Buellton, California

Indicators Report

by
The National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

April 20, 2024

Exploring the economics, demographics, and well-being of Buellton and its residents through indicators.

This report was produced by the:

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Executive Summary

Assessing the City with Indicators

About this Report

This report provides background or summary information for the city of Buellton (the City) in the form of indicators.

Using this Report

Indicators are measures of various aspects of a regional economy. They help to provide an indication of the quality of life in a region and progress toward improving conditions in the local economy. This report focuses on indicators for changing demographics, incomes, housing markets, commute patterns, and employment in Buellton. These indicators are compared to Santa Barbara County (the County) as a whole, a broader region where one is well defined, California, and the United Sates.

This report is vital for understanding trends in the underlying economy. It does not provide forecasts, but Rob Eyler and Jon Haveman at Economic Forensics and Analytics are available to provide them if that is of interest.

Topics Covered:

- Demographics: A detailed snopshot of Buellton demographics is presented. This provides evidence on the size, age and sex, income and poverty status, race and ethnicity, housing status, living arrangements, education, health, and transportation choices of the population. Beyond the current population level, data on trends in local population growth, in comparison with other broader regions is presented, in both tabular and graphical form.
- **Employment Report:** Here, we provide a brief snapshot or employment and unemployment in Buellton and how the City's experience differs from broader regions.
- Income and Earnings: Vital to understanding the prosperity of a city relative to its surrounding area is information on income and earnings. We provide a ranking of the City's income relative to all cities in California as well as growth relative to local regions. Inequality and poverty status are also important indicators for the level of equity in the community. We provide evidence of trends in both, not only for all residents, but also for children separately.
- Housing: This section provides evidence on the cost and availability of housing. Both median home values and rental costs are included, along with detailed information on home ownership, by age and income, in particular. Further, evidence is provided on the housing burden in the City, again, in comparison with other broader regions. We also provide evidence on the rate at which new buildings and units are permitted along with a broader housing picture. Finally, we provide evidence on the age of the housing stock in Buellton, along with information on how long the City's residents have been in place.
- Transportation: Increasingly important, in the wake of the pandemic, is an understanding of the transportation patterns and choices of local residents. We provide detailed evidence on the proprotion of residents who work from home and on the various transportation choices of those who head to the office. This information is also provided for those who work in Buellton, but do not necessarily live in Buellton.
- **Migration:** Population changes comes primarily through organic causes: births and deaths. Migration between regions also plays a significant role in population growth. A final section of the report provides evidence on migration into and out of the City.

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Demographics

Definition:

Why is it important?

Data on the demographics of a city indicate the nature of the population, with a focus on age, gender, race and ethnicity, as well as household compositon.

The characteristics and growth of Buellton's population are fundamental indicators of the city's growth potential.

A Demographic Snapshot

POPULATION Population Estimate (#, 5yr) 5,151.0 5,082 Veterans (#, 5yr) 174.0 216 Foreign born persons (%, 5yr) 14.6 17 Population age 25+ (#, 5yr) 3,675.0 3,675.0 AGE AND SEX Persons under 5 years (%, 5yr) 8.8 8 Persons under 18 years (%, 5yr) 23.2 26 Persons 65 years and over (%, 5yr) 13.3 19 Female persons (%, 5yr) 53.7 51 INCOME AND POVERTY Median household income (\$, 5yr) 102,361.0 93,099 Per capita income in past 12 months (\$, 5yr) 47,903.0 39,200 Persons in poverty (%, 5yr) 2.0 2 Children age less than 18 in poverty (#, 5yr) 25.0 0 Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr) 25.0 0 Children age less than 18 in poverty (%, 5yr) 21 0 RACE AND ETHNICITY White alone (%, 5yr) 0.3 0 African American alone (%, 5yr) 0.6 0 Asian alone (%, 5yr) 0.6 0 <
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Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr) 22.7 29
White alone, not Hispanic or Latino (%, 5yr) 74.2 65
HOUSING
Housing units (#, 5yr) 2,235.0 2,013
Owner-occupied housing units (%, 5yr) 64.0 69
Median value of owner-occupied housing units (\$, 5yr) 695,600.0 522,900
Median selected monthly owner costs-with a mortgage (\$, 5yr) 3,072.0 2,250
Median selected monthly owner costs-without a mortgage (\$, 5yr) 621.0 605
Median gross rent (\$, 5yr) 2,066.0 1,760
FAMILIES AND LIVING ARRANGEMENTS
Households (#, 5yr) 1,929.0 1,941
Persons per household (#, 5yr) 2.7 2
Living in same house 1 year ago, % of persons age 1+ (5yr) 91.4 85
EDUCATION
High school graduate or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr) 91.6 88
Bachelor's degree or higher, % of persons age 25+ (5yr) 39.6 39
HEALTH
With a disability, under age 65 years (#, 5yr) 278.0 210
Persons without health insurance, under age 65 years (%, 5yr) 3.7
LABOR FORCE
In civilian labor force, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr) 77.0 69
In civilian labor force, women age 16+ (%, 5yr) 71.4 68
Employed, persons age 16+ (%, 5yr) 72.7 63
Self employed (%, 5yr) 13.0 13
TRANSPORTATION Mean travel time to work workers ago 16+ (Mine Eur) 26-4 21
Mean travel time to work, workers age 16+ (Mins., 5yr) 26.4 21
Using public transportation (%, 5yr) Drive alone in private vehicle (%, 5yr) 2.1 78.2 80
Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files

Source: American Community Survey, Summary Files

Note: Data are from the 1-year files unless indicated by the notation 5yr.

Current Population

The data in these two tables and the following two graphs are from the CA Department of Finance (DOF). The DOF produces population estimates for geographies around California twice a year: January and July. As estimates for cities are only available in January, these two tables are based on the January data. The remaining figures are from the American Community Survey (ACS), provided annually by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

Table 1. Population Change by Region

(Thousands, January to January)

	2023		% Char	ige				
Region	Population	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year				
	City	,						
Buellton	4,944	-1.26	-9.23	-6.98				
County and Broader Regions								
Santa Barbara County	440,557	-0.59	-2.21	-2.69				
Central Coast	1,411,324	-0.74	-1.86	-2.79				
California	38,940,231	-0.35	-1.79	-2.01				

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

Table 2. County Population Change by City

(Thousands, January to January)

				% Change	
City	2022	2023	Local	Central Coast	California
Santa Barbara County	443.2	440.6	-0.59	-0.74	-0.35
Santa Maria	109.6	109.5	-0.13		
Santa Barbara	86.3	85.4	-1.00		
Lompoc	43.7	43.5	-0.55		
Goleta	32.4	32.4	0.21		
Carpinteria	12.9	12.7	-1.20		
Guadalupe	8.5	8.5	0.57		
Solvang	5.7	5.7	-0.44		
Buellton	5.0	4.9	-1.26		

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by National Economic Education Delegation

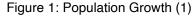


Figure 2: Population Growth (2)

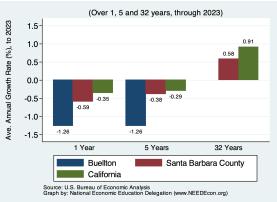
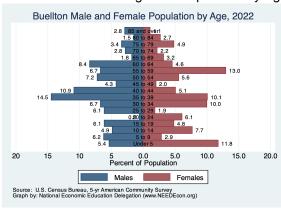


Figure 3: Population by Age - Detailed Age Categories



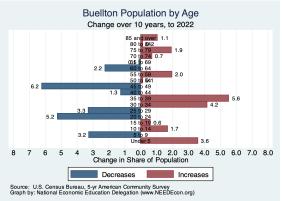
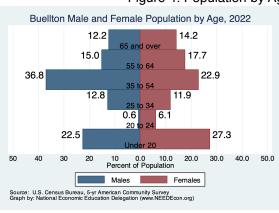


Figure 4: Population by Age - Broad Age Categories



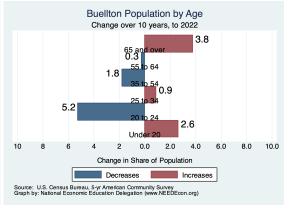
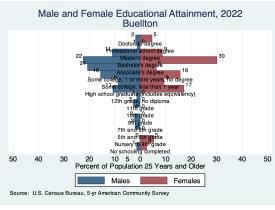
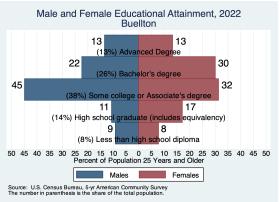


Figure 5: Population by Educational Attainment





Buellton Race/Ethnicity, 2022 22.7% White, Nonhispanic Black, Nonhispanic Asian, Nonhispanic Other, Nonhispanic Hispanic

Figure 6: Population by Race/Ethnicity Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

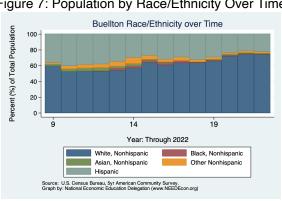


Figure 7: Population by Race/Ethnicity Over Time

Employment Report

Citywide Employment and Unemployment

Definition:

Each month, California's Employment Development Division (EDD) publishes an update on employment in California and in MSAs, counties, and cities all across the state. The report focuses primarily on non-farm employment, providing estimates of changes in em-

ployment by industry as well as unemployment in each region. Data for cities is limited to aggregate employment, labor force, and unemployment data. Those are reported below.

Why is it important?

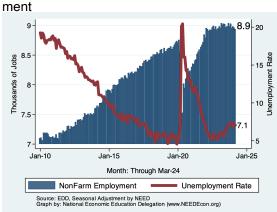
Employment growth is a fundamental indicator of the health of an economy.

Table 3. Buellton Summary for March, 2024

Category	Current Value	Last Month	2 Months Ago	Last Year
Employment	8,924	-30	-53	-103
Labor Force	9,644	9	15	96
Number Unemployed	678	-4	21	97
Unemployment Rate	7.0	-0.0	0.2	0.9

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 8: Historical Employment and Unemploy- Figure 9: Employment and Unemployment - Last



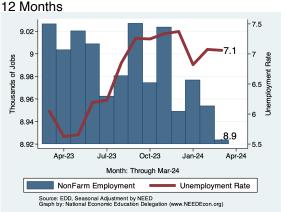
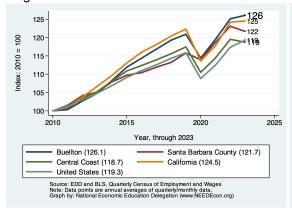
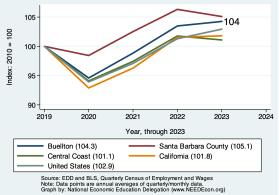


Figure 10: Relative Employment Growth Across Figure 11: Relative Employment Growth Across Regions - since 2010 Regions - since 2019





County Employment by Industry

California's Employment Development Division (EDD) does not regularly produce data on employment by industry for cities. However, we are able to report industry-level employment data for Santa Barbara County. The following table provides the latest data for the County.

Table 4. Employment Growth by Industry in Santa Barbara County for March, 2024

			Empl	% Growth - Annualized Rate					
Industry	Employment	Share	Growth	Month	Qtr	6mo	1yr	3yr	5yr
Total Nonfarm	192,204	100.0	392.1	2.5	1.5	1.9	1.4	2.9	0.3
Total Private	156,479	81.4	-32.3	-0.2	1.9	1.6	1.3	3.4	0.9
Goods Producing	23,158	12.0	47.9	2.5	-1.1	0.1	0.4	2.3	-0.0
Mining, Logging and Construction	10,601	5.5	75.7	9.0	0.0	0.6	3.0	3.2	1.0
Mining and Logging	600	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-9.1
Construction	10,013	5.2	84.2	10.7	1.0	0.8	3.2	3.4	2.2
Manufacturing	12,539	6.5	-65.8	-6.1	-2.4	-0.4	-1.6	1.6	-0.8
Durable Goods	8,351	4.3	8.0	1.2	-5.0	-0.8	0.0	0.0	-2.1
Service Providing	169,066	88.0	553.2	4.0	1.8	2.2	1.5	2.9	0.3
Trade, Trans & Utilities	26,762	13.9	98.8	4.5	-0.6	-0.5	-1.2	-0.1	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	4,776	2.5	-26.8	-6.5	-5.6	-0.6	-4.2	-2.8	-1.4
Retail Trade	18,604	9.7	111.7	7.5	0.6	0.8	0.4	1.2	0.1
Information	4,287	2.2	-15.4	-4.2	-5.5	-6.7	-2.2	3.5	1.5
Financial Activities	7,084	3.7	19.9	3.4	0.8	3.8	1.4	1.4	1.0
Finance & Insurance	3,500	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.8	-1.1
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	3,555	1.8	21.7	7.6	0.4	6.4	2.8	5.4	3.3
Professional & Business Srvcs	27,799	14.5	-52.7	-2.2	0.6	2.7	3.7	1.1	1.9
Prof, Sci, & Tech	12,375	6.4	-15.2	-1.5	1.2	0.6	-0.0	1.0	1.5
Educational & Health Srvcs	31,950	16.6	233.3	9.2	5.8	5.1	5.3	3.8	2.8
Education Srvcs	3,238	1.7	20.5	7.9	1.8	5.5	6.7	7.7	2.0
Health Care & Social Assistance	28,719	14.9	205.9	9.0	6.5	5.3	5.1	3.4	2.9
Leisure & Hospitality	28,388	14.8	-151.5	-6.2	-0.1	-1.4	-1.3	10.5	-0.4
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	3,929	2.0	6.4	2.0	4.2	1.5	2.8	15.5	1.1
Accommodation & Food Srvcs	24,445	12.7	-158.1	-7.4	0.0	-2.2	-2.0	9.8	-0.7
Other Srvcs	6,773	3.5	16.2	2.9	1.4	1.5	-0.1	7.2	1.0
Government	35,818	18.6	93.0	3.2	1.0	2.5	1.7	0.9	-2.0
Federal	4,100	2.1	100.0	34.5	0.0	0.0	5.1	6.9	2.8
State	8,061	4.2	57.9	9.0	5.3	4.1	5.8	-6.0	-7.1
Local	23,597	12.3	58.3	3.0	1.9	3.0	-0.1	3.4	0.2
County	4,790	2.5	52.7	14.2	4.9	3.6	2.1	0.7	0.8
City	2,966	1.5	16.9	7.1	5.4	6.7	3.4	4.9	-0.3
Local Government Education	11,813	6.1	-28.9	-2.9	-3.9	-2.3	-3.2	3.5	-0.3

Source: EDD, National Economic Education Delegation (NEED)

Some Employee Detail

Employed in Buellton

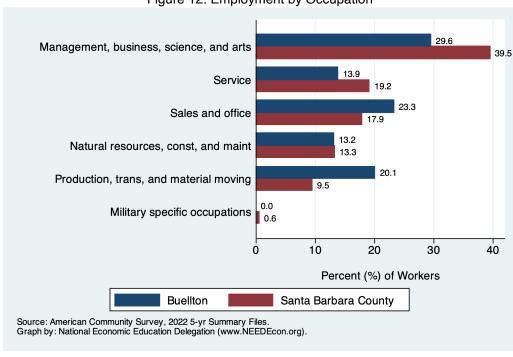
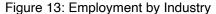
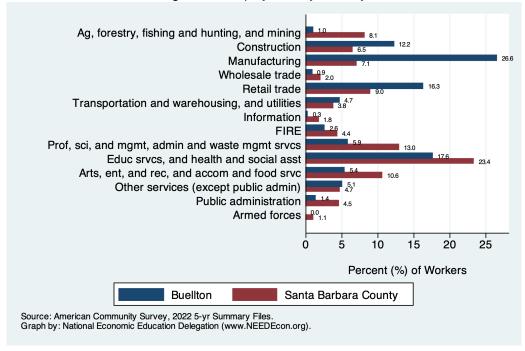


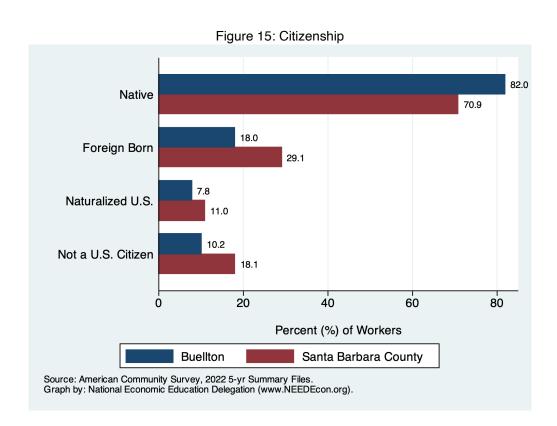
Figure 12: Employment by Occupation





Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) 33.6 13.3 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 Percent (%) of Workers **Buellton** Santa Barbara County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 14: Language Spoken at Home



Jon Haveman, Ph.D. ● National Economic Education Delegation Jon@NEEDEcon.org • 415-336-5705

Employed Residents of Buellton

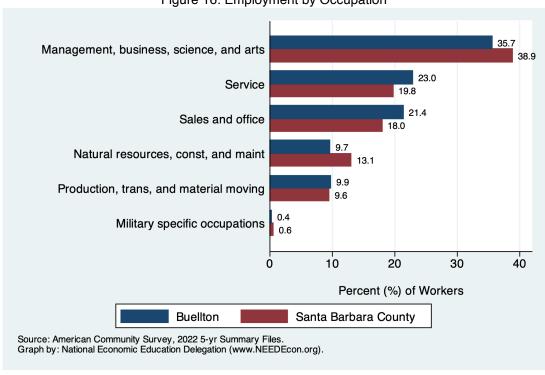
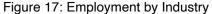
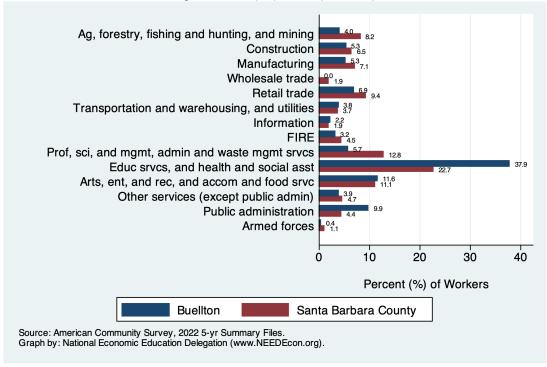


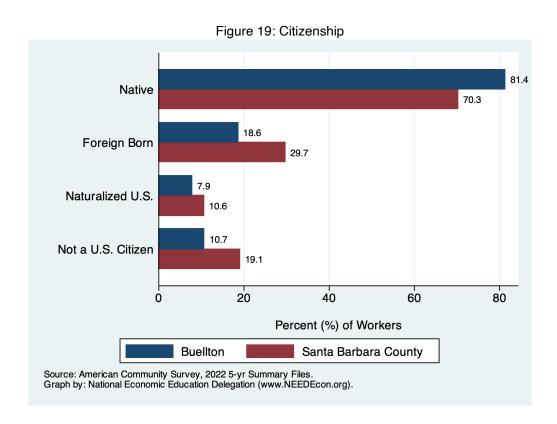
Figure 16: Employment by Occupation





77.4 Speak only English Speak Spanish (SS) 34.2 SS - English very well SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 20 40 60 80 Percent (%) of Workers **Buellton** Santa Barbara County Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 18: Language Spoken at Home



Employed Residents vs Workers in Buellton

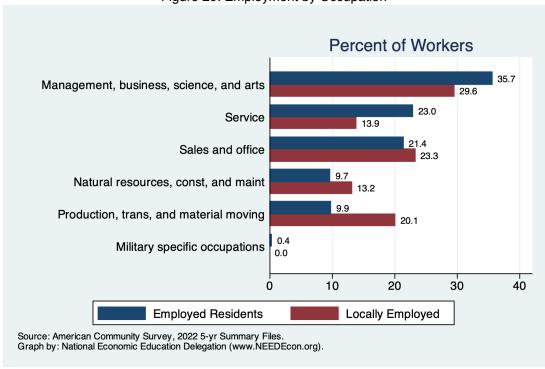
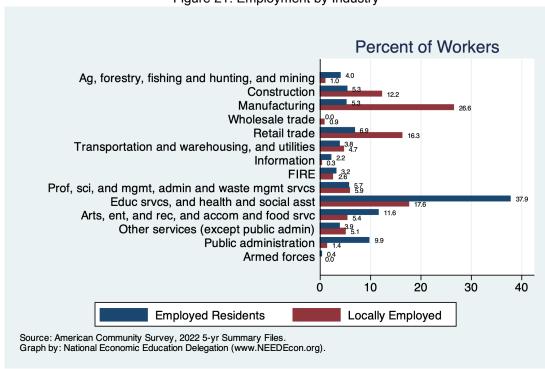


Figure 20: Employment by Occupation

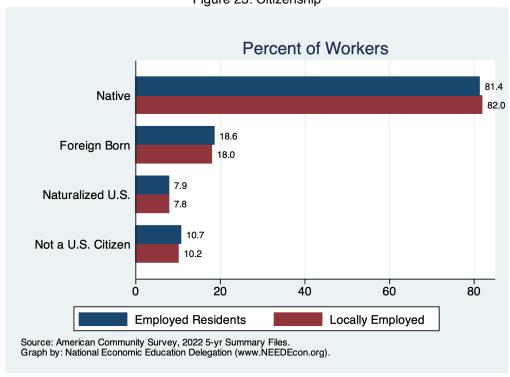




Percent of Workers 77.4 Speak only English 19.2 24.7 Speak Spanish (SS) SS - English very well 13.3 10.2 SS - English less than very well Speak other languages (SOL) SOL - English very well SOL - English less than very well 40 20 60 80 **Employed Residents** Locally Employed Source: American Community Survey, 2022 5-yr Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org).

Figure 22: Language Spoken at Home





Income and Earnings

Per Capita Income Growth

Definition:

Per capita income is the average income per person in Buellton. Personal income is the income received by, or on behalf of, all persons from all sources: from participation as laborers in production, from owning a home or unincorporated business, from the ownership of financial assets, and from government and business in the form of transfer receipts. Noncash government benefits are not included.

Why is it important?

Income is the money that is available to persons for consumption expenditures, taxes, interest payments, transfer payments to governments and the rest of the world, or for saving. As such, it is an important indicator of economic well-being in a community.

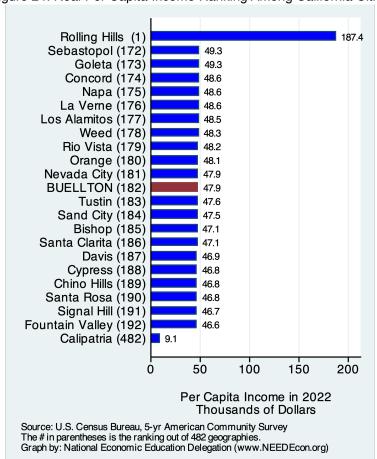
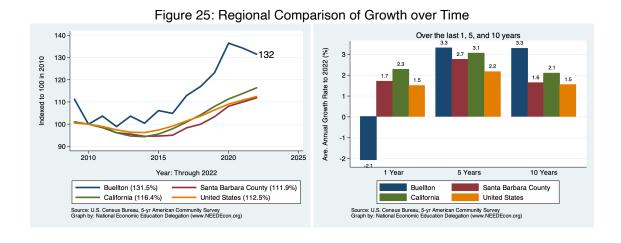
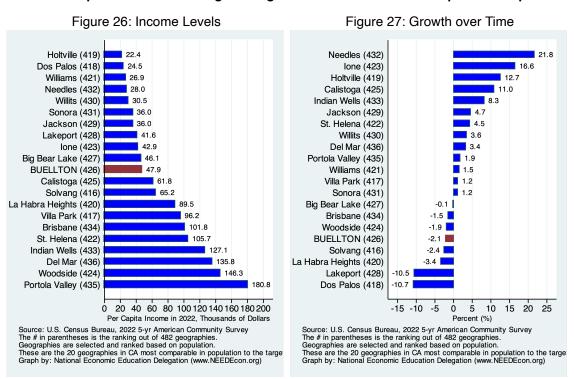


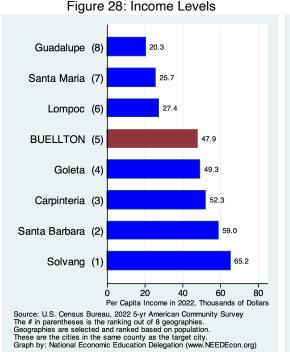
Figure 24: Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among California Cities - w/Comparable Populations



Real Per Capita Income Ranking Among Cities in Santa Barbara County



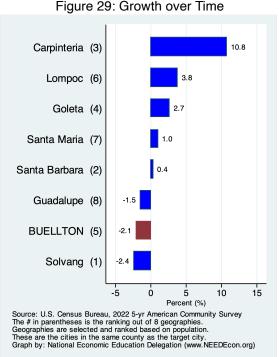


Figure 30: Comparison with All Cities Nationwide Gearhart, OR (2,132) Matthews, NC (2,133) Ivyland borough, PA (2,134) 47.979 47.972 Lannon village, WI 47.952 Granger, IA Nevada City, CA 136 47.940 137 138 47 936 Faith, NC 47.933 Bartelso village, IL Village of Four Seasons village, MO 139 47.913 47.909 Winthrop Harbor village, IL BUELLTON, CA O'Fallon, IL Crescent Springs, KY Whitestown, IN 141 47.907 142 143 47.903 47.901 47.900 47.898 Star Valley, AZ Lee's Summit, MO 146 47.886 147 148 47.879 Midland, TX Adell village, WI 47.870 149 47.864 Gilbertsville village, NY Westminster, CO (2,150) (2,151) 47.858 47.856 Fremont village, WI (2, ,152 47.833 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 Per Capita Income in 2022, Thousands of Dolla Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 5-yr American Community Survey The # in parentheses is the ranking out of 19,695 geographies. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Poverty and Inequality

Definition:

The local poverty rate provides an indication of the well-being of those at the bottom of the income distribution. The federal poverty rate measures the proportion of households in the region that are classified as living in poverty. Also included are measures of the extent to which the City's children are impoverished. Measures of the income distribution provide

further evidence on disparities in income in the region and how those disparities have changed over time.

Why is it important?

It is important to track measures of poverty and inequality to assess the extent of income disparities in the region, with an eye toward understanding how well the local economy is performing for all of its citizens.

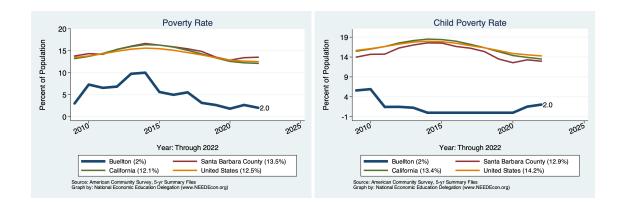
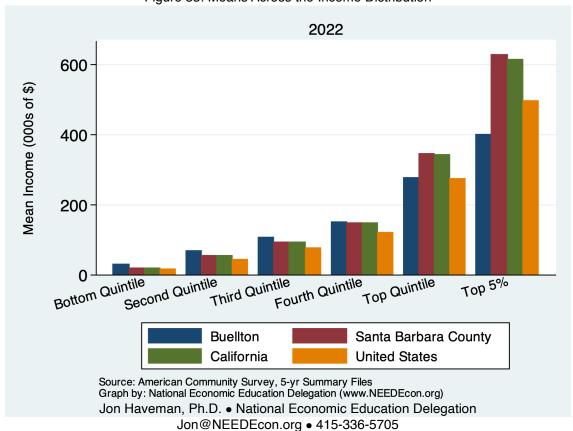


Figure 31: Inequality Inequality: Gini Coefficient 50 45 40 38.9 35 2010 2015 2025 2020 Year: Through 2022 Buellton (38.8%) Santa Barbara County (48.8%) California (48.9%) United States (48.2%) Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

2022 50 Percent of All Income 40 30 20 10 0 Third Quintile Second Quintile Bottom Quintile Fourth Quintile Top Quintile Top 5% Buellton Santa Barbara County California **United States** Source: American Community Survey, 5-yr Summary Files Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Figure 32: Shares Across the Income Distribution





Housing

Housing Costs and Affordability

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. Housing burden is defined as a household needing to commit more than 30% of their household income toward housing costs. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty

percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

Housing is one of three fundamental necessities, along with food and clothing. A measure of the cost of housing is an integral part of the measurement of the cost of living in a specific community. This is particularly true in cities and regions throughout the Bay Area, where housing costs are high relative to income.

Cost of Housing in Buellton and Broader Regions

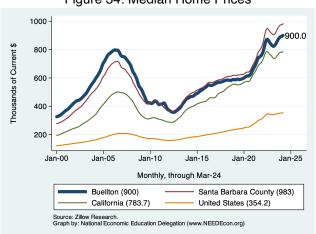


Figure 34: Median Home Prices

Figure 35: Median Rents



Housing Ownership in Buellton and Broader Regions

Figure 36: Home Ownership Rates

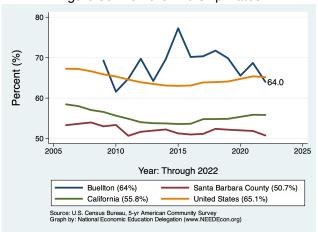


Figure 37: Home Ownership by Age

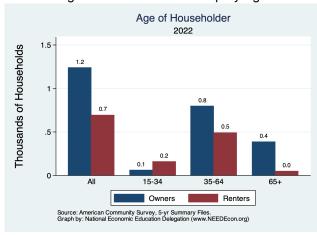


Figure 38: Income by Tenure

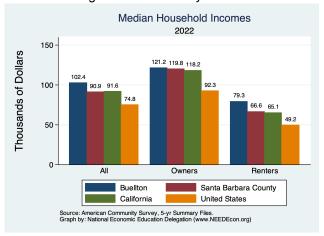


Figure 39: Income Distribution by Tenure

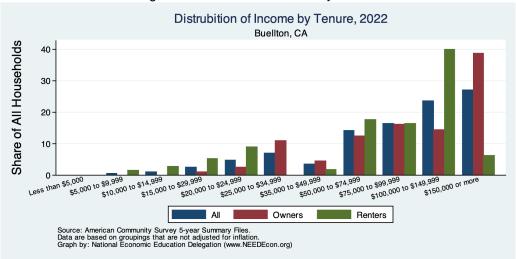


Figure 40: Income Distribution of Home Owners

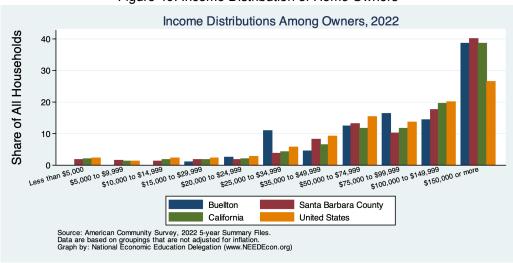
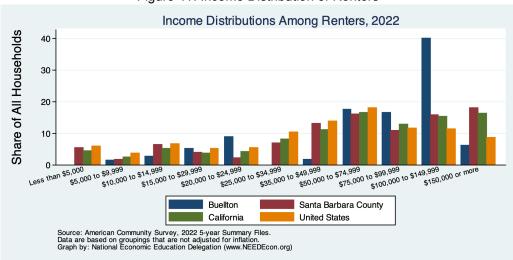


Figure 41: Income Distribution of Renters



Housing Burden in Buellton and Broader Regions

Figure 42: Home Owners w/ A Mortgage

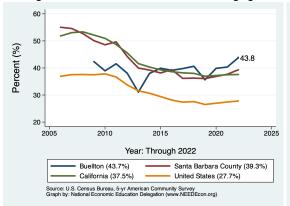


Figure 43: Home Owners w/o A Mortgage

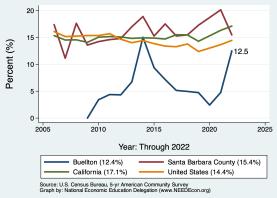


Figure 44: Renters

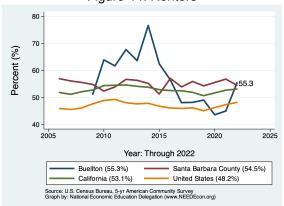
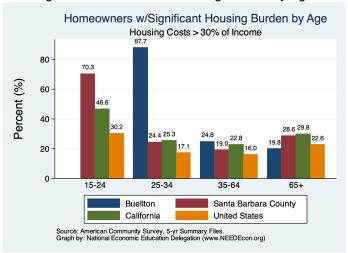


Figure 45: Homeowner Housing Burden by Age



Housing Picture

Definition:

Housing costs are measured in several different ways. First, we provide evidence on the evolution of median home prices, median rental price, and finally through evidence on the housing burden in the city and comparison regions. The median value is the amount in the middle. Fifty percent of units are above the median and 50 percent are below.

Why is it important?

In areas where the rate of population growth exceeds the rate of housing growth, this is likely to reflect a tightening housing market. A tightening housing market will also likely be reflected in lower vacancy rates and higher occupancy rates. It may also be reflected in higher numbers of people per household.

Table 5. Housing Market Indicators

				% C	hange from
Indicator	2023	2019	2010	2019	2010
Total Population	4,944.0	5,407.0	4,828.0	-8.6	2.4
Total # of Homes	2,033.0	2,053.0	1,845.0	-1.0	10.2
# Occupied Units	1,941.0	1,960.0	1,761.0	-1.0	10.2
Persons per Household	2.5	2.8	2.7	-7.7	-7.1
Vacancy Rate (%)	4.5	4.5	4.6	-0.1	-0.6

Source: CA DOF; Calculations by the National Economic Education Delegation

Figure 46: Housing Growth

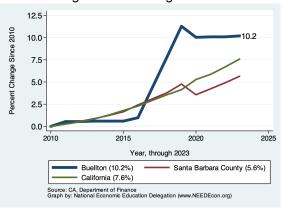


Figure 47: Persons per Household

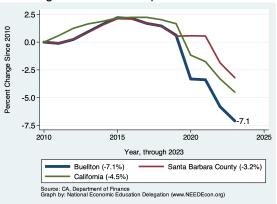


Figure 48: Vacancy Rates

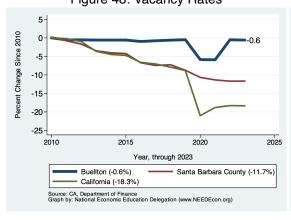
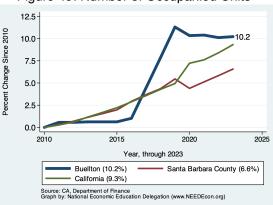


Figure 49: Number of Occupanied Units



Trends in the Growth of Housing by Housing Type

7.5-5.0-2.5-0.0-

Year, through 2023

2020

Santa Barbara County (2.6%)

2015

-Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Buellton (-2.4%)

California (5.8%)

Percent Change Since 2010

-2.5

2010

Figure 50: Single Detached Homes

Figure 51: Single Attached Homes

250
200
200
2010
2015
2020
2020
2025
Year, through 2023

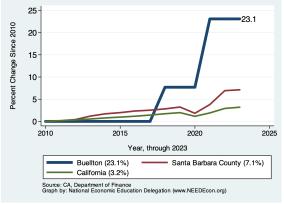
Buellton (226.6%)
Santa Barbara County (18.9%)

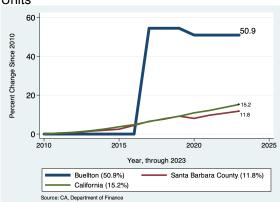
Source: CA, Department of Finance Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

California (9.3%)

Figure 52: Housing in Buildings with Two to Four Figure 53: Housing in Buildings with Five or More Units

Units





Vintage of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

This section provides evidence on the year in which residential housing in Buellton was built. We break it down into owned versus rented residences and provide a comparison across Santa Barbara County and broader regions. A sense of the age of housing in a region provides an indication of the urgency with which a region might pursue additional housing. As the

housing stock ages, an urgency with which renovations and rebuilds are permitted might result. All things equal, more recently constructed housing will be more likely to meet current codes and standards. Remodeling of existing units will be more desirable when existing units are, on average, older.

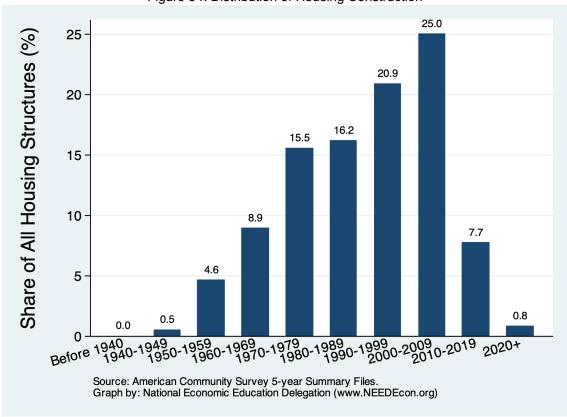


Figure 54: Distribution of Housing Construction

Figure 55: Housing Vintage across Regions

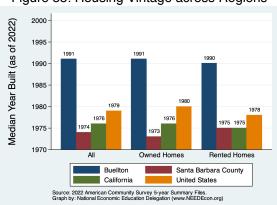


Figure 56: Housing Vintage by Tenure

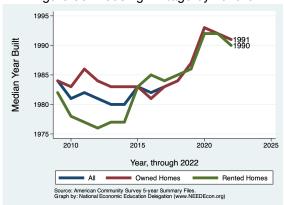


Figure 57: Vintage of Owned Residences

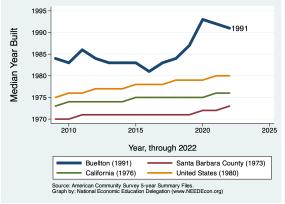


Figure 58: Vintage of Rented Residences

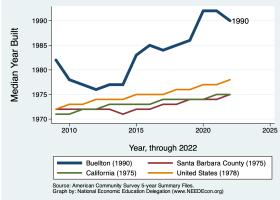
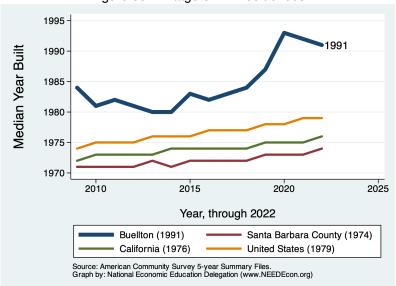


Figure 59: Vintage of All Residences



Occupation of Residential Housing

Why is it important?

The duration of residence in a city is important for developing future policies regarding growing the local population. If a region is highly mobile, evidenced by most residences having been recently occupied, a city might propose policies to reduce that mobility, or ask why the mobility happens. Policies could be put in place to either reduce or increase migration.

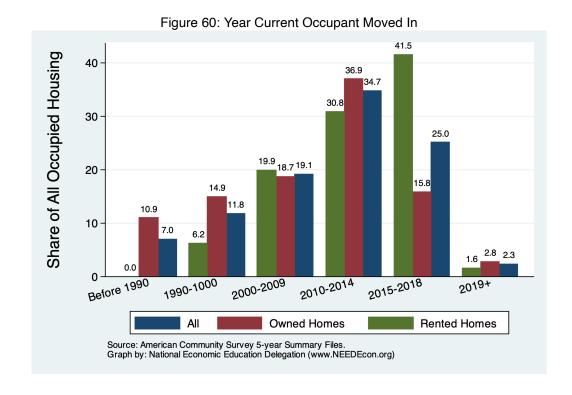


Figure 61: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 62: Year Occupied by Current Residents across Regions by Tenure

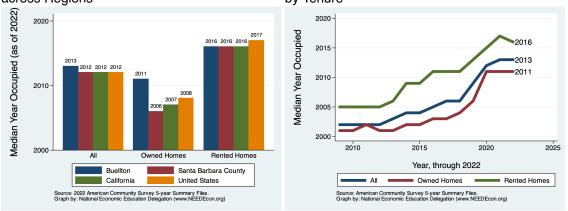


Figure 63: Year Occupied by Current Residents Figure 64: Year Occupied by Current Residents for Owned Housing for Rented Housing

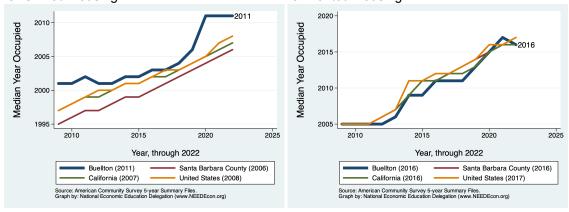


Figure 65: Year Occupied by Current Residents for All Housing 2015 Median Year Occupied 2013 2010 2005 2000 2010 2015 2020 2025 Year, through 2022 Santa Barbara County (2012) Buellton (2013) United States (2012) California (2012) Source: American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files. Graph by: National Economic Education Delegation (www.NEEDEcon.org)

Residential Permitting

Definition:

This indicator provides evidence on the number of residential buildings that are permitted for construction each year. Permit data for Buellton is compared with data from Santa Barbara County as a whole and broader regions. The statistic provided scales the number of permits by population. This is done to facilitate comparisons across regions.

Why is it important?

Building permits are the best indicator available of new units coming on the market. In order for a region's population to grow and flourish, new residential properties must be added to the existing stock. Building, both in the City and in the County more generally, is an indication of the extent to which new residences accommodate new residents or are affecting prices through increased supply.

Buellton - Ranking Among Comparables

Figure 66: Number of Units Permitted - Nationwide Comparables (Rank)



Figure 67: Number of Units Permitted - California Comparables (Rank)



Figure 68: Number of Units Permitted - Cities in Santa Barbara County (Rank)



Buellton - Permitting Activity

Annual Units Permitted - Per Capita in Buellton

Figure 69: Units Permitted Each Year

Figure 70: Average Annual Growth in Units Permitted

N/A

N/A

Annual Number of Buildings Permitted - Per Capita in Buellton

Figure 72: Average Annual Growth in Buildings Permitted

Figure 71: Units Permitted Each Year

N/A

N/A

Annual Value of Property Permitted - Per Capita in Buellton

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year

Figure 73: Value Permitted Each Year

Figure 74: Average Annual Growth in Value

Permitted

N/A

N/A

Commute Patterns

During the recovery from the Great Recession, the period from 2010 to 2019, the Bay Area economy, and Silicon Valley in particular, has been growing at a pace roughly double that of the state as a whole and triple that of the nation. This growth has precipitated a tight hous-

ing market and also brought about some significant changes in commute patterns, many of which have been reversed by the pandemic. Recent years have seen significant changes in both the mode of transportation and commute times.

Mode of Transportation

Figure 75: Percent of Workers Commuting by Figure 76: Percent of Workers Commuting by Car Alone Carpool

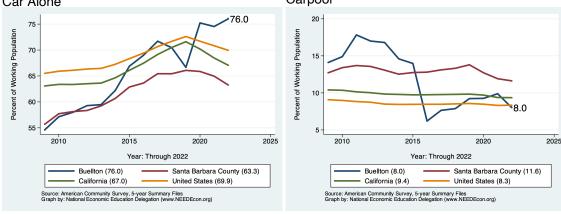
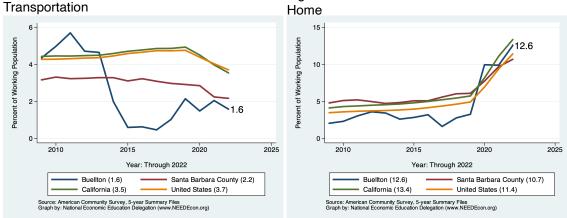


Figure 77: Percent of Workers using Public Figure 78: Percent of Workers Who Work From



The first table on this page presents data for those who LIVE in Buellton. The second provides data on those who work, but do not necessarily live in Buellton. The final two columns provide for a comparison of commute mode choices of people locally with those in California more broadly.

Table 6. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

	Male Fe			male	All of CA		
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van:	1,412	89.5	1,138	75.7	2,550	84.0	78.0
Drove Alone	1,285	81.4	1,022	68.0	2,307	76.0	68.4
Carpooled:	127	8.0	116	7.7	243	8.0	9.5
In 2-person carpool	95	6.0	60	4.0	155	5.1	6.9
In 3-person carpool	19	1.2	44	2.9	63	2.1	1.5
In 4-or-more-person carpool	13	0.8	12	0.8	25	0.8	1.1
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	14	0.9	34	2.3	48	1.6	3.6
Bus or Trolley Bus	14	0.9	34	2.3	48	1.6	2.3
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1
Bicycle	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.7
Walked	0	0.0	36	2.4	36	1.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	11	0.7	9	0.6	20	0.7	1.7
Worked at Home	132	8.4	249	16.6	381	12.6	13.6
Total:	1,569	99.4	1,466	97.5	3,035	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 7. SEX OF WORKERS BY MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	Ma	ale	Fer	male	All Wo	orkers	All of CA	
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)	
Car, Truck, or Van:	1,340	73.6	957	76.8	2,297	77.4	78.0	
Drove Alone	1,020	56.0	797	64.0	1,817	61.2	68.5	
Carpooled:	320	17.6	160	12.8	480	16.2	9.5	
In 2-person carpool	141	7.7	96	7.7	237	8.0	6.9	
In 3-person carpool	171	9.4	29	2.3	200	6.7	1.5	
In 4-or-more-person carpool	8	0.4	35	2.8	43	1.4	1.1	
Public Transportation (excl Taxi):	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6	
Bus or Trolley Bus	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2.3	
Streetcar or Trolley Car	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.8	
Subway or Elevated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.3	
Railroad	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.2	
Ferryboat	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.1	
Bicycle	6	0.3	0	0.0	6	0.2	0.7	
Walked	6	0.3	40	3.2	46	1.6	2.4	
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1.7	
Worked at Home	132	7.3	249	20.0	381	12.8	13.6	
Total:	1,484	81.5	1,246	100.0	2,730	92.0		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Commute Times for Employed Residents

Table 8	SEX O	F WORKERS	RY TRAVE	TIME TO	WORK
Table 0.	SLA U	r wonking	DI INAVL	- 1111111 10	WORK

	Ma	ıle	Female		All Wo	rkers	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Less than 5 minutes	104	6.9	96	7.2	200	7.4	2.0
5 to 9 minutes	85	5.7	129	9.7	214	7.9	7.5
10 to 14 minutes	242	16.2	67	5.0	309	11.5	12.2
15 to 19 minutes	116	7.7	137	10.3	253	9.4	15.0
20 to 24 minutes	73	4.9	71	5.3	144	5.3	14.3
25 to 29 minutes	0	0.0	12	0.9	12	0.4	6.3
30 to 34 minutes	72	4.8	152	11.4	224	8.3	15.0
35 to 39 minutes	79	5.3	58	4.3	137	5.1	2.9
40 to 44 minutes	128	8.5	73	5.5	201	7.5	4.3
45 to 59 minutes	466	31.1	404	30.3	870	32.3	8.6
60 to 89 minutes	24	1.6	18	1.3	42	1.6	7.9
90 or more minutes	48	3.2	0	0.0	48	1.8	4.0
Total:	1,437	95.9	1,217	91.2	2,654	98.6	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 79: Percent of Employed Population With Figure 80: Percent of Employed Population With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

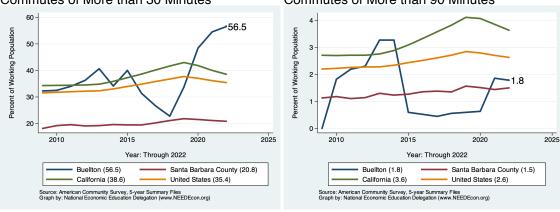
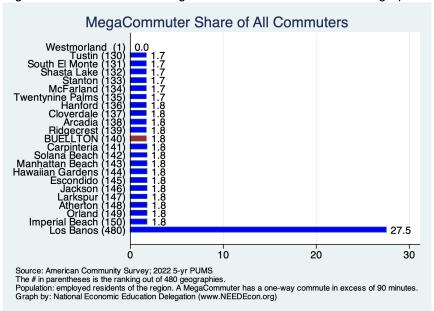


Figure 81: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Commute Times for Those Employed in the City

Table 9. SEX OF WORKERS BY TRAVEL TIME TO WORK FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

WORKFEACE GEOGRAFIII											
	Ма	ıle	Fei	male	All Wo	All Workers					
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)				
Less than 5 minutes	160	9.4	115	10.9	275	10.3	2.0				
5 to 9 minutes	62	3.7	162	15.3	224	8.4	7.5				
10 to 14 minutes	80	4.7	67	6.3	147	5.5	12.2				
15 to 19 minutes	211	12.5	85	8.0	296	11.1	15.0				
20 to 24 minutes	178	10.5	62	5.9	240	9.0	14.3				
25 to 29 minutes	136	8.0	79	7.5	215	8.1	6.3				
30 to 34 minutes	232	13.7	227	21.5	459	17.2	15.0				
35 to 39 minutes	75	4.4	119	11.2	194	7.3	2.9				
40 to 44 minutes	9	0.5	0	0.0	9	0.3	4.3				
45 to 59 minutes	144	8.5	81	7.7	225	8.4	8.6				
60 to 89 minutes	36	2.1	0	0.0	36	1.3	7.9				
90 or more minutes	29	1.7	0	0.0	29	1.1	4.0				
Total:	1,352	79.8	997	94.2	2,349	88.1					

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Figure 82: Percent of Local Employees With Figure 83: Percent of Local Employees With Commutes of More than 30 Minutes

Commutes of More than 90 Minutes

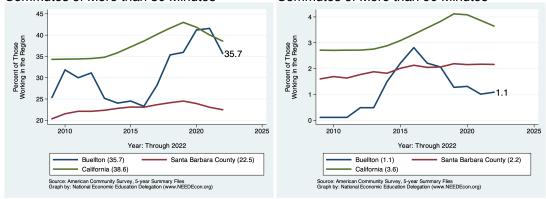
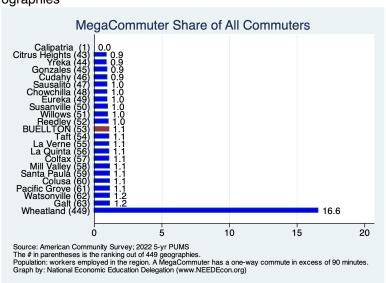


Figure 84: Rank: Share of MegaCommuters Across Similar Geographies



Place of Work

This section provides evidence on where workers living in Buellton work. As evidenced in the first table, some of Buellton's employed workers work in the City, but many do not. The first table and graph pair provide evidence at the county level while the second provide evidence with regard to working outside of the Buellton city boundary.

Table 10. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL

	Male		Fen	nale	All Workers		All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Worked in state of residence:	1,569	99.4	1,466	97.5	3,035	100.0	99.6
Worked in county of residence	1,511	95.8	1,427	94.9	2,938	96.8	84.1
worked outside of county of residence	58	3.7	39	2.6	97	3.2	15.4
Worked outside state of residence	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.4
Total:	1,569	99.4	1,466	97.5	3,035	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 85: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their County of Residence

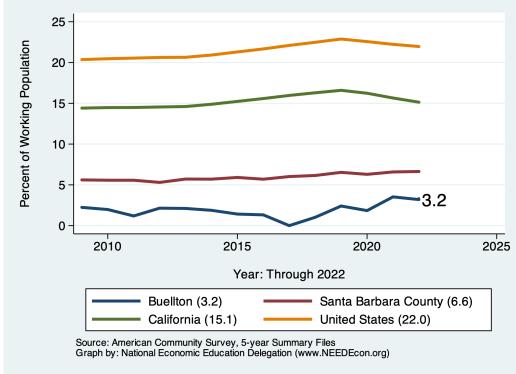
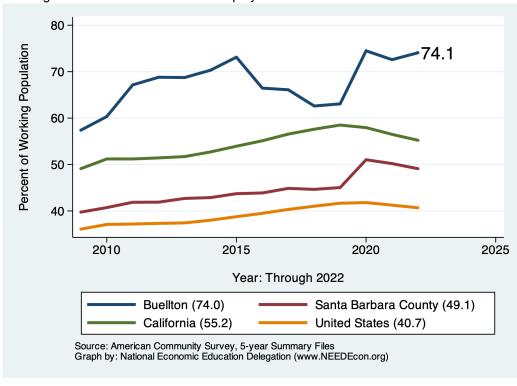


Table 11. SEX OF WORKERS BY PLACE OF WORK-PLACE LEVEL

	Male		Fem	Female		orkers/	All of CA
Place of Work	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Living in a place:	1,569	99.4	1,466	97.5	3,035	100.0	95.9
Worked in place of residence	299	18.9	488	32.5	787	25.9	39.5
Worked outside place of residence	1,270	80.5	978	65.1	2,248	74.1	56.4
Not living in a place	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	4.1
Total:	1,569	99.4	1,466	97.5	3,035	100.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 86: Percent of Workers Employed Outside of Their Place of Residence



Commute Mode by Income

Table 12. MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK

City	California		United Sta	tes
Median	Median	Ratio	Median	Ratio
55, 563	48, 566	99.3	46, 171	98.7
43,250	36,463	102.9	34,487	102.9
	40, 179		45,100	
	29,366		27,142	
	40,433		36,140	
88,494	75, 153	102.2	67,180	108.1
56, 191	48,747	115.3	46,099	121.9
	Median 55, 563 43, 250 88, 494	Median Median 55,563 48,566 43,250 36,463 40,179 29,366 40,433 88,494 75,153	Median Median Ratio 55,563 48,566 99.3 43,250 36,463 102.9 40,179 29,366 40,433 88,494 75,153 102.2	Median Median Ratio Median 55,563 48,566 99.3 46,171 43,250 36,463 102.9 34,487 40,179 45,100 29,366 27,142 40,433 36,140 88,494 75,153 102.2 67,180

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Notes: 1) Ratio = the ratio of the regional median to either the CA or US median, relative to the Total ratio. Values above 100 imply a high local median. Values below 100 imply a low local median. For example, a value of 200 means that the local mean is 2x higher than would be expected. For "Total:", ratio is simply the ratio of the medians.

Table 13. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS

	< \$2	5,000	\$25,00	00-\$74,999	\$75,0	000+	А	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	363	31.3	814	82.3	719	64.2	2,307	76.0	68.4
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	69	5.9	77	7.8	97	8.7	243	8.0	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	34	2.9	0	0.0	14	1.2	48	1.6	3.6
Walked	36	3.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	36	1.2	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	20	2.0	0	0.0	20	0.7	2.4
Worked at Home	49	4.2	7	0.7	290	25.9	381	12.6	13.6
Total:	551	47.5	918	92.8	1,120		3,035		100.0

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 14. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY WORKERS' EARNINGS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	< \$2	5,000	\$25,00	0-\$74,999	\$75,000+		Α	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	485	38.1	508	51.0	519	55.8	1,817	61.2	68.5
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	227	17.8	114	11.4	47	5.1	480	16.2	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6
Walked	40	3.1	0	0.0	6	0.6	46	1.6	2.4
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	6	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	0.2	2.4
Worked at Home	49	3.9	7	0.7	290	31.2	381	12.8	13.6
Total:	807	63.4	629	63.2	862	92.7	2,730	92.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

²⁾ For regions with more than one geography, the medians are averages weighted by working population.

Commute Mode by Poverty Status

Table 15. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS

	In P	overty	100-14	49% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	А	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	15	8.3	129	56.3	2,163	77.1	2,307	76.0	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	0	0.0	35	15.3	208	7.4	243	8.0	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	48	1.7	48	1.6	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	36	15.7	0	0.0	36	1.2	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	0	0.0	20	0.7	20	0.7	2.4
Worked at Home	13	7.2	0	0.0	368	13.1	381	12.6	13.6
Total:	28	15.5	200	87.3	2,807		3,035		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 16. MODE OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY POVERTY STATUS FOR WORKPLACE GEOGRAPHY

	In P	overty	100-14	19% of Pov	>150%	of Pov	Α	II	All of CA
Mode of Transit	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	#	(%)	(%)
Car, Truck, or Van: Drove Alone	54	17.5	130	36.3	1,633	62.8	1,817	61.2	68.7
Car, Truck, or Van: Carpooled	0	0.0	139	38.8	341	13.1	480	16.2	9.5
Public Transportation (excl Taxi)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3.6
Walked	0	0.0	36	10.1	10	0.4	46	1.6	2.1
Taxicab, Motorcycle, or other	0	0.0	6	1.7	0	0.0	6	0.2	2.4
Worked at Home	13	4.2	0	0.0	368	14.1	381	12.8	13.6
Total:	67	21.7	311	86.9	2,352	90.4	2,730	92.0	

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

The results in this table are for those who work in the region, regardless of the location of their residence.

Migration

Overall Migration Flows

Definition:

The United States is a country with an increasingly mobile population. People move, migrate, from one place to another with increasing frequency.

Why is it important?

Having a handle on whether or not Buellton is a net recipient (migration inflows) or donor (migration outflows) of population is very important for understanding trends in the City's development. This section outlines migration patterns by age, education, income, marital status, and housing tenure. Understanding recent trends is very important for making policy, investment, and other decisions about the future. Also, understanding the extent to which the population is stable, or experiences significant turnover each year is helpful for planning purposes.

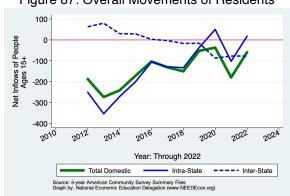


Figure 87: Overall Movements of Residents

Table 17: Migration by Income

		Ne	et Inflows							
			Same State							
			W/in	Between	Across	From				
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad				
No income	386	-37	-15	0	-22	0				
With income	3,752	-22	69	-36	-55	0				
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	278	-38	-12	-26	0	0				
\$10,000 to \$14,999	91	0	0	0	0	0				
\$15,000 to \$24,999	473	78	78	0	0	0				
\$25,000 to \$34,999	457	-34	-24	0	-10	0				
\$35,000 to \$49,999	569	-76	-21	-10	-45	0				
\$50,000 to \$64,999	379	-7	-7	0	0	0				
\$65,000 to \$74,999	230	-21	-21	0	0	0				
\$75,000 or more	1,275	76	76	0	0	0				
All:	4,138	-59	54	-36	-77	0				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Note: The data in this and other tables in this section are limited in that there is no information on the City's population that has moved abroad.

The "From Abroad" column is gross movements into the City from abroad.

Figure 88: Overall Movements of Low Income Residents

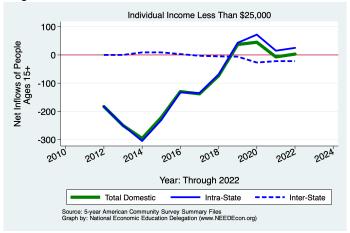


Figure 89: Overall Movements of Middle Income Residents

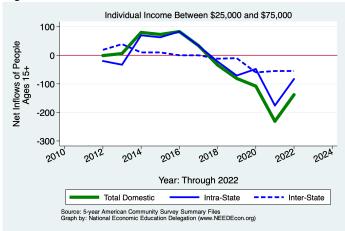
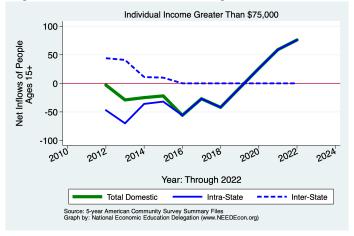


Figure 90: Overall Movements of High Income Residents



Demographics of Migration Flows

Table 18: Migration by Marital Status

		Ne	Net Inflows							
			Same State							
			W/in	Between	Across	From				
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad				
Never married	1,051	-109	-26	-16	-67	0				
Now married, except separated	2,452	68	78	0	-10	0				
Divorced	415	-20	0	-20	0	0				
Separated	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Widowed	220	2	2	0	0	0				
Total:	4,138	-59	54	-36	-77	0				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 19: Migration by Tenure

		Net Inflows						
			Same State					
Category	Population	All Migration	W/in County	Between Counties	Across States	From Abroad		
Householder lived in owner-occupied housing units	3,080	181	211	-20	-10	0		
Householder lived in renter-occupied housing units	1,970	-197	-130	0	-67	0		
Total:	5,050	-16	81	-20	-77	0		

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Figure 91: Domestic Movements of Residents by Tenure

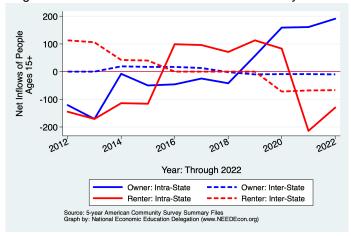


Table 20: Migration by Age

		Ne	Net Inflows								
			Sam	e State		•					
			W/in	Between	Across	From					
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad					
1 to 4 years	353	33	33	0	0	0					
5 to 17 years	743	-12	-12	0	0	0					
18 and 19 years	96	8	24	-16	0	0					
20 to 24 years	183	-35	-35	0	0	0					
25 to 29 years	198	-8	-8	0	0	0					
30 to 34 years	435	-55	12	0	-67	0					
35 to 39 years	625	0	0	0	0	0					
40 to 44 years	401	21	21	0	0	0					
45 to 49 years	158	-6	-6	0	0	0					
50 to 54 years	327	0	0	0	0	0					
55 to 59 years	519	15	25	-10	0	0					
60 to 64 years	328	15	25	0	-10	0					
65 to 69 years	131	-1	-1	0	0	0					
70 to 74 years	129	-10	-10	0	0	0					
75 years and over	424	-18	-8	-10	0	0					
Total Population:	5,050	-53	60	-36	-77	0					

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 21: Migration by Educational Attainment

		Ne	Net Inflows Same State							
			•							
			W/in	Between	Across	From				
Category	Population	All Migration	County	Counties	States	Abroad				
Less than high school graduate	310	-21	-21	0	0	0				
High school graduate (includes equiv)	510	-1	9	-10	0	0				
Some college or assoc. degree	1,400	-20	-10	0	-10	0				
Bachelor's degree	962	40	72	-10	-22	0				
Graduate or professional degree	493	-45	0	0	-45	0				
Total:	3,675	-47	50	-20	-77	0				

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 22: Median Income of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago Moved Within Same County	50,372 $49,700$	50,372 $37,379$
Total Population:	50,270	48,644

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

Table 23: Median Age of Migration Flows

Flow	In-Migration	Out-Migration
Same House 1 Year Ago Moved Within Same County	38.9 31.6	38.9 31.4
Total Population:	38.3	37.9

Source: 2022 5-year American Community Survey, Summary File

References and Sources

The majority of the data presented in this report are from the American Community Survey (ACS). For larger geographies, the 1-year Summary Files provide the data. For smaller communities, roughly those with less than 65,000 in population in 2021, the 5-year Summary Files provide the data.

The ACS data are supplemented by building permit data from the U.S. Census Bureau, population and housing data from the California Department of Finance, and home price and rental rates from Zillow.

U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey 1-year and 5-year Summary Files. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html. The 1-year data are released in September each year and the 5-year data are relased in January.

Zillow Research Data https://www.zillow.com/research/data/

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