Duarte, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Duarte and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Duarte (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Duarte. These indicators are compared to Los Angeles County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Duarte demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Duarte and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding
 area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to
 all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are
 also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends
 in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Duarte, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Duarte, but do not necessarily live in Duarte.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

Why is it important?

The characteristics and growth of Duarte's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

POPULATION Population Estimate (#, 5yr) Veterans (#, 5yr) Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) Population age 25+ (#, 5yr) AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr) Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr) Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY Median household income (\$, 5yr)	21,686.0 596.0 33.5 16,371.0 5.2 16.9 21.4 51.4 93,908.0	21,559.0 659.0 32.8 15,907.0 4.5 17.6 19.4 54.8
Veterans (#, 5yr) Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) Population age 25+ (#, 5yr) AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr) Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr) Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY	596.0 33.5 16,371.0 5.2 16.9 21.4 51.4	659.0 32.8 15,907.0 4.5 17.6 19.4
Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) Population age 25+ (#, 5yr) AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr) Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr) Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY	33.5 16,371.0 5.2 16.9 21.4 51.4	32.8 15,907.0 4.5 17.6 19.4
Population age 25+ (#, 5yr) AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr) Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr) Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY	16,371.0 5.2 16.9 21.4 51.4	15,907.0 4.5 17.6 19.4
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Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY	21.4 51.4	19.4
Female persons (%, 5yr) INCOME AND POVERTY	51.4	
INCOME AND POVERTY		54.8
	93 908 0	
Median household income (\$ 5vr)	93 908 0	
* * * *		75,083.0
Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr)	37,833.0	34,314.0
Persons in poverty (%, 5yr)	7.9	10.2
Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr)	212.0	555.0
Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr)	5.8	15.2
RACE AND ETHNICITY	44.0	57.0
White alone (%, 5yr)	41.6	57.8
African American alone (%, 5yr)	5.0	6.1
American Indian or Alaska Native alone (%, 5yr)	1.8	1.3 17.2
Asian alone (%, 5yr)	18.6	
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone (%, 5yr) Two or More Races (%, 5yr)	0.0 16.2	0.1 6.4
· / • /	50.0	49.9
Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr) White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr)	23.2	24.7
HOUSING	23.2	24.7
Housing units (#, 5yr)	7,382.0	7,450.0
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr)	64.0	63.1
	667,900.0	482,200.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	2,699.0	2,201.0
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr)	562.0	469.0
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr)	1,876.0	1,523.0
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS	1,070.0	1,020.0
Households (#, 5yr)	7,136.0	7,132.0
Persons per household (#, 5yr)	3.0	3.0
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr)	91.4	93.7
EDUCATION		
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	84.0	83.8
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr)	33.3	30.1
HEALTH		
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr)	1,342.0	1,255.0
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr)	6.0	7.5
LABOR FORCE		
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	61.2	63.5
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr)	56.8	59.1
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr)	55.0	57.1
Self employed (%, 5yr) TRANSPORTATION	7.5	9.4
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr)	26.6	29.9
Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr)	73.6	77.2
Using public transportation (%, 5yr)	4.7	6.3
Worked from home (%, 5yr)	11.4	5.7

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files
Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

10

0

-10

-20

1990

Duarte (6.8%)

California (4.6%)

Percent Change from 2010

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, Januar	y to January)
--------------------	---------------

	2023 % Change							
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year				
City								
Duarte	22,796	6.60	5.88	3.59				
County and Broader Regions								
Los Angeles County	9,761,210	-0.75	-3.69	-4.81				
Southern California	21,794,548	-0.41	-2.24	-2.84				
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01				

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 1: Population Growth (1)

2010

Year, through 2023

Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

2020 2030 h 2023

Los Angeles County (-0.6%)

Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

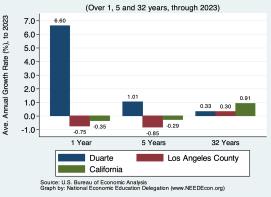
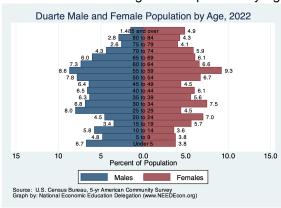


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



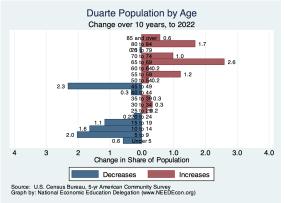
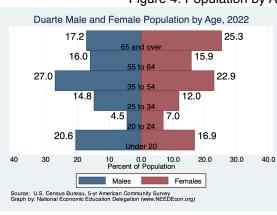


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



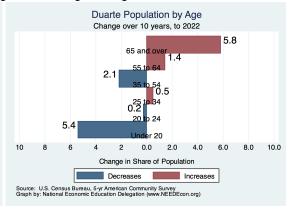
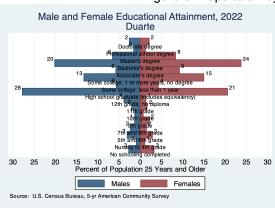


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment



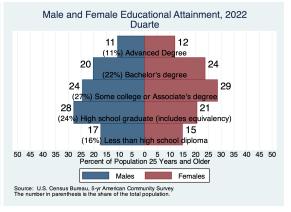
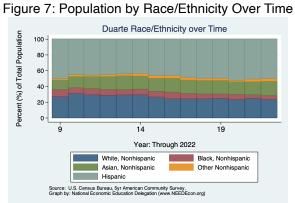


Table 2. County Population Change by City (Thousands, January to January)

City	2022	2023	Local	% Change Southern California	Californi
os Angeles County	9,834.5	9,761.2	-0.75	-0.41	-0.35
Los Angeles	3,802.7	3,766.1	-0.96	V.11	0.00
Long Beach	460.2	458.2	-0.44		
Santa Clarita	229.0	230.7	0.71		
Glendale	192.9	191.3	-0.82		
Lancaster	174.6	173.4	-0.70		
Palmdale	167.0	165.9	-0.66		
Pomona Torrance	149.9 144.3	149.7 143.1	-0.12 -0.88		
Pasadena	137.8	137.0	-0.60		
Downey	112.1	111.3	-0.00 -0.73		
West Covina	107.6	107.9	0.23		
El Monte	107.3	106.4	-0.84		
Inglewood	106.9	106.2	-0.64		
Burbank	105.0	104.5	-0.42		
Norwalk	101.8	101.2	-0.65		
Compton	94.3	93.7	-0.61		
South Gate	93.4	92.6	-0.78		
Carson Santa Monica	92.7 91.7	92.2	-0.60		
Whittier	91.7 87.7	91.7 87.3	-0.02 -0.47		
Hawthorne	86.5	85.7	-0.47 -0.96		
Alhambra	81.6	81.3	-0.37		
Lakewood	80.9	80.2	-0.92		
Bellflower	77.6	76.9	-0.92		
Baldwin Park	70.8	70.4	-0.63		
Redondo Beach	69.1	68.4	-0.97		
Lynwood	66.6	66.2	-0.55		
Montebello	61.8	61.6	-0.26		
Pico Rivera	61.4	61.0	-0.77		
Gardena	60.1	59.8	-0.47		
Monterey Park Arcadia	59.8 55.9	59.3 55.5	-0.90 -0.74		
Diamond Bar	53.9	53.4	-0.74 -1.03		
Huntington Park	53.8	53.4	-0.93		
Paramount	52.6	52.2	-0.72		
Glendora	51.6	51.2	-0.80		
Covina	50.7	50.4	-0.67		
Rosemead	50.1	50.0	-0.17		
Azusa	49.5	49.5	0.06		
La Mirada	48.4	47.9	-1.00		
Cerritos	48.4	47.9	-1.06		
Rancho Palos Verdes	41.5	41.0	-1.02		
Culver City San Gabriel	40.0	39.7	-0.73		
Bell Gardens	38.7 38.8	$38.5 \\ 38.4$	-0.58 -0.84		
Monrovia	37.8	37.5	-0.62		
La Puente	37.6	37.4	-0.63		
Claremont	37.0	36.8	-0.74		
Temple City	36.0	35.8	-0.55		
West Hollywood	34.9	34.8	-0.39		
Manhattan Beach	34.7	34.3	-1.24		
San Dimas	34.4	34.1	-0.95		
Bell	33.6	33.4	-0.72		
La Verne	32.3	32.1	-0.89		
Beverly Hills Lawndale	31.9	31.7	-0.90		
Walnut	31.2 27.7	$30.9 \\ 27.6$	-0.93 -0.61		
South Pasadena	26.4	26.3	-0.01 -0.59		
Maywood	24.8	24.5	-0.94		
San Fernando	23.5	23.5	-0.20		
Calabasas	23.0	22.8	-0.99		
Duarte	21.4	22.8	6.60		
Cudahy	22.4	22.3	-0.52		
Lomita	20.3	20.1	-1.02		
La Canada Flintridge	20.1	19.9	-0.65		
Agoura Hills	19.8	19.8	-0.03		
South El Monte	19.6	19.5	-0.85		
Hermosa Beach	19.2	19.0	-0.98		
Santa Fe Springs El Segundo	18.7 17.0	18.6 16.9	-0.88 -0.67		
Artesia	16.2	16.9	-0.67 -0.81		
Hawaiian Gardens	13.7	13.5	-0.81 -0.94		
John Haven Fante PI				Education Dela	nation

Signal Hill Sierra Madre -0.84 -0.8111.5 11.410.910.8 Malibu 10.5 10.5-0.21Rolling Hills Estates 8.5 8.4 -0.40

Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity Duarte Race/Ethnicity, 2022 50.0% White, Nonhispanic Black, Nonhispanic Asian, Nonhispanic Other, Nonhispanic Hispanic Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)



Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

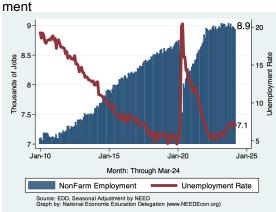
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Duarte Summary for March, 2024

	Change From:					
Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year		
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103		
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96		
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97		
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9		

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



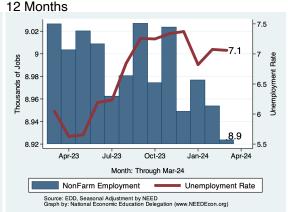
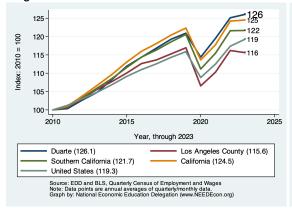
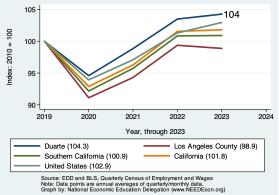


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Los Angeles County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Los Angeles County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	4, 571, 176	100.0	10,019.7	2.7	1.9	1.8	0.4	3.0	0.0
Total Private	3,980,116	87.1	10,298.0	3.2	1.8	1.7	0.2	3.1	0.1
Goods Producing	467,870	10.2	18.0	0.0	-2.8	-1.2	-0.8	0.4	-1.0
Mining, Logging and Construction	151,916	3.3	532.2	4.3	-5.0	-0.7	0.2	-0.0	0.2
Mining and Logging	1,600	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-5.9	0.0	-3.2
Construction	149,974	3.3	383.7	3.1	-5.7	-1.3	0.3	0.0	0.3
Manufacturing	316,063	6.9	-223.5	-0.8	-2.1	-1.5	-1.4	0.5	-1.5
Durable Goods	190,266	4.2	126.6	0.8	-1.4	-0.8	-0.7	0.7	-1.1
Non-Durable Goods	125,955	2.8	-296.8	-2.8	-3.0	-2.5	-2.4	0.3	-2.2
Service Providing	4,101,400	89.7	9,377.4	2.8	2.1	2.0	0.6	3.4	0.2
Trade, Trans & Utilities	824,556	18.0	-680.6	-1.0	-1.1	-0.2	-0.3	0.7	-0.6
Wholesale Trade	198, 134	4.3	-19.8	-0.1	-2.1	-1.6	-1.5	-0.4	-2.2
Retail Trade	406,837	8.9	88.1	0.3	-0.7	0.0	-0.2	1.3	-0.4
Trans & Warehousing	207,446	4.5	-739.7	-4.2	-0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.9
Utilities	12,541	0.3	-4.9	-0.5	0.8	2.7	3.3	2.6	1.0
Information	178,723	3.9	2,431.1	17.9	3.5	0.4	-14.8	-2.7	-3.6
Financial Activities	210,643	4.6	-319.1	-1.8	4.2	0.5	-1.0	-0.2	-1.2
Finance & Insurance	122,234	2.7	82.9	0.8	1.2	-0.6	-1.2	-1.9	-2.0
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	88,325	1.9	-180.4	-2.4	3.9	1.9	-0.8	2.5	-0.1
Professional & Business Srvcs	646,393	14.1	1,136.2	2.1	2.2	-0.4	-1.9	1.5	-0.1
Prof, Sci, & Tech	312,951	6.8	-1,162.7	-4.4	-0.3	-1.1	-1.1	2.1	0.9
Admin & Support Srvcs	258, 283	5.7	2,442.0	12.1	8.3	0.7	-3.2	1.2	-1.0
Employment Srvcs	96,576	2.1	1,117.0	15.0	12.8	-0.7	-8.1	-0.7	-2.2
Educational & Health Srvcs	948,482	20.7	6,221.2	8.2	5.9	5.5	5.3	4.6	2.8
Education Srvcs	147,023	3.2	1,208.1	10.4	9.5	8.0	7.8	7.3	2.1
Health Care & Social Assistance	801,869	17.5	5,246.7	8.2	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.1	2.9
Leisure & Hospitality	539,744	11.8	-335.7	-0.7	1.3	1.4	1.3	13.8	-0.1
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	93,094	2.0	-469.8	-5.9	-6.6	-7.9	-3.9	19.4	-0.5
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	444,463	9.7	-845.1	-2.3	-0.3	2.1	2.4	13.0	-0.1
Other Srvcs	160,653	3.5	-27.8	-0.2	0.8	3.0	2.9	9.1	0.4
Government	590,364	12.9	72.7	0.1	3.1	2.0	1.9	2.4	-0.1
Federal	48,700	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.8	2.9	2.3	0.7	0.8
State	97,915	2.1	-158.6	-1.9	0.1	0.1	-0.1	3.5	1.1
Local	443,641	9.7	146.6	0.4	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.3	-0.4
County	103,766	2.3	109.3	1.3	1.0	-0.5	0.0	-1.0	-0.7
City	92,291	2.0	55.4	0.7	0.6	1.5	2.4	1.9	-0.4
Local Government Education	225,880	4.9	-153.1	-0.8	4.4	4.2	3.6	4.2	-0.4

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Duarte

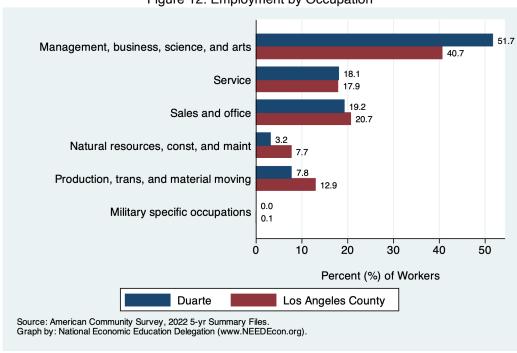
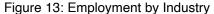
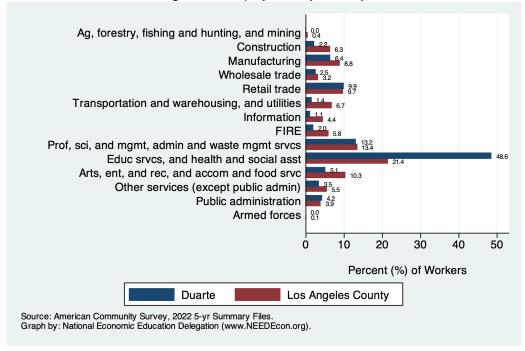


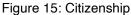
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation

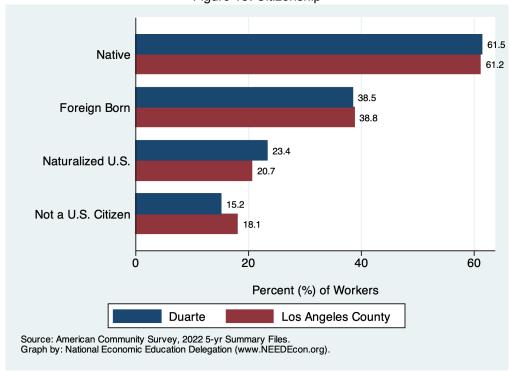




40.9 Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) 25.5 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 15.3 24.3 Speak other languages (SOL) 16.1 SOL - English very well 8.1 SOL - English less than very well 6.5 10 20 30 40 50 Percent (%) of Workers Duarte Los Angeles County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home





Employed Residents of Duarte

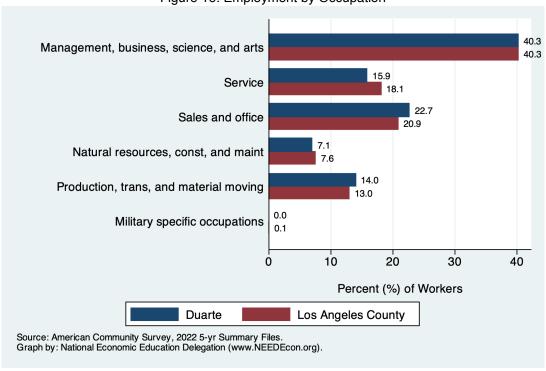
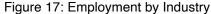
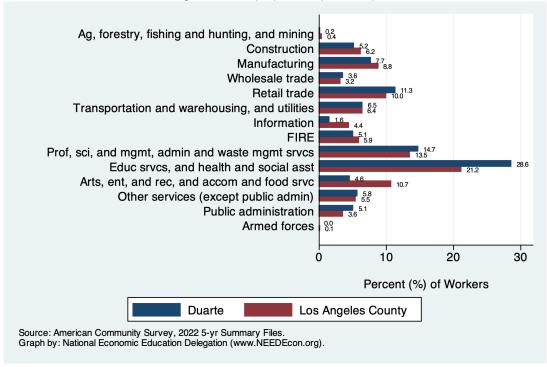


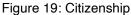
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation

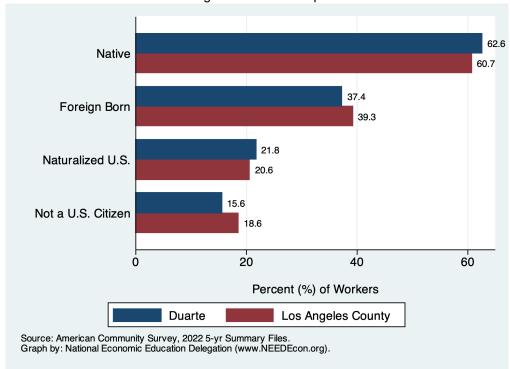




37.8 Speak only English 43.4 43.0 Speak Spanish (SS) 30.9 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well 15.7 19.2 Speak other languages (SOL) 9.8 SOL - English very well 10.9 9.4 SOL - English less than very well 10 20 30 40 Percent (%) of Workers Duarte Los Angeles County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home





Employed Residents vs Workers in Duarte

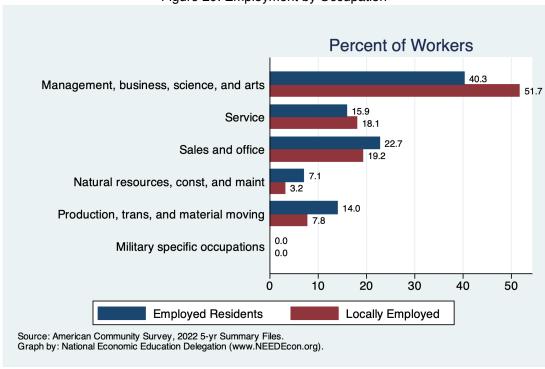
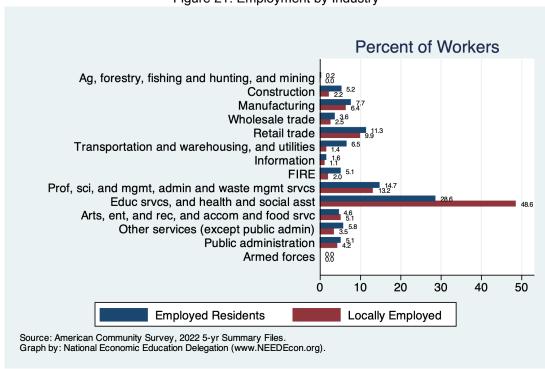


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

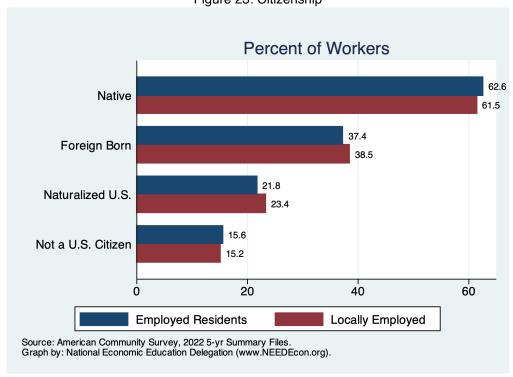




Percent of Workers Speak only English 40.9 43.0 Speak Spanish (SS) 30.9 SS - English very well 12.1 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) 9.8 SOL - English very well 16.1 9.4 SOL - English less than very well 8.1 10 20 30 40 Ó **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Duarte. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

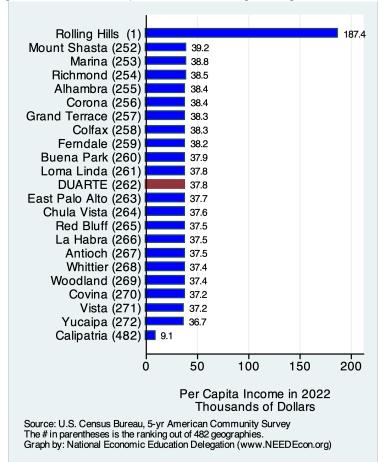
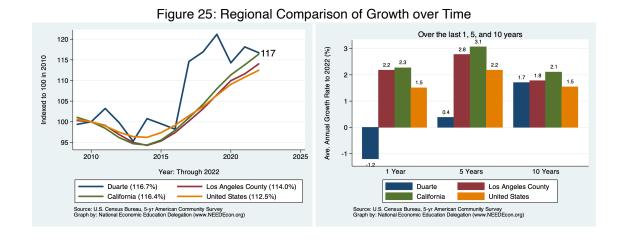
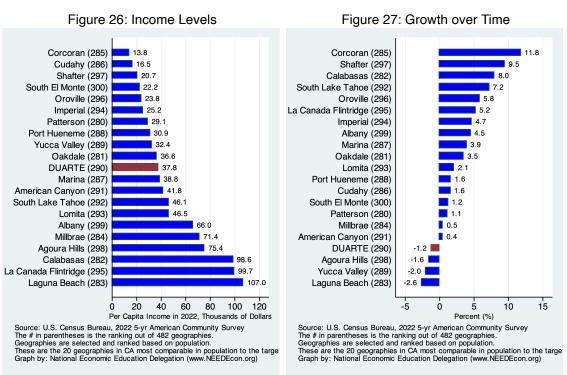


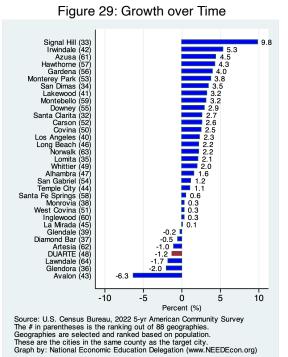
Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities

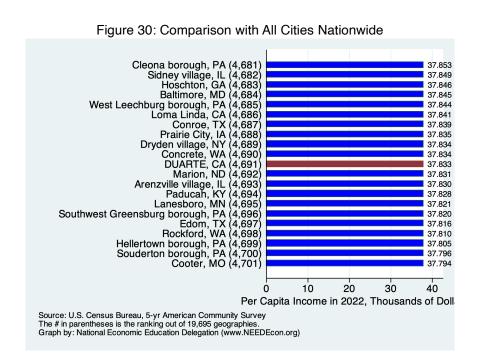


Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Los Angeles County





Poverty and Inequality

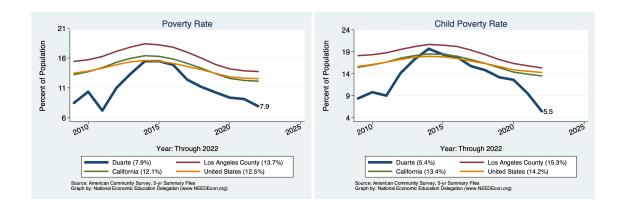
Definition:

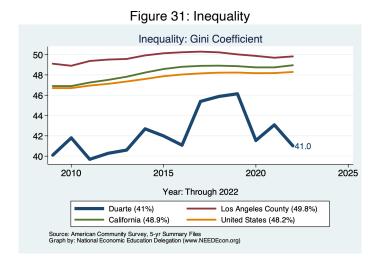
The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

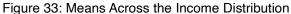
It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.



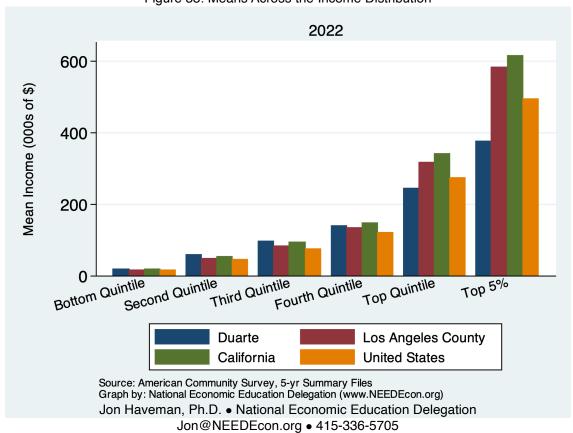


2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Third Quintile Bottom Quintile Second Quintile Fourth Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Duarte Los Angeles County California **United States** Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution



Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)



Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty

percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Duarte and Broader Regions

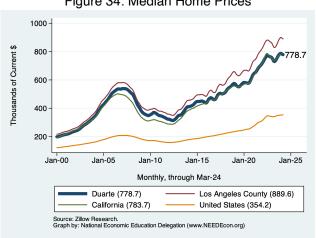
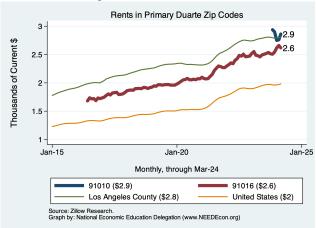


Figure 34: Median Home Prices

Figure 35: Median Rents



Housing Ownership in Duarte and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

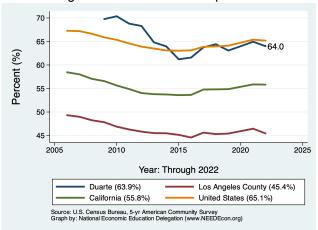


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

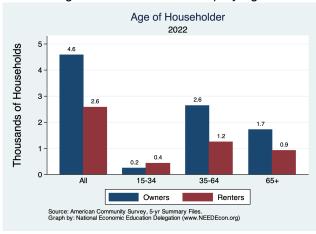


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

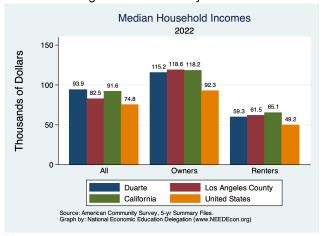


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

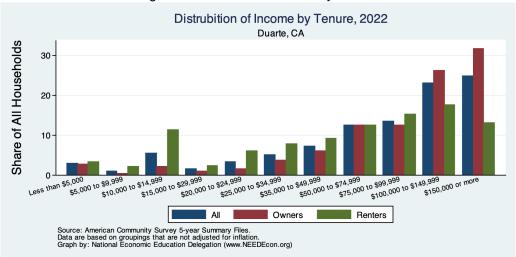


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

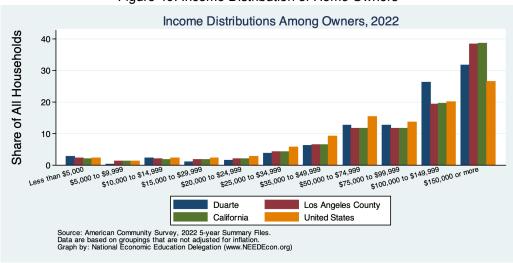
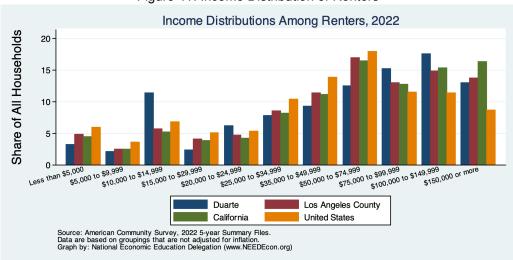


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Duarte and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

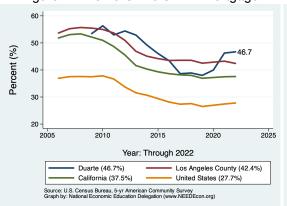


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

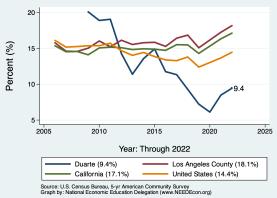


Figure 44: Renters

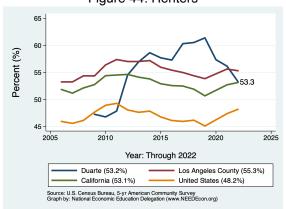
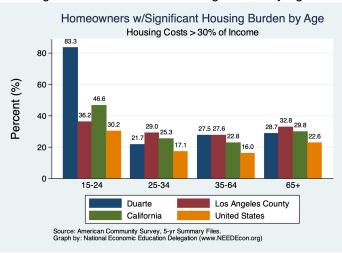


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

	% Change from					
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010	
Total Population	22,796.0	21,681.0	21,321.0	5.1	6.9	
Total # of Homes	8,351.0	7,339.0	7,254.0	13.8	15.1	
# Occupied Units	8,030.0	7,083.0	7,013.0	13.4	14.5	
Persons per Household	2.8	3.0	3.0	-7.5	-6.8	
Vacancy Rate (%)	3.8	3.5	3.3	10.2	15.7	

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

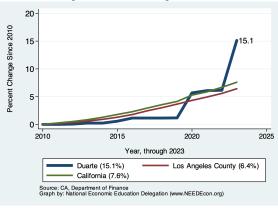


Figure 47: Persons per Household

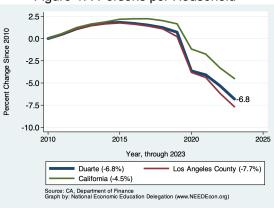


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

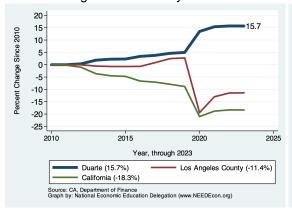
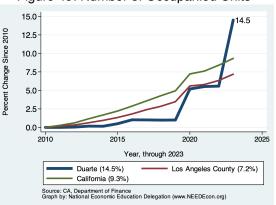


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

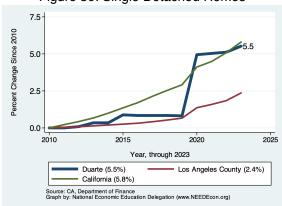


Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

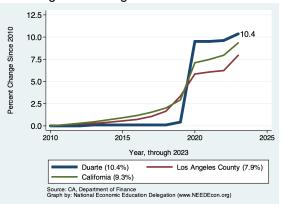
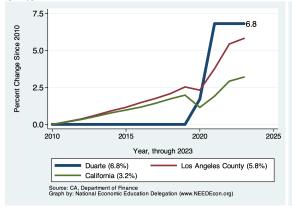
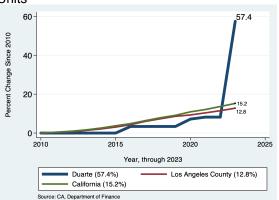


Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units





Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Duarte was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Los Angeles County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

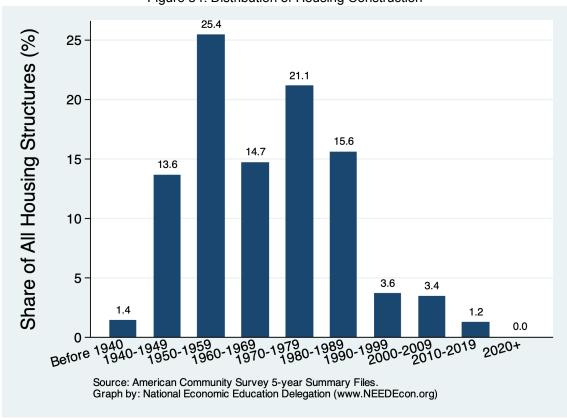


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

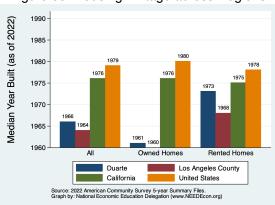


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

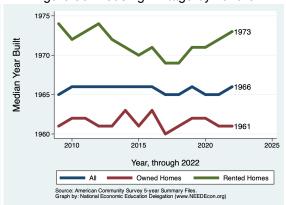


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

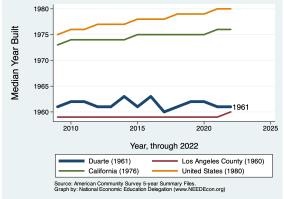


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

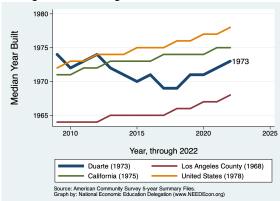
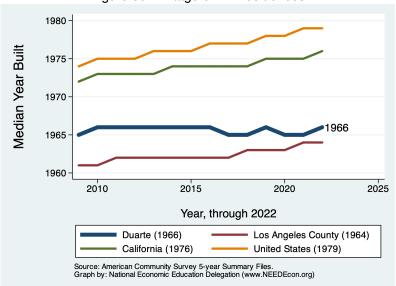


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

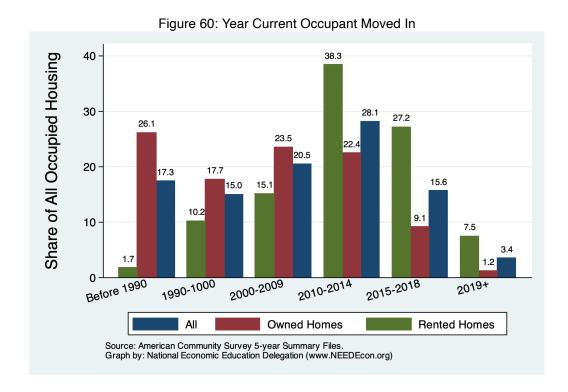


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

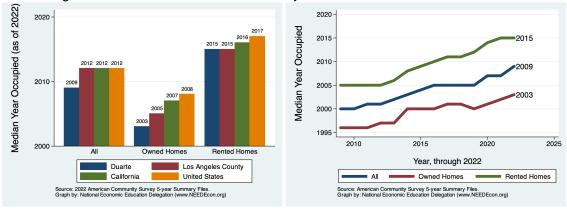


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

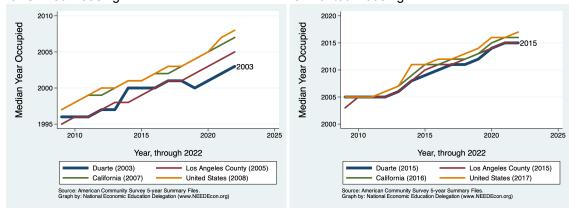


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 -Median Year Occupied 2010 2009 2005 2000 2015 2020 2025 Year, through 2022 Los Angeles County (2012) Duarte (2009) United States (2012) California (2012) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Residential Permitting

Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Duarte is compared with data from Los Angeles County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Duarte - Ranking Among Comparables

0.86 0.86

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)

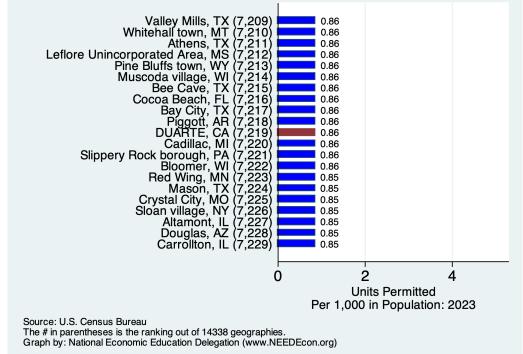
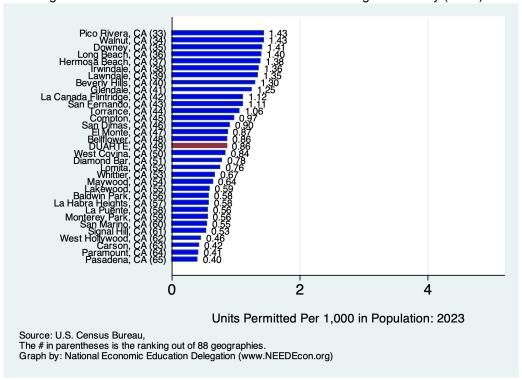


Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank) Paradise town, CA Camarillo, CA (3 0.92 Highland, CA 0.92 San Dimas, CA 0.90 0.90 Solvang, Santa Barbara Unincorporated Area, 0.89 Apple Valley town, CA San Carlos, CA 0.88 0.88 El Monte, Bellflower, 0.87 0.86 DUARTE, 0.86 Glenn Unincorporated Area, 0.85 West Covina, Corona, Mission Viejo, 0.81 0.81 Cotati, CA 0.81 Jackson, CA 0.80 Soledad, CA 0.79 Diamond Bar, CA 0.78 Loma Linda, CA 0.77 Ukiah, CA (515) 0.00 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 **Units Permitted** Per 1,000 in Population: 2023 Source: U.S. Census Bureau. The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 515 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

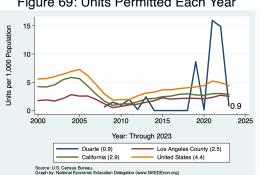
Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Los Angeles County (Rank)



Duarte - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Duarte

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year



Permitted (Over 1, 5, and 10 years) 0 --20 -40 -60 -80

10 Years

United States

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units

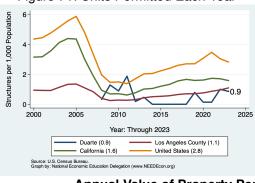
Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Duarte

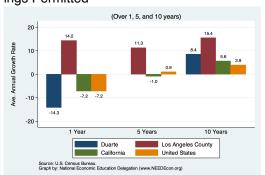
-100

1 Year

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

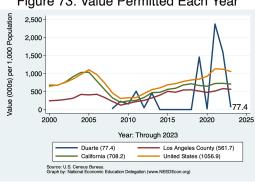
Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year





Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Duarte

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year



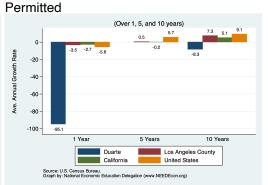


Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

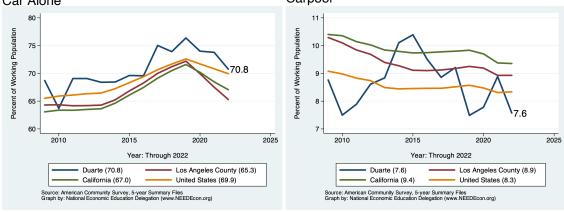
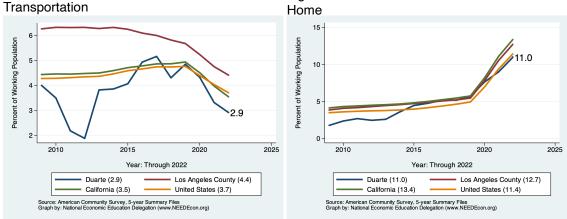


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Duarte. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Duarte. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Ma	ıle	Fer	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	4,424	83.7	3,810	70.9	8, 234	78.3	78.0
Drove Alone	3,997	75.6	3,441	64.0	7,438	70.8	68.4
Carpooled:	427	8.1	369	6.9	796	7.6	9.5
In 2-person carpool	236	4.5	280	5.2	516	4.9	6.9
In 3-person carpool	156	3.0	16	0.3	172	1.6	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	35	0.7	73	1.4	108	1.0	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	174	3.3	132	2.5	306	2.9	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	110	2.1	91	1.7	201	1.9	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	54	1.0	0	0.0	54	0.5	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	41	0.8	41	0.4	0.3
Railroad	10	0.2	0	0.0	10	0.1	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	14	0.3	0	0.0	14	0.1	0.7
Walked	90	1.7	161	3.0	251	2.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	50	0.9	127	2.4	177	1.7	1.7
Worked at Home	488	9.2	663	12.3	1,151	11.0	13.6
Total:	5, 240	99.2	4,893	91.0	10, 133	96.4	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	ale	Fer	male	All W	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	4,679	85.3	6, 110	84.1	10,789	85.2	78.0
Drove Alone	4,063	74.1	5,207	71.7	9,270	73.2	68.5
Carpooled:	616	11.2	903	12.4	1,519	12.0	9.5
In 2-person carpool	464	8.5	594	8.2	1,058	8.4	6.9
In 3-person carpool	79	1.4	163	2.2	242	1.9	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	73	1.3	146	2.0	219	1.7	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	83	1.5	202	2.8	285	2.2	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	60	1.1	101	1.4	161	1.3	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	6	0.1	39	0.5	45	0.4	0.8
Subway or Elevated	12	0.2	47	0.6	59	0.5	0.3
Railroad	5	0.1	15	0.2	20	0.2	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	76	1.4	23	0.3	99	0.8	0.7
Walked	48	0.9	163	2.2	211	1.7	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	29	0.5	103	1.4	132	1.0	1.7
Worked at Home	488	8.9	663	9.1	1,151	9.1	13.6
Total:	5, 403	98.5	7, 264	100.0	12,667	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8	SEX O	F WORKERS	RY TRAVE	TIME TO	WORK
Table 0.	SLA U	r wonking	DI INAVL	- 1111111 10	WORK

	Ma	le	Fem	ale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	98	1.9	99	1.9	197	2.0	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	335	6.4	296	5.8	631	6.4	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	574	10.9	498	9.7	1,072	10.8	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	294	5.6	592	11.6	886	8.9	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	487	9.3	543	10.6	1,030	10.4	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	236	4.5	249	4.9	485	4.9	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	1,080	20.6	844	16.5	1,924	19.4	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	189	3.6	157	3.1	346	3.5	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	384	7.3	107	2.1	491	5.0	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	433	8.3	296	5.8	729	7.4	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	456	8.7	411	8.0	867	8.7	7.9
90 or more minutes	186	3.5	138	2.7	324	3.3	4.0
Total:	4,752	90.6	4,230	82.7	8,982	90.6	

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

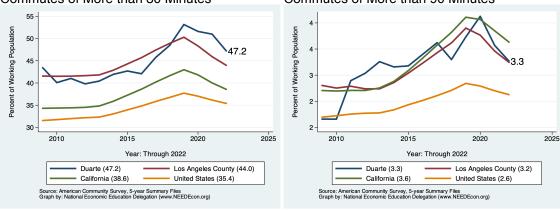
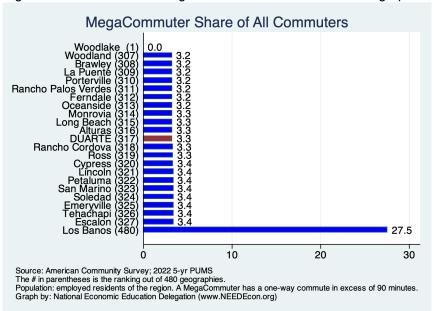


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WUNKFLA	CL GLOG	NAFIII					
	Ma	ıle	Fe	male	All We	orkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	63	1.2	86	1.3	149	1.3	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	300	5.8	315	4.8	615	5.3	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	414	8.0	702	10.6	1,116	9.7	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	716	13.9	809	12.3	1,525	13.2	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	973	18.9	1,023	15.5	1,996	17.3	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	363	7.1	373	5.7	736	6.4	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	672	13.1	1,098	16.6	1,770	15.4	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	120	2.3	197	3.0	317	2.8	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	229	4.5	403	6.1	632	5.5	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	485	9.4	699	10.6	1,184	10.3	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	465	9.0	633	9.6	1,098	9.5	7.9
90 or more minutes	115	2.2	263	4.0	378	3.3	4.0
Total:	4,915	95.5	6,601	100.0	11,516	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

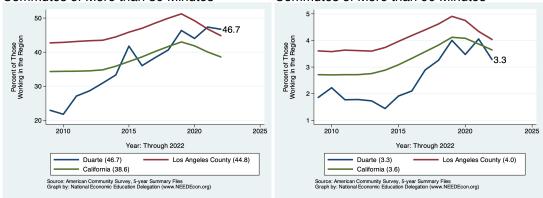
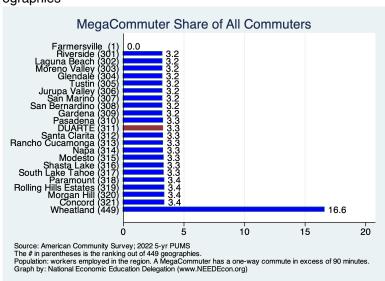


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Duarte work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Duarte's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Duarte city boundary.

Table 10, SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Ma	ıle	Fem	nale	All Wo	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	5, 210	98.6	4,893	91.0	10, 103	96.1	99.6
Worked in county of residence	4,688	88.7	4,687	87.2	9,375	89.2	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	522	9.9	206	3.8	728	6.9	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	30	0.6	0	0.0	30	0.3	0.4
Total:	5, 240	99.2	4,893	91.0	10, 133	96.4	

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence 25

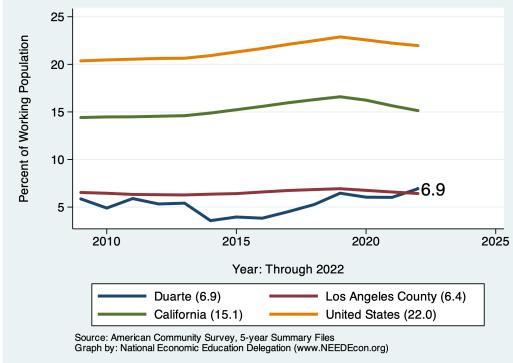
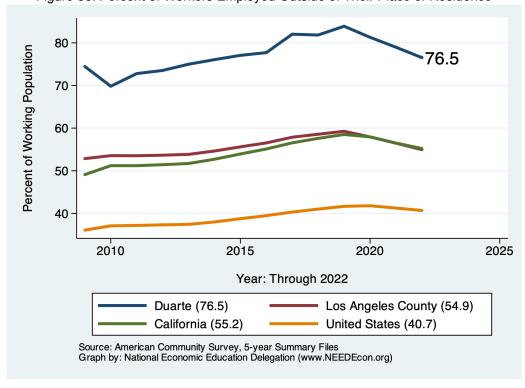


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Fem	nale	All Wo	rkers	All of CA	
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Living in a place:	5, 240	99.2	4,893	91.0	10, 133	96.4	95.9	
Worked in place of residence	951	18.0	1,139	21.2	2,090	19.9	39.5	
Worked outside place of residence	4,289	81.2	3,754	69.8	8,043	76.5	56.4	
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1	
Total:	5, 240	99.2	4,893	91.0	10, 133	96.4		

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	City	California		United States			
	Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio		
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	44,964	48, 566	99.8	46, 171	99.3		
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	50,373	36,463	148.9	34,487	148.9		
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)		40, 179		45,100			
Walked	20,052	29,366	73.6	27,142	75.3		
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	36,292	40,433	96.8	36,140	102.4		
Worked from home	68,750	75, 153	98.6	67,180	104.3		
Total:	45,215	48,747	92.8	46,099	98.1		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$25	5,000	\$25,000	-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	Al	l	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	1,825	50.3	2,853	76.2	1,727	67.0	7,438	70.8	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	223	6.1	239	6.4	227	8.8	796	7.6	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	150	4.1	53	1.4	97	3.8	306	2.9	3.6
Walked	149	4.1	92	2.5	0	0.0	251	2.4	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	80	2.2	93	2.5	18	0.7	191	1.8	2.4
Worked at Home	234	6.4	233	6.2	510	19.8	1,151	11.0	13.6
Total:	2,661	73.3	3, 563	95.1	2,579		10, 133	96.4	100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$25,000		\$25,000	\$25,000-\$74,999		000+	Al	l	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	2, 168	47.2	2,999	75.1	3, 193	74.5	9,270	73.2	68.5	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	521	11.3	423	10.6	463	10.8	1,519	12.0	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	84	1.8	124	3.1	61	1.4	285	2.2	3.6	
Walked	176	3.8	16	0.4	9	0.2	211	1.7	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	111	2.4	60	1.5	51	1.2	231	1.8	2.4	
Worked at Home	234	5.1	233	5.8	510	11.9	1,151	9.1	13.6	
Total:	3, 294	71.7	3,855	96.5	4, 287		12,667			

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In P	overty	100-14	9% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	All		All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	196	27.8	446	70.6	6,796	70.0	7,438	70.8	68.7	
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	18	2.5	30	4.7	748	7.7	796	7.6	9.5	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	7	1.0	55	8.7	244	2.5	306	2.9	3.6	
Walked	0	0.0	58	9.2	193	2.0	251	2.4	2.1	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	2	0.3	0	0.0	189	1.9	191	1.8	2.4	
Worked at Home	20	2.8	43	6.8	1,088	11.2	1,151	11.0	13.6	
Total:	243	34.4	632		9,258	95.4	10,133	96.4		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In Poverty		100-14	100-149% of Pov		of Pov	Al		All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	306	43.8	447	48.8	8,476	73.5	9,229	73.2	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	52	7.4	58	6.3	1,402	12.2	1,512	12.0	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	10	1.4	0	0.0	275	2.4	285	2.3	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	48	5.2	151	1.3	199	1.6	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	64	9.2	27	2.9	140	1.2	231	1.8	2.4
Worked at Home	20	2.9	43	4.7	1,088	9.4	1,151	9.1	13.6
Total:	452	64.8	623	68.0	11,532		12,607		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Duarte is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

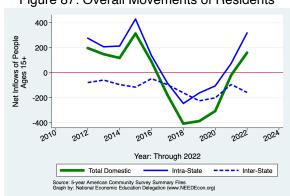


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Net Inflows				
		Same State				-
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
No income	2,054	-25	1	-16	-10	0
With income	16,567	202	345	-12	-148	17
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	2,505	12	-29	46	-5	0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,683	30	82	-31	-21	0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,164	2	-8	-29	39	0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,819	13	33	-27	-10	17
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,274	-92	-13	-37	-42	0
\$50,000 to \$64,999	1,957	72	-4	104	-28	0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	914	67	86	0	-19	0
\$75,000 or more	3,251	98	198	-38	-62	0
All:	18,621	177	346	-28	-158	17

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no

information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

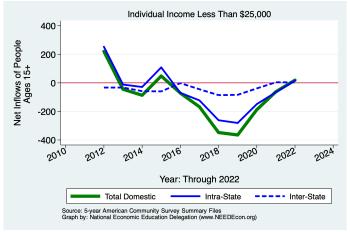
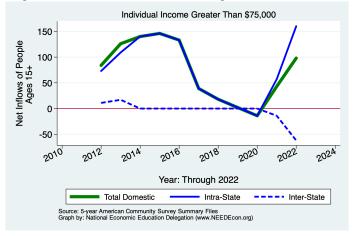


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents



Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

	Net Inflows						
			Sam	e State		-	
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad	
Never married	6,538	164	160	35	-31	0	
Now married, except separated	8,596	-50	140	-142	-65	17	
Divorced	2,020	39	25	48	-34	0	
Separated	332	9	6	22	-19	0	
Widowed	1,135	15	15	9	-9	0	
Total:	18,621	177	346	-28	-158	17	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		Net Inflows				
		Same State			-	
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	14, 164	-18	284	-140	-162	0
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	6,845	121	17	90	-3	17
Total:	21,009	103	301	-50	-165	17

Year: Through 2022

Owner: Intra-State Renter: Intra-State Renter:

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

Table 20: Migration by Age

	Net Inflows					
		Same State				_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
1 to 4 years	887	70	50	29	-9	0
5 to 17 years	2,541	-174	-75	-59	-40	0
18 and 19 years	390	8	14	-1	-5	0
20 to 24 years	1,258	9	-43	-12	64	0
25 to 29 years	1,339	51	106	-5	-50	0
30 to 34 years	1,552	112	121	8	-34	17
35 to 39 years	1,289	-13	-6	-7	0	0
40 to 44 years	1,365	-26	28	-44	-10	0
45 to 49 years	1,170	69	41	28	0	0
50 to 54 years	1,571	29	46	0	-17	0
55 to 59 years	1,943	-4	49	-32	-21	0
60 to 64 years	1,512	-8	35	-23	-20	0
65 to 69 years	1,312	-157	-99	-30	-28	0
70 to 74 years	1,116	57	10	67	-20	0
75 years and over	2,202	60	37	23	0	0
Total Population:	21,447	83	314	-58	-190	17

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

	Net Inflows					
		Same State				_
			W/in	Between	Across	From
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad
Less than high school graduate	2,624	-84	6	-61	-29	0
High school graduate (includes equiv)	3,934	219	182	27	10	0
Some college or assoc. degree	4,367	-268	-149	-4	-115	0
Bachelor's degree	3,604	175	156	68	-49	0
Graduate or professional degree	1,842	128	173	-45	-17	17
Total:	16, 371	170	368	-15	-200	17

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	35,466	35, 466
Moved Within Same County	48,750	24,902
Moved to Different County, Same State	51, 132	39,125
Total Population:	35,689	35,405

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago	47.4	47.4
Moved Within Same County	35.2	37.3
Moved to Different County, Same State	43.9	39.6
Moved Between States	22.7	34.8
Total Population:	45.6	45.7

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

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