	2,409	5.6	1,742	4.8	4,151	5.3	7.0
In 3-person carpool	994	2.3	496	1.4	1,490	1.9	1.7
In 4-or-more-person carpool	411	1.0	185	0.5	596	0.8	1.2
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	1,055	2.5	1,575	4.3	2,630	3.3	2.7
Bus or Trolley Bus	383	0.9	251	0.7	634	0.8	1.8
Streetcar or Trolley Car	586	1.4	1,111	3.0	1,697	2.2	0.5
Subway or Elevated	37	0.1	131	0.4	168	0.2	0.2
Railroad	49	0.1	0	0.0	49	0.1	0.1
Ferryboat	0	0.0	82	0.2	82	0.1	0.1
Bicycle	384	0.9	174	0.5	558	0.7	0.7
Walked	381	0.9	509	1.4	890	1.1	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	762	1.8	1,001	2.7	1,763	2.2	1.7
Worked at Home	3,492	8.2	7,050	19.3	10,542	13.4	17.2
Total:	42, 188	98.8	36, 461	100.0	78,649	100.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	le	Fem	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	30, 502	75.6	19,793	61.6	50, 295	69.4	75.3	
Drove Alone	26,565	65.8	17,788	55.3	44,353	61.2	65.5	
Carpooled:	3,937	9.8	2,005	6.2	5,942	8.2	9.8	
In 2-person carpool	3,231	8.0	1,470	4.6	4,701	6.5	7.0	
In 3-person carpool	629	1.6	263	0.8	892	1.2	1.7	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	77	0.2	272	0.8	349	0.5	1.2	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	1,300	3.2	207	0.6	1,507	2.1	2.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	307	0.8	0	0.0	307	0.4	1.8	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	911	2.3	207	0.6	1,118	1.5	0.5	
Subway or Elevated	82	0.2	0	0.0	82	0.1	0.2	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	510	1.3	186	0.6	696	1.0	0.7	
Walked	721	1.8	350	1.1	1,071	1.5	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	568	1.4	656	2.0	1,224	1.7	1.7	
Worked at Home	3,492	8.6	7,050	21.9	10,542	14.5	17.2	
Total:	37, 093	91.9	28, 242	87.9	65,335	90.1		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

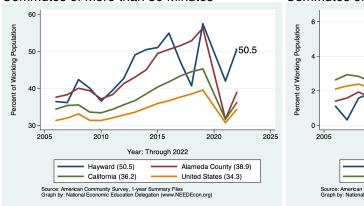
Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	Mal	е	Fer	Female		All Workers		
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Less than 5 minutes	393	0.9	241	0.7	634	0.9	2.1	
5 to 9 minutes	1,006	2.4	836	2.5	1,842	2.5	7.8	
10 to 14 minutes	2,706	6.5	4,250	12.9	6,956	9.4	12.4	
15 to 19 minutes	4,518	10.9	3,810	11.6	8,328	11.3	15.4	
20 to 24 minutes	5,460	13.2	4,662	14.1	10,122	13.7	14.8	
25 to 29 minutes	1,760	4.2	1, 106	3.4	2,866	3.9	6.4	
30 to 34 minutes	8,404	20.2	5,510	16.7	13,914	18.8	15.2	
35 to 39 minutes	1,964	4.7	784	2.4	2,748	3.7	2.9	
40 to 44 minutes	2,812	6.8	1,751	5.3	4,563	6.2	4.1	
45 to 59 minutes	6,193	14.9	4,649	14.1	10,842	14.7	8.2	
60 to 89 minutes	2,850	6.9	1,550	4.7	4,400	5.9	7.2	
90 or more minutes	630	1.5	262	0.8	892	1.2	3.6	
Total:	38,696	93.2	29, 411	89.2	68, 107	92.0		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes



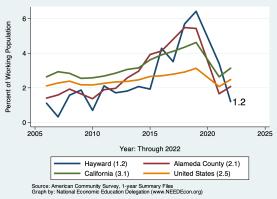
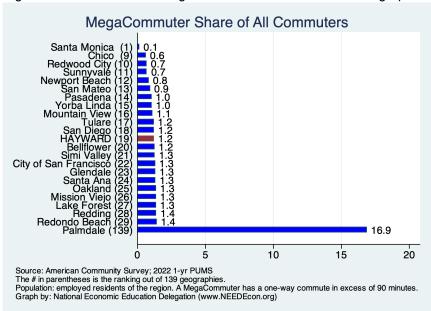


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WORK EASE GEOGRAFITI									
	Mal	Male		ale	All Wo	All of CA			
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)		
Less than 5 minutes	220	0.6	186	0.6	406	0.6	2.1		
5 to 9 minutes	1,544	3.9	725	2.4	2,269	3.2	7.8		
10 to 14 minutes	3,662	9.3	5,036	16.4	8,698	12.4	12.4		
15 to 19 minutes	4,615	11.7	3,161	10.3	7,776	11.1	15.3		
20 to 24 minutes	5,879	15.0	4,166	13.6	10,045	14.3	14.8		
25 to 29 minutes	1,967	5.0	1,514	4.9	3,481	5.0	6.4		
30 to 34 minutes	6,135	15.6	3,150	10.3	9,285	13.3	15.2		
35 to 39 minutes	669	1.7	373	1.2	1,042	1.5	2.9		
40 to 44 minutes	442	1.1	357	1.2	799	1.1	4.1		
45 to 59 minutes	2,906	7.4	1,018	3.3	3,924	5.6	8.2		
60 to 89 minutes	2,468	6.3	1,088	3.5	3,556	5.1	7.2		
90 or more minutes	3,094	7.9	418	1.4	3,512	5.0	3.6		
Total:	33,601	85.5	21, 192	69.1	54,793	78.3			

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

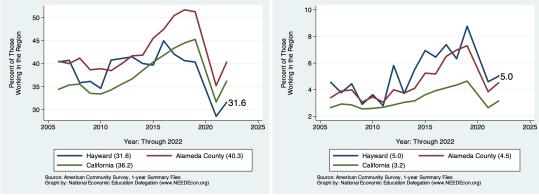
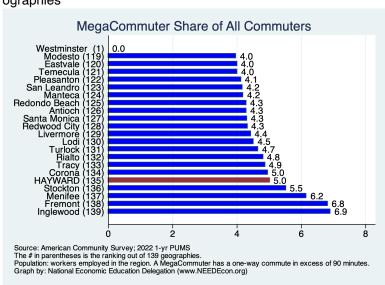


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Hayward work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Hayward's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Hayward city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fer	Female		All Workers	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	42, 188	98.8	36,410	99.9	78, 598	99.9	99.6
Worked in county of residence	29,327	68.7	28,755	78.9	58,082	73.8	85.3
worked outside of county of residence	12,861	30.1	7,655	21.0	20,516	26.1	14.3
Worked outside state of residence	0	0.0	51	0.1	51	0.1	0.4
Total:	42, 188	98.8	36, 461	100.0	78,649	100.0	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

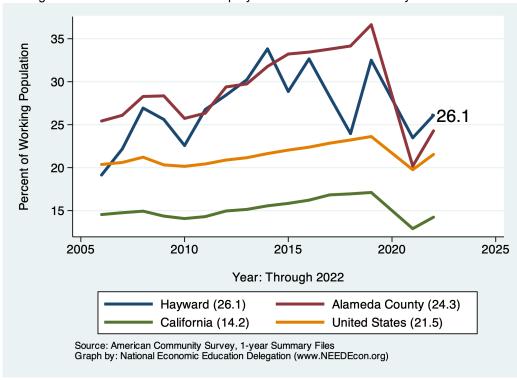
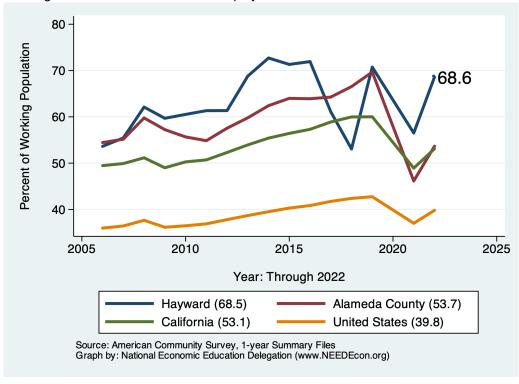


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Female		All W	orkers	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Living in a place:	42, 188	98.8	36, 461	100.0	78,649	100.0	95.8	
Worked in place of residence	11,337	26.5	13,368	36.7	24,705	31.4	42.3	
Worked outside place of residence	30,851	72.2	23,093	63.3	53,944	68.6	53.4	
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.2	
Total:	42, 188	98.8	36, 461	100.0	78,649	100.0		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City California			United Sta	tes
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	53, 193	48, 335	102.3	45,677	100.7
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	35,219	35,926	91.1	34,518	88.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	65,660	34,625	176.2	41,443	137.0
Walked	15,139	30,552	46.0	27,247	48.0
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	36,875	40,631	84.3	36,218	88.0
Worked from home	89,215	79,738	104.0	69,180	111.5
Total:	53,615	49,818	107.6	46,365	115.6

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	9,879	35.6	20, 422	64.9	15,828	61.3	51, 426	65.4	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	2,218	8.0	2,717	8.6	2,318	9.0	8,631	11.0	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	1,066	3.8	1,278	4.1	2,072	8.0	4,712	6.0	3.6
Walked	418	1.5	155	0.5	46	0.2	691	0.9	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	423	1.5	475	1.5	348	1.3	1,533	1.9	2.4
Worked at Home	1,535	5.5	2,327	7.4	4,014	15.5	8,521	10.8	13.6
Total:	15, 539	55.9	27, 374	86.9	24,626	95.3	75, 514	96.0	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25	,000	\$25,000-	\$74,999	\$75,0	00+	Al	I	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	7,860	32.4	17, 156	58.8	16, 260	65.8	46, 251	63.8	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	1,992	8.2	2,406	8.2	1,917	7.8	7,293	10.1	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	701	2.9	446	1.5	148	0.6	1,516	2.1	3.6
Walked	408	1.7	337	1.2	80	0.3	998	1.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	576	2.4	274	0.9	539	2.2	1,614	2.2	2.4
Worked at Home	1,535	6.3	2,327	8.0	4,014	16.2	8,521	11.8	13.6
Total:	13,072	53.8	22,946	78.6	22,958	92.9	66, 193	91.3	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Po	verty	100-149	% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	3,616	73.4	1,227	22.2	51,009	71.2	55, 852	71.3	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	412	8.4	340	6.2	5,485	7.7	6,237	8.0	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	83	1.5	2,547	3.6	2,630	3.4	2.6
Walked	202	4.1	0	0.0	649	0.9	851	1.1	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	73	1.5	81	1.5	2,167	3.0	2,321	3.0	2.4
Worked at Home	358	7.3	351	6.4	9,750	13.6	10,459	13.3	17.2
Total:	4,661	94.6	2,082	37.7	71,607		78, 350		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Po	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150% of Pov			All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,854	42.8	1,833	39.3	40, 334	61.0	44,021	60.7	65.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	364	8.4	184	3.9	5,394	8.2	5,942	8.2	9.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	234	5.4	560	12.0	713	1.1	1,507	2.1	2.6
Walked	386	8.9	77	1.6	590	0.9	1,053	1.5	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	185	4.3	57	1.2	1,678	2.5	1,920	2.6	2.4
Worked at Home	358	8.3	351	7.5	9,750	14.8	10,459	14.4	17.2
Total:	3, 381	78.0	3,062	65.6	58, 459	88.5	64, 902	89.5	100.0

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Hayward is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

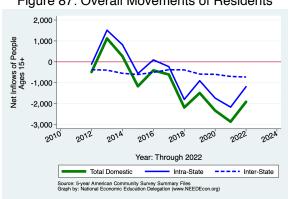


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

Net Inflows							
			Same	e State		_	
•			W/in	Between	Across	From	
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad	
No income	21,903	214	-265	-533	245	767	
With income	109,711	1,314	980	-57	-476	867	
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	14, 226	414	-7	-9	-11	441	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	9,804	227	270	12	-55	0	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12,193	-43	-98	87	-56	24	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	11,399	61	183	-46	-177	101	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12,355	-599	4	-708	9	96	
\$50,000 to \$64,999	12,054	884	589	229	-24	90	
\$65,000 to \$74,999	7,025	-459	-137	-464	142	0	
\$75,000 or more	30,655	829	176	842	-304	115	
All:	131,614	1,528	715	-590	-231	1,634	

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

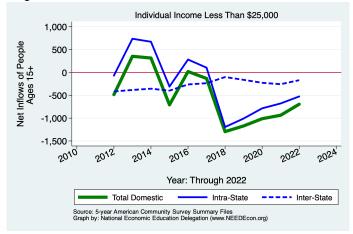
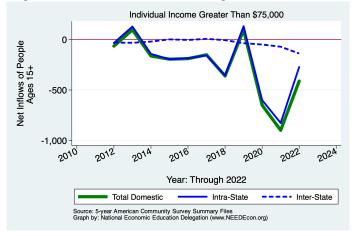


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents



Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

	Net Inflows							
			Sam	e State		-		
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad		
Never married	55, 332	1,448	758	-83	-306	1,079		
Now married, except separated	60,537	632	-55	-134	266	555		
Divorced	8,008	-259	57	-199	-117	0		
Separated	2,040	-163	-56	0	-107	0		
Widowed	5,697	-130	11	-174	33	0		
Total:	131, 614	1,528	715	-590	-231	1,634		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

			Same State		-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	83,866	249	1,575	-1,091	-734	499
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	68,035	-678	-1,200	-707	232	997
Total:	151, 901	-429	375	-1,798	-502	1,496

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure 5,000

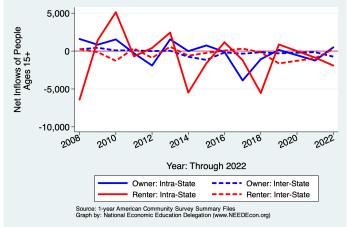


Table 20: Migration by Age

			_			
				e State	_	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	7,338	-229	-161	-6	-82	20
5 to 17 years	23,310	59	247	-150	-70	32
18 and 19 years	3,830	236	-41	199	18	60
20 to 24 years	10,451	-59	-117	-193	-38	289
25 to 29 years	12,767	153	48	-135	46	194
30 to 34 years	14,667	-592	-65	-260	-295	28
35 to 39 years	12,261	-616	-348	-63	-213	8
40 to 44 years	10,927	-89	1	-262	2	170
45 to 49 years	9,872	152	244	-52	-40	0
50 to 54 years	11,009	159	249	-18	-115	43
55 to 59 years	10,970	-275	-35	-232	-89	81
60 to 64 years	10,437	-40	13	-115	-6	68
65 to 69 years	7,226	-17	-113	49	18	29
70 to 74 years	5,426	-16	6	-22	0	0
75 years and over	8,579	-3	25	-15	-24	11
Total Population:	159,070	-1,177	-47	-1,275	-888	1,033

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows							
	Same State			e State		-		
			W/in	Between	Across	From		
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad		
Less than high school graduate	21,962	73	193	-141	-38	59		
High school graduate (includes equiv)	26,421	-98	113	-474	-281	544		
Some college or assoc. degree	29,400	-86	582	-666	-116	114		
Bachelor's degree	24,204	1,285	535	695	-165	220		
Graduate or professional degree	11,363	451	-204	407	188	60		
Total:	113,350	1,625	1,219	-179	-412	997		

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	41,502	41,502
Moved Within Same County	59,478	70,840
Moved to Different County, Same State	54,375	44,313
Moved Between States	39,155	33,696
Moved from Abroad	9,935	
Total Population:	41,988	42,034

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

rabio zor modian / igo or migranon i rono		
Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	39.6	39.6
Moved Within Same County	39.5	30.8
Moved to Different County, Same State	35.9	29.7
Moved Between States	27.7	29.9
Moved from Abroad	25.5	
Total Population:	39.0	38.3

Source: 2022 1-year American Community Survey, Summary File

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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