# Fortuna, California

# Indicators Report

by The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Fortuna and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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### **Executive Summary**

### Assessing the City with Indicators

#### About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Fortuna (the City) in the form of indicators.

#### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Fortuna. These indicators are compared to Humboldt County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

#### **Topics Covered:**

- **Demographics:** A detailed snopshot of Fortuna demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Fortuna and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- **Housing:** This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Fortuna, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Fortuna, but do not necessarily live in Fortuna.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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## Demographics

#### Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

#### Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Fortuna's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

### A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	12,527.0	12,210.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	809.0	791.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	8.7	9.0
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	8,374.0	8,278.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	5.8	5.6
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	22.1	23.
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	16.5	19.0
Female persons (%, 5yr)	51.8	52.9
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	58,633.0	46,193.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	32,543.0	24,669.
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	14.6	16.9
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	411.0	623.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	15.0	22.
	70.0	04
White alone (%, 5yr)	73.2	81.
African American alone (%, 5yr)	0.5 2.2	0.
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)		2.
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	2.1	0.
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.0 11.6	0.
Two or More Races (%, 5yr) Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	19.0	6. 21.
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	70.1	21. 71.
HOUSING	70.1	71.
Housing units (#, 5yr)	5,300.0	5,140.
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	56.7	59.
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	342,700.0	283,400.
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	1,693.0	1,612.
Median selected monthly owner costs with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	542.0	470.
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,113.0	912.
	1,110.0	012.
Households (#, 5yr)	4,955.0	4,769.
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.5	2.
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	86.6	82.
EDUCATION	00.0	02.0
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	88.5	87.4
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	20.7	19.
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,506.0	1,378.
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	4.7	7.0
LABOR FORCE		
n civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	58.8	58.4
n civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	50.9	54.
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	52.6	52.0
Self employed (%, 5yr)	12.4	14.
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	20.8	18.4
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	81.4	80.4
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	3.2	2.4
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	5.0	4.1

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

### **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

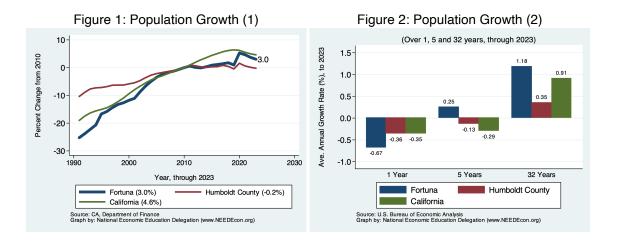
on Change by F ary to January)	Region								
2023		% Ch	ange						
Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year						
City									
12,256	-0.67	2.08	0.92						
County and	Broader	Regions							
134,047	-0.36	0.92	-1.50						
316, 610	-0.60	1.55	-0.27						
38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01						
	ary to January) 2023 Population 12,256 County and 134,047 316,610	2023 Population         1 Year           12,256         -0.67           County and Broader         134,047           134,047         -0.36           316,610         -0.60	City         City           12,256         -0.67         2.08           County and Broader Regions         134,047         -0.36         0.92           316,610         -0.60         1.55         -0.60         0.55						

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City
(Thousands, January to January)

City	2022	2023	Local	% Change Redwood Coast	California
Сцу	2022	2025	LUCAI	neuwoou Coasi	Gamornia
Humboldt County	134.5	134.0	-0.36	-0.60	-0.35
Eureka	26.6	26.1	-1.56		
Arcata	18.0	18.7	4.05		
Fortuna	12.3	12.3	-0.67		
Rio Dell	3.3	3.3	-1.39		
Ferndale	1.4	1.4	-0.22		
Blue Lake	1.2	1.1	-1.46		
Trinidad	0.3	0.3	-1.34		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation



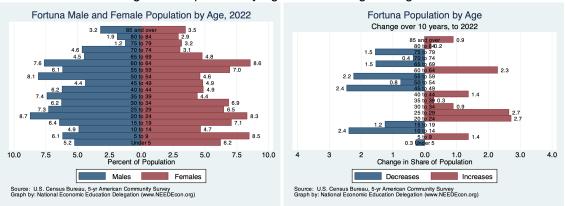
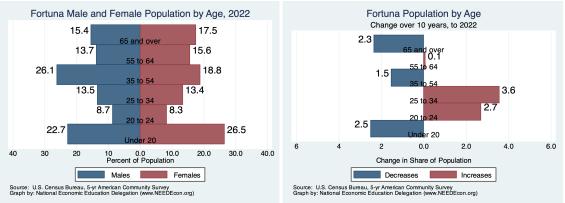
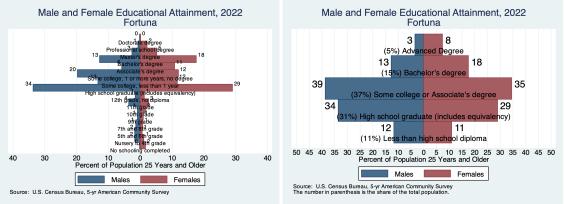


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories

Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories







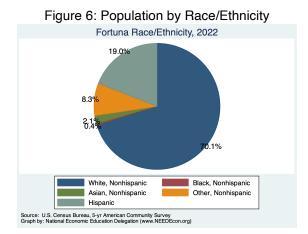
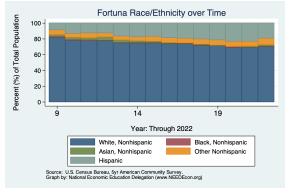


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time



### **Employment Report**

#### **Citywide Employment and Unemployment**

#### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in employment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

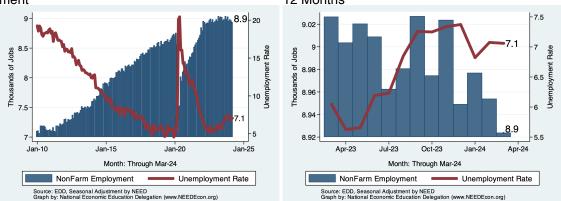
#### Why is it important?

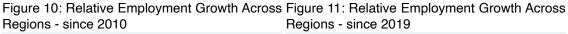
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

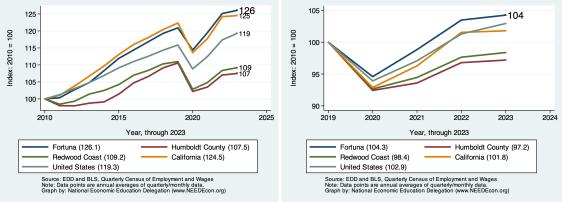
Table 3. Fortuna Summary for March, 2024							
	Change From:						
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year			
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103			
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96			
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97			
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9			

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last ment 12 Months







### County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Humboldt County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

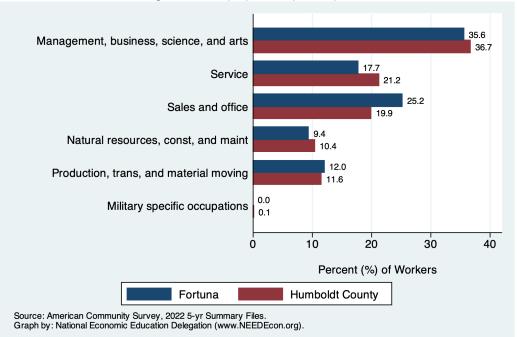
			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	50,918	100.0	109.2	2.6	1.9	2.3	2.3	3.6	-0.0
Total Private	35,807	70.3	161.8	5.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	-0.4
Goods Producing	5,326	10.5	9.7	2.2	0.5	3.0	1.7	1.6	2.1
Mining, Logging and Construction	2,958	5.8	35.3	15.5	7.3	-1.8	7.4	3.8	2.1
Mining and Logging	375	0.7	2.5	8.4	12.4	-20.7	37.5	0.4	-4.3
Construction	2,571	5.1	0.5	0.2	4.0	0.1	4.0	4.4	3.4
Manufacturing	2,300	4.5	-100.0	-40.0	0.0	0.0	-8.0	-1.4	0.9
Durable Goods	1,300	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	3.6
Non-Durable Goods	991	1.9	9.5	12.3	-3.6	-4.2	-9.2	-7.9	-2.0
Service Providing	45,600	89.6	71.5	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.4	3.8	-0.2
Trade, Trans & Utilities	8,555	16.8	-24.5	-3.4	1.6	3.0	1.0	0.2	-1.6
Wholesale Trade	1,100	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	0.0
Retail Trade	6,330	12.4	-33.8	-6.2	-0.0	1.8	-0.2	-0.7	-2.3
Information	300	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.0
Financial Activities	1,700	3.3	100.0	107.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	-1.1
Professional & Business Srvcs	2,866	5.6	6.5	2.8	-8.9	-5.3	3.3	-3.4	-4.0
Educational & Health Srvcs	9,195	18.1	40.1	5.4	-0.7	-0.2	3.3	3.1	0.6
Leisure & Hospitality	5,432	10.7	45.8	10.7	5.0	3.5	1.9	8.5	-0.9
Other Srvcs	2,307	4.5	9.4	5.0	4.9	6.9	4.4	6.8	2.9
Government	15,276	30.0	76.0	6.2	6.8	4.0	3.2	6.9	1.1
Federal	814	1.6	-3.0	-4.3	0.1	-14.3	-0.2	4.3	2.2

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Humboldt County for March, 2024

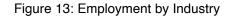
Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

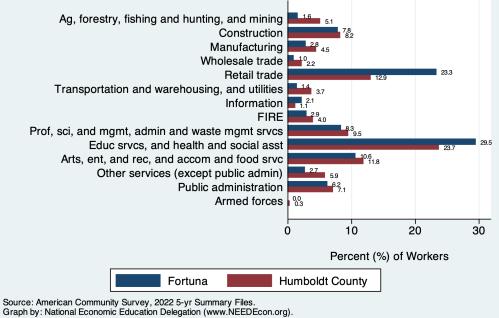
### Some Employee Detail

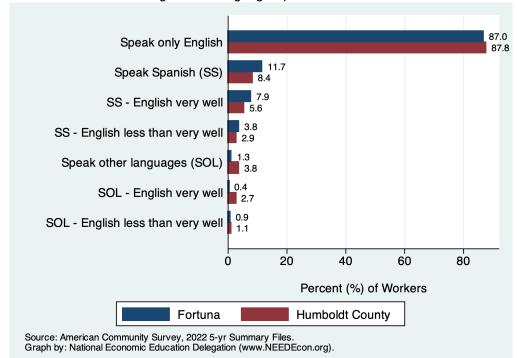
#### **Employed in Fortuna**

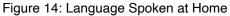












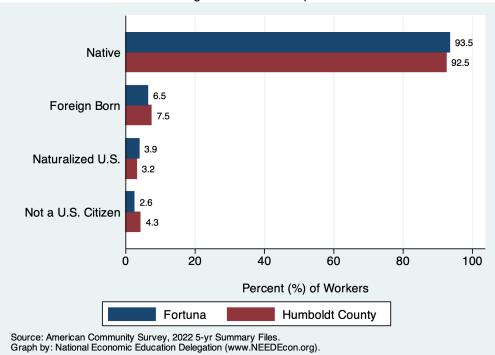


Figure 15: Citizenship

#### **Employed Residents of Fortuna**

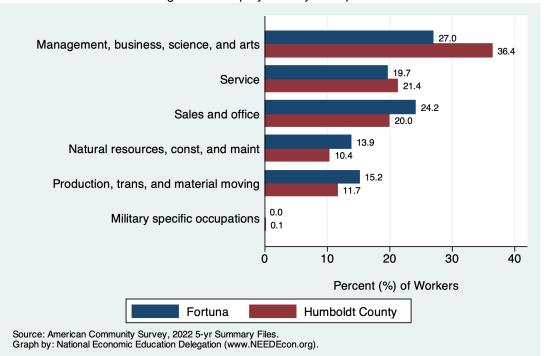
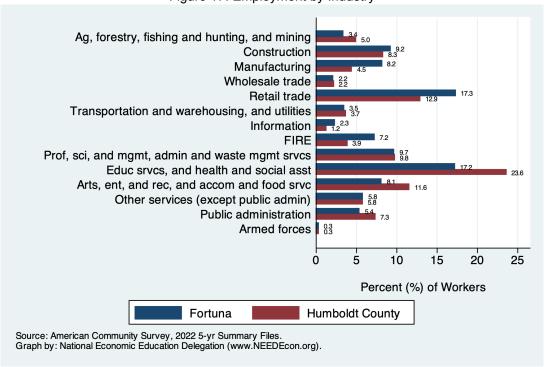


Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

Figure 17: Employment by Industry



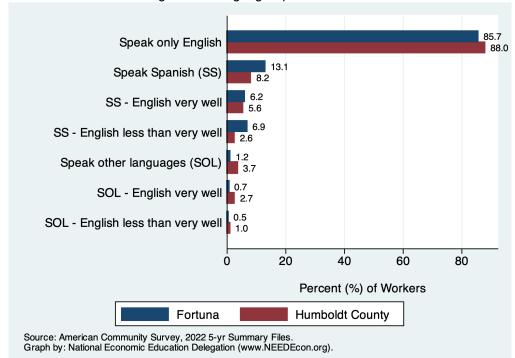


Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home

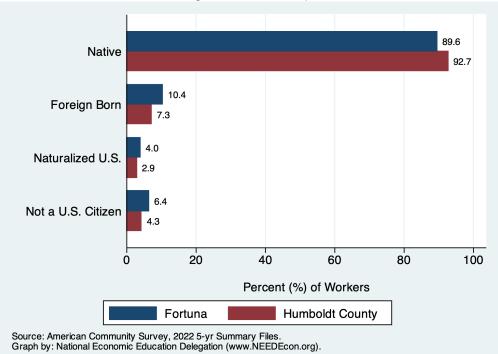


Figure 19: Citizenship

#### **Employed Residents vs Workers in Fortuna**

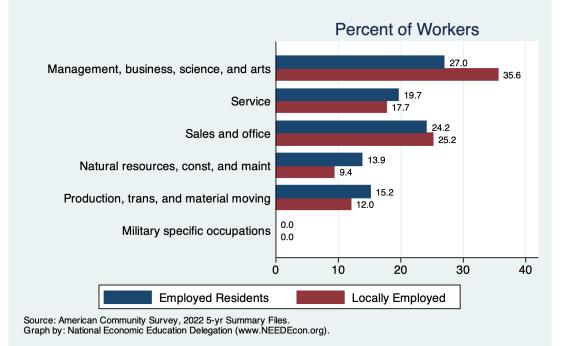
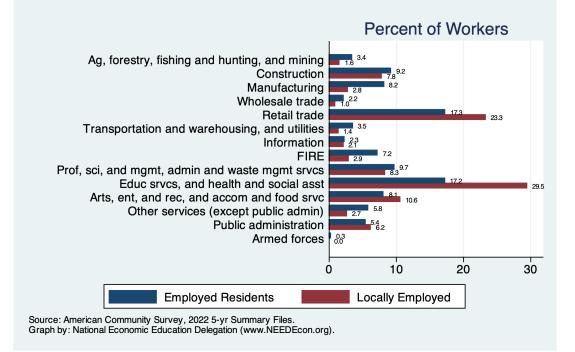
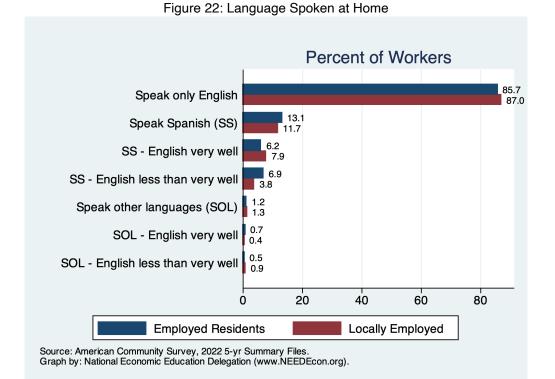


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

Figure 21: Employment by Industry





#### Percent of Workers 89.6 Native 93.5 10.4 Foreign Born 6.5 4.0 Naturalized U.S. 3.9 6.4 Not a U.S. Citizen 2.6 100 20 40 60 80 0 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 23: Citizenship

### **Income and Earnings**

#### Per Capita Income Growth

#### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in Fortuna. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

#### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

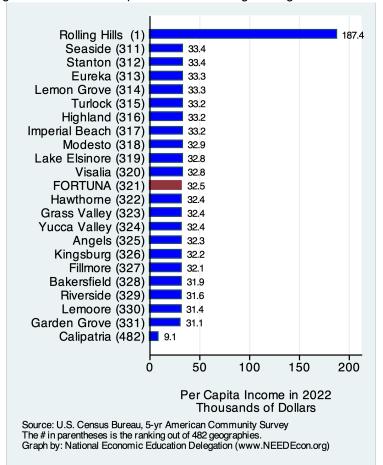


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

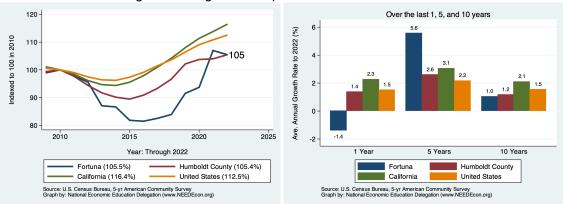
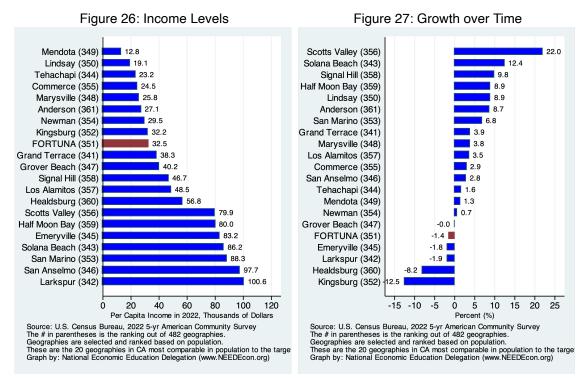
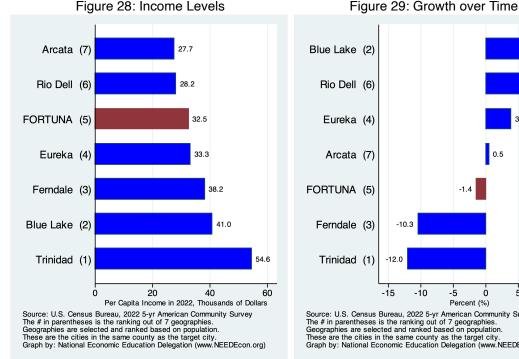


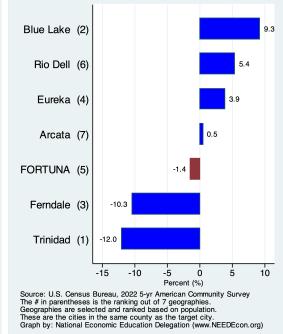
Figure 25: Regional Comparison of Growth over Time

#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations

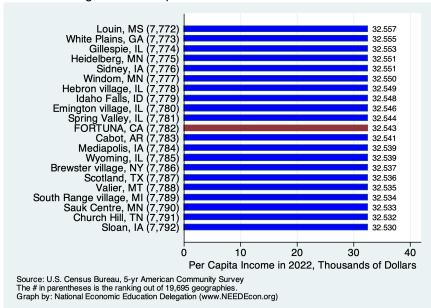




#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Humboldt County



#### Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide



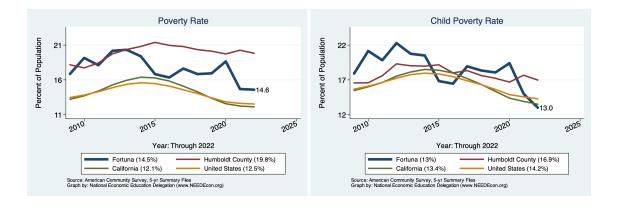
### Poverty and Inequality

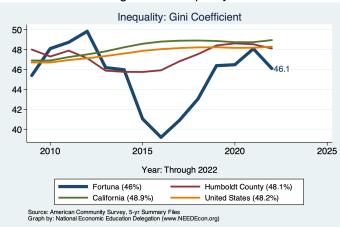
#### **Definition:**

The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

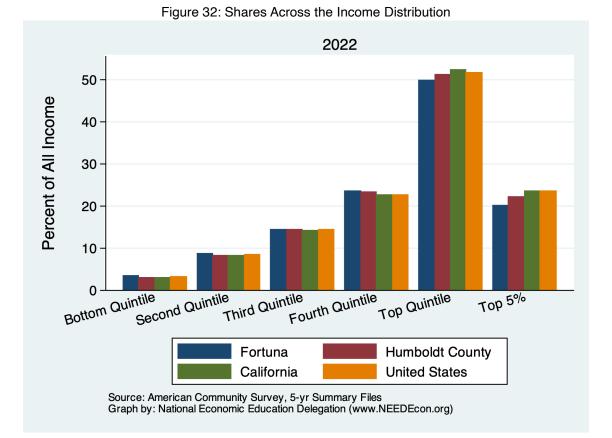
#### Why is it important?

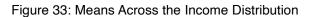
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

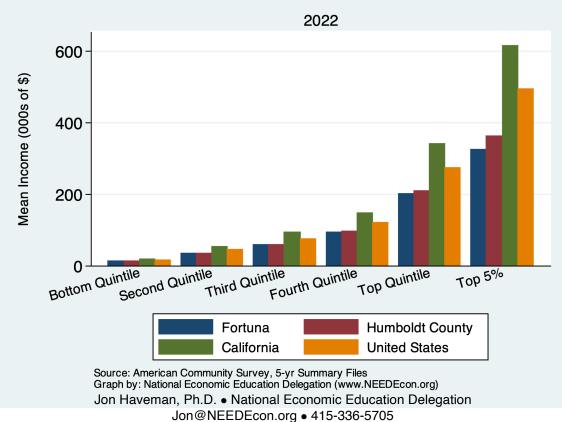




### Figure 31: Inequality







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### Housing

### Housing Costs and Affordability

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Fortuna and Broader Regions

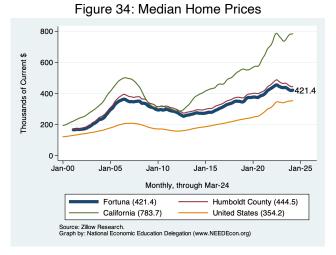
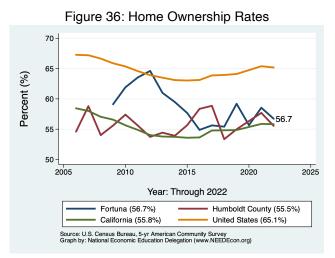


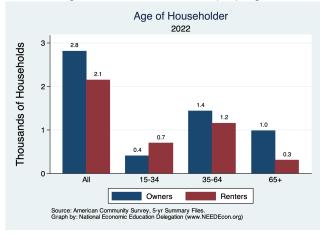
Figure 35: Median Rents

N/A









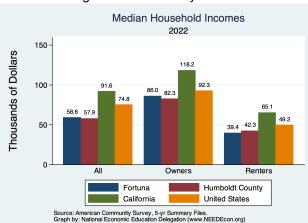
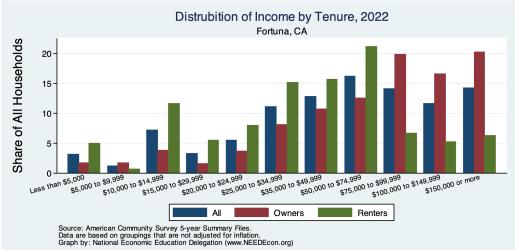
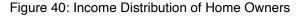
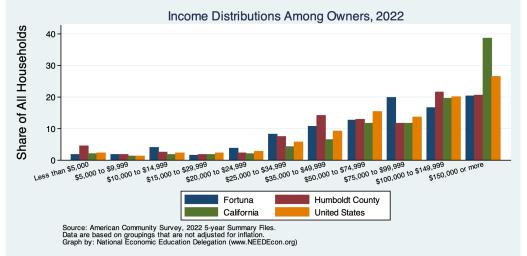


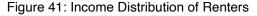
Figure 38: Income by Tenure

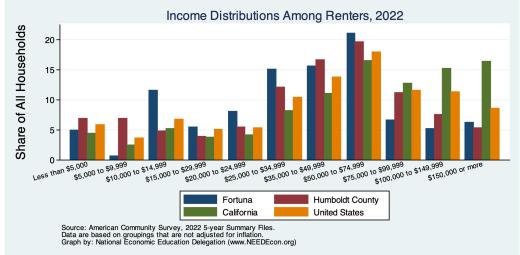


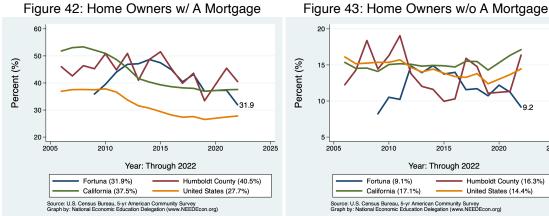
#### Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure











#### Housing Burden in Fortuna and Broader Regions

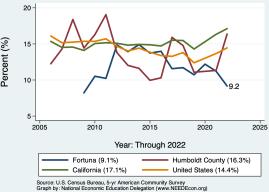
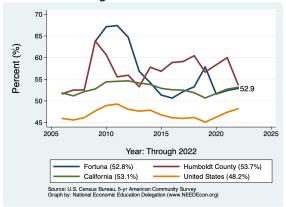
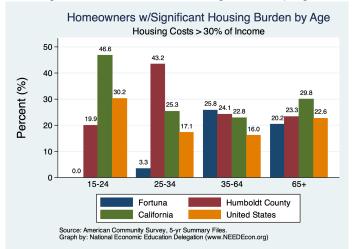


Figure 44: Renters







### **Housing Picture**

#### **Definition:**

15-

10

5

0 -5

-10 -15

-20 -25

2010

Percent Change Since 2010

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

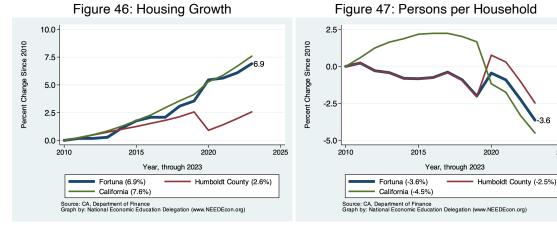
Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

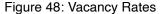
#### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

			% Cł	nange from
2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
12,256.0	12,112.0	11,926.0	1.2	2.8
5,336.0	5,168.0	4,991.0	3.3	6.9
5,009.0	4,860.0	4,688.0	3.1	6.8
2.4	2.4	2.5	-1.7	-3.6
6.1	6.0	6.1	2.8	0.9
	12,256.0 5,336.0 5,009.0 2.4	12,256.0         12,112.0           5,336.0         5,168.0           5,009.0         4,860.0           2.4         2.4           6.1         6.0	12,256.0         12,112.0         11,926.0           5,336.0         5,168.0         4,991.0           5,009.0         4,860.0         4,688.0           2.4         2.4         2.5           6.1         6.0         6.1	2023         2019         2010         2019           12,256.0         12,112.0         11,926.0         1.2           5,336.0         5,168.0         4,991.0         3.3           5,009.0         4,860.0         4,688.0         3.1           2.4         2.4         2.5         -1.7           6.1         6.0         6.1         2.8

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation





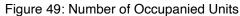
2015

Fortuna (0.9%)

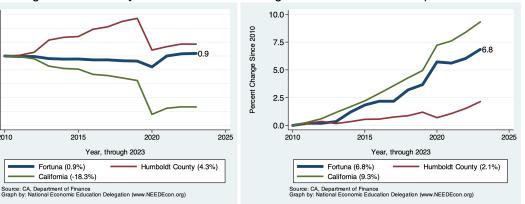
California (-18.3%)

Year, through 2023

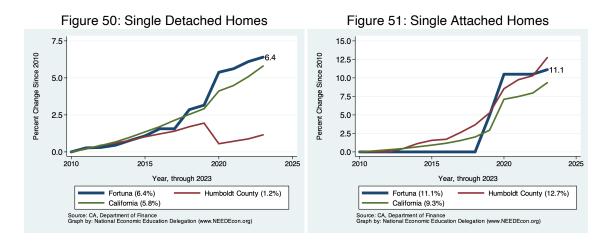
2020



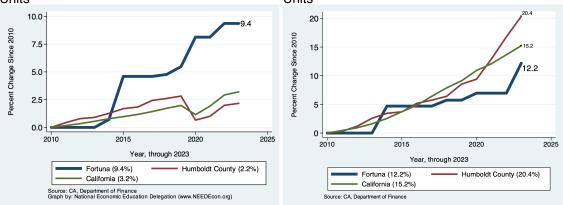
2025











### Vintage of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Fortuna was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Humboldt County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

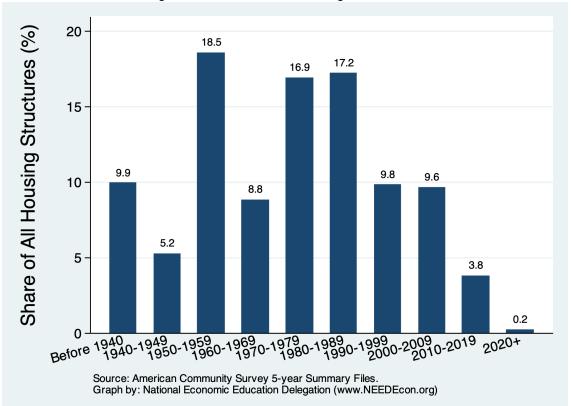
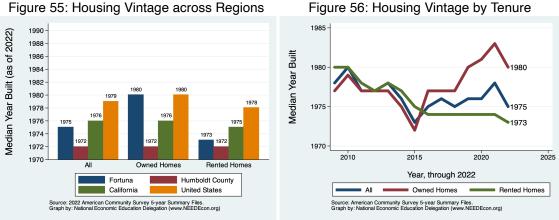
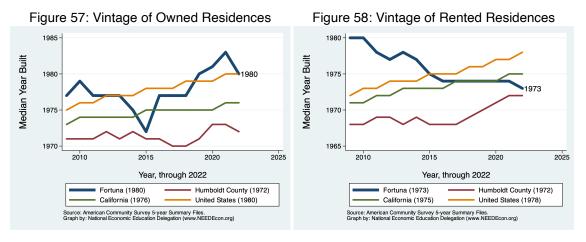
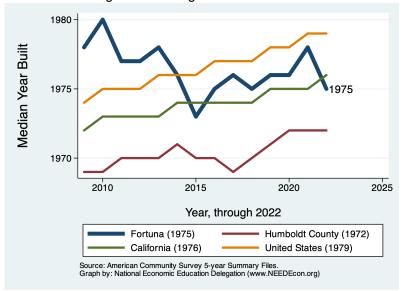


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction





#### Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



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#### Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

### **Occupation of Residential Housing**

#### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

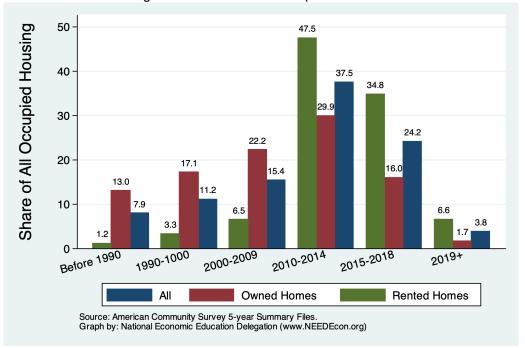


Figure 60: Year Current Occupant Moved In

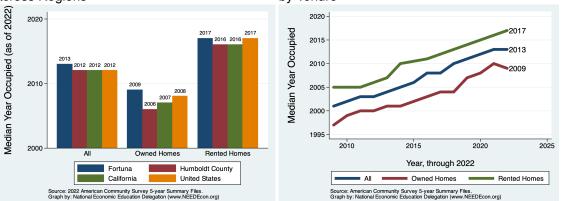


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

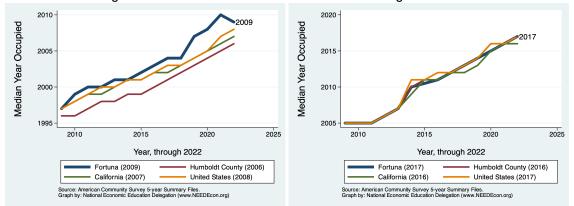
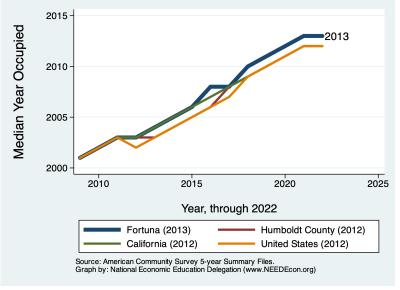


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing





#### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Fortuna is compared with data from Humboldt County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

#### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

#### Fortuna - Ranking Among Comparables

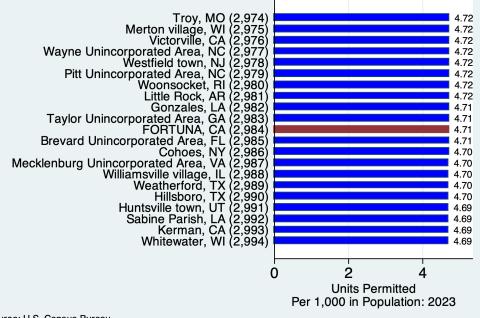
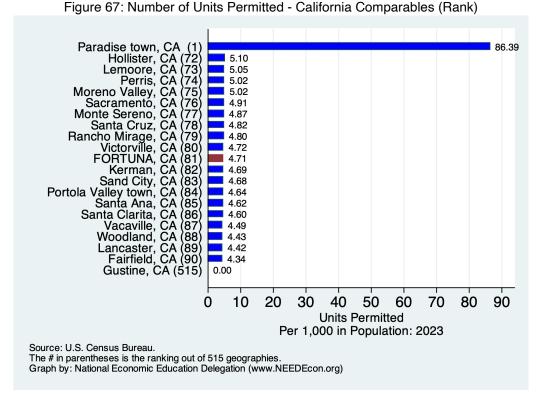


Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 14338 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)



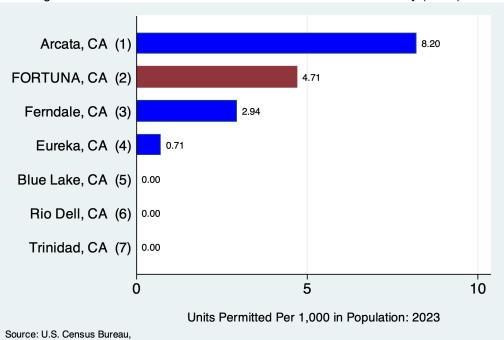


Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Humboldt County (Rank)

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The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 7 geographies.

Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

#### Fortuna - Permitting Activity

#### Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Fortuna

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted





Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Fortuna Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Build-Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year ings Permitted

N/A



Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Fortuna Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year Permitted

N/A



### **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight housing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

#### Mode of Transportation

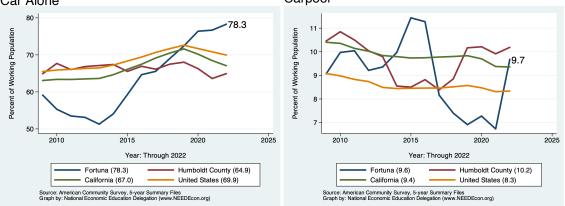
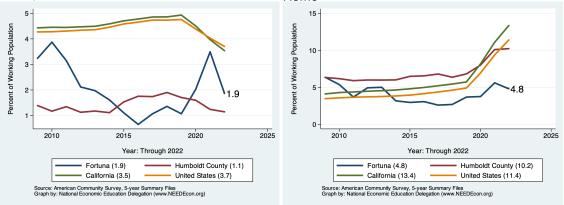


Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Carpool

Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From Transportation Home



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Fortuna. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Fortuna. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

	Male		Female		All Workers		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	2,639	85.7	2,220	87.7	4,859	87.9	78.0	
Drove Alone	2,247	73.0	2,078	82.1	4,325	78.3	68.4	
Carpooled:	392	12.7	142	5.6	534	9.7	9.5	
In 2-person carpool	331	10.8	142	5.6	473	8.6	6.9	
In 3-person carpool	42	1.4	0	0.0	42	0.8	1.5	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	19	0.6	0	0.0	19	0.3	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	65	2.1	38	1.5	103	1.9	3.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	65	2.1	38	1.5	103	1.9	2.3	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8	
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	67	2.2	0	0.0	67	1.2	0.7	
Walked	163	5.3	57	2.3	220	4.0	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	11	0.4	0	0.0	11	0.2	1.7	
Worked at Home	134	4.4	132	5.2	266	4.8	13.6	
Total:	3,079	100.0	2,447	96.6	5,526	100.0		

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK	
TABLE 0. SEX OF WORKERS BT MODE OF TRANSFORTATION TO WORK	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	М	Male Female			All W	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	2,117	82.1	2,376	92.2	4,493	87.2	78.0
Drove Alone	1,803	69.9	2,047	79.5	3,850	74.7	68.5
Carpooled:	314	12.2	329	12.8	643	12.5	9.5
In 2-person carpool	314	12.2	294	11.4	608	11.8	6.9
In 3-person carpool	0	0.0	35	1.4	35	0.7	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	44	1.7	0	0.0	44	0.9	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	44	1.7	0	0.0	44	0.9	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	76	2.9	0	0.0	76	1.5	0.7
Walked	208	8.1	66	2.6	274	5.3	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	2	0.1	2	0.0	1.7
Worked at Home	134	5.2	132	5.1	266	5.2	13.6
Total:	2,579	100.0	2,576	100.0	5,155	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

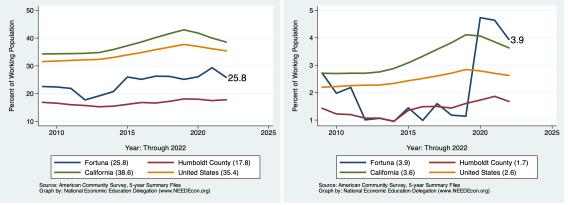
The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

### **Commute Times for Employed Residents**

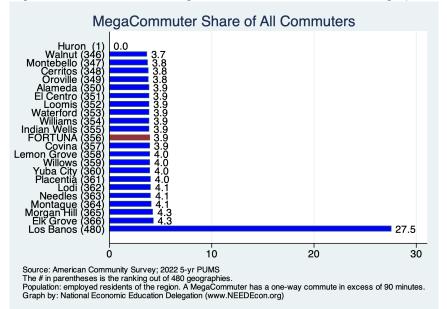
Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK									
	Male		Ferr	ale	All W	orkers	All of CA		
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)		
Less than 5 minutes	281	9.5	190	7.9	471	9.0	2.0		
5 to 9 minutes	684	23.2	954	39.5	1,638	31.1	7.5		
10 to 14 minutes	450	15.3	257	10.6	707	13.4	12.2		
15 to 19 minutes	414	14.1	134	5.6	548	10.4	15.0		
20 to 24 minutes	274	9.3	89	3.7	363	6.9	14.3		
25 to 29 minutes	87	3.0	87	3.6	174	3.3	6.3		
30 to 34 minutes	347	11.8	228	9.4	575	10.9	15.0		
35 to 39 minutes	66	2.2	18	0.7	84	1.6	2.9		
40 to 44 minutes	60	2.0	130	5.4	190	3.6	4.3		
45 to 59 minutes	57	1.9	76	3.1	133	2.5	8.6		
60 to 89 minutes	119	4.0	51	2.1	170	3.2	7.9		
90 or more minutes	106	3.6	101	4.2	207	3.9	4.0		
Total:	2,945	100.0	2,315	95.9	5,260	100.0			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File









### Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WO WORKPLAC			TIME TO	WORK FC	R	
	М	ale	Fer	nale	All W	orkers
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)

Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	363	14.8	117	4.8	480	9.8	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	575	23.5	950	38.9	1,525	31.2	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	538	22.0	337	13.8	875	17.9	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	380	15.5	343	14.0	723	14.8	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	161	6.6	169	6.9	330	6.7	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	86	3.5	119	4.9	205	4.2	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	135	5.5	206	8.4	341	7.0	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	21	0.9	13	0.5	34	0.7	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	52	2.1	32	1.3	84	1.7	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	37	1.5	143	5.9	180	3.7	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	34	1.4	15	0.6	49	1.0	7.9
90 or more minutes	63	2.6	0	0.0	63	1.3	4.0
Total	2 445	100.0	2 444	100.0	4 889	100.0	

All of CA

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

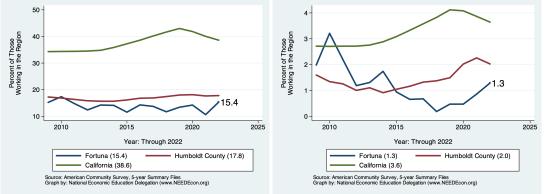
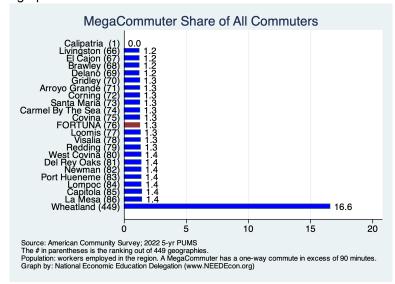


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Fortuna work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Fortuna's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Fortuna city boundary.

	N	lale	Ferr	nale	All W	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	3,079	100.0	2,447	96.6	5,526	100.0	99.6
Worked in county of residence	3,079	100.0	2,439	96.3	5,518	99.9	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	0	0.0	8	0.3	8	0.1	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.4
Total:	3,079	100.0	2,447	96.6	5,526	100.0	

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

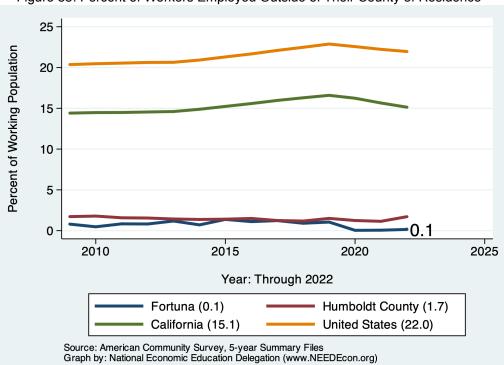
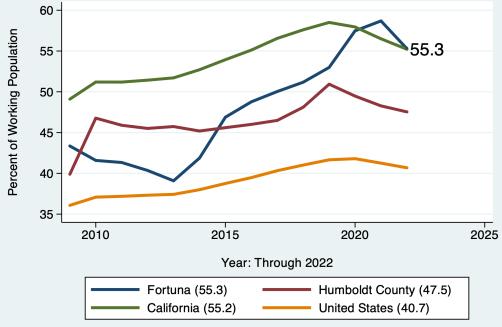


Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

#	(%)	#	(%)			
			(%)	#	(%)	(%)
3,079	100.0	2,447	96.6	5,526	100.0	95.9
,360	44.2	1,111	43.9	2,471	44.7	39.5
,719	55.8	1,336	52.8	3,055	55.3	56.4
0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
5,079	100.0	2,447	96.6	5,526	100.0	
	,719 0	,719 55.8 0 0.0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



#### Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence

Source: American Community Survey, 5-year Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

#### Commute Mode by Income

#### Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United States			
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio		
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	40,437	48,566	104.6	46,171	104.1		
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	51, 591	36,463	177.8	34,487	177.7		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	33,406	40,179	104.5	45,100	88.0		
Walked	16,333	29,366	69.9	27,142	71.5		
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	2,499	40,433	7.8	36,140	8.2		
Worked from home	43,947	75, 153	73.5	67,180	77.7		
Total:	38,800	48,747	79.6	46,099	84.2		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected.

For "Total.", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

2) For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

#### Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	6,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	A	11	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,461	61.4	1,481	82.3	920	76.9	4,325	78.3	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	145	6.1	185	10.3	153	12.8	534	9.7	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	12	0.5	13	0.7	13	1.1	103	1.9	3.6
Walked	189	7.9	11	0.6	0	0.0	220	4.0	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	42	1.8	11	0.6	25	2.1	78	1.4	2.4
Worked at Home	88	3.7	81	4.5	86	7.2	266	4.8	13.6
Total:	1,937	81.4	1,782	99.0	1,197		5,526		100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25,000		\$25,000-\$74,999		\$75,000+		All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,444	54.5	1,037	77.1	900	77.6	3,850	74.7	68.5	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	332	12.5	163	12.1	118	10.2	643	12.5	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	16	0.6	0	0.0	28	2.4	44	0.9	3.6	
Walked	194	7.3	38	2.8	3	0.3	274	5.3	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	42	1.6	11	0.8	25	2.2	78	1.5	2.4	
Worked at Home	88	3.3	81	6.0	86	7.4	266	5.2	13.6	
Total:	2,116	79.9	1,330	98.9	1,160		5,155			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

### Commute Mode by Poverty Status

#### Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In Poverty		100-149% of Pov		>150% of Pov		All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	201	35.1	250	33.3	3,874	81.4	4,325	78.3	68.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	73	12.7	34	4.5	427	9.0	534	9.7	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	25	3.3	78	1.6	103	1.9	3.6	
Walked	46	8.0	79	10.5	95	2.0	220	4.0	2.1	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	42	7.3	0	0.0	36	0.8	78	1.4	2.4	
Worked at Home	13	2.3	23	3.1	230	4.8	266	4.8	13.6	
Total:	375	65.4	411	54.7	4,740	99.6	5,526			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In P	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	A	11	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	281	45.8	461	63.9	3,108	78.7	3,850	74.7	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	86	14.0	154	21.3	403	10.2	643	12.5	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	44	1.1	44	0.9	3.6
Walked	64	10.4	84	11.6	126	3.2	274	5.3	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	42	6.9	0	0.0	36	0.9	78	1.5	2.4
Worked at Home	13	2.1	23	3.2	230	5.8	266	5.2	13.6
Total:	486	79.3	722		3,947		5,155		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

### Migration

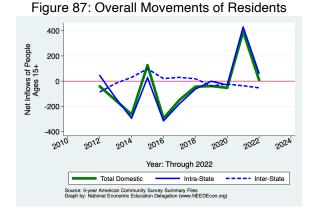
### **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

#### Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Fortuna is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.



#### Table 17: Migration by Income

		Ne	Net Inflows									
			Sam	e State								
<b>0</b> ·	<b>D</b>		W/in	Between	Across	From						
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad						
No income	1,367	40	54	0	-14	0						
With income	8,918	-30	-24	33	-39	0						
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	1,423	-107	-82	1	-26	0						
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,029	22	-32	40	14	0						
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,320	104	55	8	41	0						
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,146	-23	-22	0	-1	0						
\$35,000 to \$49,999	1,419	-82	-62	0	-20	0						
\$50,000 to \$64,999	672	56	62	0	-6	0						
\$65,000 to \$74,999	297	13	-5	18	0	0						
\$75,000 or more	1,612	-13	62	-34	-41	0						
All:	10,285	10	30	33	-53	0						

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

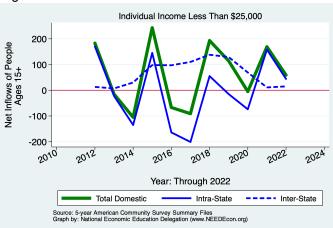
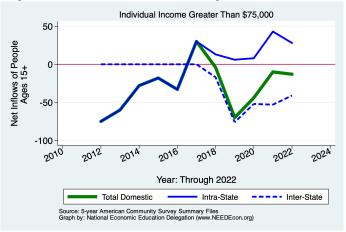


Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents







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### **Demographics of Migration Flows**

#### Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

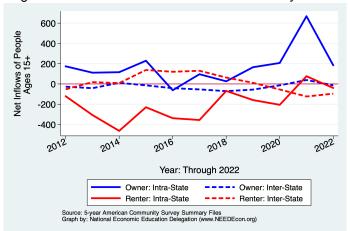
	Net Inflows									
			Sam	e State		•				
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad				
Never married	3,271	-181	-125	-22	-34	0				
Now married, except separated	4,463	54	82	7	-35	0				
Divorced	1,574	77	55	33	-11	0				
Separated	203	3	3	0	0	0				
Widowed	774	57	15	15	27	0				
Total:	10,285	10	30	33	-53	0				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		Net Inflows Same State			-	
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	$7,304 \\ 4,945$	$170 \\ -136$	$146 \\ -14$	$38 \\ -26$	$-14 \\ -96$	0 0
Total:	12,249	34	132	12	-110	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File



#### Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

#### Table 20: Migration by Age

	Net Inflows					
		Same State				
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	625	79	95	0	-16	0
5 to 17 years	2,047	101	104	0	-3	0
18 and 19 years	319	-81	-85	0	4	0
20 to 24 years	1,066	-268	-197	0	-71	0
25 to 29 years	860	-9	28	-14	-23	0
30 to 34 years	821	42	36	$^{-8}$	14	0
35 to 39 years	733	-33	-9	6	-30	0
40 to 44 years	692	62	61	0	1	0
45 to 49 years	580	19	19	0	0	0
50 to 54 years	788	40	40	0	0	0
55 to 59 years	824	52	13	39	0	0
60 to 64 years	1,015	-1	0	-15	14	0
65 to 69 years	582	1	0	7	-6	0
70 to 74 years	478	0	0	0	0	0
75 years and over	1,001	78	33	18	27	0
Total Population:	12,431	82	138	33	-89	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows					
			Same State			
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad
Less than high school graduate	959	119	30	49	40	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	2,618	40	37	11	$^{-8}$	0
Some college or assoc. degree	3,065	-4	57	4	-65	0
Bachelor's degree	1,273	51	52	-31	30	0
Graduate or professional degree	459	45	45	0	0	0
Total:	8,374	251	221	33	-3	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration			
Same House 1 Year Ago	33,148	33,148			
Moved Within Same County	22,036	14,729			
Moved Between States	16,250	33,026			
Total Population:	31,556	31,751			
Courses 0000 Funder American Community Currents Currents File					

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

#### Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	41.1	41.1
Moved Within Same County	24.9	23.1
Moved to Different County, Same State	57.6	36.6
Moved Between States	23.7	22.4
Total Population:	37.9	36.7

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

### **References and Sources**

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www. census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

Zillow Research Data https://www.zillow.com/research/data/

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