# Etna, California

# Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Etna and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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# **Executive Summary**

# Assessing the City with Indicators

#### **About this Report**

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Etna (the City) in the form of indicators.

#### **Using this Report**

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Etna. These indicators are compared to Siskiyou County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

#### **Topics Covered:**

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Etna demographics is presented. This provides evidence
  on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living
  arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader
  regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Etna and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Etna, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of
  the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the
  proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those
  who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Etna, but do not
  necessarily live in Etna.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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# **Demographics**

## **Definition:**

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

# Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Etna's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

# A Demographic Snapshot

Statistic	2022	2019
POPULATION		
Population Estimate (#, 5yr)	717.0	735.0
Veterans (#, 5yr)	115.0	94.0
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr)	0.8	1.5
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr)	530.0	485.0
AGE AND SEX		
Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr)	11.6	9.0
Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr)	21.5	30.5
Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr)	23.2	26.9
Female persons (%, 5yr)	52.9	40.8
INCOME AND POVERTY		
Median household income (\$, 5yr)	51,667.0	52,833.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	26,286.0	20,893.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	15.2	13.7
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	20.0	52.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	14.1	23.2
RACE AND ETHNICITY		
White alone (%, 5yr)	79.9	89.3
African American alone (%, 5yr)	5.9	2.4
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	2.9	2.7
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	0.0	0.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr)	0.0	0.0
Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	11.3	5.0
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	5.0	4.9
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	78.2	84.4
HOUSING		
Housing units (#, 5yr)	313.0	316.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	61.8	63.4
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr)	227,700.0	187,500.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	1,140.0	1,117.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	459.0	428.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,003.0	914.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS	000.0	070.0
Households (#, 5yr)	280.0	276.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	2.5	2.6
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr) <b>EDUCATION</b>	81.6	84.6
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	90.9	93.0
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	14.9	13.0
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	80.0	73.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr) <b>LABOR FORCE</b>	5.3	4.8
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	54.2	46.5
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	62.1	44.4
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	43.4	39.3
Self employed (%, 5yr)	7.9	15.1
TRANSPORTATION		
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	21.4	20.6
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	81.4	73.6
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	0.0	1.9
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	7.1	7.1

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

# **Current Population**

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

2023 % Change										
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year						
		City								
Etna	668	-0.45	-10.09	-7.35						
	County an	d Broader	Regions							
Siskiyou County	43,548	-0.21	-2.06	-2.37						
North State	596,413	-0.78	-0.41	-3.98						
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01						

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)											
			% Change								
City	2022	2023	Local	North State	California						
Siskiyou County	43.6	43.5	-0.21	-0.78	-0.35						
Yreka	7.7	7.8	1.20								
Mount Shasta	3.2	3.2	0.85								
Weed	2.8	2.7	-4.33								
Dunsmuir	1.7	1.7	-0.54								
Montague	1.2	1.2	-0.41								
Tulelake	0.9	0.9	-0.45								
Dorris	0.8	0.8	-0.47								
Fort Jones	0.7	0.7	-0.44								
Etna	0.7	0.7	-0.45								

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 1: Population Growth (1)

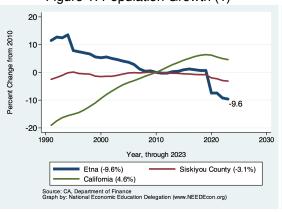


Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

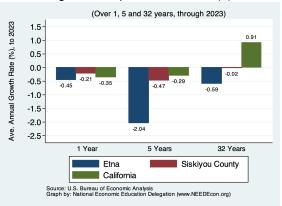
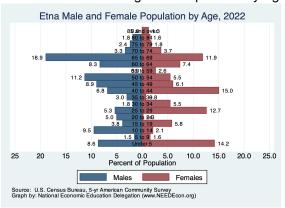


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



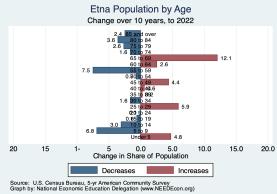
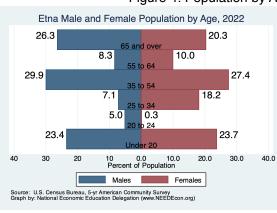


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



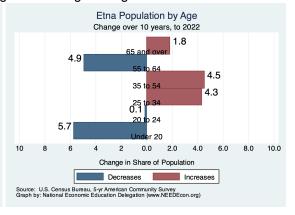
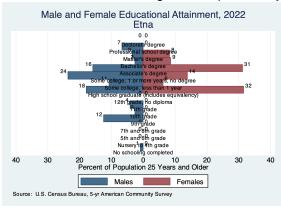
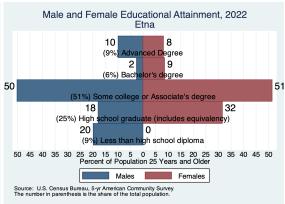
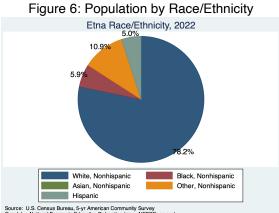


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment





Etna Race/Ethnicity, 2022 5.0% 10.9% 5.99 White, Nonhispanic Black, Nonhispanic Asian, Nonhispanic Other, Nonhispanic Hispanic Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)



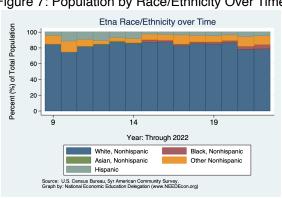


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time

# **Employment Report**

# Citywide Employment and Unemployment

#### **Definition:**

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

#### Why is it important?

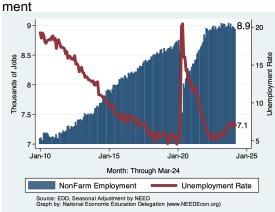
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Etna Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:								
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year					
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103					
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96					
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97					
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9					

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



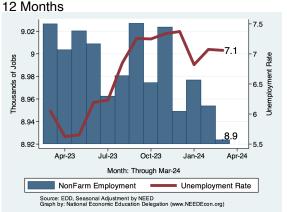
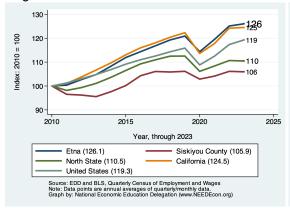
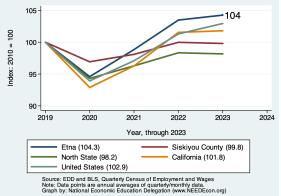


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





# County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Siskiyou County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Siskiyou County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate						
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr	
Total Nonfarm	13, 339	100.0	13.3	1.2	2.8	2.7	1.1	1.7	0.4	
Total Private	9,281	69.6	-4.5	-0.6	2.7	2.4	0.8	1.9	0.7	
Goods Producing	1,478	11.1	10.6	9.0	5.1	-0.5	0.6	-2.3	-0.2	
Mining, Logging and Construction	746	5.6	14.1	25.7	14.0	5.0	6.9	2.3	5.4	
Mining and Logging	163	1.2	8.6	92.3	20.5	4.9	6.4	-4.4	4.0	
Construction	581	4.4	0.6	1.3	10.2	4.1	7.6	5.4	6.2	
Manufacturing	734	5.5	-4.2	-6.7	-4.7	-5.4	-3.8	-5.9	-3.8	
Durable Goods	548	4.1	-1.9	-4.1	-4.9	-5.5	-6.8	-7.5	-5.8	
Non-Durable Goods	191	1.4	-0.2	-1.1	17.5	5.5	5.6	1.9	7.0	
Service Providing	11,873	89.0	13.0	1.3	3.5	3.6	1.1	2.2	0.5	
Trade, Trans & Utilities	2,164	16.2	-6.1	-3.3	-2.3	2.0	1.3	-0.1	0.8	
Wholesale Trade	173	1.3	-1.2	-7.9	-15.8	-5.4	-15.3	-2.1	-5.3	
Retail Trade	1,623	12.2	-11.6	-8.2	-2.0	0.6	0.5	-1.8	0.3	
Information	110	0.8	-0.5	-5.8	-2.5	-15.1	-8.2	-5.0	-3.0	
Financial Activities	274	2.1	1.8	8.1	-4.3	-1.5	3.9	-2.3	-2.0	
Professional & Business Srvcs	560	4.2	-2.3	-4.9	1.4	-3.0	-3.8	-0.1	-3.3	
Educational & Health Srvcs	2,457	18.4	14.2	7.2	6.2	4.7	5.5	4.5	2.1	
Leisure & Hospitality	1,730	13.0	-18.3	-11.9	10.2	4.1	-5.7	4.3	0.4	
Other Srvcs	521	3.9	9.0	23.1	2.9	13.4	3.8	9.6	6.4	
Government	4,050	30.4	-0.3	-0.1	5.5	4.2	2.0	1.6	-0.1	
Federal	623	4.7	6.1	12.6	8.0	3.8	-2.3	-4.5	-2.8	
State	466	3.5	-0.3	-0.7	3.7	-1.3	-2.2	0.8	0.7	
Local	2,959	22.2	17.3	7.3	6.7	5.8	4.0	3.2	0.4	

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

# Some Employee Detail

## **Employed in Etna**

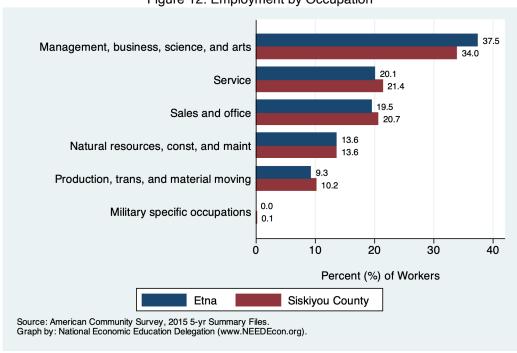
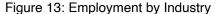
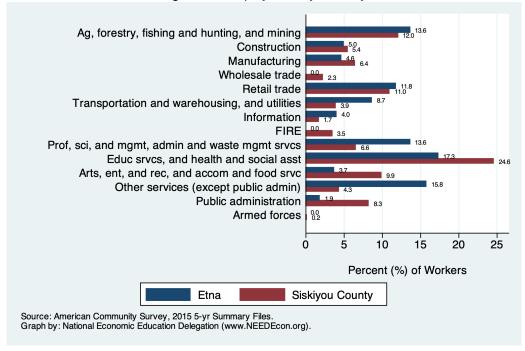


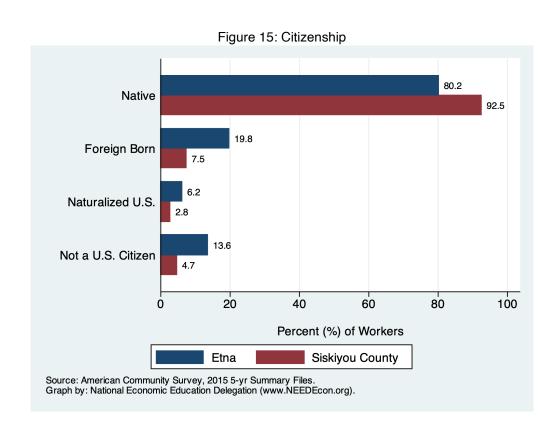
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation





92.0 Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 100 Percent (%) of Workers Etna Siskiyou County Source: American Community Survey, 2015 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home



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#### **Employed Residents of Etna**

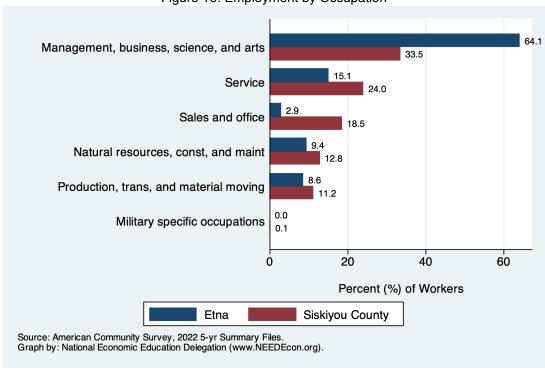
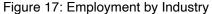
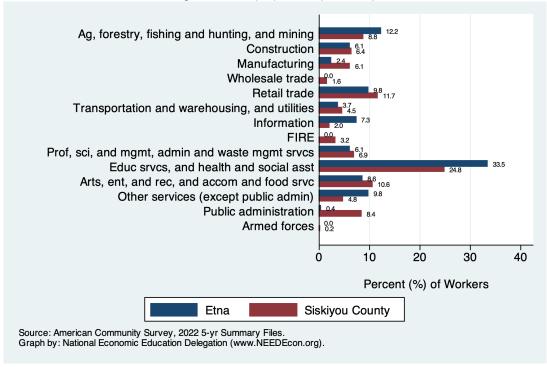


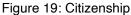
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation





100.0 Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 100 Percent (%) of Workers Etna Siskiyou County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home



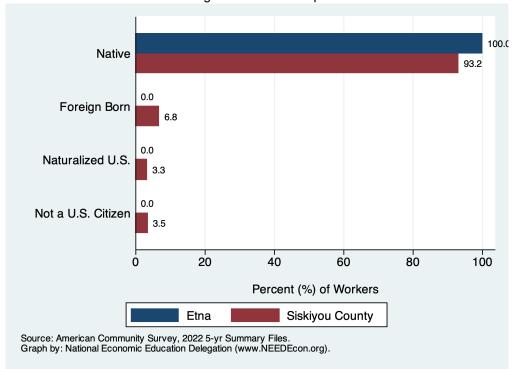


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation



Figure 21: Employment by Industry



Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home



Figure 23: Citizenship



# **Income and Earnings**

### Per Capita Income Growth

#### **Definition:**

Per capita income is the average income per person in Etna. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

#### Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

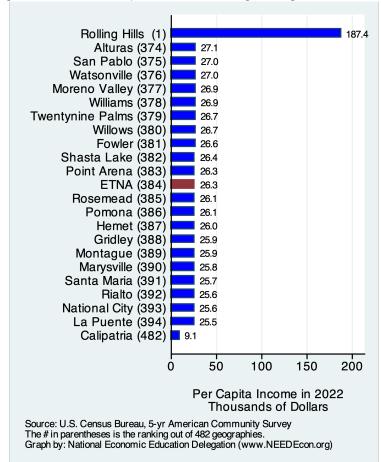
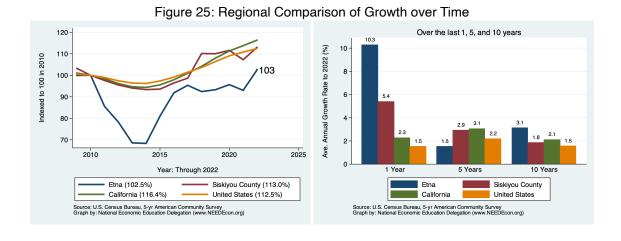
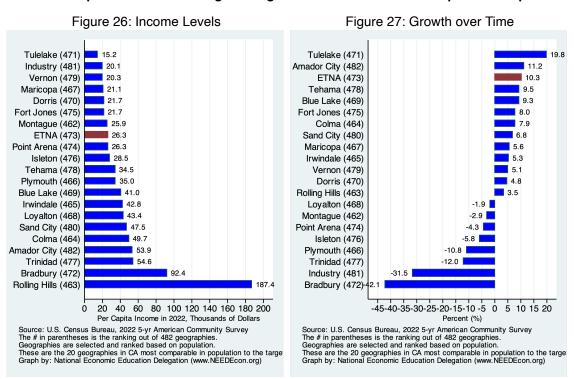


Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities



#### Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



## Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Siskiyou County

Figure 28: Income Levels Tulelake (9) 15.2 Dorris (8) Fort Jones (7) Dunsmuir (6) Montague (5) ETNA (4) 26.3 29.5 Yreka (3) Mount Shasta (2) Weed (1) 60 20 40 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 5-yr American Community Survey
The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 9 geographies.
Geographies are selected and ranked based on population.
These are the cities in the same county as the target city.
Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

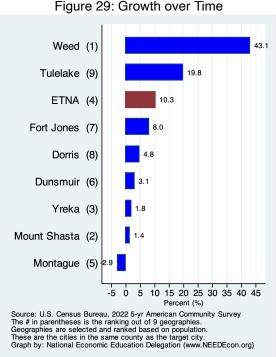


Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide McMinnville, TN (13,157) Eldon, MO (13,158) Ryegate, MT (13,159) 26,300 26.298 26.297 Westmoreland, TN (13,160) 26.295 Newell borough, PA Mayfield, KY Gilmore City, IA Point Arena, CA (13, 161)26.293 (13,162) 26 291 3,163 3,164 26.291 26.290 Oakland, OR 26.288 La Harpe, KS 3,166 26.287 ETNA, CA Littleton, NC Oakley, ID Indianola, NE Bramwell, WV 3,167 26,286 13,168) 13,169) 13,170) 13,171) 26,285 26.285 26.283 26.281 n Springs, SC (13,172) ille village, IL (13,173) Junction, KY (13,174) Troy, AL (13,175) Williams, AZ (13,176) Heath Springs, SC Allenville village, IL Lebanon Junction, KY 26.281 26.280 26.280 26.277 26.277 Weldon, AR (13,177) 26.276 10 20 30 40 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dollars Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 19,695 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

# Poverty and Inequality

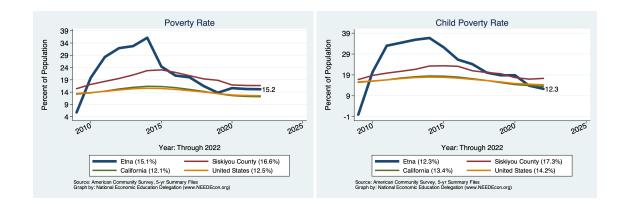
#### **Definition:**

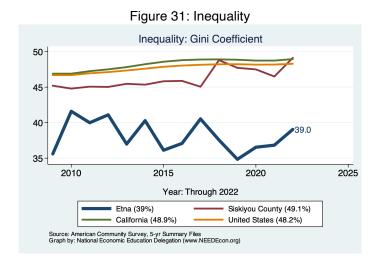
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

#### Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.





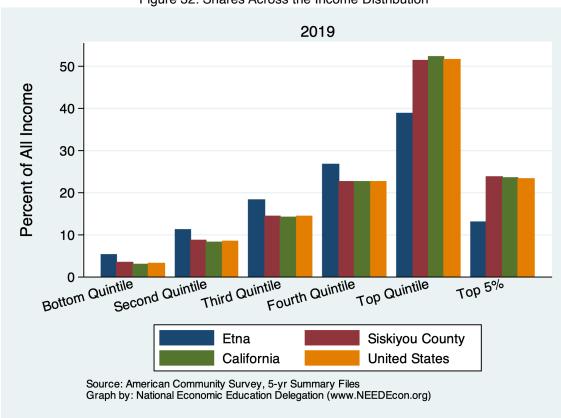


Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution

Figure 33: Means Across the Income Distribution



# Housing

## Housing Costs and Affordability

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty

percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

### Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

#### Cost of Housing in Etna and Broader Regions

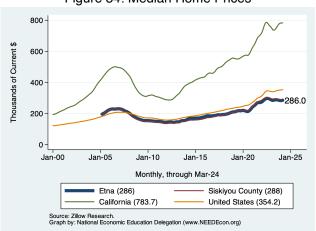


Figure 34: Median Home Prices

Figure 35: Median Rents



## Housing Ownership in Etna and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

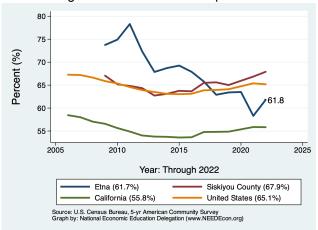


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

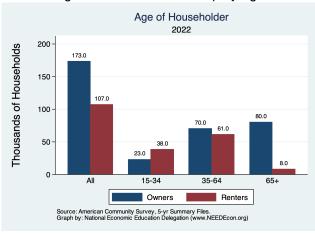


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

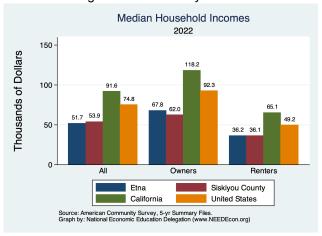


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

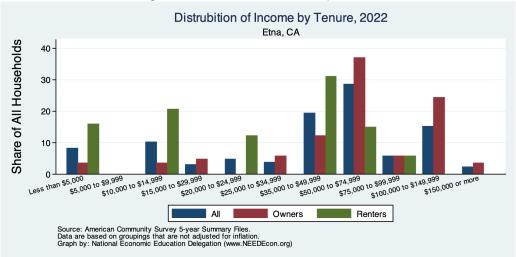


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

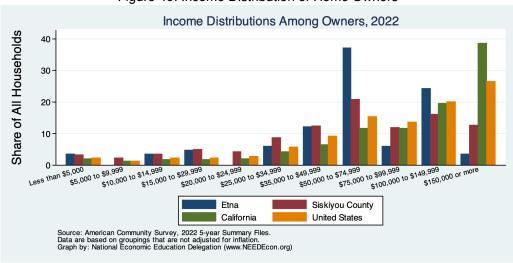
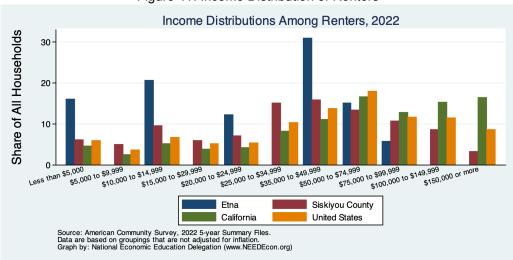


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



## Housing Burden in Etna and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

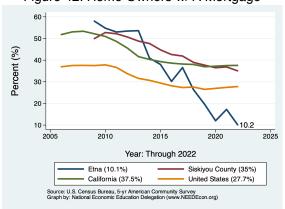


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

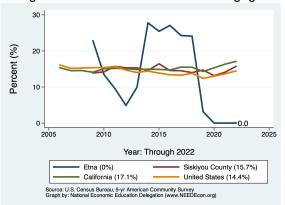


Figure 44: Renters

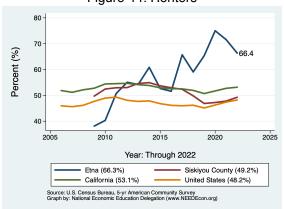


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



# Housing Picture

#### **Definition:**

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

#### Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

**Table 5. Housing Market Indicators** 

% Change from									
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010				
Total Population	668.0	747.0	737.0	-10.6	-9.4				
Total # of Homes	355.0	361.0	359.0	-1.7	-1.1				
# Occupied Units	315.0	331.0	323.0	-4.8	-2.5				
Persons per Household	2.1	2.2	2.3	-6.3	-7.3				
Vacancy Rate (%)	11.3	8.3	10.0	35.6	12.4				

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

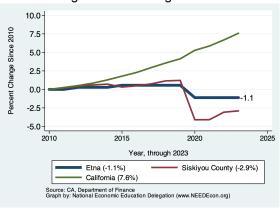


Figure 47: Persons per Household

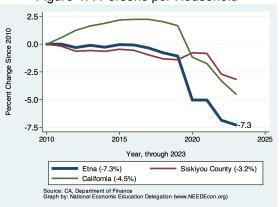


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

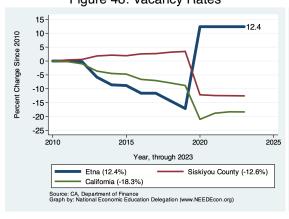
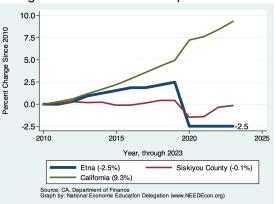


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



## Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

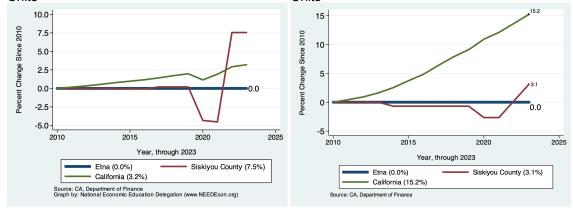
Figure 50: Single Detached Homes Figure 51: Single Attached Homes 7.5 10.0 Percent Change Since 2010 Percent Change Since 2010 5.0 7.5 2.5 5.0 0.0 2.5 -2.5 -5.0 0.0 2010 2015 2020 2010 Year, through 2023 Year, through 2023 Etna (-1.4%) Siskiyou County (-3.8%) Etna (0.0%) Siskiyou County (0.9%) California (5.8%) California (9.3%)

Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)



# Vintage of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Etna was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Siskiyou County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the hous-

ing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

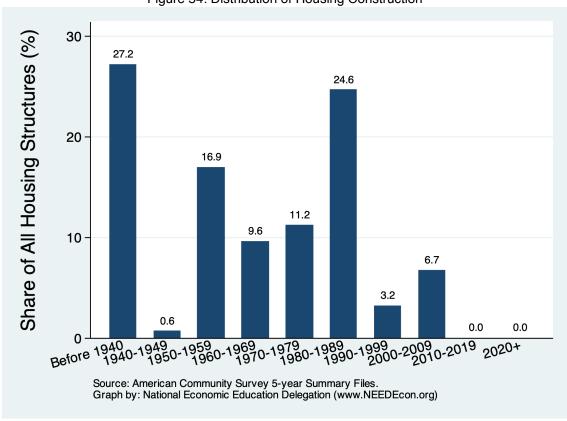


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

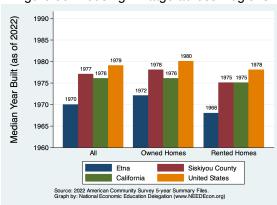


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

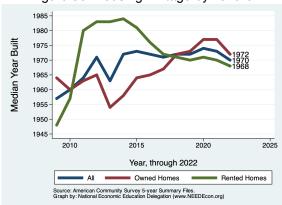


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

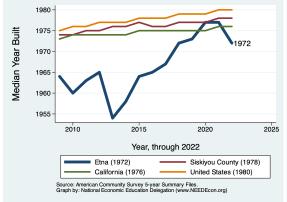


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

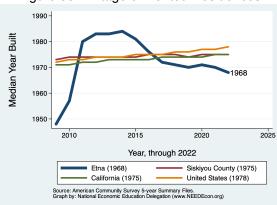
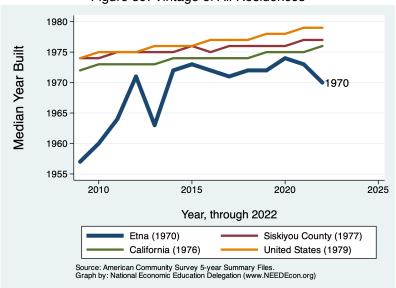


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



# Occupation of Residential Housing

#### Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

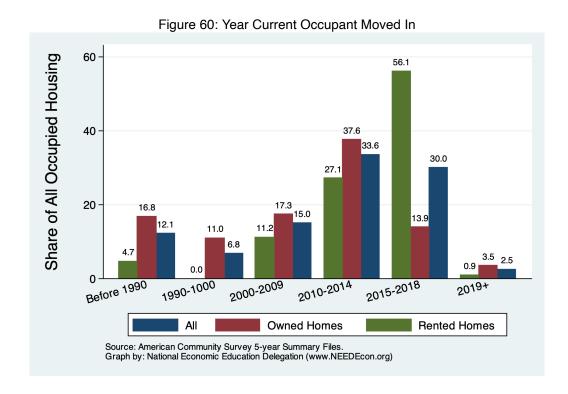


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

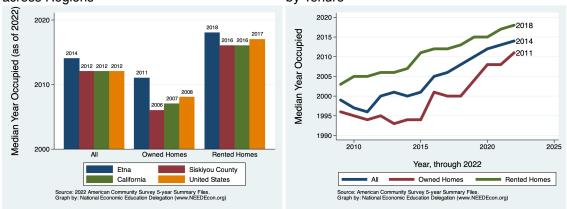


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

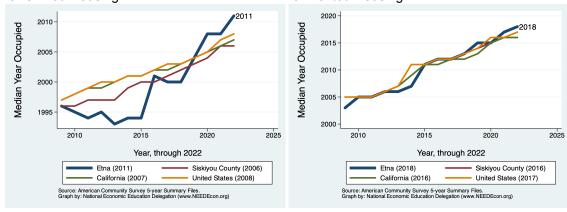


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2010 2005 2000 1995 2015 2020 2010 2025 Year, through 2022 Etna (2014) Siskiyou County (2012) United States (2012) California (2012) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

# Residential Permitting

#### **Definition:**

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Etna is compared with data from Siskiyou County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

#### Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

#### **Etna - Ranking Among Comparables**

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)



Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)



Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Siskiyou County (Rank)



#### **Etna - Permitting Activity**

## **Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Etna**

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

N/A

N/A

**Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Etna** 

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year

N/A

N/A

Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Etna

Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year

Permitted

N/A

N/A

# **Commute Patterns**

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

# Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

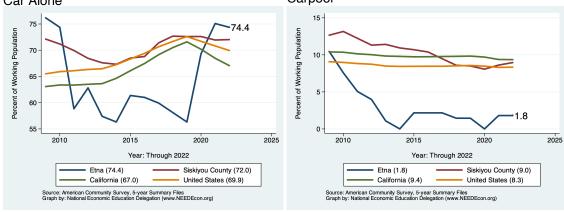
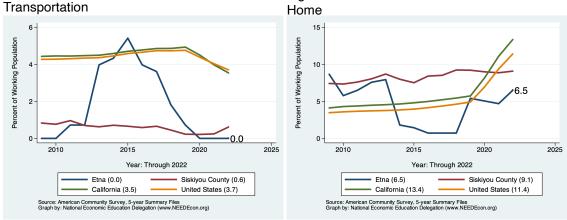


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Etna. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Etna. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Male		Fe	male	All W	orkers/	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	88	59.1	123	86.6	211	76.2	78.0
Drove Alone	83	55.7	123	86.6	206	74.4	68.4
Carpooled:	5	3.4	0	0.0	5	1.8	9.5
In 2-person carpool	5	3.4	0	0.0	5	1.8	6.9
In 3-person carpool	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.7
Walked	16	10.7	0	0.0	16	5.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.7
Worked at Home	0	0.0	18	12.7	18	6.5	13.6
Total:	104	69.8	141	99.3	245	88.4	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	M	ale	Fei	male	All W	orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	138	77.1	146	67.9	284	74.2	84.2	
Drove Alone	128	71.5	128	59.5	256	66.8	73.4	
Carpooled:	10	5.6	18	8.4	28	7.3	10.8	
In 2-person carpool	7	3.9	5	2.3	12	3.1	8.1	
In 3-person carpool	3	1.7	13	6.0	16	4.2	1.6	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	4	2.2	3	1.4	7	1.8	5.2	
Bus or Trolley Bus	4	2.2	3	1.4	7	1.8	3.6	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.0	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.4	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.1	
Walked	12	6.7	16	7.4	28	7.3	2.7	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.4	
Worked at Home	0	0.0	4	1.9	4	1.0	5.3	
Total:	154	86.0	169	78.6	323	84.3		

Source: 2015 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK

	М	Male Female		All W	orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	25	18.0	29	22.5	54	21.3	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	16	11.5	0	0.0	16	6.3	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	0	0.0	5	3.9	5	2.0	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	7	5.0	16	12.4	23	9.1	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	2	1.4	0	0.0	2	0.8	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	0	0.0	2	1.6	2	0.8	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	23	16.5	1	0.8	24	9.5	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	10	7.2	61	47.3	71	28.1	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	15	10.8	9	7.0	24	9.5	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7.9
90 or more minutes	6	4.3	0	0.0	6	2.4	4.0
Total:	104	74.8	123	95.3	227	89.7	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

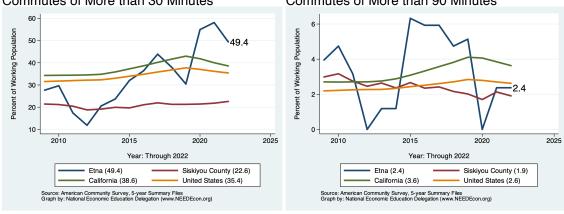
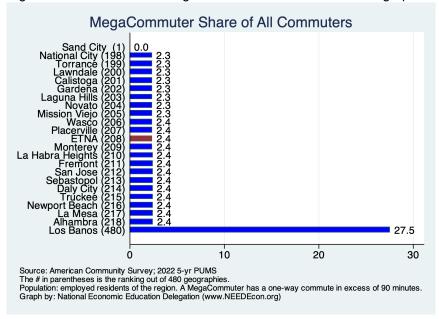


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



# Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	M	lale	Fe	male	All V	Vorkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)

 $\ldots$  . The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes Commutes of More than 90 Minutes



Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



#### Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Etna work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Etna's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Etna city boundary.

Table 10, SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	М	ale	Fei	male	All W	orkers	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Worked in state of residence:	94	63.1	141	99.3	235	84.8	99.6	
Worked in county of residence	92	61.7	141	99.3	233	84.1	84.1	
worked outside of county of residence	2	1.3	0	0.0	2	0.7	15.4	
Worked outside state of residence	10	6.7	0	0.0	10	3.6	0.4	
Total:	104	69.8	141	99.3	245	88.4		

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

25 Percent of Working Population 20 15 10 5 0.7 0 2010 2015 2020 2025 Year: Through 2022 Etna (0.7) Siskiyou County (3.8) California (15.1) United States (22.0)

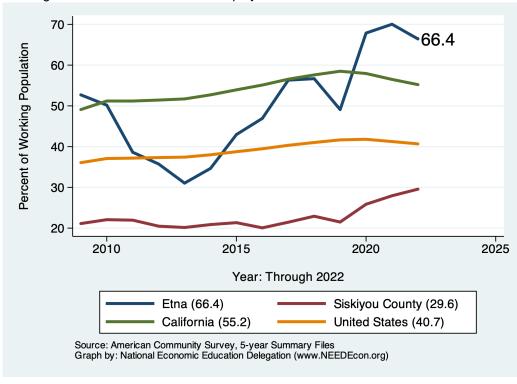
Source: American Community Survey, 5-year Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	M	lale	Fei	male	All W	orkers	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	104	69.8	141	99.3	245	88.4	95.9
Worked in place of residence	32	21.5	29	20.4	61	22.0	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	72	48.3	112	78.9	184	66.4	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	104	69.8	141	99.3	245	88.4	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



# Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United States			
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio		
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	34, 139	48, 566	101.7	46, 171	101.2		
Car, truck, or van - carpooled		36,463		34,487			
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)		40,179		45,100			
Walked		29,366		27,142			
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means		40,433		36,140			
Worked from home		75, 153		67,180			
Total:	33,693	48,747	69.1	46,099	73.1		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio.

Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median.

For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$2	25,000	\$25,0	00-\$74,999	\$75	,000+		ΑII	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	54	40.6	56	70.9	26	78.8	206	74.4	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	1.8	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6
Walked	16	12.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	16	5.8	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.4
Worked at Home	7	5.3	6	7.6	0	0.0	18	6.5	13.6
Total:	77	57.9	62	78.5	26	78.8	245	88.4	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$2	25,000	\$25,0	00-\$74,999	\$75	,000+		ΑII	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	125	71.0	60	40.3	30	68.2	256	66.8	73.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	18	10.2	7	4.7	3	6.8	28	7.3	10.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	3	1.7	4	2.7	0	0.0	7	1.8	5.2
Walked	10	5.7	18	12.1	0	0.0	28	7.3	2.7
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.5
Worked at Home	2	1.1	2	1.3	0	0.0	4	1.0	5.3
Total:	158	89.8	91	61.1	33	75.0	323	84.3	

Source: 2015 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

<sup>2)</sup> For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

# Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In P	overty	100-1	149% of Pov	>150%	6 of Pov		All	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	2	3.6	8	14.8	196	86.0	206	74.4	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	2.2	5	1.8	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6
Walked	16	28.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	16	5.8	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.4
Worked at Home	0	0.0	0	0.0	18	7.9	18	6.5	13.6
Total:	18	32.1	8	14.8	219	96.1	245	88.4	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In P	overty	100-1	49% of Pov	>150%	6 of Pov		All	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	19	50.0	6	19.4	231	70.6	256	66.8	73.8
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	0	0.0	0	0.0	28	8.6	28	7.3	10.8
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	3	9.7	4	1.2	7	1.8	5.2
Walked	7	18.4	0	0.0	21	6.4	28	7.3	2.5
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.5
Worked at Home	0	0.0	2	6.5	2	0.6	4	1.0	5.2
Total:	26	68.4	11	35.5	286	87.5	323	84.3	

Source: 2015 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

# Migration

## **Overall Migration Flows**

#### **Definition:**

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

## Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Etna is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

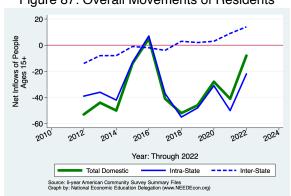


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Ne	et Inflows			
			Sam	e State		•
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	76	16	0	8	8	0
With income	507	-24	-12	-18	6	0
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	50	-21	-12	-7	-2	0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	63	2	0	0	2	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	74	-6	0	-11	5	0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	105	1	0	0	1	0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	94	0	0	0	0	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	69	-6	0	-6	0	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	14	0	0	0	0	0
\$75,000 or more	38	6	0	6	0	0
All:	583	-8	-12	-10	14	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

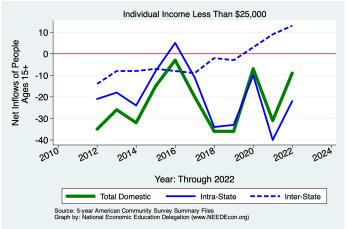


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

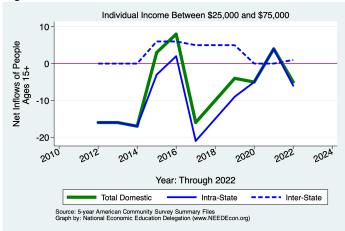
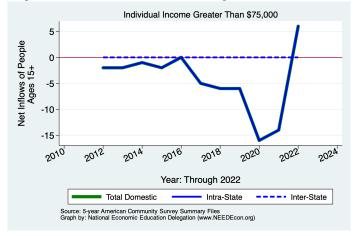


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



# **Demographics of Migration Flows**

**Table 18: Migration by Marital Status** 

		Ne	et Inflows			
			Sam	e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Never married	182	-21	-12	-18	9	0
Now married, except separated	208	-1	0	2	-3	0
Divorced	135	14	0	6	8	0
Separated	36	0	0	0	0	0
Widowed	22	0	0	0	0	0
Total:	583	-8	-12	-10	14	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 19: Migration by Tenure** 

		Ne	et Inflows			
			Sam	e State		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	439	20	7	8	5	0
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	248	-10	-19	0	9	0
Total:	687	10	-12	8	14	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

60 Net Inflows of People Ages 15+ 40 20 -20 -40 2016 2020 2012 2014 Year: Through 2022 Owner: Intra-State --- Owner: Inter-State Renter: Intra-State ---- Renter: Inter-State Source: 5-year American Community Survey Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

		Ne				
			Sam	e State		
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	83	0	0	0	0	0
5 to 17 years	71	7	7	0	0	0
18 and 19 years	15	-7	0	-7	0	0
20 to 24 years	18	3	0	0	3	0
25 to 29 years	66	0	0	0	0	0
30 to 34 years	27	0	0	0	0	0
35 to 39 years	13	0	0	0	0	0
40 to 44 years	80	16	16	0	0	0
45 to 49 years	53	-16	-16	0	0	0
50 to 54 years	59	14	0	0	14	0
55 to 59 years	10	-19	-19	0	0	0
60 to 64 years	56	-9	0	-9	0	0
65 to 69 years	109	6	0	6	0	0
70 to 74 years	25	0	0	0	0	0
75 years and over	32	-3	0	0	-3	0
Total Population:	717	-8 :: 0	-12	-10	14	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

		Ne	et Inflows			
			Sam	e State		-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	48	-19	-19	0	0	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	134	10	0	-4	14	0
Some college or assoc. degree	269	-18	-16	1	-3	0
Bachelor's degree	31	0	0	0	0	0
Graduate or professional degree	48	16	16	0	0	0
Total:	530	-11	-19	-3	11	0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows** 

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	33,646	33,646
Total Population:	33,854	33, 497

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

**Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows** 

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	41.9	41.9
Moved Within Same County	41.5	49.7
Moved to Different County, Same State	62.5	61.1
Total Population:	42.5	46.2

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

## **References and Sources**

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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